"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

VOL. LXIV...NO. 20,807. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1915.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

THE WEATHER
Snow or rain today, with increasing east to north winds; tomorrow probably fair.
☞For full weather report see Page 17.

DISPUTE NARROWS TO WAY OF SEARCH

Should Be at Sea, America Holds—Feasible Only in Port, Britain Contends.

WASHINGTON MUTE ON NOTE

Judgment Reserved by President Pending England's Further Statement.

BRITISH PUBLIC JUBILANT

Sir Edward Grey's Marshaling of Arguments Held to Demolish American Contentions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—It was learned tonight that President Wilson and the State Department were reserving judgment on the reply of Sir Edward Grey for the British Government to the American note on interference with American commerce until Great Britain's final answer had been received. Neither intimation nor inspiration was obtained from the White House as to whether the preliminary observations of the British Government met the issue raised by the United States?

Secretary Bryan and other officials of the State Department also refused to comment.

The statement was circulated here this afternoon unofficially that the American Government was not altogether satisfied with Sir Edward Grey's note; that, while there was gratification that Great Britain should admit the justice of the principles of international law upon which the American complaint was based and would not contest the legal questions involved, official's though the chief difficulty grew out of England's neglect to toe the mark in actual practice with these international law principles.

It was impossible to ascertain from any official quarter that this was the view of the American Government. The statement from the White House, given unofficially, that President Wilson was reserving judgment is believed to represent the real situation.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador, called at the State Department this afternoon and had a conversation of an informal character with Secretary Bryan. It is understood, though, that Secretary Bryan indicated that the American Government was pleased with the friendly and cordial tone in which the British reply was phrased, but went no further. The British Ambassador also saw Counselor Lansing and Solicitor Johnson of the State Department.

The State Department is without any information as to when the detailed reply of Great Britain will be received. It isnot thought that it will be delivered before the latter part of next week. Great Britain's second answer will be in the form of a "reasoned argument." The British recognition of the justice of the American contentions as to the international law points involved in the discussion between the two nations will, it is thought here, narrow the discussion to the manner in which British authorities in actual practice deal with cargoes in endeavoring to prevent contraband from reaching the enemy's country.

Right of Search in Port.

It is probable that when the issues are joined prominence will be accorded to the question whether it is proper for the British authorities, in exercising their right of search, to escort American steamers and cargoes to British ports for search, instead of conducting the search on the high seas. The American note admitted "the full right of a belligerent to visit and search on the high seas the vessels of American citizens or other neutral vessels carrying American goods, and to detain them when there is sufficient evidence to justify a belief that contraband articles are in their cargoes." The American Government italicized the words "when there is sufficient evidence to justify a belief that contraband articles are in their cargoes."

The American note then declared that the British Government "must realize that this Government cannot without protest permit American ships or American cargoes to be taken into British ports and there detained for the purpose of searching generally for evidence of contraband."

The American note, it will be seen, drew a distinction between making search on facts which warranted the presumption of contraband bein g on board, and a general drag-set search without evidence in British ports.

The British Government's note did not answer this feature in detail, but that "should we have information giving us real reason to believe, in the case of a particular ship, that the bales of cotton concealed copper or other contraband, the only way to prove our case would be to examine and weigh the bales, a process that could be carried out only by bringing the vessel into port."

The British Viewpoint.

When the detailed reply of the British Government is received this question will, it is understood, be dealt with at some length. The British viewpoint is that the right of search is recognized not only by the American Government in its note but by the law of nations; that this right cannot be abandoned except by mutual consent or arrangement of the nations concerned in maintaining such right, and that it is difficult, if not impossible, to abandon the right of search in the midst of a war.

The British position, further, it is understood, is that, if the right of search cannot be abandoned during the war, the practical question—this was emphasized in the American note—is how the right of search is going to be exercised—whether on the high seas or in a British port, and to what extent it is necessary to convoy neutral vessels into British ports for that purpose.

The American Government does not in its note recognize that any of the belligerents have an unrestricted right to

Continued on Page 4.

REPORT BRUSSELS AFIRE.

Refugees, Arriving in Holland, Say Belgian City Is in Flames.

AMSTERDAM, (via London,) Jan. 11.—Refugees who have arrived at Bergen-op-Zoom from Brussels, says the Nieuws van den Dag, report that a great fire has started in the former Belgian capital.

FIRE PANIC ON BRIDGE CAR.

Brooklyn Passengers Knocked Down as Others Leaped Into Roadway.

A bridge local car carrying some sixty men and women had left the Manhattan terminal of Brooklyn Bridge at 6 o'clock last night and was approaching the Manhattan tower when there was an explosion resembling the sound of a fuse blowing out, and an instant afterward flames began to come up through the floor.

Motorman William Crosby halted the car as quickly as possible, but already some of the passengers who had made a scramble for the doors had jumped off into the roadway. The others followed as fast as they could, and men and women were knocked down and bruised, but none was seriously hurt.

The motorman and conductor, with other railroad employes and policemen, fought the fire with buckets of sand and extinguishers and put it out, but not until many of the seats had been scorched and the bottom of the car pretty well burned through.

The passengers were taken on other cars and the burned car was pushed to Brooklyn. Traffic was delayed about fifteen minutes. The fire was said to be due to an explosion in the power resistance box under the car.

DRUG PLOT ON 'THE ISLAND.'

Member of Prominent Family Said to Have Sent Cocaine to Convicts.

The fact that a prisoner fainted in the penitentiary on Blackwell's Island two weeks ago led to the arrest last night of two men on the charge of smuggling cocaine to the convicts. One of the men arrested was Edward Dunn of 1,940 Grand Concourse, in the Bronx, who was employed as a bookkeeper in the penitentiary. He belongs to a family well known in the Bronx. The other was John Brown, a prisoner, whose six months' term was to have expired today. He is held as an accomplice.

When the prisoner fainted, two weeks ago, an examination showed that his health had been undermined by the effect of drugs, and Warden Patrick A. Hayes and Deputy Commissioner of Corrections Burdette G. Lewis began an investigation. A woman in Manhattan was employed, and she, it is said, wrapped cocaine in rubber fingers, which she slipped inside boxe sof tooth powder. These were given to Dunn, the police say, and by him handed out to Brown, who distributed them to the prisoners. Brown is said to have confessed his part in the plot and to have asked that he be not sent back to the Island if convicted, as he says that the use of drugs there has ruined him.

Dunn is the son of James Dunn, formerly Chief Inspector of the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity, who with Charles Sievers was killed in an automobile accident in Pelham Parkway in September, 1913. James Dunn's elder son, John Dunn, was formerly an employe of that department. Another brother, Joseph, was convicted of assaulting a policeman.

RICH WOMAN DIES ALONE.

Papers Show Estate to be Hundreds of Thousands of Dollars.

When Michael Balfame, a gas inspector, got no response to the bell at the three-story building at 593 East 137th Street, the Bronx, he got Policeman McKenna to enter the house.

On the second floor they found Mrs. Magdalena Rohkohl, 60 years old, owner of the building, dead in bed. The police knew she had lived alone and was reputed to be wealthy. Neighbors said the only person she had exchanged words with in years were the policemen to whom she had complained of noisy boys.

Coroner's Physician Curtin said Mrs. Rahkohl had been dead since Saturday, probably of heart disease. An investigation in the house showed that she was wealthy, hence some one might have had designs on her life, so Coroner Flynn ordered an autopsy.

The house was once one of the finest in the Bronx, but had been made over into an apartment house. Neighbors said the old woman's peculiarities drove away all her tenants.

Papers, which the police and Coroner found, showed that Mrs. Rohkohl probably left hundreds of thousands of dollars, including realty of great value in Manhattan and deposits in eight banks, aggregating $60,000.

A certificate was found recording the marriage of Magdalena Rutter to Frederick Rohkohl in April, 1907. Neighbors said a man had visited the house at long intervals, but they knew nothing of h r having a husband. There was a small iron safe in the bedroom, but Coroner Flynn will not permit it to be opened.

The card of Louis M. Friedman, a lawyer at 115 Nassau Street, was found, giving his home address at 111 West 105th Street, but he was unknown at that address.

CHURCH SPLIT OVER MERGER

Calvary Baptist Finally Leaves Question to the Fifth Avenue.

Calvary Baptist Church, in Fifty-seventh Street, which for nine months has been testing an arrangement to merge with the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church, decided at a meeting last night to leave the question to the congregation of the latter church, being content to continue the merger at the will of the Fifth Avenue. The decision was reached after a hot discussion.

Dr. Robert Stuart MacArthur, who was pastor of Calvary for forty-two years, and who is now pastor emeritus, rose to speak and got as far only as an expression of regret that differences should have divided the congregation, when Joseph M. Lesser, Superintendent of the Sunday school, sprang up and shouted:

"I rise to a point of order. Dr. MacArthur is not here to discuss the affairs of the church, but only to lead in devotion."

Mr. Lesser pressed the point, demanding a vote, and when his defeat was announced, demanded that a ballot instead of a standing vote be taken. This was denied, and as a result of his outburst, Mr. Lesser's resignation was demanded with that of J. Griffic Daughtry, another official, who, with Mr. Lesser, was most emphatic in opposition to the merger.

The congregation rejected the report of a special committee which submitted an adverse finding on the plan of a permanent merger.

TEACHER-MOTHERS WIN FINAL VERDICT

Dr. Finley Orders Mrs. Piexotto, Dismissed in 1913, Reinstated, with Back Pay.

RULING AFFECTS 16 OTHERS

Board Must Bar Wives if It Is to Maintain Its Policy—Report on Compulsory Vacations.

The teacher-mothers who have been contending with the Board of Education for the right to obtain leaves of absence for the bearing of children won a complete victory in a decision given out yesterday in Albany by Dr. John H. Finley, State Commissioner of Education.

Dr. Finley set aside the decisions of the New York Board of Education and ordered Mrs. Bridget C. Peixotto, who was dismissed in April, 1913, restored to duty with full pay in arrears. Sixteen other teacher-mothers who have been suspended are likewise to be restored to duty with full pay under the Commissioner's ruling.

The decision was transmitted to New York from Albany last night. In it Dr. Finley went over the question at issue carefully and concluded that the dismissal of a married teacher who bore a child was illegal and contrary to the best interests of public policy. If the City authorities to obviate the mother-teacher question in the public schools, Dr. Finley said, legislation prohibiting married women from holding positions in the schools would be necessary.

Ruling Considered Final.

There seemed to be no doubt in any quarter last night of the finality of the ruling. The Court of Appeals previously had decided that it had no jurisdiction in the matter, adjudication resting in the proper school officials.

Even members of the Board of Education who had resisted most vigorously the cause of the teacher-mothers admitted that all those under suspension would be restored with pay, and that no other women would be suspended because of motherhood. The only doubt expressed was the manner in which Dr. Finley's decision might affect the report of a special committee on the teacher-mother question which is to be made to the Board of Education tomorrow and is to recommend that any teacher seeking a leave of absence to bear a child must take two years off without pay.

If the legal advisers of the board decide, in the event of the adoption of the report, that the compulsory vacation is not incompatible with Dr. Finley's decision, another teacher-mother contest may be precipitated. But Dr. Finley's report was positive and clear in regard to the case of Mrs. Peixotto and those similar to it.

Married Teachers Not Barred.

"The statue relating to dismissal of teachers," the Commissioner said, "does not indicate that absence of a married woman teacher for the purpose of bearing a child constitutes a cause for dismissal. There is no statuatory prohibition of the employment of a married woman as a teacher in the public schools of the City of New York, nor is there any by-law or regulation of the body which forbids such employment. The Court of Appeals has decided that marriage after entering the service may not, in itself, be made a ground for dismissal.

"The question then is, 'May the board dismiss a married woman teacher for that which is a lawful, natural consequence of marriage and its social sanction?' The answer is found in the opinion of the Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals: 'Maternity requiring absence at a period of childbirth is a natural consequence of the employment of potential mothers as teachers.'

"Mrs. Peixotte absented herself by reason of a necessity which should have excused her had she presented it on filing the notification of her absence and the board should have procured her excuse when she was ready to return, for not only was there no wilful disregard of duty, but there was respect shown by Mrs. Peixotte for those very reasons for which the majority in its report urged against the presence in the school of one approaching maternity.

Not Neglect of Duty.

"Home duties should doubtless, in some cases, suggest to the teacher her withdrawal from school after maternity. Also dismissal for 'general inefficiency' would be warranted if upon the return of a teacher she was found to be unable after trial to perfrom school duties. But it is difficult to conceive how a reasonable, unwilful absence, due to a natural unavoidable cause, should be construed as neglect of duty; and it is difficult to understand why an absence for the most highly creditable social reason should be so treated.

"As Commissioner I would give every possible aid in my power to promote devotion to duty, zealous service and efficiency on the part of the teachers of the State, to prevent neglect of duty and insufficiciency and to eliminate incompetence; and I attribute only such high purposes to the Board of Education in its action in this case. But I am of the clear opinion, which I am obliged to follow, that these ends and purposes will not be served by selecting, or seeming to select, for stigma or reapproach such a reason for temporary absence from school duty as if offered in this case, or inferring or seeming to infer inefficiency from the mere fact of motherhood."

In concluding his opinion Dr. Finley said:

"Without undertaking to determine o rto define here the limits of the board's discretion (and it is and has been the general policy of this department to assure the widest discretion practicable) and without discussing here the advantages and disadvantages of the policy of employing married teachers or estimating their relative efficiency (since such rehearsal would not touch directly the matter at issue) I present the conclusion to which I am compelled after a careful and thorough examination of all of the papers in the case: That the Board of Education should have accepted the natural corollary of its policy, voluntary or enforced, o femploying married women teachers, an dshould have given at least as favorable consideration to an absence for child-birth as is normally given to absences asked for reasons of personal convenience, or minor or grave illness, or for purposes o fstudy and travel, or of improving health."

Finley Outlines Course.

Dr. Finley advised the Board of Education of the course it must follow if it would not have married women teachers bear children and hold their positions at the same time. On this point, he said:

"If, as this honorable board appears to hold, married women teachers should ipso facto end their service upon maternity, this policy (which I cannot believe sound in principle or wholesome in practice) can be made possible only through legislation making it lawful to

Continued on Page 5.

Wireless Wonders of 1914.

During the year just closed many remarkable advances were achieved in the wireless telegraph and telephone fields. There will be an article reviewing them

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

WIFE GOT SECRETS FROM TATUM'S SAFE

Found His Will and Bills for Women's Garments, According to Her Lawyer.

PROTEST TO JUSTICE FAILED

Mrs. Tatum Retains House and Discharges Servants—Says Husband Must Support Her.

Special to The New York Times.

GREAT NECK, L. I., Jan. 11.—John C. Tatum, the wealthy cotton broker who failed to divorce Mrs. Mary Jane Tatum in Mineola last week and who is to appear against her Wednesday in a new court proceeding, would have liked, it developed today, to charge her with something more than disorderly conduct, the complaint on which he had a warrant issued for her. According to Justice of the Peace William A. Dodge, Mr. Tatum complained excitedly to him that Mrs. Tatum had opened the Tatum safe and extracted from it private papers, including Mr. Tatum's will.

"Mr. Tatum was most anxious about the will," said Justice Dodge. "He executed it some time ago when he was on good terms with his wife. He said other private papers also were taken, but I declined to give him a warrant for any charge more serious than disorderly conduct, on the ground that Mrs. Tatum was justified in opening the safe, since she knew the combination."

Max D. Steuer, counsel for Mrs. Tatum, said over the telephone that he did not believe Mr. Tatum was much worried over the will since he could draw another at any time he chose. Besides, he said, Mrs. Tatum had not taken a single paper, although she had looked through them all.

"And I guess that's what worries Mr. Tatum," said Mr. Steuer. "What Mrs. Tatum saw included bills for women's garments. Probably Mr. Tatum would have been just as pleased if she hadn't seen these."

The lawyer said he did not expect to come here on Wednesday when the first of the various court cases resulting from Saturday night's entanglements would begin, though of course he would be in readiness if he were needed. He was inclined to agree with Mrs. Tatum that for the time at least, she has all the best of the controversy.

Mrs. Tatum holds Pontica, the Tatums' homestead here, in which she claims a half interest, and Mr. Tatum has gone to live with his brother, Daniel, at Glen Cove. Mrs. Tatum has discharged her husband's servants and installed others of her choosing. Her sister, Miss Catherine MacArthur, is with her, and she said tonight she was contented except that she still suffered from the excitement and exposure of Saturday, when she finally gained possession of Pontica after her husband had driven her from the house.

"I'm still Mr. Tatum's wife, despite his efforts to get rid of me," said she, "and the law will make him support me as long as I choose to remain here, where I have a half interest in the property. I don't see what there is for Mr. Tatum to do except to take care of me. I'm very well satisfied here and I don't intend to leave."

It is likely that some adjustment of the difficulties of the Tatums will be reached this week after the court hearings have been held. On Wednesday Mrs. Tatum is to appear as complainant against several of her husband's servants, who declined to obey her orders on Saturday, and as defendant in two cases, one brought by her husband and the other by Henry Coddington, Mr. Tatum's chauffeur who said Mrs. Tatum abused him. On Friday she will appear against Mr. Tatum, who, she says, assaulted her.

LORD MAYOR'S SON HELD.

Baronet and Henry Mather, American, Accused of Swindling.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Henry Mather, alias Walter G. Furnald or W. G. Fearnald of San Francisco, and Sir J. H. Renals, Bart., son of the late Sir James Renals, ex-Lord Mayor of London, were committed for trial at the Old Bailey Police Court today on a charge of conspiracy to defraud the public by means of a bogus money lending scheme.

Mather has been in custody in London for the past six weeks, unable during this time to obtain bail.

Sir James Herbert Renals is the second Baronet of the title, which was created in 1895, when his father was made a Baronet while Lord Mayor of London. He is 45 years old and a Lieutenant for the City of London. Sir James succeeded his father in 1907.

In October, 1907, financial circles in London were astounded to learn of the disappearance of Henry Mather, who two weeks before had been a member of the banking house of Musgrove & Mather of 24 Basinghall Street. It was asserted that Mather had disappeared because he had been identified by one of his victims as a notorious swindler whose picture was in the Rogues' Gallery of this city. Musgrove & Mather went into liquidation. It was reported that they had neither assets nor liabilities.

At the same time it was stated that C. F. Glendenin of 42 Broadway, New York City, was one of the victims of Mather, and had lost $3,000. Mather's agent, W. S. Moody, had agreed to sell an issue of bonds for Mr. Clendenin, and, when the latter learned certain facts concerning Mather, the transaction was terminated with the loss of the sum mentioned.

Walter G. Furnald was arrested in September, 1913, just as he arrived in this city after an absence of seven years, and was released on $2,500 bail by Commissioner Hitchcock. When he left here for Europe in 1906 he was under indictment in Trenton for alleged misuse of the mails. He had been identified with two concerns, which, it was declared, advertised that they would furnish capital for new companies, pocketed the fees received, and gave nothing in return. Furnald fled to Europe, and, as his offense was not extraditable, the Government could only wait for his return. It was said that during the seven years he was abroad he continued his swindling operations.

The Reputation of Deerfoot Farm Sausages has caused many imitations. Examine the wrapper and be sure you get the GENUINE—the finest pork sausages made. They contain the best parts of the pig, flavored with choicest spices. New York Store, 172 Chambers Street. Tel. 3982 Cortlandt—Advt.

BLEASE DISBANDS THE STATE MILITIA

Takes Step Because of His Differences with Washington Officials and State Adjutant.

ORDER AFFECTS 3,000 MEN

Controversy Has Lasted Two Years—Expect Reorganization After the Governor's Retirement.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan. 11.—The organized militia of South Carolina was disbanded by an order signed today by Gov. Blease. The order is effective immediately.

Approximately 3,000 men are involved, including about 600, whom the Governor had refused to muster out of service upon orders received about eight months ago from the Chief of the Federal Division of Militia Affairs.

Gov. Blease explained his action in the order, stating that the differences between the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy and State Adjt. Gen, Moore on one side and himself on the other prompted him to take the step. The differences, he said, resulted in serious breaches of discipline in the militia corps.

"The present Governor of the State of South Carolina is of the opinion that it would be unfair and unjust on his part to turn over to his successor in office the militia of South Carolina in its present condition," the order read.

The friction to which Gov. Blease refers arose about two years ago, when the Governor refused to sign some official papers presented by the Adjutant General. The Secretaries of War and the Navy became parties to the controversy, according to official statements, when the accounting for about $100,000 worth of Federal property which the departments claimed had been lost and destroyed by the militia organizations was held up.

The situation became further complicated last Summer, when the Governor refused to permit the militia to participate in the annual encampmnet ordered by the War Department. That action, according to statements from the Adjutant General's office, resulted in appropriations by Congress aggregating about $55,000 for maintenance and equipment of the South Carolina militia being held up by the War Department pending settlement of the differences.

Adjt. Gen. Moore will go to Washington to confer with War Department officials over reorganization of the troops when Gov. Blease's term expires Jan. 19.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—No official comment was forthcoming on the action of Gov. Blease today, but War Department officials expect to see the South Carolina National Guard reorganized after he goes out of office this month.

CORNWALLIS WEST NOT SHOT

Causes Lawyers to Deny the Story of His Execution as a Spy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Jan. 12.—The London Times prints the following from a firm of London solicitors:

"Our client, Lieut. Col. George Cornwallis West, who has been in continuous command since September of one of the battalions of the Royal Naval Division which were present at Antwerp, has been much annoyed, and feels justly indignant at persistent rumors which have been going the rounds to the effect that he has been shot in England as a spy.

"Lieut. Col. West desires us to say that he is alive and well."

Lieut. Col. West was formerly the husband of Lady Randolph Churchill. This marriage was dissolved in 1913, and last April Col. West married Mrs. Patrick Campbell, the actress.

ALFRED DEAKIN MAY QUIT.

Likely to Resign Post as Australian Commissioner to the Fair.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SYDNEY, Jan. 11, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—An acute controversy between ex-Premier Deakin and the Federal Government will probably result in Mr. Deakin's relinquishment of the post of Chief Commonwealth Commissioner to the Panama-Pacific Exhibition.

An acrimonious correspondence between Mr. Deakin and Mr. Mahon, who is now Minister of External Affairs, discloses the fact that Mr. Mahon strongly resented the alleged suppression by Mr. Deakin of a report from Mr. Nielson, the New South Wales Commissioner to the exhibition, which recommended the withdrawal by Australia from representation at the exhibition on the ground that it was no longer an international exhibition. Mr. Mahon stated that if this report had been communicated to the Government it would have withdrawn from the exhibition.

Mr. Deakin states that all documents have been accessible to the Minister, and also points to the fact that the three States, of New South Wales, Victoria, and Queensland have not withdrawn, and that therefore the Commonwealth was bound to continue according to the original agreement of joint representation whereby the Commonwealth and the States should share the expense.

The whole matter is much regretted here, especially as it is likely to deprive Australia of its most suitable representative at the exhibition.

P. AND O. LINER LOST.

Nile Strikes a Reef in Japan—Her 170 Passengers and Crew Saved.

TOKIO, Jan. 11.—The steamship Fukuju Maru reports by wireless telegraphy that she has rescued and is bringing to Kobe 170 persons, comprising all the passengers and the crew of the Peninsular and Oriental Steamship Company's steamer Nile, which ran ashore on a reef in the Inland Sea, near Iwaijima, early this morning.

It is believed that the Nile sank after she was pulled off the reef.

The vessel was on a voyage from London to Yokohama. She was commanded by Capt. Powell.

NINE AIRMEN FIGHT 9,000 FEET ALOFT

Dunkirk Thrilled as It Watches Aerial Battle Between Two Belgians and Seven Germans.

HAD DROPPED BOMBS ON CITY

Five of Kaiser's Airmen Draw Off, One Is Hurled to Death by Belgian Fire, Other Escapes.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

FRANCO-BELGIAN BORDER, Jan. 11, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.) Dunkirk was visited by German aeroplanes in force early Sunday afternoon. It is reported that in all thirty bombs were dropped, and it is known that several houses near the station and docks caught fire. No one was killed in Dunkirk itself, but I hear that in the suburb of Malo-les-Bains five civilians were killed and a ew injured. There were also a few civilians injured in the city.

This is the sixth visit which the German aviators have paid to Dunkirk within the past fortnight.

According to an eyewitness seven aeroplanes appeared over the city at about 2 o'clock. A fairly strong wind was blowing, and under the circumstances their presence was not expected. The aeroplanes were flying at a height of about 5,500 feet an dalmost in single file. The sky was somewhat obscured and rain was falling.

As the military authorities were prepared, the raiders were met by a hail of lead from mitrailleuses and anti-aircraft guns.

The Germans took a leisurely survey of fortifications and then dropped the bombs in quick succession. No damage was done to the military works, but evidently incendiary bombs were used, as several houses speedily caught fire.

Having had previous experience of these raids the residents hid themselves in their cellars on hearing the first explosions.

Two Belgian Airmen Attack.

After dropping their missiles the airmen were preparing to leave when two Belgian aeroplanes were seen coming to the attack. A thrilling encounter in the air was then witnessed.

Although outnumbered, seven to two, the Belgians fought gallantly and completely outmanoeuvred their opponents. They rose to a height of 7,000 feet and having gained this advantage fired at the Germans with mitrailleuses. It was exceedingly difficult and dangerous work and demanded the greatest skill, for the slightest slip, resulting from the fairly high wind blowing at the time, would have sent airmen an dmachines to the ground.

The battle lasted only forty-five minutes. Then five of the German machines drew off, it is believed, because they were short of ammunition. The two remaining aviators strove desperately to gain the advantage, but as they rose higher, so the Belgians rose and held their advantage until the final phases of the air combat were fought at a height of about 9,000 feet.

Suddeny, the spectators say, one of the aeroplanes swerved and dropped. The airman had been hit in a vital spot and had lost control of his machine. This, crashing to the ground in a ploughed field on the outskirts of the city on the road to Furnes, was completely wreck.

The airman was killed on the spot and was found among the mass of twisted metal. Hundreds of spectators thronged to the scene.

One Escapes, Assails Calais.

The seventh and last aeroplane quickly disappeared in the direction of Calais and apeared over that city as dusk was gathering. There three bombs were dropped. Two fell near the docks and the third into the sea, no casualties or material damage being caused.

As at Dunkirk the airman was immediately fired on by the anti-aircraft guns, which are ready mounted for the purpose. After hovering about the city for a few minutes the airman swung round again in the direction of Dunkirk and was lost in the darkness.

I had part of the story of this raid from a brother of one of the Belgian airmen, who took part in the fight and chase.

LONDON, Tuesday, Jan. 12.—Some dispatches to the morning papers say that fifty bombs were dropped on Dunkirk Sunday by aeroplanes cruising over the town from 11 A. M. until nearly 4 P. M. One report states that two raiders were brought down—one outside the town and the other twenty miles away.

Unconfirmed reports say six persons were killed in Dunkirk and the suburb of Malo, and several in St. Pol and Adinkerke. Apparently the absence of a large number of French aeroplanes from Dunkirk were known to the Germans.

BRING DOWN GERMAN AIRMAN.

Aviator Killed Near Amiens—Apparent Raid Toward Paris Foiled.

PARIS, Jan. 11.—A German aeroplane flying over Amiens was brought to the ground by a French machine.

The French airman went aloft the moment the German was seen approaching. He opened fire on his antagonist with the result that the German machine fell within the French lines. One of the German pilots was killed.

Two German aeroplanes heading for Paris were sightd yesterday by French air patrols, which now cruise over a region considerably to the north of Paris. One of the German machines was near Pontoise and the other was sighted near La Martin. Both turned northward again when they saw French aeroplanes driving in their direction.

The presence of these hostile aeroplanes is thought significant, as it is believed that it was the intention of the German airmen to attack Paris and London simultaneously.

Elaborate preparations have been completed to guard Paris against possible raids by the Zeppelin fleet. Alexandre Millerand, Minister of War, and Gen. Gallieni, Military Governor of Paris, today visited the outer trenches protecting the city and inspected the anti-aircraft guns and other means of defense against Zeppelins. They said that they were satisfied with what they saw of the efficiency of the guns as well as the defense works.

Latest Shipping News.

SS Ryndam, at Rotterdam, Jan. 10.
SS Byron, at Montevideo, Jan. 10.

ITALY SENDS TROOPS BY WAY OF GREECE

Soldiers Arrive at Piraeus to Garrison the Italian Islands in the Aegean.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Italian troops have arrived at Piraeus on the way to the Italian islands in the Aegean Archipelago, according to a Reuter dispatch from Athens.

The soldiers, the message adds, will be apportioned among the garrisons on the various islands, which are being strongly fortified.

The status of the Aegean Islands is one of the most perplexing questions in European diplomacy. Their population is overwhelmingly Greek, but they became Turkish with the fall of the Byzantine Empire. The same motives of diplomatic expediency which have caused the great powers to keep the Turk in Europe have prevented the islands from falling a prey to the various nations with which Turkey has been at war; for, admitting Turkey's dominance of the Dardanelles, this dominance would be rendered nought the moment these islands, which guard the straits, fell into other hands.

This policy has been observed by Italy and Greece. By the treaty of Lausanne, Italy agreed to restore the islands captured from Turkey in the war of 1911-12 as soon as the "Turkish military power has been removed from Cyrenaica." By the treaty of London, May 30, 1913, however, the powers agreed that Greece should retain those Aegean Islands captured by her during the first Balkan war with the exception of Imbros, Tenedos, and Castellorizzo, which were to be restored to Turkey.

Much to the exasperation of Austria-Hungary and Germany, the promised restorations have never taken place. A year ago the British Government, moved by Austro-Hungarian and German influences, issued a note to the powers suggesting the retention by Greece of all the islands then occupied by her except the two at the mouth of the Dardanelles, Imbros and Tenedos, but with the understanding that she was neither to fortify her island possessions nor use them as naval bases. The note also, but more politely, called the attention of Italy to the fact that, although there were still Turkish soldiers in Cyrenaica, they were not there as organized bodies, and that, therefore, the time was ripe for Italy to make restitution. The note added, however, that when restitution came the islands should have some sort of autonomous government.

Neither Greece nor Italy paid more than passing diplomatic attention to the note, but continued their work of governing the islands in their possession.

The largest island under Greek rule is Samos, with an area of 180 square miles. The largest island under Italian rule is Rhodes, with an area of 530 square miles.

WOMEN WOUNDED IN BAYONET FIGHTS

German Amazons Dressed as Men Soldiers Haughty Toward Their Russian Captors.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Jan. 12.—The Daily Chronicle says:

"There appears from time to time in the Russian papers the statement that women volunteers are fighting in the German ranks, and now the Warsaw correspondent of the Dyen of Petrograd has actually seen these Amazons.

"Among the wounded at present being treated at the Ouyazdoff Hospital, he says, are seven women who were captured while fighting in German uniforms. They are placed together in a special ward. Judging by the nature of their wounds, they have taken part not only in rifle practice, but also in bayonet attacks. One of them, who had a serious bayonet wound, has died.

"They are fine specimens of Teutonic womanhood, and the Russian nurses greatly admire their finely developed muscles, which seem to indicate that they have belonged for years to German gymnastic societies. In captivity they behave with the same haughty and contemptuous indifference which characterizes the Prussian officers. One of the nursing sisters brought to them a Russian newspaper, the Petrograd Herald, which is printed in German, but they indignantly rejected her offer and said they did not believe anything which appeared in a Russian paper, even when printed in German. They refused to talk of their homes and families, but, judging from their demeanor, they seem to belong to the upper or upper middle class.

"The German bourgois has always refused to acknowledge woman's claims to political suffrage, on the ground of her intellectual and social achievements. She has evidently made up her mind to convince him in the only way he can understand, by proving her equality on the field of battle."

FRENCH DREADNOUGHT SUNK, SAYS VIENNA

Reports the Courbet Torpedoed and Then Accidentally Rammed by Sister Ship.

BERLIN, Jan. 11, (via Wireless to Sayville.)—The following information was given out today by the Official Press Bureau:

"Vienna reports say that it has been ascertained that the French dreadnought Courbet was hit by the Austrian submarine No. 12. The Courbet was rammed by her sister ship, the Jean Bart, which was attempting to tow her. The Courbet sank and the Jean Bart docked at Malta.

"The French pretend that only the Jean Bart was slightly hurt, concealing the loss of the Courbet."

An official telegram from Vienna on Dec. 24 said that submarine No. 12 had attacked a French squadron composed of sixteen ships, in the Otranto Channel, east of the heel of Italy. The submarine torpedoed two battleships of the Courbet type, it was said, but owing to the high seas was unable to ascertain the fate of the torpedoed ships.

The Courbet was of 23,467 tons displacement and was armed with twelve 12-inch guns, twenty-two 5½-inch guns, and four 3-pounders. She was built in 1911, and carried a complement of 904 men.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER 50c the case of six glass stoppered bottles.—Advt.

RUMANIA IN WAR SOON; ALSO ITALY

Both Nations Are Being Crowded Into the Conflict, London Thinks.

ITALIAN TROOPS TO AEGEAN

Will Guard Against Turks' Attack—Rumanians May Strike Austria at Any Moment.

RUSSIA STRENGTHENS LINE

While the Allies, Attacking from Perthes, Aim to Cut German Rail Communications.

LONDON, Tuesday, Jan. 12.—With the inclement weather checking active operations except at a few points on both battlefronts, rumors are persistent that two more nations are going to join the conflict, and both on the side of the Allies.

Just as reports were current for days prior to Turkey's entrance into the war on the side of Germany which tended to discount the step when it was eventually taken, so stories are now circulating about Rumania and Italy, and there is a strong feeling among the public in France and England that definite action by these countries will not be long delayed.

Italy, according to the latest reports, is already rushing troops to her islands in the Aegean Sea off the coast of Asia Minor, so that she may be prepared for eventualities. If she enters the war, she is likely to strike first at Turkey, which has failed to give her the satisfaction demanded for the invasion of the Italian Consulate at Hodeida and dragging therefrom the British Vice Consul, who had sought refuge there.

Rumania May Strike Quickly.

Rumania, in the opinion of observers here, is even more likely to throw her army of 500,000 men into the scale against Germany, Austria, and Turkey. This well-trained force would in effect link with the extreme Russian left, now forcing its way into Hungary through Bukowina. With the armies of Servia and Montenegro, they would form a line menacing Austria-Hungary along the entire southeastern frontier from Russia to the Adriatic.

Although few details are forthcoming as to the campaign of the Czar's troops in Bukowina, it is known that practically the whole of that province is now in Russian hands. Dispatches from Bucharest say that thousands of fugitives from the Austrian territory are crossing the Rumanian frontier, some of them on their way to Vienna. The developments arising from this occupation of Bukowina will have an immediate and vital bearing on Rumania's course of action.

Neither East Prussia, nor Poland furnishes any news to indicate any marked change in the military situation in these regions.

Russians Content to Hold Line.

The fighting in Poland recently has been of a purely local character. The Germans are said to be contemplating an attack at a new point, while the Russians are apparently content for the present to maintain their line north and south without attempting to push westward.

Further south an advance on Cracow once more appears to be imminent.

Doubt is expressed in some quarters whether the Germans, reported to have gone south, supposedly to assist Austria against Servia, are really destined for that service. It is suggested that their objective is Hungary, which is represented as much upset by the Russian advance in Bukowina and the threat of Rumanian hostilities.

In the lull of the fighting Russia is sending enormous masses of men to within easy reach of various points on her long battle line. The levies of 1914, numbering 1,200,000 men, are just leaving the training camps, which will be occupied immediately by the 1915 levies, now called out.

On the other hand, Germany's newest levy, just announced, amounts to 600,000 men of the age of 19. Her great numbers of reserves, already under arms, enable her to rush heavy reinforcements to any front without withdrawing troops already engaged at the front in either the eastern or the western fighting zones.

In Alsace the French, by sapping and sporadic charges, continue their attempts to force their way nearer the Rhine, but there has been snow in the Vosges and neither side claims any progress. The Germans threw heavy reinforcements into Alsace after the recent French advance, and apparently they have been able to hold their ground, in view of the failure of the French to consolidate the positions they took after hard fighting.

Allies Aim to Strike Railroad.

Fighting of a desperate character has broken out in the centre of the allied front, notably northeast of Soissons, which bids fair through bombardments to suffer the fate of Rheims and further east, near Perthes and Beausejour. From these two points the Allies have been trying to reach the important railway to the north, the seizure of which would cut one of the German main arteries of communication and might force the abandonment of trenches for some distance. The Germans realized their danger when the French captured Perthes, and have brought up large forces in an attempt to regain the lost terrain.

The official communications from Berlin and Paris differ as to the outcome of the recent fighting in these areas. The French say they have gained ground near Soissons; the Germans say the Allies' attacks have not succeeded and that fighting is proceeding.

The Paris bulletin says the French troops have advanced north of Perthes and still hold the ground at Beausejour to the north and east. The Germans make no mention of fighting north of Perthes, but assert that they have advanced east of the village. Concerning the fighting about Beausejour, which Paris thinks so important, they have nothing to say.

MOVE TROOPS TOWARD ITALY.

Germans and Austrians Massing Secretly at Gorz.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VENICE, Jan. 11, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—Travelers arriving here from Austria inform me that the Austrians are employing the pause in the operations to shift troops. De-sides large numbers of Bavarians who have ostensibly gone to Bosnia, Austrian troops are being brought down from Gratz and Styria to Gorz, which is twenty-two miles northwest of Trieste.

During the night they are detained in the darkness so as avoid observation of their movements. So extensive are these movements that regular train service is suspended at night.

MRS. MARYE AT THE FRONT.

With Embassy Secretary, She Visits Russian Trenches and Hospitals.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 11.—During a recent visit to Warsaw by George T. Marye, the American Ambassador to Russia, and a party from the embassy, Mrs. Marye and Secretary Raymond Baker took occasion to make a trip near the battle line in Poland. They were escorted by a director of the Red Cross Hospital to within three miles of the firing line.

Mr. Baker, in recounting details of the experience, said:

"Mrs. Marye enjoyed the trip across the battlefield tremendously, and although we were almost in the centre of things, with every road and field black with massing troops and the continuous booming of big guns always in our ears, Mrs. Marye showed no apprehension, but only the keenest interest in what was going on.

"At one point we were close enough to hear the intermittent spitting of the machine guns. Here we came upon the line of secondary trenches, and were invited to enter. In the marvelously constructed underground rooms we saw the soldiers then off duty gathered around small fires and singing. By peering through chinks between the sand bags lying on top of the trenches we could see the curious vista of the country between us and the fighting.

"It was slightly rolling down here and there with patches of woodland not unlike the Middle West, but so covered with moving troops that one got the impression that the country itself was in motion.

"Our route lay through a road close to within three miles of Sochaczew. The roads were soft and unfrozen in this region, making automobile travel difficult, and we had trouble threading our way through the double line of incoming and outgoing transports. The features which most impressed Mrs. Marye were the utter devastation of the country, everywhere scarred by battle, and the stream of homeless and hopeless refugees, scantily clad and shivering, without the slightest idea whither they were bound.

"Our objective was the field hospital, to which the wounded were being brought in automobiles and wagons. Mrs. Marye spent some time here and visited every one of the wounded, to whom she distributed cigarettes.

"The eagerness and appreciation of the soldiers were very touching. In this hospital were wounded of all degrees. Some only trivially hurt stood up and bowed to the Ambassadress; others lay between life and death. The hardiness and endurance of these Russian soldiers struck us as marvelous. Some had survived wounds that would have killed other races.

"Returning to Warsaw Mrs. Marye visited other hospitals, one of which contained 2,000 beds, and where the patients are looked after by fifty surgeons and 400 nurses, the latter being volunteers from the best families of Russia and Poland."

GAVE PATIENTS GOOD TIME.

American Red Cross at Kiev Treated Them to American Dinner.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 11.—A letter from Edward H. Egbert, chief American Red Cross surgeon in charge of the Kiev Hospital, states that 340 patients have been admitted since Dec. 5, of whom 192 have recovered and only one has died. There have been 50 surgical operations and 2,500 redressings performed since that time.

"Brave, appreciative, and always doing everything in their power to co-operate with us, the Russian soldiers make ideal patients." Dr. Egbert writes. "Today, the Russian Christmas, all who were able to walk or well enough to be carried gathered in a large empty ward, where they were entertained by professional English comedians out of a job.

"We had a Christmas tree and presents, including war sweaters, and cigarettes were given to each patient. The American surgeons and nurses gave a watch as a present to each of seventy members of the sanitary squad. A regular American Christmas dinner was served to all the patients who were able to eat one.

"I am now attempting to arrange to have our party sent to some point where we can be of more use and see more active service."

NOT TO INVADE EGYPT.

Turks Have Abandoned Their Plan, Dispatch from Athens Says.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Advices received here from Athens say it is now reported in the Greek capital that the plan to have the Eighth Turkish Army Corps proceed from Damascus to the Egyptian frontier has been abandoned.

A previous dispatch from Athens said this army corps, well provisioned and provided with 8,000 camels, had already left Damascus for Egypt.

BIG TURKISH WAR CREDIT.

Government Demands of Parliament a Vote of $43,800,000.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Reuter's correspondent at Amsterdam sends a dispatch from Constantinople received there which says the Turkish Government has introduced in Parliament a bill demanding an extraordinary credit of £10,000,000 Turkish (a Turkish pound is $4.38) for war expenditures.

Next year's budget, it is stated, will show a deficit of £20,000,000 Turkish, in which is included the £10,000,000 credit just demanded.

IGNORE CAUCASUS DISASTER.

German Papers Have Not Printed a Word About Turkey's Defeat.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 11, (Dispatch to The London Daily Mail.)—The German press has not up to the present contained a single word describing the Turkish defeat in the Caucasus.

Neutral newspapers containing descriptions of the battle have been confiscated at the frontier.

GERMANS AID BELGIAN RELIEF.

Even Pay Their Board with Belgian Families to the Commission.

Ethelbert Watts, United States Consul at Brussels for the past eight years, arrived yesterday on the American liner Philadelphia, to report to the State Department at Washington on the present conditions in Belgium.

In an interview with the reporters he said that the Belgians were extremely grateful for the aid they were receiving from this country. "The American Relief Commission's agents," the Consul General continued, "have not yet been able to reach all the outlying districts in Belgium, and there starvation is very near; but wherever the relief has gone the lives of thousands have been saved. Two free meals a day are being given away in Brussels."

He denied the reports that the Germans were hindering the distribution of the relief supplies, but said that, on the contrary, they were aiding the agents of the commission in every way. In cases where German soldiers were quartered on Belgian families, he said, the money for their share of the food was sent to the Relief Commission.

Fifteen Germans who had been naturalized in Great Britain arrived on the Philadelphia to settle in this country. They said they could not live in England on account of the spy craze.

BRITISH PROPHESY PROSPERITY FOR US

London Financial Men Agree with The Times's Editorial on Shifting of Sterling Exchange.

SHOULD NOT DEMAND GOLD

Hartley Withers, Lombard Street Authority, Says We Should Buy Back Our Securities Instead.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—THE NEW YORK TIMES editorial prophesying a bright future for American business as a result of the war was discussed and generally agreed with in financial circles today. The shifting of sterling exchange to America's favor is considered the soundest proof that America is selling heavily to England and the figures adduced in England's reply to the American note are quoted in support of this fact.

Hartley Withers, the financial authority and author of "The war in Lombard Street," told the THE TIMES correspondent: "I think the TIMES's statement is quite true. America is in a position to command gold, but it looks like good sense for her not to take the gold until she needs it, especially as she seems to have enough for her international needs and the gold which would be given by England is, as far as we can judge now, in Ottawa. So long as the war lasts it appears that exchange will continue to remain in America's favor and she should make rapid strides toward permanently strengthening her financial position as regards other countries, that is, decreasing her indebtedness to foreign nations, which indebtedness of course stands in the way of America's assuming financial independence and leadership.

"Many things contribute toward keeping exchange favorable to America. It looks more and more as though no artificial readjustments, such as the establishment of a hundred-million-dollar credit in London for America to draw against, was necessary. The substantial sum which Americans spend every Summer in European travel will next Summer probably be but a fraction of the total of former years and this retention of money at home can be looked upon by Americans almost as an import total. One factor, however, will exert a tendency to offset these advantages for America in the exchange situation. A great deal of American paper will mature this year and it will probably be to America's advantage to buy back her securities with the money England owes her instead of taking gold for it now. The heavy purchases in America by belligerents will make it much easier for her to meet this maturing paper, which in normal conditions might have compelled America to resell in Europe or to borrow against in some other way."

RAN ARMY BY TELEGRAPH.

Sir John French, in London, Was in Constant Touch with the Front.

LONDON, Jan. 1, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—For three days the operations of the British army in Flanders were directed by telegraph from the London home of Sir John French, during the General's recent visit here. While it took Wellington three days to get a message to Whitehall and as long to receive a reply, in the Waterloo campaign, Sir John was able to communicate directly with Sir Archibald Murray at the base headquarters at St. Omer, France.

From a man who was in close touch with Sir John during his recent visit to England, the following details are learned:

The Field Marshal arrived at Folkestone wearing the overcoat and rather soiled cap of an enlisted man. He made no attempt to disguise himself otherwise, but on the Channel boat attracted no notice whatever. At Folkestone he was met by Lord Kitchener, and both proceeded by motor to Walmer Castle, near Deal, where Premier Asquith lives. There a council of war was held, attended also by the leaders of the two political parties.

Sir John then came to London, where he attended councils the next two days, the King being present on one occasion. His nights were spent in his own home, where hourly messages were received from his headquarters at the front.

On his trip by train from Folkestone to London, and on his return from Victoria Station, none of the passengers gave a second look at the soldier in the private's coat and cap, shorn of insignia. Nor did they on the boat during the trip to Calais.

On landing at Calais, however, Sir John appeared in his full uniform of Field Marshal, and was enthusiastically acclaimed by the crowd as he drove through the streets to the station.

Sir John is said to have remarked that this would be his last visit to London until the end of the war.

NEW BRITISH LAWS IN FORCE.

Public Wonder Whether They Will Be Effective Against Spies.

LONDON, Jan. 1, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—Certain new war statutes, defining the status of aliens and setting forth what constitutes British nationality, become effective today. The press is already discussing whether they are effective against spies.

Naturalization cannot be requested as a right under either the new or old statutes. It is regarded as an act of grace. The working of the new laws, therefore, depends largely on the Home Secretary.

The problem in the British mind is to determine whether an alien who seeks to become a British citizen may not be doing so at the instigation of his home Government in order more effectively to be a spy. Just now naturalized Germans are held under suspicion by the Government, and are not allowed to live in certain areas, particularly along the eastern coast, which is subject to German raids; near army training camps, or fortified bases.

BANDSMAN GETS THE V. C.

Rescued Men Buried in Trenches in Face of Heavy Shell Fire.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The Victoria Cross was awarded today to Bandsman Thomas Edward Gendle of the First Battalion of the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry.

Gendle was decorated "for conspicuous bravery on the 20th of November, near Wulveringhem, Belgium, when he, attending wounded under a very heavy shell fire, rescued men from the trenches in which they were buried by the blowing in of parapets by the fire of the enemy's heavy howitzers."

Consuls Get Income Tax Forms.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The American Consular officers in the United Kingdom have received revised forms for setting forth the returns of annual net income of individuals. They are under instructions to supply these copies to American citizens residing abroad, so that they may be filed with the collectors of internal revenue on or before March 1. The form in use this year is different from that of last year.

Official Reports of War Operations.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—(*Night Report*)—There is no change in the situation to be chronicled.

(*Day Report*)—From the sea to the Lys there was yesterday an intermittent and not very intense cannonading. In the region of Ypres our artillery responded efficaciously to the artillery of the enemy, and sent well placed shots against the German trenches.

From the Lys to the Oise, in the region of Boisselle, our troops took possession of a trench of the enemy after a violent fight. To the northeast of Soissons, on "Spur 132" they yesterday repulsed a German attack. Following this they attacked and occupied two lines of the enemy's trenches along a front of about 500 yards, thus extending toward the east the trenches captured Jan. 3, and assuring complete possession of "Spur 132."

On the Aisne and in Champagne, as far as Rheims, there have been artillery exchanges. From Rheims to the Argonne, our artillery bombarded the first-line trenches of the enemy and the shelters of the reserves. To the north of Perthes, after having driven back the counter-attacks referred to in last night's communication, we made progress and gained 200 yards of trenches.

To the north of Beauséjour, the enemy made a desperate effort to recapture the little fort which he had previously lost. His counter-attacks were delivered with energy. In each of them two battalions were engaged, the second advancing in close formation. Each attack was carried on with determination, but each was repulsed.

In the Argonne there were some few small engagements, and our front was maintained. Between the Meuse and the Moselle the day passed calmly. In the Vosges there was a heavy fall of snow. Some shells fell in Old Thann and on "Hill 425."

GERMANY.

BERLIN.—At Nieuport and at Ypres and south thereof, only artillery combats have taken place. A French attack at La Boisselle, to the northeast of Albert, failed completely.

North of Soissons the French, who had established themselves in a small section of our outer trenches, attacked afresh, but so far they have gained no successes. The battles continue.

In the neighborhood of Soupir, no fighting has taken place during the last few days.

To the east of Perthes our troops have recaptured that portion of our trenches which the enemy had taken. In this engagement heavy losses were inflicted on the French.

In the Argonne Forest our attacks have made further progress.

In Upper Alsace the situation is tranquil.

In East Prussia and in Northern Poland the situation remains the same. On account of unfavorable weather our attacks in Poland, to the west of the Vistula River, are making slow progress.

RUSSIA.

PETROGRAD.—On the left bank of the Vistula, both day and night, Jan. 10, the Germans attempted, without success, to attack our line at several points, but were repulsed everywhere by our fire.

In an attack in the region of the village of Samice, east of Skierniewice, the Germans reached our barbed-wire entanglements and began to shout: "Do not fire; we are yours!"

However, as similar stratagems had been employed before, the vigilance of our troops was not deceived by this manoeuvre of the Germans, and we directed against them a destructive fire and delivered a counter-attack, repulsing the enemy and inflicting heavy losses upon them.

In Galicia the cannon and rifle fire has been kept going and we remain in contact with the enemy.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA.—The situation in Russian Poland is unchanged. On the Lower Nida yesterday, there was obstinate fighting. The Russians opened the attack and attempted to cross the river with considerable forces at several points, but everywhere were repulsed with severe losses.

While these infantry attacks were proceeding a violent artillery battle took place in the adjoining district, and lasted several hours. Elsewhere on the front nothing of importance occurred.

CRUISER'S GAME DASH AT GERMAN RAIDERS

British Captain Couldn't See His Ship Shelled in British Harbor Without a Fight.

The American wife of an officer aboard the British light cruiser Patrol has written a letter to a friend in this country describing the German raid on Hartlepool, where she saw shells falling in the streets and several houses hit. She describes the conduct of the Patrol in the action, which was related to her by her husband after the fight. Of this she writes:

A shell fell in the water close to them, and he saw several houses blown away. They backed out into the basin, turned and made full speed for the entrance to the harbor. The entrance to the harbor is only about fifty yards wide, and on that the German ships were concentrating their principal fire. The Captain turned to the navigating Lieutenant, familiarly known as the pilot, who was on the bridge with him, and said: "I don't think we will get through that." The pilot answered: "I don't think we will, Sir," and they went full steam at it.

They were hit several times, one shell going through the bows, so that she partly filled with water, sank in the bows, and hit a sand bank. The fire was terrific, shells screaming and falling all about them. The ship rolled so that she rolled the deck under, and when the order came to cut away the boat it was almost impossible. They forced and bumped their way off the bank, and with pumps going at full pressure and the holes patched up with collision mats the water did not gain.

They could see three great battle cruisers firing broadsides of 11 and 12 inch guns at them. Flash, flash, flash, flash, then would come the moment of waiting, and next the scream of the shell and the splash as it hit the water, or the thud as it hit them. One shell went entirely through the ship, killing a man. All this time they were never able to fire a shot, being completely outranged with their little 4-inch guns, and so the Captain gave the order, "Prepare to fire torpedoes." Every man in the ship knew what that meant. All was up, as it meant going to within 1,800 yards of the enemy, and even if they got them, in the condition they were in and under the fire that was being directed at them, they would never get back. Then it was found that the ship would not steer, and that is the one thing that saved them. Suddenly the firing ceased, and the German ships made off and disappeared.

Their troubles were not quite over, for a fire broke out, but was soon under control. Their casualties were three men killed, one lost overboard and fifteen wounded. The Captain and pilot had also been knocked down by a shell and cut a bit, but nothing much.

The Captain had the men all together and made them a little speech in the evening, congratulated them on their coolness under fire and told them that rather than have a British ship shelled in a British harbor he had gone out to see if there was not something he could do, and that the zone of fire they had been through could only be described as a hail of shell.

"WILL LAST A BIT LONGER."

Kitchener's Sister Says He Thinks the War Is Nowhere Near an End.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Mrs. Parker, sister of Lord Kitchener, opening a "Tipperary" club for the wives and mothers of soldiers and sailors, said today:

"From all I can pick up in ten-minute conversations once a fortnight with my brother I gather that he thinks it will last a bit longer—in fact, a good bit longer. The longer it lasts the more men will be required, and more men we must have."

British Warships at Havana.

Special to The New York Times.

HABANA, Jan. 11.—An unidentified warship has been outside Havana Harbor since 3 o'clock this afternoon. Tonight she is lying three miles out. She shows no colors, but outgoing steamers signalled that they believed she was an English vessel.

GREEN STRIPE SCOTCH

Ask for the Non-refillable Bottle with the Green Stripe.

ANDREW USHER & CO. Edinburgh.

KAISER IN WAR MOVIES.

Films Shown in Germany Evidently Taken with His Co-operation.

BERLIN, Jan. 1.—Moving pictures which are being used to arouse the patriotic impulses of the German people appear to have been taken with the Emperor's hearty co-operation, for they represent him talking to his staff, inspecting his troops, and chatting with the Crown Prince very near to the camera. These pictures are so numerous and clear that no photographer could possibly have set up his camera so close without royal approval.

A war film which has excited much discussion was recently displayed at the Fatherland, one of the largest theatres of its class, whose name before the war was the Piccadilly. It represents what is claimed to be the British use of dumdum bullets, and shows a soldier twisting a cartridge in a device on the rifle, the inference being that British rifles are equipped with this device.

There are many films showing different arms of the service, and if the cheers on one evening can be accepted as a fair basis for the conclusion, Gen. von Hindenburg and Capt. von Mueller of the Emden are the popular favorites.

NEWS NOTES FROM BERLIN.

Coinage Record of Two Months War Loan Above Issue Price.

BERLIN, Jan. 11, (by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—The Official Press Bureau today gave out the following items for publication:

"Official statistics for November and December show that 6,660,000 marks ($1,665,000) in twenty-mark gold pieces were coined in that time. The Berlin City Savings Bank in the first six days of 1915 received deposits 3,000,000 marks in excess of those during the same period last year.

"The German war loan is now quoted at more than 2 per cent. above the issue price.

"A well-known Swiss architect, after a trip through Belgium, says in the Neue Zuricher Zeitung that the Germans have destroyed no historical works in Belgium.

"A Copenhagen dispatch says that Sir George Buchanan, British Ambassador to Russia, has protested against the allegation that Russia is bearing all the burdens of the war, and that the English are selfishly awaiting the conclusion of the war to get the lion's share of the spoils. The Ambassador points out that this reproach was being made openly in the leading Russian newspapers.

"Russian police searched the home of the seventy-year-old widow of Count Tolstoi. No revolutionary documents were found, but meanwhile part of the house was destroyed by fire.

"The reason for the withdrawal of Russian guards from the Warsaw battle front, according to reports from Sofia, was not the granting of a furlough to the troops, as was reported semi-officially, but was the necessity of protecting Petrograd from threatened riots."

NO OXFORD-CAMBRIDGE RACE

Famous Rowing Event Abandoned for the First Time Since 1855.

LONDON, Tuesday, Jan. 12.—The Daily Chronicle says it is officially announced that there will be no university boat race this year.

The contest was hardly possible, for all the leading oarsmen at both Oxford and Cambridge have gone to the front or are engaged with the officers' training corps.

Instituted at Henley in 1829, the boat race has been held annually without a break for sixty years. The last previous time it was abandoned was in 1855, at the time of the Crimean War. As soon, however, as the Treaty of Paris was signed the race was resumed, and it has been rowed on the Thames every year since.

When the present war started all competitive sport ceased at Oxford and Cambridge, and, like the boat races, other inter-'Varsity contests have been abandoned. A few scratch football matches with public school teams have been played, and a little athletics and sculling are casually indulged in, but only as an aid to military training.

There's something about them you'll like-
Twenty for a Quarter
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BELGIAN COMPLAINS OF ALLIES' ATTITUDE

Franqui Says They and the Germans Encircle His Country with a Ring of Steel.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—"The civil army we have to feed is greater than the British and French Armies combined. Yet we can scrape through on about $6,250,000 worth of food a month." Thus spoke Emil Franqui, a prominent Belgian banker who is on a brief visit to London, of relief work in Belgium, in the organization of which he played a conspicuous part.

It was not generally realized, M. Franqui said, that there still were 7,000,000 persons in Belgium who were virtually entirely dependent for food on the American Relief Commission.

"In all the history of the world," M. Franqui continued, "there is no precedent for a community of 7,000,000 souls being faced with starvation and denied by the belligerents every possible means of self-preservation. We, indeed, are the Ishmael of Europe. You in England say you cannot trade with us because to do so would be to trade with your enemy. You say you cannot open the Port of Antwerp, our door of relief, because it would be of advantage to Germany. You say you cannot even send us money, because it might reach your enemy. Thus the Germans, the French, and the British have a ring of steel around our territory through which none may enter and none may depart without the permission of the belligerents.

"The Germans say: 'If England likes to allow trade with Antwerp your industries will revive. If she does not—well, we are sorry, but we suppose you must take the consequences. See The Hague convention.'"

While the belligerents argued, M. Franqui added, 7,000,000 persons were confronted with actual starvation; but with the formation of the American Relief Commission the obstacles in the way of ministering to the wants of the Belgians were overcome and shipments of food were permitted to enter Belgium by way of Rotterdam. This relief could not have been given, he said, except under the auspices of the neutral commission.

"We are proud of our thrifty race," M. Franqui said in conclusion, "but we are now at the mercy of the world. If mercy is not accorded us we shall no longer exist."

KING FEELS FOR MERCIER.

Albert Expresses Admiration for Him in a Telegram to the Pope.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVRE, Jan. 11, (Dispatch to The London Daily Mail.)—King Albert has sent a telegram to the Pope in regard to the arrest of Cardinal Mercier. The King says he is anxious to express sympathy with the prelate who, though desirous of respecting the situation as it exists in Belgium, was nevertheless unable to withhold a cry of pain at the cruel sufferings and iniquitous treatment which had been thel ot of the clergy at the hands of the Germans.

The King says he can quite understand that the news painfully affected the Pope, and expresses his admiration for the Cardinal, who, imitating the prelates of old, did not fear to proclaim the truth and the indubitable rights of the universal conscience.

PAPAL CHECK ON MERCIER?

Nuncio to Belgium Said to Have Counseled Him to Moderation.

AMSTERDAM, (via London,) Jan. 11.—The Telegraaf says it learns that the Papal Nuncio to Belgium has written to Cardinal Mercier, whose recent pastoral letter to Belgian Catholics created much discussion and led to reports that the Cardinal had been detained by the Germans, suggesting that hereafter he write nothing which will offend the Germans.

BELGIAN COLONY IN CUBA.

Arrangements to Bring Over War-Stricken Farmers to the Island.

Dr. Francisco Xayas, the Cuban Minister to Belgium, arrived yesterday on the Nieuw Amsterdam on his way to Havana, where he will take charge of a big immigration plan for the Cuban Government. This contemplates the settlement of colonies of Belgian farmers in Cuba, for which arrangements have been made.

Dr. Zayas, who is accompanied by his wife and two sons, will leave his family in New York temporarily. All were in Brussels with him from the outbreak of the war until early in December, when they went to Holland. For four months Dr. Zayas was unable to communicate with even the Cuban State Department.

"I witnessed the occupation of Brussels," said Dr. Zayas at the Imperial yesterday. "The Germans conducted themselves in a very courteous fashion, and everything has been orderly. In Brussels there was no work to be had, and 300,000 persons were idle. Starvation threatened these people. Food was becoming every day more difficult to provide. Part of the time my family lived on conserved fruit and sardines. Rice was scarce. Sometimes there would be days when it was impossible to obtain coal.

"The matter on which I am going back to Cuba is important for Cuba, for the Belgians who will come over are farmers, and farmers are the great need of Cuba, and there are no farmers better than the Belgians."

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1914
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2nd EDITION HAIR and Its Preservation, by Dr. Richard W. Muller, Prof. Illustrated. Wm. R. Jenkins Co., Pub. Soon to appear. Loss of Hair, Deficient, Prematurely Gray Hair, Seborrhoea and Its Treatment, by the Quay Lamp. 87 illustrations. Dr. F. Nagelschmidt. Translated and edited by Dr. Richard W. Muller.

ASKS LOAN TO SAVE JEWS.

Dr. Levin Pleads for Millions of Them in Russia and Austria.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 11.—A national loan to save the Jewish nation was advocated today by Dr. Shmaryahu Levin, former member of the Russian Duma, now in this country. Dr. Levin is of the opinion that unless immediate steps are taken to save the Jews in Russia and Austria, this war will wipe them out.

"The Jewish world has been destroyed by the war," he said. "Already there have come to us thousands of widows and orphans. The Jewish rich have ceased to be rich, particularly in Poland and in Galicia. It is safe to estimate that at least 3,000,000 Jews have been ruined. The other 5,000,000 in Russia and in Austria were also hard hit. This is our total at the end of the first six months. What will be later is still difficult to predict.

"The economic condition of the Jews in the above-mentioned countries was never firm, even when at its best. A great portion of them lived by what we may almost term miracles. For today they had bread; for tomorrow—a fond hope. And very often this hope had to appease their hunger. Now both the bread and hope are gone.

"I know that we as a nation do not possess the requirements for a loan. Our nation has nothing to pawn, because it has no real national asset. And while I am aware of all this, I still make bold to offer my proposition. Is it not possible to make a loan and thus save the Jewish Nation from extinction? We cannot make it in the name of our people as a whole, but we can make it in the name of the various organizations which are legally recognized and have a guaranteed income."

NO AID FOR RUSSIA'S CAPTIVES.

American Relief Party Held Up—Austria Charges Brutal Treatment.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Russia's approval of the relief expedition for German and Austrian prisoners in Siberian camps, headed by American missionaries at Peking, which was taken by officials here as granted, has been withheld, it was learned today, and the whole project awaits further negotiations. The American Red Cross learned today that the expedition had been held up at Harbin.

Coincidentally came an official dispatch to the Austrian Embassy containing a pointed intimation that unless Austria's prisoners in the Siberian wastes were better treated there would be retaliation upon prisoners in Austro-Hungary. The Austrian representations also covered the cases of prisoners in Servia and in France.

Two requests forwarded by the State Department to Petrograd from the Austro-Hungarian Government demanding better conditions have been unanswered. The Foreign Office in Vienna, after declaring that the Spanish Ambassador there had testified that Austria's prisoners were maintained in full accordance with the demands of international law and the dictates of humanity, intimated today that stricter methods would be put in force unless some assurances were forthcoming from Servia and Russia that the prison camps in these two countries were rendered more habitable

It was asserted at the embassy here that conditions in French detention camps were also bad, and especially in the south, where American inspection had not been permitted. A special case, the death of a friend of Dr. Dumba, the Ambassador here, which it is alleged was caused by unsanitary conditions, has been laid before the State Department.

Further official reports to the embassy describe the situation of Austrian and German prisoners in Siberia as "pitiable." Allowances have been diverted, it is charged, and rations cut until many of the prisoners receive warm food only once in forty-eight hours.

Although the detention camps in England, Germany, Austria, Hungary, and parts of France have been open to neutral inspection, the officials in Russia and Servia, the Austrian Embassy says, have ignored requests for similar examinations

In Peking Austrian and German officials appealed to the Russian Legation and received a promise of co-operation for the alleviation of conditions in Siberia. After consultation between Paul S. Reinsch, the American Minister at Peking, and the Russian Minister at that capital, the former, acting on instructions from the State Department, in answer to urgent appeals from persons in China, the Red Cross financed a committee of missionaries of mixed nationalities to convey supplies of medicine, food, and clothing.

Officials here hope and expect that the Russian Government will give its consent as soon as it realizes the earnest desire of the American missionaries to extend relief.

PALESTINE FACES FAMINE.

Appeal Made to General Zionist Affairs Committee.

The Provisional Executive Committee for General Zionist Affairs of this city, of which Louis D. Brandeis is Chairman, received yesterday a letter from its agent, Wolf Gluskin, who is now in Alexandria, dated Dec. 4, in which he says:

"Conditions in Palestine are becoming worse every day. About a steamer with foodstuffs; please do all you can to get this done. Palestine is facing a famine, a real famine in the fullest sense of the word. Is it possible that the population of an entire country will be left to starve?

"Permission to remove gold from here to Palestine is not so easily obtained, but thanks to the efforts of Ambassador Morgenthau, the local authorities are favorably inclined."

HOLY WARRIORS ROUT FRENCH IN MOROCCO

Natives Reported to Have Made Several Thousand Captures—Situation is Critical.

MADRID, Dec. 29, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—According to private advices received here from Northern Africa, the position of the French troops in Morocco is very critical. A letter from Tangier says the French have been obliged either to surrender or evacuate the last of their fortified posts in the Moroccan interior.

Gen. Lyautey, the commander of the French troops, it is asserted, therefore has given orders that the hinterland and central parts of Morocco be abandoned. The losses of the French troops have been very heavy. In the vicinity of Taurirt and along the Wergla River, engagements between the French and Moroccans are said to have led to a rout for the former. That part of Morocco is now held by the "Holy Warriors."

It is also said that several French columns had their retreat cut off while on the way to the coast, and that several thousand French troops are prisoners of the Moroccans. A column under the command of Col. Dublessis was obliged to establish a fortified camp south of Mekinez. What the fate of this force is has not been learned. The Moroccans who had taken the capital, Fez, were on their way toward Mekinez when last heard from.

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TODAY
MEN

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719 "Lenigan Made" Suits at $23.50

Formerly Sold up to $45.00

¶ Suits made by the J. F. Lenigan Co., the most remarkable organization of master tailors in the world—in fact the *only* organization of its kind.

¶ Every suit that leaves this remarkable shop is to all intents and purposes "custom tailored," each garment is cut singly and tailored individually.

¶ The superb style, fit and finish are absolutely inimitable.

¶ These suits are on sale Today—NOW. They are the very finest, the best tailored and most artistically modeled clothing made; you can see them in the windows of our store and inspect them inside, without any obligation to buy other than the desire which their wonderful goodness alone will arouse.

¶ No man living who really likes good clothing should miss this opportunity.

The 719 suits in this sale retail regularly from $30 to $45—about 50% are made of Imported Fabrics.

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WHEN day after day you have felt your strength slowly ebbing—and day by day grown more discouraged at your failure to get relief from "tonics" and "bracers"—it is but natural that you look with scepticism upon Sanatogen's claims, and ask yourself—"Will it *really* give me back my strength?"

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Grand Prize International Congress of Medicine, London, 1913

Sanatogen rebuilds impoverished nerve cells, enriches the blood, regenerates digestion and appetite and re-enforces the entire system.

And when you couple the grateful testimony of these physicians with that of host of people who have found a new joy in living from Sanatogen, the conclusion is inevitable—Sanatogen *will* help give you back your strength.

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The famous Editor writes:
"I feel I owe it to truth to state that I have made a thorough trial of Sanatogen and that I have found it most efficacious and beneficent. [illegible]"

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MEDICAL SCIENCE BENEFITS BY WAR

Unlimited Number of Cases Ordinarily Rare for Surgeons to Operate On.

FAMOUS SPECIALISTS BUSY

Lack of Time to Hesitate or Argue is Secret of Success, Prof. Bockenheimer Says.

GERMAN HOSPITAL METHODS

New York Times Correspondent Tells How Wounded Are Treated—Same Care for Teutons and Foes.

Special Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From a Staff Correspondent.

THE GERMAN FRONT IN FRANCE, Dec. 10.—An American surgical congress would find the front an ideal place for the annual meeting—a surgical paradise, where cases that are rarities in peace time are the commonplaces of a day. And you come away with the thought that in one respect, at least, the world war is not a dead loss to humanity, for here you meet some of the most famous German professors and high-priced specialists working in the field side by side with their military colleagues, and the result of their work and studies on the mass of human material is bound to prove an important contribution to medical knowledge.

In one ward of a base hospital, for example, I saw twenty-five cases, all recovering nicely after the delicate operation of trepanning the skull, representing only a small part of the week's work of Prof. Bockenheimer, the celebrated Berlin surgeon, while there were numbers of interesting cases of aphasia and monophasia; for from the peculiar nature of the "field fortification" war in the west, a very large proportion of the wounded suffer from headshots, and particularly injuries to the top of the skull, causing lacerations or pressure on the brain.

Commenting on these cases, Prof. Bockenheimer made the significant remark: "The secret of our success in the field is that we haven't time to hesitate or talk it over—we operate."

One recovered veteran being worth two raw recruits, the German organizing genius has developed a sanitary service that runs with machine-like smoothness, and yet is elastic enough to meet the varying strain put upon it. The moving principle is to move on the wounded as fast as possible in the direction of home, so as to make room for the continuous stream from the firing line.

Signs Point Way to Aid.

In the "field fortification" warfare here in France, the problem is comparatively simple, the strain on the organization not unduly great. At the "street corners" of the firing line, where the trenches cross at right angles, you will see neatly painted wooden signs pointing the way to the nearest "first aid" station, where the lightly wounded can be treated. Here again other signs point the way to the "Main Collection Place for Wounded," where the more serious cases receive the first dressing. From here they are removed in motor ambulances to the field hospital, usually located in a château, church, school or private house, as near the firing line as prudent and possible.

The field hospital which I visited comprised five houses in a village three miles from the firing line, the Red Cross flag being hoisted on the roofs, as it was still within the range of the French heavy artillery. System could not have been carried further than here. A small blackboard hung on the door of every room, showing the number of beds within, the number occupied, and the number still available. The field surgeon in charge said he always preferred to quarter the wounded in small rooms of private houses rather than in large halls or churches, because they felt more "homey" and cheerful, and consequently made better progress.

There was a whole store room full of spare rolls, each containing the equipment for one bed—mattress slip, pillow case, blanket, sheets and shirt. This field hospital contained a hundred beds, but another hundred could have been set up in a few hours, for another storeroom was piled high with small, compact hospital carpenter kits, each containing all the tools and even the exact number of nails in sealed envelopes needed to make a rough bedstead of boards, together with minute printed directions so that even a novice could put one together.

I was allowed to witness an interesting international operation here, performed on a Frenchman by a German surgeon with the aid of an English helper. The Englishman was an ambulance man who liked it so well here that he did not want to be exchanged and so was allowed to remain and help out. The operation on the Frenchman was of such a delicate nature that Prof. Rottr, one of the specialists of the —nth Army, had been sent for to assist. It consisted of laying bare the nerve of the left shoulder and scraping off a small growth which had followed in the wake of the bullet. Every army has two or more of these roving specialists attached to it, who motor to any part of the front where they may be required in consultation.

At the Base Hospital.

As soon as ever they can be safely moved, it was explained, the men are transported in smooth-riding, well-springed motor ambulances to the base hospital. That of the —nth Army was only ten miles from this field hospital. A convent and a normal school building had been fitted up for hospital purposes, while in the quadrangle of the convent small collapsible wooden "houses" had been set up for infectious cases. In the principal surgical ward of the Normal School were the dozen aphasia cases. The victims who had been operated upon were being taught by the patient nurses to connect names with objects and some of them had already acquired quite a working vocabulary.

Here also was Prof. Bockenheimer's prize case—a Frenchman, whose face had been "sideswiped" by a piece of shell, crushing his right eye and cheekbone, nose, and half his mouth to one ghastly pulp. And the poor fellow, who had lain in the field three days and nights before being found and brought in, was actually recovering and able to smoke a cigarette with the remaining half of his mouth. The professor had performed a successful skin transplantation operation and showed me how he was molding a new nose and a whole mouth for him.

There were many French wounded among the Germans, and no distinction was made. The Frenchmen with whom I talked spoke gratefully of their German nurses and surgeons and of the treatment they were receiving.

Down at the railroad station a forty-car hospital train stood steam up, all ready to take another load and distribute it among hospitals in Germany.

LONSDALE NOT TO DIE.

German Appeal Court Commutes Sentence to 20 Years in Jail.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Berlin, by way of Amsterdam, says that the Court of Appeals has commuted the death sentence on Private William Lonsdale, the English soldier who was court-martialed for striking one of his guards at the Döberitz detention camp, to twenty years' imprisonment.

The case of Lonsdale has attracted a great deal of interest in England, in Germany, and in the United States. Lonsdale is a native of Leeds, and the Lord Mayor of that city recently appealed to Dr. Henry van Dyke, the United States Minister at The Hague, in an effort to induce the German authorities to spare the man's life. Lonsdale has a wife and family at Leeds.

Lonsdale was at first sentenced to ten years in jail, but a superior court-martial condemned him to death. According to report printed in The Frankfurther Zeitung, the prisoners at Döberitz were compelled to turn out for work on a trumpet signal. On Nov. 9 the prisoners delayed to answer the signal, and the Corporal in command of the construction work gave orders that several tents be cleared and that the prisoners be driven out.

In one tent there were 250 prisoners, and a rather serious affray between them and the Landsturm reservists in charge of the camp ensued. Butts of muskets were used in driving out the prisoners. Lonsdale turned furiously on one of the guards, clenched his fist, and gave him a blow in the chest. He aimed another blow at the German's face, which did not land.

The Corporal came up, and, with the flat of his sword, gave Lonsdale several blows on the back.

HOLLAND WAR LOAN WINS.

Far More Than Needed $110,000,000 Taken by Public.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 11.—Announcement was made today that the Government war loan of 275,000,000 guilders ($110,000,000) had been over-subscribed. The total applied for is 402,000,000 guilders.

Up to Saturday 240,000,000 guilders had been subscribed, and it then became apparent that all necessity for compulsory subscription had been averted.

ALLIES LINKED ANEW BY YPRES VICTORY

French Bulletin Emphasizes the Fraternity of Arms Sealed in Terrible Struggle.

SAYS GERMANS LOST 120,000

"France Unconquered" the Conclusion of Story of Two Months' Combat with 2,000,000 Invaders.

Two million men were engaged on the German side in October and November when the Kaiser's forces hammered at the Allies' lines in an attempt to break through to Dunkirk and Calais. Around Ypres alone the invaders' losses were more than 120,000 men. These statements are made in a semi-official account of the fighting in Flanders, which takes up three pages of the Bulletin Français, copies of which reached here yesterday.

In the article warm praise is given to the British and Belgian troops, and it is several times emphasized, in contradiction of German reports, that the soldiers of England and France, instead of being at daggers' points, are living and fighting in close sympathy and form, according to the Bulletin, a military fraternity.

As translated, the article in the December Bulletin reads, in part:

"The hour has arrived when the balance of these last weeks can be established and the results clearly seen. The formidable attempt by the Germans, first to turn the left of ourselves and our allies, and then, that having been prevented, to break through, has entirely failed. By the effort the enemy tried to repair the defeats of the Marne, and they have only added another check to the failure of September.

"Meanwhile, in order to invade our territory, according to their old plans the Germans have neglected nothing. On the front that extends from Lys to the sea they massed, in the beginning of October, fifteen army corps, including four of cavalry. Their army heads, the Crown Prince of Bavaria, Gen. Deemling, the Duke of Württemburg have multiplied their exhortations and appeals to the troops in the effort to maintain the morale of their men.

"We have found their orders on dead officers and prisoners, and always they are the same. It is a question of 'a decisive action against the French left' or a question of 'piercing the line at Dupres or Ypres,' for, as one of these orders stated, 'the decisive coup remains to be struck and to accomplish this the allied line must be pierced.' This, the orders stated, had to be accomplished at any price and in all haste. They wanted a decision in the western theatre of war before turning to the east.

"Then the Emperor himself was with his troops, hoping to animate the German soldiers with his presence. He announced to them that he would be at Ypres on Nov. 1, and that was the date fixed for the annexation of Belgium. In fact, everything had been taken into account, except of course the victorious resistance of the allied armies.

The Situation on Oct. 1.

"To make possible this effective resistance it was necessary for the Allies to oppose the enemy with a force which if not equal to theirs was nevertheless sufficient for the purpose in view.

"What was the situation at the beginning of Oct. 1? The Belgian Army came out of Antwerp intact, but too exhausted to participate in the actions then pending. The English Army had left the Aisne to operate in the north. The army of Gen. de Castlenau did not extend on its left south of Arras. The army of Gen. Maudhuy stretched out from that point to the south of Lille. Further on were the territorial cavalry and the marines. This was not a sufficient force to meet the German advance.

"Gen. Joffre, the Commander in Chief, ordered Gen. Foch to the command of the armies of the north. Reinforcements were sent him in the ensuing three weeks, and during that period the rail and automobile services operated day and night, hurrying up reinforcements. They arrived on time by divisions and by corps, every man being animated by an admirable spirit.

"About the 20th of October our battle line was from Nieuport to Dixmude, between which places one of our divisions and the marines held the railroad. Meanwhile, just back of them, the Belgian Army was being reorganized. South of Dixmude, and along the canal, our line stretched to the east, forming before Ypres a vast half circle occupied by four French and one British Army corps The line then descended toward the south of Messines to Armentières, forming two sections, the first held by the English and the second by the French.

"The German attack had as its object the seizure of Dunkirk, which was necessary if Calais and Boulogne were to be reached. The purpose was to envelop us and cut the British lines of communication to the sea. All the heavy artillery was brought up from Antwerp and made ready for use against the Allies. What happened?

"On the 3d of November the attack was made and repulsed, crushing the enemy, who had managed to gain the left bank of the river. We then pushed the German rear guard into the water, and to this day German cannon and the carcasses of their animals can be seen half buried in the water and mud.

Terrific Battle for Ypres.

"Finding it impossible to turn our left, the enemy tried to break through our lines. This was the battle of Ypres, a furious and savage struggle, with the German commanders hurling their organizations in enormous masses, regardless of the life of their men, sacrificing all for the end they hoped to attain.

"This end was not attained. During the following three weeks we suffered and withstood their repeated and frantic attacks. All these attacks were repulsed, and this despite the fact that our front, with its circular form, was not easy to maintain.

"In these actions about Ypres the armies of France and England worked in the closest union, and this union, in which co-operation was so splendidly maintained, is worthy to be recorded on the brightest pages of military history.

"On Nov. 12 the Germans were successful to the north of Ypres and crossed the canal in two places. A day passed and they were thrown back to the other side. On the 12th also they gained a little ground south of Ypres, but this loss was quickly regained, and by the 15th their attacks had become fewer and our position by then was practically impregnable.

"Subsequent actions by the Germans were likewise repulsed and in these encounters we were brilliantly supported by our allies. These actions have sealed the fraternity of the allied troops, and the energy of our resistance has likewise encouraged and strengthened the confidence of the Belgians.

Count German Losses Heavy.

"The losses of the Germans certainly exceed 120,000 men. In certain trenches of 1,200 meters length as many as 2,000 bodies have been found, and this is impressive when we take into consideration that the Germans take advantage of every opportunity to remove their dead from the fields of battle. These great losses explain the recent formation of new army corps in Germany.

"The numerous artillery commands that we have put in action south of Ypres have opened great chasms in the German masses. All this marks the importance of our successes, and significance is added by the fact that the Germans have always regarded the taking of Ypres as one of the decisive features of the campaign.

"If Dunkirk, Calais, and Boulogne had been taken, England would have found her lines of communication with her armies in France gravely endangered. In maintaining her lines from the sea to Arras we have obtained at the same time the best guarantee against the return of the enemy to Paris.

"To measure the extent of the allied successes we must compare the line occupied by our left and the German right at the beginning of September and since the middle of November. When we consider this, it is plain that our successes were not temporary, but have been a constant progress, rendering vain the attacks of the Germans.

"It has been demonstrated by facts that Gen. Joffre has read the plans of the German commanders and is ready for them everywhere and always. As for the allied troops, they have gained the qualities they perhaps lacked most in the beginning, particularly as regards rapid organization for the defensive and the digging of trenches. Today our troops are as expert in trench work as are the soldiers of the enemy.

France Is "Unconquered."

"France remains unconquered. Since the 6th of September she has registered only successes, in spite of the massing against her of fifty German army corps. These fifty German corps, it must be said, and said again, for such is the truth, are still facing us. Fifteen German army corps and the whole of the Austrian force are facing Russia. Yet the formidable mass which assails us has not made us flinch in any part of our line, and in many cases our enemy has drawn back under the weight of the Allies' efforts."

PUT BATTERIES IN WHITE.

German Ruse When Snow Falls Puzzles the French.

A device by which the Germans have helped Winter mask their batteries in the field in Northern France is described in a letter written to The Frankfurter Zeitung, by a journalist now serving as an artillery officer at the front.

For weeks, he said, the German batteries in shifting positions had been hurling their iron hail against the French near Lille. Then snow fell, covering the landscape with white. In vain the French officers on observation sought to discover the German batteries as on the day before by watching for the sun-glint on the metal parts. Everywhere there was but an unbroken stretch of white.

The Germans, the writer explains, had turned each battery into white by wrapping the wheels and gun carriage with white towels, sheets, and curtains and stretching a white sheet in front of it. Suddenly a central patch in the white sheet was drawn away, and the white nose of the cannon was pointed upward through it. The very artilleryman who touched it off, the correspondent adds, was dressed in white from top to toe in a ludicrous long nightgown, and the entire battery and its crew were quite indistinguishable amid the white of the snow-covered landscape.

Don Cameron's Estate

J. Donald Cameron, former Senator of the United States, former Secretary of War, interested in Pennsylvania industries for over 60 years, recently placed his estate, estimated at $4,000,000, in the hands of the Fidelity Trust Company of Philadelphia and of James M. Cameron, son, and J. Gardner Bradley, grandson, as Trustees.

Two points are illustrated:

(1) It is entirely practicable for men and women to place their estates in the hands of a trust company as trustee to be administered as they wish, both during their lifetime and thereafter, and the plan has much in its favor;

(2) A trust company can render the most efficient service to those relatives who are selected to act as co-trustees, and at their death, or in case of disability, can carry out the trust indefinitely.

This Company, with 34 years' experience in handling individual trust matters, will be glad to send its Booklet—"Our Service to You"—to those who may be interested in estate questions.

Metropolitan Trust Company
of the City of New York
George C. Van Tuyl, Jr., President
49 Wall Street

Today—a manufacturer's stock of

Trunks

reduced all the way to 50%

The facts are brief, but important. The maker of these trunks, who is one of our regular sources of supply, has closed out to us at a big sacrifice on wholesale prices a collection of about 200 trunks, perfect in every particular of making, rugged, resistent, reliable, carrying the Saks guarantee of service, and priced this day at bargain figures.

Wardrobe Trunks at $14 to $36.50
Regularly $25.00 to $65.00

Steamer Wardrobe Trunks at $18.50 to $33.50
Regularly $25.00 to $55.00

Dress Trunks at $5.00 to $16.50
Regularly $7.50 to $25.00

Steamer Trunks at $5.00 to $15.00
Regularly $7.50 to $30.00

Hat Trunks at $5.00 to $7.00
Regularly $7.50 to $12.50

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

On Sale Today At $14.75 All Our $20.00 Stein-Bloch Suits And Overcoats

No charge for Alterations. Back goes your money, if you're not 100% satisfied with your purchase.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

Weber and Heilbroner

Announce that their entire stock of Fall and Winter suits, except dress clothes, is on sale at substantial reductions.

Five Clothing Stores

27 New — 241 Broadway — 1185 Broadway
44th and Broadway — 42nd and Fifth Avenue

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue

Men's Shop
16 West 38th St.—Store Floor
Separate Shop, a Step from Fifth Avenue

Annual Sale
TODAY, TUESDAY

Men's Fur-Lined Overcoats
36 TO 46 CHEST
Of black kersey, lined with natural muskrat, including sleeves; collar of real Hudson seal or real Persian lamb.
30.00 *Heretofore $40.00*

Men's Fur-Lined Overcoats
36 TO 46 CHEST
Of black kersey, lined with natural muskrat, including sleeves; collar of real Hudson seal or real Persian lamb.
40.00 *Heretofore $60.00*

Men's Silk-Lined Overcoats
CHESTERFIELD MODELS, 33 TO 44 CHEST
Chesterfield model in black, Oxford or blue, finest vicuna, lined throughout with Skinner satin, velvet collar.
20.00 *Heretofore $30.00*

Full Dress Suits
FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN, 33 TO 44 CHEST
Silk Lined, New Model of Unfinished Worsted
Coat and Trousers—Coat, silk galloon bound collar and cuffs, silk faced, silk lined; English trousers, with silk galloon band at sides.
22.00 *Heretofore $32.50*

Tuxedo Suits
FOR MEN AND YOUNG MEN, 33 TO 44 CHEST
Silk Lined, New Model of Unfinished Worsted
Coat, Vest and Trousers—Coat, silk galloon bound collar and cuffs, silk faced and silk lined; new model vest; trousers with silk galloon band at sides.
22.00 *Heretofore $32.50*

Men's Full Dress Vests
Highest grade silk vests, for evening wear, in white or black.
5.00 *Heretofore $7.50 to $8.50*

Evening Dress Shirts
The new full dress shirts with plain or self striped pique bosom.
1.65 *Heretofore $2.50*

These Furs Not on Sale Until (Tomorrow) Wednesday

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

(To-morrow) WEDNESDAY

Important Sale of Furs

A Special Purchase of

Women's Fur Coats and Furs

Newest Models in All the Fashionable Furs

At About One-Half Their Real Value

12 Hudson Seal Coats
Flare model, collar and cuffs of Seal.
Regular Price $95.00 50.00

15 Hudson Seal Coats
Collars of Seal or Skunk.
Regular Price $135.00 75.00

10 Hudson Seal Coats
Collars of Skunk or Seal.
Regular Price $235.00 115.00

9 Hudson Seal Coats
Collars of Skunk or Ermine.
Regular Price $275.00 135.00

12 Hudson Seal Coats
Collars of Skunk, Kolinsky or Fitch.
Regular Price $295.00 150.00

9 Hudson Seal Coats
Collars Skunk, Kolinsky or Ermine.
Regular Price $350.00 185.00

12 French Seal Coats
Collars of Seal or various furs.
Regular Price $75.00 45.00

14 French Seal Coats
Collars of Skunk, Squirrel or Fitch.
Regular Price $110.00 65.00

2 Paris Model Coats
Of Hudson Seal
Trimmed with real Fitch or Natural Skunk;
Regular Price $500.00 200.00

1 Paris Model Wrap
Of Scotch Mole Skin.
Vest front, and collar of Ermine, fancy velvet lined.
Regular Price $500.00 200.00

12 Caracul Coats
Collars and cuffs of Caracul.
Regular Price $75.00 37.50

10 Caracul Coats
Collars of Skunk or Rock Opossum.
Regular Price $125.00 65.00

9 Moire Caracul Coats
Collars of Fitch or Skunk.
Regular Price $165.00 85.00

11 Moire Caracul Coats
Collars of various furs.
Regular Price $195.00 110.00

4 Persian Lamb Coats
45 inches long, full flare model.
Regular Price $295.00 175.00

3 Persian Lamb Coats
52 inches long, of highest grade skins
Regular Price $450.00 295.00

2 Scotch Mole Coats
45 inches long; collars of Ermine.
Regular Price $295.00 150.00

2 Real Leopard Coats
Trimmed with Hudson Seal.
Regular Price $225.00 110.00

1 Paris Model Coat
Of Broadtail Caracul.
Full Ripple model: collar, border and cuffs of Kolinsky Squirrel.
Regular Price $975.00 350.00

1 Paris Model Coat
Of Broadtail Caracul.
Coat front, cape back, double border and sleeves of Natural Skunk.
Regular Price $1,500.00 500.00

Muffs, Neckpieces and Sets

Neckpieces				Muffs
5.00	Regular price $8.75	Natural Raccoon	Regular price $14.50	8.50
10.00	Regular price $16.50	Natural Raccoon	Regular price $16.50	10.00
8.00	Regular price $16.50	Black Wolf	Regular price $16.50	10.00
15.00	Regular price $29.50	Black Fox	Regular price $29.50	16.00
16.00	Regular price $29.50	Hudson Seal	Regular price $29.50	16.00
17.00	Regular price $26.50	Blue Wolf	Regular price $29.50	19.00
18.00	Regular price $35.00	Mole	Regular price $39.50	19.00
20.00	Regular price $39.50	Black Lynx	Regular price $39.50	20.00
12.00	Regular price $24.50	Beaver	Regular price $39.50	21.00
19.00	Regular price $29.50	Skunk	Regular price $39.50	22.00
20.00	Regular price $39.50	Pointed Fox	Regular price $39.50	20.00
15.00	Regular price $29.50	Silvered Kit Fox	Regular price $49.50	25.00
25.00	Regular price $45.00	Taupe Fox	Regular price $45.00	25.00

3 Natural Fisher Sets
Large three skin muffs, one skin scarf
Regular Price $450.00 225.00

1 Natural Blue Fox Set
Large muff, doubled for animal scarf.
Regular Price $395.00 245.00

2 Cross Fox Sets
Large muff and animal scarf.
Regular Price $195.00 95.00

1 Hudson Bay Sable Set
Large flat muff, two skin scarf.
Regular Price $495.00 250.00

BRITISH WILL SEIZE DACIA IF SHE SAILS

Prize Courts Will Make Hers a Test Case, Washington Is Informed.

NOW LOADING FOR BREMEN

England Likely to Cite Germany's Decision Against British Ships Transferred to Our Flag

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The steamship Dacia of the Hamburg-American Line, which was sold to Edward N. Breitung of Marquette, Mich., and placed in American registry under the newly enacted emergency registry law, will be seized on the high seas and taken before a British prize court. Definite information to this effect reached Washington tonight.

The seizure of the Dacia will bring to an issue one of the most important questions that has been raised with respect to neutral shipping since the outbreak of the war in Europe. It will be handled as a test case, and upon its ultimate outcome will depend the decision whether the fleet of German merchant vessels now tied up at New York and other American ports can be sold to American owners, transferred to the American flag and then used in trade with Europe over the routes to Germany they have traversed in the past.

The Dacia is now flying the American flag. She is at Galveston loading cotton. She is scheduled to sail from Galveston next Friday. It is understood that her destination will be Bremen. Information reaching Washington tonight is to the effect that the steamer will not reach Bremen, but will be halted at sea, taken into a British port, and brought before a British prize court. It is the intention of the British Government to leave the settlement of the issue primarily to the decision of its prize court.

Sshould the prize court rule that the Dacia was transferred in an absolutely bona fide way to the American flag, and that the transfer was not in violation of the Declaration of London, and permits the Dacia to proceed to Bremen, it is altogether probable that the owners of the Dacia and its cargo will be entitled to reparation and damages from the British Government for unwarranted seizure and detention. Should the prize court hold the ship ohter and more difficult problems may arise.

The British Ambassador in informal conversations with American officials regarding the new American registry law has repeatedly intimated that his Government would test the bona fide character of any German transfer to American registry and regard it as invalid if the steamer transferred continued on the same trade route as before, or if it sailed to its original port.

It is believed here that the new owners of the vessel are prepared for eventualities, and will be ready to contest the validity of the seizure. The papers in the case of the transfer to American registry have been carefully considered by the Federal Bureau of Navigation. The transaction appeared to be bona fide, and on this basis the Federal Government officials approved it.

The vessel and cargo have both been insured for the voyage to Bremen, or the port for which the ship is to sail. Application was made to the Bureau of War Risk Insurance in the Treasury Department for insurance, but that bureau did not grant the application, and it was obtained elsewhere.

The British Government will probably point to the attitude of Germany toward ships transferred to American registry. In a cablegram to the State Department on Dec. 28, Ambassador Gerard thus informed the American State Department as to the German attitude:

The Imperial Foreign Office was asked if there would be objection to the exchange of cotton for German products on a vessel formerly registered as British, but transferred to American registry since the beginning of the war. The inquiry was answered substantially as follows:

"Referring to Article LVI. of the London Naval Conference, it may be stated that the transfer to the American flag of a British vessel after war has been started is not valid per se;; but the German Government, reserving the right at any time to withdraw its consent, is ready, where such ships are engaged only in direct trade between American and German ports and carrying American goods into German ports and returning German materials consigned to and for use only in the United States, to waive the invalidity of such transfer.

"The Foreign Office further states it to be expedient that an official statement that such a vessel is destined by a direct route to a German port, there to unload and return directly with German products consigned to and for use only in the United States, be prepared by the proper American officer, each ship also to have for each round trip a safe conduct by the Imperial German Ambassador in the United States, based upon the official statement just mentioned, which requests German war vessels to permit an unmolested journey."

Britain Fears a German Trick.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—Judging from American dispatches to the newspapers here the British attitude concerning the Dacia is not understood in the United States. The Morning Post says the British Government is still investigating the transfer, and points to the great danger to Britain's welfare through the transfer of German ships to the American flag, winding up with the suggestion that such speedy ships as the Vaterland could through transfer of registry become commerce destroyers.

The position taken by the British Government is that if the Dacia or any other German ship transferred to American registry, engages in trade with Germany, will be seized, something already known to the Washington Government.

President Wilson's statement in his Indianapolis speech blaming the high freight rates on a lack of tonnage, is considered faulty here. General conditions, more particularly high insurance costs, are considered the real reason of the advanced charges.

DIDN'T KNOW OF THE WAR.

Ship Which Left Corinto in July Captured in English Channel.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The German bark Viganella, which left Corinto, Nicaragua, on July 6, arrived in the English Channel on Saturday, when she was stopped by a British warship and ordered into Plymouth.

It was the first intimation those on board the vessel had that a war was in progress.

RED CROSS SUPPLIES TOAUSTRIA-HUNGARY

Largest Shipment Since War Began Starts for Vienna and Budapest.

RELIEF FOR SERVIA NEXT

Polish Committee Funds Sent to Warsaw and Cracow—Jewish Meeting Tonight.

The largest consignment of supplies shipped on a single liner by the American Red Cross since it started its own ship, the Red Cross, to Europe, immediately after the war began, will be started for Austria-Hungary on the Red Star liner Finland this morning. The shipment will include 146,000 yards of gauze, 60 bales of absorbent cotton, 14,000 gauze pads, 3,000 yards of crinoline, 800 pounds of chloroform, and large lots of alcohol, antiseptic preparations, surgical instruments, and assorted bandages. In addition to these supplies, which go to Vienna and Budapest, the Red Cross will ship on the Finland 129 cases of hospital garments and supplies for the Servian Red Cross.

Yesterday's donations to the Red Cross totaled $665.39, which brings the fund total to $434,617.61. Subscriptions should be sent to Jacob H. Schiff, Treasurer, 130 East Twenty-second Street, or 52 William Street. Yesterday's subscriptions of $10 or more were:

Brooklyn Chapter	$396
Collected by O. C. W. Keppelmann	61
Red Cross, Hagerstown, Md.	40
Memorial Baptist Bible School, B'klyn.	30
Rev. Thornton T. Turner	25
Harold H. Hall	25
Rev. Nels Fanebust	16
Ralph E. Hurd	12
Calvary Baptist S. S., Hackensack	10
Blanche Bullen	10
Madison Square Church House	13

Belgian Relief Fund.

The Belgian Relief Fund now amounts to $791,175.23, of which amount $2,218.96 was received yesterday. Subscriptions to this fund should be sent to J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street, or to the Belgian Relief Committee, 8 and 10 Bridge Street. Yesterday donations of $10 or more were:

Elmira Com.	$136
Memory T. F. B. R.	100
Pres. S. S., Ilion	87
Watchman, Union, W. Va. (col.)	82
New Brunswick Com.	75
E. Wodiska	50
F. S. McIntosh	50
Katherine Gilbert	50
E. Du Bois	10
Helen H. Alexander	20
R. Mallory	250
Charleston, W.Va., Com.	78
F. P. Boswell	50
Alice M. Dike	25
Dorothy C. Walter	20
J. T. Addison	10
Mrs. V. M. Davis	10
C. W. Lenehan	10
Lizzie L. Wenner	25
G. L. McKinney	10
Mrs. S. C. Paine	10
Clark Mills	21
T. R. Collins	20
Dr. C. J. West	10
John Howell	25
Y. P. S. C. E. Pres. Ch., Northport, N. Y.	34
Westfield, N. J.	25
1st Nat. Bk., Meadville, Penn.	43
Alex Strauss	11
J. N.	10
Calender Com.	96
G. W. Dyne	10
Through C. J. Cash (col.)	20
Elizabeth Brereton	15
A. W. Nichols	25
Anonymous	25
G. Van Houten Post No. 3	25
Round Robin Liter. Club	17
John Tucker	10
G. S. Knickerbocker	10
Anonymous	25
J. S. Holzer	10
Messiah Alliance Ch.	10
H. H. Taylor	10
C. J. Livingood	25
W. S. Mason	10
Mrs. C. L. Garrick	13
H. G. Tennant	10
Mrs. M. E. Kelly	10
Ossining Enter.	37
C. H. B.	10
Cash	10
H. V. C.	100
Mary Moss	100
Rebecca Newberry	25
R. S. H.	10

Committee of Mercy.

The Committee of Mercy Fund, of which August Belmont is the Treasurer, now amounts to $99,265.89, of which $524.43 was received yesterday. Among the contributions were one of $300 from George Copeland of Jefferson, Wis.; $100 from Mrs. C. C. Ryder of the same place, $25 from Adolph Hirsch of this city, $12.37 from the citizens of Milford, Kan.; $11 from O. E. Fisher of Republic, Wash., and three of $10 each from Major E. B. Goss, U. S. A.; Mrs. Charles M. Hammond, and an anonymous giver. Subscriptions to this fund should be sent to Mr. Belmont at 200 Fifth Avenue.

Funds for Polish Relief.

The first shipment of funds for noncombatants in Poland was made yesterday by H. H. Flagler, Chairman of the Committee on Transportation of the American Polish Relief Committee.

At the committee's office, 487 Fifth Avenue, it was announced that this shipment was $2,500, and that the money was sent to Warsaw and Cracow, from which cities it will be distributed where most needed. Food, clothing and medical supplies will also be dispatched in a short time.

Yesterday's contributions included $100 from Miss Adeline Willis and $100 from Mrs. Archer M. Huntington.

Will Tell of Jews' Hardships.

Meyer London, the only Socialist elected to Congress last November; the Rev. Dr. H. G. Enelow, and Louis Marshall, Chairman of the American Jewish Relief Committee, will tell the story of the consequences of the war upon the 7,000,000 Jews of Europe and Palestine at a mass meeting at Temple Emanu-El, Forty-third Street and Fifth Avenue tomorrow evening.

The meeting is the first of a series, the second of which will be held at a date to be announced later, at the Free Synagogue, at which the Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise will be the principal speaker.

Prince of Wales Fund.

The Prince of Wales National Relief Fund totals $103,112.23. The following subscriptions of $10 or more were acknowledged yesterday:

Office employes of Barber & Co.	$37
Dock employes of Barber & Co.	14
Sidney W. Hughes	50
Caledonian Society, Houston, Texas	110
G. B. Upton, Ithaca	50
Mrs. G. R. Chamberlain, Ithaca	25
Odd Fellows, Lodge 4,027	200
N. G. Higham	10
C. N. Edge	10

Subscriptions to the Prince of Wales Fund should be sent to R. M. Stuart Wortley, treasurer, 25 Broad Street.

The fund for the relief of the women and children of France, subscriptions to which should be sent to Mrs. Whitney Warren, 16 East Forty-seventh Street, now amounts to $52,861.90, of which $550 was received yesterday. Among yesterday's contributors were Miss Louise Sullivan, who gave $20, and two anonymous gifts, one of $500 and the other of $25.

DISPUTE NARROWS TO WAY OF SEARCH

Continued from Page 1.

detain neutral ships in British ports for purpose of overturning, weighing, or examining their cargoes for the purpose of exercising the right of search "on the high seas."

It is understood that the reasoned reply of the British Government probably will give consideration to the changed conditions under which this war affects the mercantile shipping of the world—merchant navies of steam, steel, and electricity, instead of sail and canvas, and larger vessels than were in existence during earlier wars. Instead of vessels of 400 to 1,000 tons there are vessels of 5,000, 10,000, and even greater tonnage.

The point will be made by the British Government, it is understood, that when there are facts upon which the presumption may be based that a cargo contains contraband, it is difficult, if not next to impossible, to shift cargoes at sea and turn them over in vessels, and, that, to effectively make such search it is necessary to take the steamer to a port where the cargo may be partly unloaded for purposes of search.

Uncertainty as to Manifests.

The question of accurate and bona fide manifests is regarded by the British Government as being closely associated with the matter of search. The American note complains against the uncertanty as to the manner in which the British authorities are applying British rules in seeking to stop the passage of contraband in cargoes. The British Government will, it is understood, point out that its view of the situation is made difficult by an equal uncertainty as to manifests. American State Department officials recognize the importance of proper manifests, and for this reason they have warned shippers that ultimate discovery of fraudulent manifests will greatly embarrass and retard the efforts of the American Government to remover restrictions upon commerce.

It is not expected that Great Britain will make any contention that the American Government should stand behind every manifest. Nor is it understood that the American Government would assume such a responsibility. On one point both sides are understood to be in substantial accord, and that is that the most the American Government can do is what it has already offered to shippers to us, and that is to give them an official cargo certification in accordance with their manifests, if the shippers wish. While realizing that it would have no ground upon which to stand in asking for official manifests backed by the guarantee of the American Government, it is, however, the understanding here that the British Government will contend that it is impossible for the British Government to assume that all manifests are accurate, when only some of them are officially certified.

In collecting customs, it was pointed out tonight, the American Government does not take the word of another Government with respect to the contents of manifests, but exercise the right to make an actual examination of goods.

To Send a Commercial Attache.

Incidentally, it became known today that Great Britain had decided to send a commercial adviser of high rank to Washington to take special charge of commercial phases of the diplomatic negotiations. His identity is not yet known here, but he is believed to be a prominent commercial expert of Great Britain, who will act in co-operation with Sir Cecil Spring Rice. The Ambassador previously had pointed out the value of such an assistant.

The British Embassy tonight issued this statement:

"It is understood that certain American and Italian shipping lines are refusing to carry goods consigned by name to Swiss firms and that this refusal has been attributed in some quarters to some suggestion or action on the part of the British authorities. There is no foundation whatever for the latter statement; the British Government is, on the contrary, most anxious that no restrictions whatever should be placed in the way of articles intended for bona fide consumption in Switzerland."

This denial, it is understood, was based on cabled instructions to the British Embassy from the Foreign Office in London. What lines have refused to carry goods consigned by name to Swiss firms could not be ascertained here tonight.

DEEM REPLY COMPLETE.

Ought to Satisfy America, Britons Hold—Further Press Comment.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The British response to the American shipping protest is being well received and is generally praised as a firm presentation of the British case and as a very thorough answer to all American contentions. There seems to be a feeling that the response meets all the American points of complaint and that America ought now to be satisfied that her grievances were unfounded.

Americans here fear that the completeness of the British reply will fix in the minds of the British public generally the idea that the original American protest was unwarranted. It is impossible to quote responsible officials, but it may be said that Americans in authority here take precisely this view, and, with others, consider it highly essential that something be done to justify America's original protest to British public opinion. This situation probably will be officially brought to the attention of the State Department.

At the Foreign Office it was impossible to ascertain just when the second British note of reply would be sent. The Government is working on it and hopes it won't be long. While it is generally believed that negotiations will continue to be entirely friendly and will lead to no untoward results, there is discernible in the attitude of officials a distinct tendency to make the most of the British case.

In American circles it is considered unfortunate that full advantage is not being taken of the American position. In his note Sir Edward Grey points out that of more than 700 ships from America only a small number have been held for the prize courts. This statement overlooks what are declared to have been wholly unreasonable delays in dealing with perfectly innocent ships.

Long Delays Numerous.

Inquiry in responsible quarters today revealed that in scarcely any case of detained cargo or ship has the British Admiralty reached a decision in less than five days, while some cases have taken a fortnight or more, at the end of which period the ships have been released. Meanwhile insurance and other charges have accumulated.

The most notable among the pending cases concerns the Norwegian steamers Fridland, Bjornson Bjornson, and Alfred Nobel, carrying American cargoes. These ships have been held since the middle of November. American officials can get no information about them and do not even know whether they will go before a prize court.

These cases of delay doubtless will come out in the subsequent negotiations. Many of the facts already are before the British Government through protests made at the time of seizure.

Exception among Americans here is taken to many of Sir Edawrd Grey's figures. There is no disputation in the British press, which generally takes the figures as proving the British case. These figures, which are presented to show the volume of general commerce of the United States with the neutral countries of Europe, are given in dollars, and fail to take into consideration the increased cost of food these days, which naturally would send the totals up, and the inability of neutral countries to get food supplies from normal sources.

Regarding copper, it is considered probable that the State Department can make the figures appear far less striking by pointing to the elimination of certain normal supplies from countries now belligerent, of the failure of all these countries to get their manufactured copper from Germany, and of the abnormal demand in those countries for copper for their own military purposes.

Pleased with Note's Reception.

The Daily News will say editorially tomorrow:

"Taken as a whole the reception in America of Sir Edward Grey's interim reply to the note of the United States Government is all that could be desired and affords complete justification for the course adopted by the British Government in replying immediately. It is generally recognized that the tone of the reply is wholly friendly and that there is really no difference of principle or doctrine dividing the two countries. The points which do remain to be cleared up are points of fact and detail.

"It is understood that the American State Department will put forward figures in contravention of those advanced by Sir Edward Grey, and there are various matters of detail on which a good deal of discussion is inevitable. The United States, for instance, are said to object to the British claim that cargoes may be taken to ports for extended examination. That, if urged, is an important difference, but not one which cannot be settled by reasonable compromise between two parties having an honest desire to agree.

"The American practice in regard to secret manifests has caused a good deal of trouble, and is not likely to be defended seriously. A graver matter, no doubt, is the theory put forward, apparently unofficially, in America that contraband going to Germany from the United States through neutral countries like Holland and Italy ought to be stopped by arrangement between this country and the neutrals concerned, not by our ships on the high seas. There is a shadow of attractive legality about this suggestion, but it is not consonant with the realities of the situation. It is idle to expect neutrals to exercise such minute surveillance of their frontier trade with Germany as is indicated. They could not do it effectively, even if willing to make the attempt.

"But there is no sign in the reception accorded the British note that the difficulties of this country's position are not fully appreciated by American public opinion or that the controversy will not now go forward quietly to the peaceful issue which good sense and good feeling dictate."

Justify Copper Caution.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The British Foreign Office, it was pointed out by officials there today, never maintained that the partial statistics concerning American trade with European neutrals were conclusive, but merely suggestive. Great Britain, one prominent official said, fully realizes that Germany made heavy purchases of copper and other metals useful in war from her European neighbors preceding hostilities, and that consequently a large supply of copper is required by these neutrals for demestic use. Cases have been established, it is added, however, where copper has been imported from America and then forwarded to Germany, which makes caution on the part of Great Britain necessary.

A large shipment of crude rubber for the United States will be released shortly under an agreement reached by the British Government and American manufacturers, the products from which material are not to be shipped to any port where they may reach Great Britain's enemies.

The opinion prevails among American shipping agents in London that Washington will answer the British preliminary reply to the American shipping note, because of what they term its ex parte nature. While Great Britain made it clear that no reply was expected until it had given its own final answer, which probably will be within a fortnight, American shippers believe that there are certain phases of the preliminary note which require explanation.

The failure of the British reply to explain that copper and other American exports to neutral countries probably were forwarded in large quantities to Russia is looked upon as an important omission. Another point dwelt upon by shipping agents is the fact that Great Britain has not taken into account the virtually complete cutting off of German exports to neutral countries, which of necessity must buy from the United States goods which cannot be had from Germany or England.

Admits Debt to America.

The London afternoon papers, commenting on the reply to the American note, are unanimous in calling attention to Great Britain's debt of gratitude to the United States and her desire to repay it by interfering with American trade as little as is necessary. The Westminster Gazette says:

"In dealing with a friendly neutral we can in a variety of ways consult his convenience, and the people of the United States may be assured that we will do whatever is possible to mitigate the state of war to them. Closer cooperation between the two Governments will have good results."

The Pall Mall Gazette says:

"Foreign Secretary Grey's reply was just what every Briton will approve, who warmly desires the friendship of the United States, but who also is determined that no legitimate weapon shall be sheathed which can be used to bring the war to a speedy and successful conclusion."

The Globe expresses the opinion that Sir Edward Grey's "frank and friendly reply goes in some directions even further toward meeting the wishes of the United States than some of us think prudent." oCntinuing, the Globe suggests that the principal trouble over the question of contraband has arisen through the change in the American practice and the present prohibition of the publication of ships' manifests until thirty days after the vessels have left American ports. In this connection the paper says:

"If the consequent detention is inconvenient and injurious to American trade, the American Government has the remedy in its own hands."

SAYS EUROPE CONDEMNS US.

"Dollar Chasing," Not Chivalry, Held to Dominate Our Attitude.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—Edward Price Bell, London correspondent of The Chicago Daily News, is of the opinion, gathered from information in interviews with men of importance throughout Europe, that the United States has incurred the hostility of all the belligerent nations, and that with the close of the war this nation will face isolation. In a Marconigram from London to his paper today Mr. Bell says:

"Conversations with persons of force, representing the sentiments of Great Britain, France, Russia, Italy, Germany, and Austria, compel the conviction that the United States is making no real friends in this war. On the contrary, it is impossible not to see that the American name is suffering and that conceivably the republic is laying up grave trouble for itself in the future.

The general charge against our country is that we are displaying a shameless lack of idealism, chivalry, magnanimity, and courage. Britons, Frenchmen, Russians, and Italians blame America for ignoring the invasion of Belgium and the violations of the conventions of The Hague and then springing into the international arena with a protest relating exclusively to matters of trade. The argument in all these complaints is that if President Wilson had protested aagainst the violations of treaties and the principles of civilized warfare, he could have protested with vastly greater effect against the arbitrary and possibly indefensible interference with American cargoes.

Europeans, profoundly misunderstanding the Americans, as nearly every nation misunderstands every other, always have referred to the people of the United States as "dollar chasers," and the policy of President Wilson in the present war has crystalized the pervasive impression into a sharp and universal postulate.

It is asserted on every hand that the Americans witnessed unmoved—that is, so far as official action was concerned—the crucifixion of Belgium, the killing and maiming of women and children and other non-combatants, the destruction of private property, and the strewing of the open seas with long-lived floating mines, all involving enormous sacrifices of life and wealth without commensurate military advantage.

Again and again one hears men of repute say that Mr. Wilson has revealed his own cowardice, degraded the Presidency, and dishonored American political and mortal traditions. These outbursts do not proceed from resentment at Mr. Wilson's protest with respect to British and French treatment of American trade with neutral countries. Every one admits that Mr. Wilson is bound to protect the neutral commerce of America as far as he can.

The indictment against us, so far as I can measure it, simply is this: We abdicated ignominiously and ran away when great questions of morals and humanity were concerned, but promptly recovered our sense of duty and our courage when the state of war threatened to reduce the profits of the copper kings and otherwise penalize America materially.

Now, if we have lost, at least for the time being, the friendly and respectful consideration of the Allies I think it cannot possibly be said that we have gained the high opinion or affection of the Teutonic empires. My experience is that influential Germans are inclined to speak of us with scorn. They accuse us of cringing to England, of enduring its "arrogant monopoly of the sea," of tolerating British control of cables, largely owned by Americans, and otherwise of showing ourselves small.

It seems that the whole of Europe is hardening against America. I understand that innumerable persons will dispute this; I understand that diplomacy and pious aspiration will go on using the language of futility and sham, but one cannot doubt, as matters stand, that when peace comes the United States will have no hand in making it; that its isolation, at all events sa far as Europe is concerned, will be nearly complete, and that the maintenance of not only its own traditional policies in the Western Hemisphere but its own national security will require the utmost naval and military strength of which it is capable.

SECRET MANIFESTS.

British Note Revives Interest in the Order Delaying Their Publication.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—A reference in Sir Edward Grey's note to the increased difficulty of detecting contraband in American cargoes because of the Treasury order forbidding publication of the manifests within thirty days of the ship's departure has aroused much interest here in the order itself. It has already been the subject of discussion of the Senate, where Mr. Walsh of Montana, who has spoken at length in protest against British seizures of copper shipments, expressed the fear that the order of secrecy might merely sharpen British suspicions and lead to greater delays.

The discussion arose when Mr. Thomas of the copper-producing State of Colorado explained that the order had been issued by the Treasury Department following representations on the subject from the Merchants' Association of New York. It was explained further tonight by an official of the Treasury Department that the details of the order were arranged by Secretary Redfield of Commerce on a visit he paid to New York, when he consulted with shippers.

Before the order was issued, statistics involving ship manifests were published by the Department of Commerce, but the facts were collected by customs officers under the Treasury Department. Under the old practice the Customs Collectors, while forwarding details to the Department of Commerce, usually made public certain facts about the cargo. It is this practice on the part of the customs officers that was forbidden by the Treasury Department order.

Shippers and consignees, of course, still remain at liberty to make public suci facts as they please.

O'GORMAN SHARP TO BRITAIN.

Her Censorship of Neutral Trade Domineering, Senator Declares.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Senator O'Gorman of New York tonight commented sharply on Sir Edward Grey's reply to the American note.

"Great Britain's note," said Mr. O'Gorman, "does not justify the existing censorship and her obnoxious enforcement of it, which she has established over our legitimate commerce with neutral nations. She cites as proof of suspicious trade the fact that our exports to neutral nations have been greater during the war than before it. The excess she assumes is being transmitted to Germany. She forgets that our exports to Great Britain have been greater during the war than before it. We have not sold her necessary commodities in order to assist in the prosecution of her side of the controversy, but because her ordinary connections with her ordinary markets in France, Germany, Austria, Russia, and various other nations are cut off, either because some of them are her enemies or because some of them are not in a position to sell.

"Yielding that copper is of value to military machinery, it is naturally to be expected that every neutral nation, not only in Europe, but in the world, is looking to its defenses lest the maelstrom swoop suddenly across its borders. The nations have a right to do so. They have a right to purchase all the warlike materials they find it necessary to purchase.

"The nation which seeks to supervise the sovereign actions of neutral nations must avoid arrogance of proclamation and procedure. I am confident that this Administration will be unyielding in its demands that the commerce between the United States and its people with the neutral nations of the world shall not be embarrassed by the arbitrary conduct of domineering nations and their inquisitive methods, which find no sanction in international law."

EXPLAINS DANISH IMPORTS.

Heavy from America Because Other Sources Are Closed, Minister Says.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 11, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—With reference to the British reply to the American note regarding the remarkable increase in exports from the United States to Denmark from $600,000 worth in 1913 to $7,000,000 in 1914, Mr. Scavenius, the Danish Foreign Minister, in an interview, says:

"Figures are difficult to control because the export figures from New York do not cover the same periods as import figures. On the outbreak of the war many export cargoes of goods were delayed and subsequently were brought here. Later these shipments increased, owing to the critical times and to the eagerness of traders to buy large stocks and guard against unforeseen eventualities.

"Denmark in normal times receives considerable exports from America via Germany, and these have not been available since the outbreak of the war. She also has considerable exports via England, and these have been greatly decreased. It must not be forgotten that all foodstuffs and grain which Denmark formerly received from the Baltic and Black Sea ports have ceased entirely, and that necessary supplies have to be brought from other countries, especially America."

The Foreign Minister points out that all these considerations must be taken into account when judging the enormous increase in imports.

SEIZURES STOP FACTORIES.

Italian Paper Quoted as Criticising Allies' Copper Ore Embargo.

Because of the seizure of ships carrying copper ore by the British, says the German Information Service, at least 3,000 families are on the verge of starvation in Leghorn alone, according to a recent article in La Perseveranza. Lacking raw material for the manufacture of copper tubes, plates, and ammunition, the Italian Metallurgical Corporation, which supplies the State railways, army, and navy, has closed its works, which number five, throwing 3,000 workmen out of employment.

The Leghorn Chamber of Commerce has issued a protest against the arbitrary shutting off of copper, and it is said that the Italian Government shortly will take action to protect Italy, a neutral country, against an embargo on necessary manufacturing materials.

Speaking editorially, the paper declares that the capture by the allied fleets of neutral merchant ships and the resultant hardships upon Italian workmen cannot but ultimately estrange what friends the Allies have in Italy.

HAMBURG-COPENHAGEN LINE

Will Use Kiel Canal—Called Footnote to Grey on Contraband.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—The Hamburg-American Line announces that it is inaugurating a service between Hamburg and Copenhagen by way of the Kiel Canal. The Star remarks:

"This development may be read as an interesting footnote to Sir Edward Grey's reply to Washington on the contraband question."

SEEK GERMANY'S VIEW.

Bartholdt and Volmer Ask Ambassador About War Supplies.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—An effort to obtain from the German Ambassador a definite statement of Germany's attitude toward the shipment of war supplies from the United States to the Allies was made tonight by Representatives Bartholdt of Missouri and Volmer of Iowa.

The two Congressmen, who are authors of pending resolutions to prohibit such exportations, called at the embassy and conferred with Count Bernstorff. Later Mr. Bartholdt said that nothing could be mentioned on the position of the German Government, but that a statement might be expected later, either through the embassy or from the Foreign Office direct.

During a recent hearing before the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House, Chairman Flood indicated that the German Government had made it clear to the State Department that it did not expected legislation in the Unied States to prohibit the exportation of contraband to belligerents.

Mr. Bartholdt said he and Mr. Vollmer wanted to find out just what had passed between the two Governments. He added, however, that the attitude of Germany had nothing to do wit hthe position he had taken on moral grounds.

Why France Went to War

More than 200 confidential letters, telegrams and cables passed between the French Government and its representatives throughout Europe before France went to war. They state France's case as nothing else can. The only English translation of the official text of these documents available in the United States is that supplied by The New York Times in

The Yellow Book

The French Yellow Book is sold at news stands for 10 cents a copy. The New York Times will mail it to any address on receipt of price.

The New York Times is the only newspaper in the world which published the English and German White Papers, the Russian Orange Paper, and the Belgian Gray Paper. These important diplomatic documents are also on sale in a pamphlet, uniform with the Yellow Book, 10 cents a copy.

DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CAR

The entire Dodge Brothers National Automobile Show mechanical exhibit as shown at Grand Central Palace has been transferred to the Brooklyn Salesroom, 18 HALSEY STREET, near BEDFORD AVENUE, for one week only, Jan. 10th to 16th, 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. daily.

BISHOP, McCORMICK & BISHOP, INC.,
Brooklyn and Long Island Distributors
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Important Showing Tuesday
Women's New Model Boots
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1000 Pairs Women's Gaiters (spats) of superior quality Broadcloth. Regular 2.50 Value 1.45

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Special Values Offered in
Women's Silk Hosiery

Pure thread Silk Hose, medium weight; lisle soles and garter tops in black and colors. Regular 1.00 Value 69c

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Lisle and Silk Underwear

Superior Quality Swiss Lisle ribbed union suits, band top; reinforced. Regular and extra sizes. 75c Value 39c

Standard Silk Vests, made of fine quality glove silk. Pink or white; reinforced. Regular 1.50 Value 95c

"Kayser's" Venetian Silk Bloomers, standard quality, in pink, white and black; reinforced. Regular 3.00 Value 1.75

"Kayser's" Venetian Silk Union Suits, extra quality pure silk; pink and white; fully reinforced. 3.95 Value 2.25

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue. 46th and 47th Sts.

The Most Significant Values—we have yet been able to offer our patrons are now here—

Luxurious Winter styles, from surplus imported materials—fashioned into the most stunning Wraps—Gowns—Suits—Coats and Blouses it has yet been our pleasure to present to our patrons—

$175 to $295 Evening Wraps at $95 to $125
($75 to $125 Wraps at $45)
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($45 to $125 Dresses at $19 and $28)
$75 to $175 Fur-trimmed Suits at $38 to $58
($45 to $75 Suits at $18 and $25)
$85 to $195 Fur-trimmed Coats at $45 to $95
($35 to $85 Coats at $18 to $45)
$10 to $15 Blouses at $5

Smart Fashions in Mid-season Millinery at $12
Of satin and faille, introducing new feather and novelty effects.

Furs Greatly Reduced
COATS $75—$95—$150—$295—$350
Formerly $150, $195, $300, $495 to $750.
SETS $75—$125—$135—$145—$250
Formerly $150, $225, $235, $295 to $495.

GRANDE MAISON DE BLANC
Annual Discount Sale
Sweaters
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At Large Reductions
538-540 FIFTH AVENUE, at 45th St.

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For he knows how comfortable and how proud she will feel in her Mayfair Shoes—sleek, graceful vici kid or russet oxford.

If one of the little Dampfoots comes in, he gets a smile and a good fit too.

R. & H. Shoes for men, women and children. Educators, All Americas, Signets, Mayfairs.

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To economize on salads, and still have the best, use

Wesson Oil

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30 cents a quart

For your greater convenience also in the new 25 and 50 cent cans

At your grocers'

BLOOMINGDALES.

Miss Lola Fisher in "Under Cover."

IN FRIENDLY FASHION

Good morning! Have you visited the Bloomingdale Drug and Toilet Counters? Indeed, they are *always* worth visiting. But this week *specially* so!

You see, they are having their Annual January Sale of Drugs and Toilet Articles—and that is an event really interesting.

So many *dainty* or *useful* things at such attractively *little* prices.

Pebeco Tooth Paste at 29c; Borine (dollar size) at 40c; Superba Lilac Toilet Water at 25c.

Here are just three items from a *long printed list*, which will be sent you on request, with pleasure.

My dear, you should certainly visit this sale. They're expecting you!

BloomingdaleS 59th to 60th St. Lex. to 3d Ave.

AN EXCELLENT TONIC FOR LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S HAIR

BALDPATE

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HAIR TONIC

Nourishes and strengthens the follicles and thus promotes the growth of the hair. Relieves the scalp of unhealthy accumulations and secretions. Gives a rich gloss, is highly perfumed, and free from oil.

Trial will convince you.

PRICE $1.00

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For sale at Drug and Department Stores.

PUT DOUBLE CHAINS ON GUNDA AGAIN

Bronx Zoo Elephant Is Condemned to Stand and 'Weave' All Day in His Pen.

KEEPERS SAY HE LIKES IT

Even When He Was Allowed to Go Into His Yard He Preferred His Cage, They Assert.

Gunda is chained again. The big five-ton Indian elephant, the finest specimen of his kind in the Bronx Zoological Park, and the peer of any elephant in captivity, is held in his pen by two stout chains, one attached to a fore and the other to a hind leg, and both fastened to a cement floor. All day long the huge animal—he is nearly ten feet tall—stands swaying, moving his great body in a diagonal direction—weaving, the zoologists call it. This is all that Gunda seems to do—just stand and sway his body. He is as ceaseless as Niagara Falls.

And it is all that Gunda wants to do, according to his keeper, Walter Thuman, and Dr. William T. Hornaday, director of the Bronx Zoological Park. Both say that the elephant is content in his chains, that he does not want to roam around his pen, and that the chains are long enough to permit him every freedom of movement, whether standing or lying down. Keeper Thuman insisted yesterday that Gunda was the happiest, as well as the finest, elephant in captivity. Thuman, who was gored in the leg and nearly killed by the animal once, says he has a real affection for him. He professes to regard Gunda as a sort of pet—not as a lap dog or anything like that, but as a fine fellow of whom a considerate—and careful—keeper can be proud.

Can't Be Outdoors Now.

Dr. Hornaday denied that Gunda was the victim of any form of punishment or cruelty. Everything possible had been done for the elephant's comfort, he said, due regard being paid to the axiom that the self-preservation of keepers is the first law of zoological parks. Dr. Hornaday reminded a reporter that Gunda had been given as much of a free run of his yard last August and September as a 100-foot cable would permit, and he promised that as soon as the weather became warm enough for the elephant to go outside he would receive the same freedom.

The cable was arranged last August after Gunda had passed through the "must" or condition in which he is most evil tempered. While the warm weather lasted, the cable remained stretched from Gunda's pen across the large yard into which the pen opens, and Gunda, attached by only one leg to the cable, was allowed the freedom of the yard day and night. In the Winter none of the elephants in the Bronx Park can be sent into the open, for they are very sensitive to the cold, so they are all locked up in their pens in the elephant house. Except for his chains, Gunda is no worse off than any of his fellow captives.

The point that Gunda has no objections to his chains was made in the January number of the Zoological Society Bulletin by Raymond L. Ditmars, one of the officers of the Zoological Park. Speaking of the time when Gunda was allowed the run of his yard, Mr. Ditmars said:

Prefers to Weave in His Stall.

"The sympathetic reader will imagine that Gunda exhibited exuberant joy at his release from the chains in his stall. Was that the case? Not at all. The massive stall doors were thrown back and Gunda walked out into the yard and sunlight. He walked about for an hour, then returned to his usual place in the stall where he swung back and forth and surveyed the crowd. That was his daily performance. Contrary to all romantic theories, Gunda's principal diversion is to stand in his stall, solemnly munching hay and rocking to and fro like a boat in a cross swell. While on the cable and practically free, he spends much more than one-half of the daylight hours standing quietly in his indoors compartment."

The case of Gunda was made the subject of this statement issued recently by the Executive Committee of the New York Zoological Society:

> Everything has been done to pacify the elephant. There is not a suggestion that has come to the society that has not been fully considered. Gunda is watched very carefully by Dr. Hornaday and the elephant keepers, and so far as can be determined he does not resent his captivity provided he is left alone to sway his great bulk from side to side. One of the surest methods of determining when an elephant is mentally distressed is by his action regarding food. If he is unhappy he will not eat. Gunda eats voraciously as ever; from which it may be fairly inferred that he is reasonably contented.

A new aspect of Gunda was given by Mr. Ditmars in his article.

"Gunda," said Mr. Ditmars, "is a creature of the seasons. To say that he suffers from captivity is to quite misunderstand the situation. There are good elephants and bad elephants. Some become so utterly bad as to require chains for life. We do not believe Gunda ever will need to be classified among the rogue pachyderms. He is of high caste, a patrician among elephants, and is willful and desperate only at specific times."

Temper Still Uncertain.

But all those at the Zoological Park agree that when Gunda is not on his cable it is necessary to keep him chained to the floor of his pen. The chains are long enough to permit him to move his body and lie down, but they are also short enough, it is said, to insure the safety of the keeper who has to clean him pen. While the elephant is not now in his worst temper, he is considered still uncertain.

Those who have sympathized with Gunda's plight have repeatedly suggested that if the elephant cannot be given the freedom of one cage, he be given the freedom of two,—that he be locked in one cage while the other is cleaned. But Dr. Hornaday is opposed to this plan on the ground that there is not room in the elephant house for Gunda to have two cages. All of the pens in the house are occupied by valuable specimens, Dr. Hornaday said, yesterday he repeated his promise, made last year, that Gunda would always be allowed as much liberty as his temper permitted and that he would never be treated with cruelty.

William K. Horton, General Manager of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, who interested himself in Gunda's case last year, said yesterday that he did not regard the present manner of chaining Gunda as positively cruel, but that he thought the chains a poor object lesson, particularly for children. Mr. Horton said that he had been told by the Zoological Park authorities that the chains were necessary and that any other arrangement was impracticable. Although he himself could not see why a double pen could not be used, he said, he accepted the word of the Park authorities that it could not be.

$20,000 FOR A BROKEN BACK.

Girl Injured on Joy Ride Gets Verdict Against J. A. Kilgallon.

Celia Welstead, sixteen years old, whose back was broken in a joy ride on which she was taken against her will, recovered $20,000 damages against John A. Kilgallon, a son of Luke Kilgallon, a wealthy real estate dealer of Far Rockaway, from a jury before Justice Scudder in the Queens County Supreme Court yesterday.

Miss Welstead sued for $50,000 damages through her father, John Welstead of 13 Horton Place, Far Rockaway, as guardian, and at the trial she was carried into court in his arms.

With other girls Miss Welstead attended a dance at Far Rockaway on Aug. 20, 1912, and afterward Kilgallon offered to take the party home. He had a five-seated touring car into which seven girls were crowded with eight of the young men. Instead of taking the girls home, it is alleged, Kilgallon started on a joy ride and struck a wagon in the road. It is said Kilgallon is now in Ireland.

RECOGNIZE JAIL BREAKER.

Man Who Left Queens County Prison 12 Years Ago Back There Again.

Many saloon keepers have been robbed in the Borough of Queens in the last few weeks and suspicion was directed finally to a man known as Charles Muller. His plan was to pretend to a saloon keeper that he wanted to buy his place. Invariably the saloon was robbed on the night after Muller had been allowed to inspect it.

Muller was arrested in Maspeth, L. I., on Saturday, and when he was taken to the Queens County jail he was recognized as Paul Miller, who on the night of Sept. 26, 1903, robbed the home of Frederick Hornlocker in Long Island City, and while awaiting trial for the crime sawed his way out of the Queens County jail. Last June he escaped from Great Meadow Prison, where he was serving a term for burglary.

Miller was taken before Judge Humphrey in Long Island City to plead to the indictments found against him at the time he escaped from the Queens County jail.

SILK STOCKINGS WIN IN ALDERMAN FIGHT

Fifth Avenue Outvotes Sixth and Names Schmelzel to Succeed Spencer.

27TH FROWNS ON CARDANI

Republican Leader May Now Take His New $4,000 Job as Tax Appraiser.

To understand just how bitter was the factional fight that sent all but two of the forty-seven Republican County Committeemen of the not quite all silk stocking Twenty-seventh Assembly District on the run to the district headquarters at 817 Sixth Avenue at 5:30 yesterday afternoon it should be said that when it came to a final showdown Major Poole was excused from voting.

Major Poole is the negro sergeant at arms of the Twenty-seventh's Republican Club—has been for years. He knew both the principals in the fight, and with shaking voice pleaded to be let off. And he was, by unanimous vote.

But there was nothing else unanimous about the meeting. Far from it. All the wit of Job Hedges and the suavity of Henry L. Stimson, together with the dignity derived from the presence of such distinguished Republicans as Henry W. Taft, Ogden Mills Reid, Bronson Winthrop, Charles A. Dana, James B. Ford, McDougall Hawkes, James Yereance, George Blagden, Beverley R. Robinson, Courtland Nicoll, and Benjamin Balmer, Secretary of the County Committee, could not keep the lid on the old feud that has simmered for many months between the "Fifth Avenues" and the "Sixth Avenues."

The committeemen had been summoned to decide whether Clarence J. Schmelzel or Louis F. Cardani should succeed Joseph W. Spencer as Alderman from their district. Spencer is the leader of the Twenty-seventh and has just fallen heir to a $4,000 job as Tax Appraiser, but he can't take it until they get another Alderman for his place. It only remained for the committeemen to name the man, for the Board of Aldermen makes it a rule to elect the man the local leaders want when a vacancy occurs.

It would all have been a simple matter if the man who drew the map of the Twenty-seventh hadn't forgotten that there is an imaginary line running between Fifth and Sixth Avenues. The Twenty-seventh starts at Twenty-ninth Street and ends at Fifty-seventh Street. It goes as far East as Lexington and as far west as Eighth Avenue. So that imaginary line cuts it right in two.

Cardani, who is a Sixth Avenue caterer, was the choice of Leader Spencer and the Republicans west of the line. Schmelzel, who has made a big hit as a district Captain since he got out of college five years ago, was the choice of President B. W. B. Brown of the local Republican Club, and all the who's-who Republicans to the east of the line.

The meeting opened with Leader Spencer declaring himself openly for Cardani (applause from the "Sixth Avenues" in the back of the room) and denouncing President Brown for threatening to oust him to put his man Schmelzel through. To which President Brown entered a denial and told how Spencer had come to him to see if his tax appraisership was all right. Whereupon Job Hedges asked permission to "raise a voice from the grave."

"This is not a question of personalities," he said. "We've heard too much about the East Side, West Side, uptown, downtown, and all around the town. Now let's get down to business."

But it was a long, long time before anyone thought of taking Mr. Hedge's advice. After much oratory, in the course of which the qualifications of the rival candidates were glowingly set forth, Schmelzel's backers called for a standing vote. The Cardani men opposed this and stood out for a secret ballot, but were beaten, 26 to 18. Then, after Major Poole had made a stirring speech and got himself excused, the roll was called. tI was a great victory for the "Fifth Avenues," Schmelzel emerging a victor by 27 to 18.

At the suggestion of eHnry L. Stimson, a committee consisting of Bronson Winthrop, Hoffman Nickerson, and Courtland Nicoll was appointed to help Leader Spencer break the news to the Aldermen and the County Committee.

DECISION ON A MORGAN GIFT.

Court Holds St. George's Trust Fund Was for Benefit of Entire Church.

Supreme Court Justice Cohalan decided yesterday that the trust fund of $500,000 left by J. Pierpont Morgan for the "ministry of St. George's Church" was for the benefit of the entire church and was not intended for the ministers of the church.

The rector, church wardens, and vestry brought a friendly suit against the executors of Mr. Morgan's will to have the matter judicially determined in order to avoid future complications. Mr. Morgan left another trust fund for the church of $100,000. The decision affects both funds.

Guthrie Entertains Japan's Envoy.

TOKIO, Jan. 11.—George W. Guthrie, the American Ambassador, gave a farewell luncheon today to Admiral Baron Shigeto Dewa, special envoy of Japan to the Panama-Pacific Exposition, who is to sail for San Francisco on the Chiyo Maru next Saturday. From San Francisco Admiral Dewa will go to Chicago, New York, and Washington. He is to be accompanied by Commanders Seizo Kobayashi and Yohitake Uyeda.

GOVERNOR HEARS PROTESTS OF 22D

But Intimates That O'Ryan's Reorganization Order Will Be Carried Out.

PING-PONG CHARGE HURTS

Heated Speeches Delyivered Against That and "Dance-Hall" Epithet —Name to be Preserved.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 11.—Gov. Whitman tonight told a delegation representing the Twenty-second Regiment of Engineers of New York thta the name and headquarters of the regiment would be preserved, but intimated that the order for reorganization, to comply with the Federal requirements for the National Guard, must be carried out.

The Governor told the members of the delegation that he would give careful consideration to their requests: First, that the order for disbandment, issued by Gov. Glynn, be descinded; second, if this were not practicable, that the regiment be retained as a regiment of infantry with one battalion of engineers attached; or third, that the regiment be retained as an infantry regiment. Col. George F. Potter, a former Captain of the Twenty-second Regiment, and Chairman of the General Committee of the Defendam, an organization composed of veterans of the Twenty-second, headed the delegation.

Heated speeches were directed, not so much against the order of disbandment, but against the reported interview with Major Gen. O'Ryan, Commander of the National Guard of New York, in which he arraigned "ping-pong soldiers," and in which "dance-hall armories" came in for some attention.

"Dancers are not invalids," said Major Daniel J. Murphy. "The regular army has its dances. We are told that on the night before the battle of Waterloo the Allies had a dance. Napoleon was overthrown the next day."

Col. John B. Silliman, who is 85 years old, observed:

"I dance myself when I get a chance, and it doesn't hurt a good soldier. The more ladies around the armory the more men."

The signers of the petition took issue with Gen. O'Ryan as to the requirements of the War Department. The General, who was not present when dancing was discussed, read an explanation of his reasons for issuing his order. The national militia law, he said, imposed upon New York State the duty of forming a tactical division, in which there was no place for a regiment of engineers. The State would fulfill its obligations, he pointed out, if it had a pioneer battalion of engineers, but he said that a battalion of pontoniers might be added, and that a recommendation to that effect had been forwarded to the War Department and approved. There were 737 enlisted men in the regiment when the order for disbandment was issued, he said, and as the authorized strength of the two battalions would be 1,312, every enlisted man would be taken care of. As to preserving the name of the regiment, he said it would be carried on the roster in parenthesis after the new name. This was characterized by Major Murphy as a "sop."

Others who spoke for the regiment were Col. Walter B. Hotchkin, commanding officer when the order for disbandment was issued; Capt. Daniel Wolff, Chief of Police of Yonkers; Capt. Charles A. Dubois, Albert E. Davis, President of the Associated Society; Lloyd Aspinwall Post, G. A. R., and Col. J. C. Schotts, Past Department Commander, State of New York G. A. R.

Indict Two Policemen for Assault.

Patrolmen William Austin and John S. Whelan were held in $1,000 bail each yesterday by Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions on an indictment charging them with assault in the first degree. Daniel Malaspina and his mother of 28 Bedford Street charge that the policemen beat the son with blackjacks after Mrs. Malaspina found the patrolmen drunk in her hallway. Originally the charge was brought up in the Jefferson Market Court. Soon afterward the District Attorney's office heard that the complaining witness had been induced to leave the State. He was found and brought to New York and the matter was placed before the Grand Jury.

TEACHER-MOTHERS WIN FINAL VERDICT

Continued from Page 1.

discharge, because of marriage, a teacher in service."

Five other teachers made the appeal to Dr. Finley with Mrs. Pellotto, but it was admitted last night by John Martin, a member of the Board of Education, who had opposed the demands of the teacher-mothers, that all of the sixteen teacher-mother cases pending before the board, in addition to that of Mrs. Peixotto, would be affected by the decision. The board actually dismissed Mrs. Peixotto, Mr. Martin said, so that she might take her case to the courts and to Dr. Finley. The sixteen other teacher-mothers, he added, were only suspended, final action in their cases being reserved pending the outcome of Mrs. Peixotto's appeal.

Among the teacher-mothers affected and their advocates, both lay and legal, there was much exultation when Dr. Finley's decision became known. Most of the teacher-mothers themselves declined to comment on the decision, except to express deep gratification, on the ground that unreserved statement would be unbecoming. Tehy were not so reticent.

Miss Henrietta Rodman, who is now under suspension by the board for a "mother-baiting" letter she wrote to Franklin P. Adams, in which the Board of Education considered she had been guilty of "gross misconduct and insubordination," said that the irony of her punishment remaining while the cause of those she cahmpioned won did not detract from her gratification.

"The decision is splendid," Miss Rodman exclaimed. "Dr. Finley's action places New York State among the leaders of the world in education. And the decision will mean a revolution in education in this State, for it will mean that teaching will go more and more into the hands of the kind of women who marry and bear children. This will affect the curriculm in every school, for mothers have a more practical outlook on life than unmarried women and know better what the children in the schools need.

Sees Benefit to Teachers.

"Dr. Finley's decision also means that women in the schools will have the opportunity to develop the intellectual side of their natures as well as the emotional side, now more pronounced in all women. Women teachers will have intellectual growth with their emotional development, and they will cease to be the one-sided beings most women in the world of necessity have been."

Alfred J. Talley and Dennis R. O'Brien, lawyers at 165 Broadway, who carried Mrs. Peixotto's case through the courts and to Dr. Finley, were also highly pleased.

"Commissioner Finley has done more than merely decide a matter of discipline," Mr. Talley. "He has redeemed the city and State of New York from the stigma and reproach cast upon it by the action of the Board of Education. He has made it plain that the highest educational authority in this State will not sanction the punishment of motherhood among married women teachers. All women teachers owe a debt of gratitude to Mrs. Peixotte for her pluck and perseverance. Her action has encouraged other mother-teachers whose cases are pending to resist the pressure brought upon them to resign, and their positions are assured. Mrs. Peixott is quite content. She has her position, her back salary and her baby, and she has the satisfaction of having fought and won a good fight."

Dr. Ira S. Wile, of the Board of Education who had championed the cause of the teacher-mothers from the beginning, was also among those delighted with Dr. Finley's decision.

"Dr. Finley," he said, "has taken a modern, sane and thoroughly proper attitude. His decision is simply the crystalization of the best of public opinion. I do not mean that public opinion on the question in any way influenced the commissioner. He has such a keen appreciation of social relations, and their value that he could not have decided otherwise. The decision will mean that those women who have a real love for teaching, who really make the best teachers, can follow the work they love and at the same time not neglect to fulfill their destinies as wives and mothers. The decision permits social development and social progress in our schools. There will be an advance in the moral state of the schools that will work for great good. I am glad the minority report of the committee of the board that considered the question has been sustained."

Mrs. Peixotto's Case.

Mrs. Peizotto was Acting Principal of Public School 14, in the Bronx, when she left her duties, on Feb. 3, 1913, to bear a child, who was born on April 7. She was suspended from duty on April 22 and formally dismissed by the Board of Education on Oct. 8. She at once appealed to the courts for a writ of mandamus, and Justice Seabury, in the Supreme Court, granted her petition. The Court of Appeals reversed Justice Seabury and ruled that her only recourse was to the State Commissioner of Education, Dr. Finley.

Among the other teacher mothers whose cases attracted public attention were Mrs. Lily R. Weeks, who was suspended from Public School 84 in Long Island City on March 27, 1912, but who did not appeal to the courts or to the Commissioner; Mrs. Carolyn W. Griswold, a clerical assistant, suspended from the Curtis High School in Tottenville S. I., in January, 1914; Mrs. Sara Breslow, suspended last September after ten years' experience as a teacher; Mrs. Lora M. Wagner, suspended on Nov. 11 last from the Curtis High School, and Mrs. Jeannette Ortman Gamse, suspended on Dec. 23 from Public School 4 in the Bronx.

The names of the five teacher-mothers whose cases were appealed to Dr. Finley with Mrs. Peixott's were not given yesterday, but it is thought that the five just mentioned are the ones.

Resignations To Be Averted.

According to Miss Rodman, Dr. Wile and others, the effect of Dr. Finley's decision will be felt also by teachers who, on becoming mothers, would have resigned rather than endure the publicity of a contest with the Board of Education. Many married women teachers had resigned under pressure when about to become mothers, Miss Rodman said.

Mrs. Jean H. Norris, legal counsel for Mrs. Wagner and Mrs. Breslow, said she had been told that many resignations had been obtained from teacher-mothers who would not consent to make the fight her clients were willing to wage. It was advocacy of the case of Mrs. Wagner that directly led Miss Rodman to write the letter for which she herself was suspended by the Board of Education on Nov. 14 last from the Wadleigh High School.

Miss Rodman said that there would be an open forum of the teachers' league in the High School of Commerce on Jan. 22 at which the question of the freedom of speech of teachers would be discussed by William G. Wilcox, a member of the Board of Education from Staten Island; Louis H. Pink, a member from Brooklyn; Mrs. Charlotte Perkins Gilman, and others. She expected to find advocates of her cause among these speakers.

Miss Rodman, although she is known by her maiden name, is Mrs. Herman de Fremery, having married a forester employed in the Museum of Natural History in February, 1913. She has no children, but she and her husband are raising and educating two girls whom they have "all but adopted," as she expresses it.

A. Jaeckel & Co
Furriers

CORRECTION NOTICE

The following item appeared in the New York Times Sunday, Jan. 10, 1915, as:

Scarfs and Muffs

Scarfs Muffs
$10 upward....Skunk......$15 upward

It should have been:

Scarfs Muffs
$10 upward....Skunk......$20 upward

384 Fifth Avenue

Telephone Greeley 2044. Between 35th and 36th Sts., N.Y.

GIMBELS

Broadway and Thirty-third Street

Men's Clothing Sale Incoming Bulletin—

275 Fine New Overcoavs

Join the Sale at $19

Ordinarily we pay this maker $19, or a little more or less, for these very same Overcoats.

But he was eager to clear his stocks—and men get the full benefit of his eagerness.

Loose-fitting and Chesterfield styles; the Chesterfield models are full silk lined; rough materials, chinchillas; black and Oxford gray kerseys and other fine winter goods

The Overcoats are splendidly made, with satin tops and sleeve linings, silk-piped edges, and other touches denoting excellent hand work. All sizes—33 to 46—at $19.

No let-up in the attractions of the other sale groups:

Men's Suits at $19	*Regularly $32 and more*
Men's Overcoats at $14	*Regularly $25 and more*
Men's Suits at $14	*Regularly $25 and more*

Fourth floor.

"Happiness—prosperity—health—lie within the ring of moderation."

And so it is a matter of pride with us that the moderate man is our best customer.

It is especially for him that we make a wonderfully mild and mellow Whiskey — *Wilson — Real Wilson — That's All!*

The Whiskey for which we invented the Non-Refillable Bottle.

FRFE CLUB RECIPES—Free booklet of famous club recipes for mixed drinks. Address Wilson, 309 Fifth Ave., N.Y. That's All!

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are displaying, in the House Gown Department, two extremely chic novelties in

English-type Smoking Coats and Smoking Suits

for Women, the Suits consisting of coat with skirt or coat with trousers. These most alluring boudoir garments are made of satin, in black and various smart colors, enhanced with gold accentuations. The effect is graceful, striking, and elusively suggestive of the Orient.

B. Altman & Co.

Advance Styles for Spring

are now being shown in

Women's Tailor-made Suits, Afternoon and Evening Dresses, Dancing Frocks, Sports Suits, Camp Suits and Riding Habits.

The displays are in progress in the Women's Ready-to-wear Department, the Department for Special Costumes and the Riding Habit Department.

(All of these Departments are located on the Third Floor)

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

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The recent fire in the upper part of the building caused damage to our stock by water and dampness, which necessitates its immediate disposal.

Entire Balance of Stock of

Men's Wear of the Highest Quality

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Our $5.00 to $7.50 Shirts . . For	2.65
Consisting of Viyella Flannel, silk and flannel mixtures, Heavy Pure Silks and silk and linen.	
$1.50 Dent's English Gloves, also some of our own make	95c
$3.50 to $5 Forsythe Shirts, including Golf Shirts	1.65
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$3.50 Imported Pique Dress Shirts	1.75
$7.50 & $10.00 Full Dress Vests	3.75
$6.00 & $10.00 Silk Mushroom Shirts	3.75
$2.50 to $3.00 White Stiff Dress Shirts and Mushroom Tango Shirts with pique or double laundered cuffs	1.35

Neckwear, Underwear, Pajamas, Bath Robes, Hosiery and Raincoats at Similar Big Reductions.

Sale at One Store Only 201 Broadway Near Fulton St.

SAYS ROGERS CASE IS CLEARLY MURDER

Woman Who Poisoned Children Took a Light Dose Herself, Prosecutor Asserts.

GRAND JURY INQUIRY OPENS

Neighbor Asserts Mrs. Rogers Was Cool and Collected After Giving Babies Fatal Dose.

When the Grand Jury in the Bronx adjourned its investigation yesterday afternoon of the case of Mrs. Ida Sniffen Walters Rogers, whose son, John, 2 years old, and daughter, Lorida, 8 months old, died from bichloride of mercury which she gave them and then took herself, District Attorney Martin announced that he would prosecute her to the limit of the law for causing the death of her little ones.

The principal witnesses called before the Grand Jury were Coroner Jerome Healy and the Coroner's physician, Dr. John Riegelman. Coroner Healy obtained a statement from Mrs. Ida Sniffen Rogers, in which she said she had given her babies one tablet each of bichloride of mercury and had taken three tablets herself. For several weeks, the affidavit set forth, she had been "terribly depressed."

"The children received large doses of the poison," said District Attorney Martin. "The mother apparently had but little. If as much bichloride of mercury as she says she took had got into her system, the doctors agree that she could not have lived.

"We will fight this case to the finish. The children clearly had become a burden, and the fact remains that they died from the same poison which Mrs. Rogers asserts she gave to them and which she says she took, but from which she escaped. The cool way in which she received the news of their death seems to me most unnatural. The more you get into this case the more it looks like cold blooded murder."

Mother Cool After Poisoning Babies

One of the first witnesses before the Grand Jury was Mrs. Katherine Burns, who lives in a two-family frame house at 224 West 167th Street, in the Bronx, where the Rogers occupied the second floor. She was called in by Mrs. Rogers who told her the children had been poisoned and who asked Mrs. Burns to fetch Dr. W. Grant Hague, her physician whose office was a few blocks away. Mrs. Burns said that Mrs. Rogers gave her directions without betraying much excitement. Directly after the poisoning, she described the mother as "calm, cool and collected."

The life of the Rogerses at their home at 1,431 University Avenue was described by Mrs. John Halden, wife of the Superintendent of the apartment house, where they lived when they went to the Bronx from Nyack.

The next witness was Dr. Hague, who knows more about the life story of Lorlys Elton Rogers, the lawyer-actor, and Ida Sniffen Rogers than any one else, who has been cited to appear before the Grand Jury. He had testified for only a short time when the Grand Jury adjourned. Dr. Hague will resume his testimony this morning.

Other witnesses will be examined in an effort to ascertain where Mrs. Rogers procured the poison and how she obtained it. District Attorney Martin is endeavoring to find out whether she had an accomplice.

If the condition of Mrs. Ida Sniffen Rogers permits, the District Attorney will direct that she be removed next week from the hospital to the county jail, on the ground floor of the County Court House, at 161st Street and Third Avenue. The physicians attending her say that her condition will be doubtful for some time, because whatever poison got into her system may not be cast out entirely for five or six months. They advise against her removal for several weeks at least. District Attorney Martin expects to begin her trial in March if Mrs. Rogers is indicted.

What Mrs. Rogers's defense will be has not been decided definitely, according to her counsel, Abraham Levy. Dr. Hague and Mrs. George H. O'Brien, a neighbor and friend of the prisoner, have asserted that she showed symptoms of temporary insanity. Mr. Levy said that Rogers had decided not to make a statement.

Expects Rogers to Wed.

"The only logical thing for him to do," Mr. Levy asserted, "if he is freed, and Ida Sniffen Rogers is acquitted, is to give his companion the sacred and honorable right of wifehood. This is the inevitable view, and I believe it is the view Rogers will take if he has not already seen the right way.

"Rogers has been painted very black. As a matter of fact, he is a gentleman, refined, cultured, and educated. I have known him for a good many years. Do not condemn him before he has made his position clear."

Mr. Levy was asked how Rogers would make his position clear unless he made an explanatory statement, and he said that the facts perhaps would be revealed in their true light by the developments of the case.

"I am sure that my client will be acquitted," he continued. "I believe there are not twelve men in New York City's 5,000,000, with red blood in their veins, who will convict this women of murder under the circumstances."

Emory R. Buckner, counsel for Mrs. Caroline Giddings Rogers, sister of Prof. Franklin H. Giddings of Columbia, said he hoped to have the papers for her divorce from Lorlys Elton Rogers ready to file before the end of the week. A steady improvement in the condition of Mrs. Ida Sniffon Rogers was reported last night by the physicians at Lebanon Hospital.

STEVENS CAMPAIGN BEGINS.

School's Alumni and Friends Out Today to Raise $800,000.

The ten-day campaign to finish a fund of $1,360,000 for Stevens Institute was started at a dinner at the Hotel Astor last night.

Today graduates and friends of the school, organized into squads, will set out to raise $800,000, the rest of the fund having been pledged.

Newcomb Carlton, President of the Western Union, said at the dinner that this was a good time for the campaign, because a period of prosperity was ahead. "I think my business is one of the best barometers, and it registers good business ahead," he said. "This is not felt yet in New York because it is dominated by the financial atmosphere. The feet of the bankers are the last to get warm."

The General Education Fund and the Carnegie Foundation have pledged $250,000 each to the fund if another $500,000 is raised, and anonymous gifts of $50,000 and $10,000 have been received. Mr. Carlton, the Treasurer, reported $7,800 in new donations.

The members of the Executive Committee are Walter Kidde, Chairman; Newcomb Carlton, Treasurer; J. H. Kuntz, Secretary; Robert Boettger, Anson W. Burchard, George Dinkel, J. Alfred Dixon, William D. Hoxie, Morris W. Kellogg, F. B. Kirkbride, R. S. Kursheedt, Frank E. Law, John W. Lieb, F. A. Muschenheim, W. E. S. Strong, Henry Torrance, Alfred R. Whitney, Jr., President Humphreys of Stevens, and Thomas C. Stephens.

Ward's Auto Upsets in Park.

Charles H. Ward of 72 Wolcott Street, Brooklyn, was driving his automobile through Prospect Park yesterday afternoon, when the steering gear broke and the car overturned, throwing out along with his mother, Mrs. Margaret Ward, 60 years old, Mrs. Anna Lunt of 54 Wolcott Street and Mrs. Ella O'Rourke of 409 Van Brunt Street. All were bruised, but went home.

Lotos Club Dinner to Whitman.

The Lotos Club will entertain Gov. Whitman at dinner at the clubhouse, 110 West Fifty-seventh Street, on Saturday evening, Jan. 30.

TO EXPOSE HOBOKEN GRAFT.

Convicted Resort Keeper Offers to Name "Men Higher Up."

The offer of a confession in return for clemency, which would involve "men higher up" in West Hoboken, N. J., was made yesterday by George D. Cutley, counsel for Mrs. Gertrude Wills, convicted as the proprietress of the Hotel Grefeld on the Paterson Plank Road, which was raided as a disorderly resort. Judge Tennant in the Court of Common Pleas in Jersey City sentenced her to not less than a year nor more than three years in State Prison, but it is thought her offer may be accepted.

Mr. Cutley said Mrs. Wills could prove that she was assured by West Hoboken men that she could operate without police molestation. The raid on her resort was made by direction of Mayor Charles A. Mohn of West Hoboken.

Mrs. Mary Hammill, an inmate of the place, who was sentenced to a year in the penitentiary, wept loudly when she was sentenced, and asserted that there would be no one to care for her children. She is said to be a widow. Frederick Rogers, part owner of the place, received the same sentence as the one imposed on Mrs. Wills.

Thirty-one other persons taken in the wholesale raids of Saturday night directed by Mayor Mohn and the Prosecutor's office were arraigned and held in bail for trial.

RUINED BY DANCE CRAZE.

Youth Says Love of Fox Trotting Made Him a Thief.

The fox trot was blamed for another young man's downfall yesterday. George L. Lilgewall, 19 years old, told Justices Russell, Moss, and Collins in Special Sessions that his love for the new dances kept him out so much that his father drove him from his home at 519 Fifty-seventh Street, Brooklyn, and he admitted that after dancing all night New Year's eve with two young women and David F. Douglas of 730 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, he stole Douglas's watch and chain.

There is another story connected with Lilgewall's dancing career, according to the police. Lilgewall was arrested in Brooklyn two days ago on another charge and was identified by a Y. M. C. A. ticket of the Central Branch, which was found in his pocket. He admitted that he pawned the watch, and in their visit to the pawnshop the detectives learned that he had pawned a Tuxedo coat also. An investigation disclosed that the suit was originally hired from a Brooklyn man and was pawned, that Lilgewall got it again to wear New Year's eve and then pawned it a second time.

PRESBYTERY SEEKS FUNDS.

Church Wants $1,000,000 for Extension Work in Suburbs.

The Presbyterians of New York will attempt to raise $1,000,000 this year for church extension, principally in the suburbs. This action was taken yesterday, when the Presbytery adopted the report of the Church Extension Society. Six candidates for the ministry were received, only two of whom came from Presbyterian families. Action on the proposal that hereafter candidates for license to preach be examined behind closed doors was deferred.

The Presbytery voted in favor of the proposal, which originated in the meeting of the General Assembly last May, to allow the individual churches to choose Deaconesses if they so desire. This amendment must be ratified by one-half the Presbyteries of the country to become operative. It is understood that the majority of the Presbyteries which have voted so far on the proposal are in favor of it.

The Presbytery will hereafter investigate all cases of divorce in which a Presbyterian Minister may become involved.

TORREON LEADERS SUMMON VILLA

Fear of Zapata's Influence in the New Convention Takes Him South.

ORDERS A HUGE BOND ISSUE

Wants $300,000,000 to Refund Previous Issues—Says Carranza Is Beaten in Coahuila.

Special to The New York Times.

JUAREZ, Jan. 1.—Gen. Villa left here in a hurry last night because he was urgently needed in a council of war at Torreon by Angeles, Raoul Madero, and the other Villista leaders. It is reported that Emiliano Zapata is again urging the appointment of Gen. Isabel Robles to be Provisional President to succeed Gutierrez. If this is so it means that Zapata has openly defied Villa, who is backing Angeles as his own choice and that of the American State Department to serve out the remainder of Madero's unexpired term.

To prevent any summary action being taken Villa is said to have sent a long telegram from here to Gen. Palafox and Provisional President Gutierrez, warning them not to offer any names to the convention, now tentatively in session in Mexico City, util he could reach there and consult with the delegates. This is taken here to mean that Villa has openly defied both Zapata and Gutierrez to name any one without his consent.

Villa also ordered a bond issue of $300,000,000, by means of which he intends to retire the National State and municipal bonds and replace them with standard 6 per cent. bonds. This action was forced upon him by the fact that his money had dropped to 14 cents for the peso—the lowest point it has ever reached since he took Chihuahua last January. The bond issue is to be guaranteed by customs receipts, Government lands, and other forms of taxes.

Before leaving, Villa announced his programme at Tampico. He expects to lead his forces against the eastern seaboard town and to send a large force against Monterey, which is now under fire, and where the Carranzistas have been making a gallant defense. Villa said he feared that the town would be looted unless his troops were able to take it by storm, and he has ordered Gen. Raoul Madero to proceed at once with the Brigada Madero against it. Villa says he intends driving the Carranza garrison north to Matamoros and across the line into Brownsville, Texas. Gen. Angeles is now in supreme command in the east pending the arrival of Villa, who intends to stop in Chihuhua for a day for a conference with his officials.

LAREDO, Texas, Jan. 11.—Monterey is still held by Carranza troops, according to reports here tonight, which said that Gen. Maclovio Herrera arrived there today with a large force. When Herrera's troops approached Monterey the citizens mistook them for Villa troops and became panicstricken. Banks and business establishments were closed, and there was a general flight from the city.

Gen. Herrera hurriedly sent out scouts who informed the populace that no Villa troops were in the city, and tonight conditions were becoming normal.

It is essured by Carranza agents here that Tampico is still held by Carranza forces, but there are rumors here that it is seriously threatened. Railroad passengers repeat the report of last night that Victoria, the capital of Tamaulipas and one of the important cities on the line to Tampico, was captured by Villa troops early Sunday after three days siege.

Villareal's forces today destroyed part of the railroad leading from Monterey to Matamoras, opposite Brownsville, Texas. Refugees arriving here said it appeared that Villareal was preparing to retreat to Matamoras from Monterey and was destroying the road to prevent rapid pursuit.

EL PASO, Texas, Jan. 11.—Confirmation of the report of the defeat of Carranza forces in the fighting about Saltillo was received today from Gen. Villa, who is at Chihuahua City. Villa telegraphed:

"It was communicated to me today that in the battle near Saltillo with the Carranza enemy their defeat was complete, and that the campaign in Coahuila virtually was ended. Fourteen military trains with provisions, several million cartridges, and much artillery ammunition were taken from the enemy."

Gen. Benjamin Hill, who commanded the Carranza garrison at Naco during the Maytorena siege of the last two months, passed through El Paso tonight on his way to Vera Cruz, whither he has been called by Carranza.

WON'T PROTEST ABOUT MEXICO

European War Ties England's Hands—Amazed at Wilson's Declaration.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—President Wilson's declaration that Mexico was as much entitled to fight out her differences as the nations of Europe has been received here with amazement; but there will be no protest from England unless conditions in the republic become intolerable.

In an authoritative quarter it was remarked that England had kept silent about Mexico for a long time and, in view of the European situation, probably would do so still longer.

VOIDS A FRENCH CONCESSION.

Gutierrez Regards the Dynamite Grant as Constituting a Monopoly.

Special to The New York Times.

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 9, (via El Paso, Jan. 11.)—President Gutierrez has declared void the articles of concession to the National Dynamite and Explosive Company, which he considers unconstitutional as granting a virtual monopoly or at least a manifest advantage to that corporation in the manufacture and distribution of explosives for mining purposes.

The company, in which French capital is largely interested, owns a dynamite factory in the State of Chihuahua, and is understood recently to have made some observations on the Government's decree allowing the free importation of dynamite.

José Ortiz Rodriguez, Acting Minister of Foreign Relations, was asked last night:

"Is there any truth in the rumor that relations with the United States are more strained now than at any time since last April?"

He answered:

"Our relations with the United States Government, if not better than in April last, continue on the basis of cordiality and frinedliness to be expected from President Wilson."

Señor Ortiz said that the Naco question was not before his department, but that he could affirm that the affair did not and could not wear a grave aspect.

Gen. Iturbide in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Gen. Eduardo Iturbide, the former commander of the Mexican Federal District, who recently succeeded in escaping from his native land after representations by the United States Government had rescued him from imprisonment at the capital, appeared in Washington today. He called at the British Embassy for news of his wife and children, who took refuge in the British Legation in Mexico City.

$125,000 FOR MRS. SEELYE.

Report to Surrogate Shows Sum Still Due Boucicault's Daughter.

Mrs. Renee Boucicault Seelye, actress, daughter of the late Aubrey Boucicault, has received $25,000 of the $150,000 estate that came to her from her grandfather, Isaac E. Holbrook, according to an accounting filed in the Surrogates' Court yesterday by the Metropolitan Trust Company, trustee.

Mrs. Seelye's mother, Mrs. Cornelia Frances Baker, who died on March 11, enjoyed the income from the estate for life, and at her death it went to her only child, under Mr. Holbrook's will.

The trust company shows that it took an estate of $170,000 in securities which have depreciated about $20,000, which, with the payment of $25,000 to Mrs. Seelye, leaves a balance on hand of $125,000, all of which goes to Mrs. Seelye, now 17 years of age, when she becomes 21. Her mother's first husband was Aubrey Boucicault, whom she divorced in 1904, and married Brooke Baker on Feb. 28, 1906.

The young woman married C. R. Seelye, Vice President of the Sterling Advertising Company, on Oct. 21.

Proprietor of Hotel Mumm Sentenced

On his plea of guilty to the charge of maintaining a disorderly resort, John Heiser, proprietor of the Hotel Mumm, Sixth Avenue and Thirty-ninth Street, was sent to the Workhouse for three months yesterday by Justices Russell, Collins, and Moss in Special Sessions. Heiser was arrested in March, following a raid on the Mumm by a squad of police under Lieut. Costigan. He jumped his bail and went to Germany. Two weeks ago he returned to surrender himself. Heiser is 65 years old.

RICH E. B. ALSOP, 77, SUED BY HIS WIFE, 22

Ex-Telephone Girl, Who Became Steel Man's Bride in 1912, Wants Separation.

ACCUSES HIM OF CRUELTY

Wife Says She Was Twice Induced to Return Home—Once Arrested for Taxi Fare.

As soon as Mrs. Effie Pope Hill Alsop can find some way of serving papers on Edward B. Alsop, she will begin an action against him for a separation. Mrs. Alsop is 22 years old and her husband is 77. It was a romance when they were married in Trinity Church on Feb. 15, 1912, and more than half a century between their births was laughed at by both. Mrs. Alsop didn't care because "at the time of the marriage her husband looked and acted and insisted that from the standpoint of physical and mental virility he was the equal of a man many years younger."

The day before his marriage Mr. Alsop transferred to his two sons about $3,000,000 worth of property in Pittsburgh, where he had been engaged in the steel industry. This didn't worry his wife because he had been dabbling for many years in real estate in Washington, D. C., and had piled up another fortune of about a million. After a brief honeymoon trip the couple made verytheir home at 1502 Twentieth Street Northwest, Washington. Mrs. Alsop was very happy because, according to her complaint," the defendant constantly showered upon plaintiff caresses, kisses, and other forms of physical demonstrations of affection."

Within six weeks affairs changed for the worse, and Mr. Alsop's manner, his wife said, became cruel. Her health broke under the strain and she spent three weeks in a sanitarium at Litchfield, Conn. Mr. Alsop coaxed her to return home and she did so. He promised to resume his old affectionate manner and for a time he kept his promise.

On June 20, 1912, she sailed away to Europe. He followed her. She yielded to his pleadings and returned home again. In June, 1913, they went together to Mr. Alsop's Summer home in the Berkshires, and on Nov. 19, 1913, she left him for good.

Mrs. Alsop said that her husband gave her Transylvania Railroad bonds of a face value of $100,000, but that they are of doubtful value. She says she is penniless and she will ask the court to provide liberal alimony on the ground that her husband's income is $50,000 a year.

In December, 1913, Mrs. Alsop tried to support herself by going on the stage, but the venture lasted only a week. Before she was married she was a telephone girl in a hotel. In October, 1913, she was arrested because she did not have $1.80 to pay a taxicab fare, although she was wearing $10,000 worth of jewels. She sent word to her husband at the Waldorf to come to her relief and he hurried to the West Sixty-eighth Street Police Station and gave $500 bail for her.

When the complaint in her suit was prepared yesterday Mrs. Alsop's lawyer, Harry N. Steinfeld, asked Sheriff Griffenhagen to serve it upon the defendant. Inquiry disclosed that Mr. Alsop had no regular time for visiting this city, and so the Sheriff decided to return the papers. An application probably will be made to the Supreme Court today for permission to serve them by publication.

Letting Property Wait

is like letting any other business wait—you wake up and find some folks didn't wait, your property has gone back, theirs has kept step with progress, theirs is an asset, yours a liability.

Our policy is to keep the property up.

Are you looking for that kind of management for your property?

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
Established 1868
62 Cedar Street

WHAT DO YOU WANT TO KNOW? The New York Times Index, every quarter, codifies the world's news. Any event at a glance. Bound in cloth, $2.00 a volume.—Advt.

January Discount Sale

In every department our Annual Inventory Sale will be continued during the **entire month of January, and**

10% DISCOUNT

allowed on all purchases, even where goods have been previously reduced. Sales are made at regular prices and **Discount** deducted from bill, insuring an **Actual Saving.**

Special Offering—Bed Spreads

A fine assortment of Bed Spreads, single bed size, made of our own Imported Cretonne, dainty patterns, excellent value.

2.50 each

Above price subject to the additional 10% Discount.

McGibbon & Co.
37th St. West, near Fifth Ave.

Knit for the Soldiers

DO YOUR SHARE. Thousands of women, the country over, are knitting garments for the war sufferers. To meet this demand we recently turned over a part of one of our mills to the manufacture of worsted knitting yarns suitable for soldiers' sweaters, mittens, mufflers, or socks.

FOR $1.10 we will sell you a solid pound of the finest, softest, pure wool, four-ply American worsted yarn. **Call Madison Square 9120** and give us your order for one pound lots or more. All colors. Samples on request. Full knitting instructions furnished.

PEACE DALE MANUFACTURING COMPANY
(Founded 1801)
Mills at Peace Dale, R. I. New York Office, 334 Fourth Ave.

An Appeal to Employers of Greater New York

Thousands of Men in New York Are Seeking Work

The remedy for unemployment is employment. The Mayor's Committee on Unemployment appeals to the patriotism and the public spirit of every employer in Greater New York to meet the unprecedented needs of the present situation in the only way in which they can be adequately met.

WHAT YOU CAN DO

FIRST Do now what you had planned to do three months hence. You know that very soon your customers will demand certain staple lines of goods. Get ready for that demand. Make work now, when work is needed.

SECOND Make repairs and replacements. Do this work now. The present favorable market for the purchase of materials affords an additional incentive.

THIRD Distribute the burden. If in spite of your best efforts you do have a slack season, share what work you have among your usual working force, instead of discharging part of your force.

FOURTH Give work where work is most needed. Give preference to married men with families or women with others dependent upon them. Employ your old employees who may be unemployed. Employ those who, having lived in New York for a long time, have no means of getting work outside the city.

DO IT NOW

The Public Employment Bureau, headquarters Lafayette and Leonard Streets, telephone Franklin 6100, can furnish you lists of able and responsible workers, classified by trades.

This is a matter which vitally concerns the welfare and the honor of New York City. The need is urgent. What you can do, do now.

(Signed) THE MAYOR'S COMMITTEE ON UNEMPLOYMENT,
JUDGE ELBERT H. GARY, Chairman.

GREENHUT'S
J. B. GREENHUT COMPANY.
"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET
"Meet me at the Fountain"

Usual Complementary S&H Green Trading Stamps FREE Today
Distribution in our Annex Building
As many sets of these S&H Green Stamps as are reasonably required for books unfilled will be given, but only one set of any one date good in any one book. Only 100 Complimentary Stamps good in any one book, but you may start as many books as you please.

—MAIN BUILDING—

Frisbie, Coon & Co., Makers of High-Grade Shirts for Men, Have Gone Out of Business! *We have purchased Their Entire Stocks on Hand of More Than*

23,000 of the Finest Shirts
Grades Priced in Exclusive Men's Furnishing Stores at $1.50 to $3.50

Your Choice, Today, at 89c

5,700 of These Shirts Are of $1.50 Quality
8,900 of These Shirts are of $1.75 & $2 Quality
6,300 of These Shirts Are of $2.25 to $2.75 Quality
1,400 of These Shirts Are of $3 to $3.50 Quality

ARE GUARANTEED TO FIT, WEAR AND SATISFY YOU
No materials go into Frisbie shirts that have not been tested by our Chemist, and we guarantee all colors to be fast.
If you are not satisfied, we will make good, either through your dealer or at the home of Frisbie shirts, Troy, N. Y.
FRISBIE, COON & CO.

These are the very kinds of shirts in styles, qualities, workmanship and finish that will appeal mostly to men who are accustomed to the very best—mostly to men who usually have their shirts made to order—for these are not ordinary everyday shirts—they are distinctively tailored, faultlessly made shirts of the very choicest high-grade materials. (Read the "Frisbie" guarantee which is reproduced in this announcement, and which accompanies each shirt.)

Duplicates of these shirts are being handled today in hundreds of the most exclusive highest-priced Men's Furnishing Goods Stores. Every shirt has a standard, clearly defined value. The assortments are enormous.

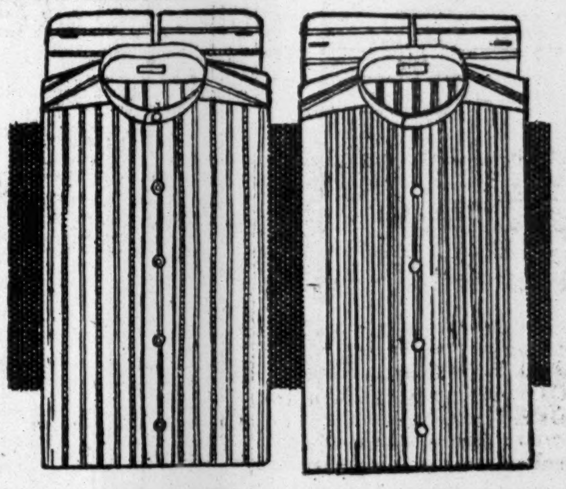
Shirts of All Kinds with Laundered Cuffs
Shirts with Soft Turn-Over French Cuffs
Pleated or Plain-Bosom Shirts
Some with Detached Cuffs

Finest $1.25 to $3
Flannel Shirts at 89c
Here we include:—
Grey Flannel Shirts — Khaki Flannel Shirts
Brown and Tan Flannel Shirts
Hunting, Fishing, Golf and Working Shirts
Every shirt well made with faced sleeves; fine pearl buttons; double sewn and cut full. In a word, gentlemen, whether you need shirts today or not, you ought not to miss this sale, and buy a supply to last you for the rest of the year.
The flannel shirts are *not* of Frisbie make.

There are too many materials to even attempt description in this limited announcement. However, you can have the finest of WOVEN MADRAS CLOTHS, THE FINEST PERCALES, THE CHOICEST SILK MIXED SHIRTINGS, THE FINEST SILK STRIPED MADRAS CLOTHS. In a word—EVERY GOOD AND STYLISH SHIRTING you can think of is included. Numerous beautiful patterns in hundreds of the best styles are here for your choice. EVERY SIZE FROM 13 to 18.

Thousands of these shirts will delight men who pay up to $5 apiece for their shirts in exclusive haberdasher shops are in this sale, 89c.

The more you know about shirts the more you will appreciate that this is the biggest event of its kind New York has ever seen. There has never been a Shirt Sale like this in New York before. "FRISBIE" SHIRTS are the finest ready-to-wear shirts on the market today. AND HERE YOU HAVE AN OPPORTUNITY TO BUY $1.50 to $3.50 grades at 89c.



—MAIN BUILDING—
Today (IN OUR BASEMENT)

Sale of 15c to 25c Collars 5c
For Men and Boys, Today, Each

168,000 collars in the most wonderful distribution since our own sensational event of two years ago. Every size, from 11½ to 20. Every style for men and boys.

Extraordinary purchases of the world's leading brands of collars for men and boys. The following well-known favorite makes included:—

CORLISS, COON & CO. COLLARS "FRISBIE" COLLARS TRIANGLE COLLARS LION BRAND COLLARS (EARL & WILSON) RED MAN COLLARS (CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.) ARROW COLLARS BARKER BRAND COLLARS

168,000 collars in this sale—thousands of these collars still in the original boxes—fresh and perfect, just as they were sent from the factories. However, many collars in this big lot have been classed by the makers as "seconds," which at the most means imperfect laundering, but nothing to hurt the wear. EVERY STYLE IN FOLD AND STANDING COLLARS INCLUDED. EVERY SIZE FROM 11½ TO 20.

Men have never had such an opportunity before. And the sale is equally attractive for BOYS, for all sizes in all shapes, including SAILOR COLLARS, are here.

Remember, the collar sale will be held in the BASEMENT, where we can adequately handle the large crowds which are sure to attend this sale.

Note.—To facilitate choosing in these collars, at least 150 extra salesmen will be in attendance.

Sales Begin Promptly at Store-Opening Time, 9 o'Clock, This Morning!

DOUBLE S&H GREEN TRADING STAMPS IN THE FORENOON—SINGLE STAMPS IN THE AFTERNOON

GIVES FLEET CHIEFS RANK OF ADMIRAL

House Navy Bill Also Provides for a Vice Admiral in Each of the Three Big Divisions.

ABOLISHES PLUCKING BOARD

Increase in Enlisted Strength of Navy Fails—Four-Battleship Men Are Hopeful of Success.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—Deciding to create the ranks of Admiral and Vice Admiral in each of the three fleets, and to abolish the Plucking Board, the House Naval Committee today put through the largest day's work in naval legislation yet accomplished in this Congress. Chairman Padgett said he hoped to be able to report the Navy bill on Thursday.

An effort to increase the enlisted personnel failed. The committee stood 13 to 4 against an increase of 5,000, and 9 to 9 against an increase of 2,500. Several members who favor an increase of some reasonable size were absent, and the matter will be taken up again tomorrow. The building programme was not reached, but every member probably will be on hand when it is taken up. The four-ship men are at work, and have hopes of success, but their fight is complicated by the demand for more auxiliaries. It is now believed that there will be an increase of submarines, and that a hospital ship will be authorized.

An amendment proposed by Chairman Padgett to create the rank of Vice Admiral while on cruise or during fleet command was adopted. It provised that the Commanders in Chief of the Atlantic, the Pacific, and the Asiatic fleets, while holding such commands, shall have the rank and pay of an Admiral, and in each of the fleets the officer second in command shall, under the same conditions, have the rank and pay of a Vice Admiral. The annual pay of an Admiral is fixed at $12,000, and that of Vice Admiral at $10,000. In time of peace these officers are to be selected from the lists of Rear Admirals, and the total number of officers in the navy is not to be increased.

The amendment to abolish the plucking board was proposed by Mr. Witherspoon of Mississippi. The amendment provides that the President shall have the power by and with the advice and consent of the Senate to transfer to the active list all officers who may have been plucked by the action of any board where the action in such cases has been examined by the Naval Committee of the Senate or the House and either or both of these committees have reported favorably to a bill for restoration to the active list.

The officer so restored is to be placed in the grade on the active list precisely where he would have been if he had not been retired, "or to which he had passed a satisfactory examiantion for promotion." This final clause of the amendment is designed to cover the case of Capt. Templin M. Potts, who was plucked by the board of 1913, a few days after he had successfully passed the examination for promotion to be a Rear Admiral. Capt. Potts was Aid for Operations in the Navy Department at the time he passed his examination, but the President refused to nominate him for appointment as Rear Admiral on the ground that he had not enough sea service. Secretary Daniels had issued an order that all officers must have served one-half the time spent in any grade at sea in order to be promoted to the next higher grade. The order bore heavily on Capt. Potts, but he asked for a ship and was placed in command of the battleship Louisiana, and at once proceeded to qualify under the Secretary's order. Then came the action of the Plucking Board sending him to retirement, which caused a great stir in the service.

Although Capt. Potts and other officers carried their cases to Congress and appealed there for restoration, no headway could be made for them in the face of the certainty that the President would veto any bill for relief in such cases. Congress passed two such bills, only to have them vetoed by President Taft in the last hours of the Sixty-first Congress.

Amendments were adopted increasing the commissioned personnel of the Marine Corps, giving the Marine Corps the 10 per cent. extra pay now enjoyed by the navy when at sea, granting medals for meritorious service to officers as well as enlisted men, and giving added rank to warrant officers.

The Marine Corps amendment contemplates the addition of one Brigadier General, one Colonel, one Lieutenant Colonel, one Major, five Captains, one Captain and Assistant Quartermaster, one Captain and Assistant Paymaster, five First Lieutenants, and five Second Liutenants.

What is known as the Bathrick bill, for increasing the rank of warrant officers, was placed in the measure. It provides that past master boatswains, gunners, machinists, carpenters, sailmakers, and pharmacists shall, on promotion, have the same pay and allowances as are now allowed to Lieutenants.

The Padgett bill, providing for distinguished-service medals, with a rosette or button to be worn in lieu of the medal, to be given to officers and men of the army, navy, and Marine Corps since Jan. 1, 1914, was adopted. This is designed to apply to the officers and men who distinguished themselves at Vera Cruz. With this distinction goes an addition of $2 a month in the pay of an enlisted man.

VOTE ON SUFFRAGE TODAY.

Record-Breaking Crowd Expected to Hear House Debate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Lines were drawn today for the battle in the House tomorrow when the Mondell resolution, proposing an amendment to the Federal Constitution guaranteeing the right to vote to all citizens regardless of sex, will be considered. The resolution will be voted upon before the House adjourns tomorrow.

Large delegations of supporters and opponents of woman suffrage already have arrived in Washington. Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, President of the National American Woman Suffrage Association; Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, President of the International Woman Suffrage Alliance, and the Congressional Committee of the National Association were preparing tonight for the suffrage side of the fight and conferring with the supporters of the amendment among the members of the House.

Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, President of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, and a committee of that organization were working against the bill. The anti-suffragists claimed that the resolution would not only fail to receive the two-thirds vote of the House necessary for its submission to the States, but it would get only about one-third of the votes in the body. Suffragists, however, claimed to have about a majority of the House behind the measure.

Under an agreement reached today the House will meet at 11 o'clock tomorrow instead of noon. A special rule for the consideration of the suffrage resolution will be brought in by Chairman Henry of the Rules Committee, and it is expected that the rule will be adopted after a brief debate.

Anticipating a record-breaking attendance of spectators, the doorkeeper and Sergeant at Arms of the House tonight made arrangements for handling the crowd. The galleries will be opened at 10 o'clock, and extra doorkeepers will be on hand to see that spectators are admitted in order.

SUFFRAGE MATINEE TALKS.

Speakers Every Day This Week at 663 Fifth Avenue.

Afternoon suffrage talks will be continued today and throughout the week in the rooms of the Women's Political Union at 663 Fifth Avenue, near Fifty-third Street. Mrs. Mary Beard, wife of Prof. Charles A. Beard of Columbia will have charge, in the absence of Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, who is recovering from an operation for appendicitis at her home, 118 East Fifty-sixth Street. The speakers yesterday were Witter Bynner and Mary Wood. The programme for the rest of the week follows:

Tuesday, Frank Crownsheild, editor, and Mrs. Richard Aldrich; Wednesday, Howard W. Nudd, President of the Public Education Association, and Irene Orgood Andrews, Secretary of the American Association for Labor Legislation; Thursday, Antony Fiala, explorer, and Christina Merrinian; Friday, Isaac Macrosson and Harriet Johnson, supervisor of visiting teachers; Saturday, George Creel, ex-Police Commissioner of Denver, and Janet Beecher, actress.

Other meetings are being arranged for the rest of the month. Admission is free.

MISS PANKHURST TO SPEAK.

She Will Discuss the War's Effect on Woman Suffrage.

Miss Christabel Pankhurst, the English militant suffragette, will deliver an address on "International Militancy" at Carnegie Hall on Wednesday evening. Dealing with the European war, which she regards as a conflict in which the Allies are compelled to use forcible methods in order to resist and overthrow a domination based on the principle that might is right, Miss Pankhurst's words will be of special interest as coming from one who has for years been engaged in fighting the British Government. Now in the hour of its danger she has laid aside her fight in the interests of national unity against a foreign enemy.

In her address Miss Pankhurst will take up the subject of woman suffrage and the war's effect upon it, and the policy to be adopted by her association after the war ends. She herself has long been a specialist in international law, having taken a prize in that subject when she was graduated as a Bachelor of Laws.

URGES BILL AS TEST OF FILIPINO PEOPLE

Secretary Garrison Defends the Jones Measure as Carrying Out Our Promises.

CALLS ISLANDS "LIABILITY"

Of No Use to War Department and Vulnerable to "Any Nation in the Orient."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Secretary of War Garrison appeared before the Senate Committee on the Philippines this morning and argued at length in favor of the Jones bill giving greater autonomy to the islands. Mr. Garrison said that there were about 5,000 civilized people in the islands, but he thought that the promises of the American Government to the islanders from the beginning of the American occupation bound the United States to give them as much self-government as they showed they were worthy of. Past experience in this direction, said Mr. Garrison, had been encouraging, and the pending bill was far from conveying independence.

Mr. Garrison in his formal statement did not say much about ultimate independence. As to the preamble which has been interpreted as a formal promise to liberate the islands at some future date, he said that it about expressed the view repeatedly advanced in the past by officials dealing with the Filipinos. While Mr. Taft recently argued before the committee against independence for the islands, Mr. Garrison quoted a number of his utterances as Governor General of the Philippine Islands and as Secretary of War which seemed to say that the purpose of the American Government was to lead the islanders gradually to independence.

Aside from his formal statement, which he read to the committee, Mr. Garrison's presence gave the committee a lively session. At times he replied to questions by asking questions of his own, while his ready replies to what might be regarded as the committee's cross-examination caused many bursts of laughter.

"With this preamble left in the bill," asked Mr. Lippitt of Rhode Island, "would we not have the question of independence always before us?"

"Yes," replied the Secretary of War; "it has been always before us, and unfortunately demagogues are as persistent in the islands as they are in the United States."

"How about this recent revolution?" Mr. Garrison was asked.

"It was no more significant," replied Mr. Garrison, "than the recent attempt of the I. W. W. to force a way into the churches of New York."

"What would be the effect of Philippine independence on the non-Christian Moros?"

"I shouldn't like to say the same effect as our getting our independence had on the Indians," replied Mr. Garrison, "but certainly it would be no worse."

Mr. Garrison said in answer to further questions by Senator Lippitt that the Philippines constituted a "military liability" upon the United States and were of no benefit whatever from the point of view of the War Department. He said he was not speaking for the Navy Department, however, and Chairman Hitchcock announced that navy officials might be summoned.

Of the military situation in the islands the Secretary said he did not believe the United States could hold them against any first-class power that had an organized military force nearer to the islands than the mainland of the United States. In saying that, however, Secretary Garrison added, he was not taking into consideration anything the navy might be able to do.

Senator Lippitt asked if the Secretary referred to Japan.

"To any nation in the Orient," responded Mr. Garrison. "It's a mere matter of transporting troops. We have but 21,000 or 22,000 men there, and that force would be insufficient to meet an invasion."

In his formal statement to the committee Secretary Garrison said in part:

"The United States has assumed responsibilities with respect to the Philippines which, in the highest spirit of self-respect, it must discharge rightfully at whatever cost. It is a useless waste of time to discuss whether we should have acquired the Philippine Islands, or whether, having acquired them, we should have set out upon the course of improving the material prosperity of their people, educating them, introducing means of communication and transportation, and building up commerce, internal and external, as we have done. We deliberately chose to assume an enormous responsibility, with a self-abnegation unparalleled, so far as I know, save in the somewhat similar case of Cuba. It was finely conceived, and it behooves the nation to see that it is finely carried out.

"Our citizens know so pitiably little about this great problem. They do not realize, save in a very vague way, how the honor of the nation—which is collectively their honor, a thing which they individually hold so dear—is vitally involved in a proper consideration and treatment of this matter. If they did so, it would require great effrontery to attempt to divert them from its proper settlement by paltry lies and shameful misrepresentations. That such do now affect the public mind is due entirely to lack of knowledge on the part of the public."

Mr. Garrison then asserted that the bill was the result of the plans of the Administration to take the next logical step along the line of testing the capacity of the Filipinos for self-government.

"We have entire hope," he said, "that the Filipinos will accept this added responsibility and moke such good use of the opportunity as to demonstrate its wisdom and prepare the way for the next onward move."

He directed attention to the fact that the President under the bill had the power to forbid the enactment of any bill, even though it be passed by the Legislature over the veto of the Governor General, and that trade relations between the United States and the islands still would be subject to the final decision of Congress.

Public hearings on the bill closed with Secretary Garrison's testimony. Chairman Hitchcock indicated that the bill would be reported favorably within two weeks.

WOULD PAY COLOMBIA NOW.

Senator Ransdell Urges Prompt Ratification of Canal Ship Treaty.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Urging in the open Senate today early ratification of the pending treaty with Colombia under which the United States would pay $25,000,000 for the Panama Canal strip, Senator Ransdell declared that the United States could not afford to reject the treaty from the standpoint of either justice or business.

"Until Colombia's grievance is removed," he said, "there can be no cordial relation and peace with the Latin American world."

He insisted that the paramount matter to be considered was not what the people of the United States thought about the treaty but what the Latin Americans thought of it. Most of the nations of South and Central America, in his opinion, sympathized with Colombia and were inclined to look upon the United States with ill-feeling as long as the treaty negotiated at Bogota remained unratified.

Senator Lodge gave notice that he would discuss the matter when it came before the Senate in secret session.

HOBSON PROPOSES PEACE COMMISSION

Would Ask Other Nations to Join in Finding Basis for Ending European Struggle.

MISS PANKHURST FOR WAR

Democracy Must Be Worldwide Before It Disarms—Allies Fight for Mankind's Emancipation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The meeting in Washington of two great organizations of women, one urging peace and the other equal suffrage, has suggested the agency of woman in the effort to bring about peace in Europe. Represensative Hobson of Alabama, an advocate of votes for women and an amicable settlement of international disputes, introduced a resolution today providing for a national commission to obtain, if possible, the co-operation of other nations, whether belligerent or neutral, in the investigation of the conditions that affect the question of restoring the peace of the world.

This step follows the recent introduction by Mr. Hobson of a resolution proposing that a meeting of The Hague conference be held in this country to consider means of bringing about a cessation of hostilities. That resolution did not receive encouragement from the Administration. Mr. Hobson said today that he had offered the resolution for a peace commission in the hope that it might be interpreted as being in line with Secretary Bryan's peace treaties. There is no intention to take any position that will offend any of the belligerent powers nor will the commission have any authority to act beyond procuring information and advising the President. Even after the conclusion of the labors of such a commission, this Government would be wholly free to withhold action. But the hope expressed in the resolution is that a state of facts might be found which would make it possible for the United States, with its great international advantage and prestige as a neutral, to tender its friendly offices in the interest of the termination of the war.

The resolution was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

The inclusion of women on the proposed commission, Mr. Hobson said, was made out of regard for the millions of women in Europe who by this war have lost thousands, sons or fathers, and sweethearts. "They, if any, have the right to ask that men seek peace," said the Alabama Congressman.

Miss Christabel Pankhurst said last night at the Prince George Hotel that the attempt to create at present in democratic countries a peace party such as that planned by the Woman's Conference of Peace might create a false impression in Germany. "Indeed," she said, "I believe that such work is actually favored by the Germans, for if their military autocracy could induce the democracies to be less determined on defense it would aid the progress of the German ideal. Where such a conference is needed is not in democratic and peace-loving countries, but in Germany and Austria; but we have not heard of any such agitation there. I doubt if it would be allowed in Germany. No, we must not disarm democracy until democracy has become worldwide.

"The Allies are fighting for world emancipation; hence the self-governing peoples are either in arms or clamoring to take up arms, as in Italy. I think the attitude of the Italian people is one of the best indications of the real nature of the issue between the Germans and their opponents.

"The democratic countries should remember that liberty is a greater thing than peace. The civilizations of the past fell because they had lost the power to defend themselves against less civilized aggressors. But a civilization created by and based on democracy, and by that I mean a democracy of women as well as men, has within itself the means of recreating itself. Such a civilization is entirely a modern institution. Democracy is now faced by the greatest peril that has ever confronted it, or as far as we can see will ever confront it; and that is why the democrats must show no signs of weakness, or of fear of the war which is needed to preserve all that we hold dear."

SAYS WEST IS PROSPERING.

McAdoo, After Long Trip, Convinced That Conditions Have Improved.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Prosperity has returned to the West, according to Secretary McAdoo, who got back to Washington today from a trip to the Pacific Coast. Mr. McAdoo said tonight that what he had seen and what he had heard from business men from the Coast all the way to Chicago convinced him that business conditions have improved.

"Prosperity," said the Secretary, "is not a partisan question, although some people seem to be trying to make it one."

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RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital & Surplus $8,750,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
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NEW MERCHANDISE.
The Business Page of The New York Times is consulted for latest news in fashions and manufactures. Best means of reaching host of buyers.—Advt.

Yesterday
To-day

"Cold" Facts
By The Man Who Forgot His Rubbers
"Forgot my rubbers last evening—got wet feet—caught a cold—head 'stuffed up' all night; throat dry. Same condition this morning, *until* I bought a box of Luden's."
LUDEN'S Menthol Candy Cough Drops
"Give Quick Relief"
from coughs, colds and throat irritations. Especially beneficial to lecturers—salespeople—singers. Luden's ease the throat and aid the voice.
"Luden's Have A Hundred Uses"
Sold everywhere—stores, shops, stands—in the yellow box at 5¢
WM. H. LUDEN, Mfg. Confectioner, Reading, Pa.

GRAND CENTRAL PALACE
Mitchell

RESULTS—
When all is said and done results count. At the Automobile Show—Grand Central Palace last week, Mitchell cars' individuality, mechanical perfection—their appearance, finish, comfort and performance stamped their superiority—
Tremendous sales the Result.
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80 Years of Faithful Service to the American Public
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Mail Orders Receive Immediate Attention and Should Be Sent Without Delay to Avoid Disappointment.

Arnold, Constable & Co.
Announce *From January 12th to 16th*
A REMOVAL CLEARANCE SALE OF
Men's Strictly High Grade Shirts
Consisting of 5,250 Shirts at 1/3 Under Regular Price
MADE IN USA AMERICA

NOTE—This lot comprises Silk, Silk Mixed, Madras, Percale, Taffeta, Flannel, and Dress Shirtings, being the remainder of our own large stock of high grade shirts, suitable for Winter and Spring wear, together with additional lines of exceptionally good value in advance Spring styles, which have been purchased from manufacturers at large reductions for quick clearance.

This sale will be held in our 18th Street Annex. Extra sales persons have been provided for the occasion.

QUANTITY.		Regularly each	NOW each	NOW 3 shirts	NOW 6 shirts
580	MERCERIZED SHIRTS—Advance Spring styles; finished with soft cuffs	1.65	95c	2.70	5.10
96	WOVEN MADRAS SHIRTS in plain and novelty stripes; soft cuffs	1.50	95c	2.70	5.10
145	FINE PERCALE SHIRTS—Neat and fancy effects; semi-bosom; starched cuffs	1.50	95c	2.70	5.10
165	PLEATED AND PLAIN NEGLIGEE SHIRTS of fine percale; starched cuffs	1.65	95c	2.70	5.10
180	WHITE PLEATED SHIRTS of madras and fine lawn; laundered cuffs	2.00	1.15	3.25	6.20
210	FANCY PLEATED SHIRTS—Neat and novelty stripes on white grounds; laundered cuffs	2.00	1.15	3.25	6.20
265	SATIN STRIPED MERCERIZED SHIRTS—Medium, light and colored grounds; French cuffs	1.95	1.15	3.25	6.20
320	MERCERIZED FANCY CREPE SHIRTS—Negligee and soft cuffs	2.00	1.35	3.85	7.30
224	CREPE TAFFETA FLANNEL—Exceptionally fine quality and desirable colorings; linen neckbands	2.50	1.45	4.10	7.80
90	FLANNEL SPORT SHIRTS—Collars attached	2.50	1.45	4.10	7.80
129	SILK MIXED SOFT PLEATED SHIRTS in white and cream	2.75	1.45	4.10	7.80
160	WOVEN MADRAS SHIRTS—Pleated and plain; various smart colors; laundered cuffs	2.50	1.45	4.10	7.80
225	NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—Plain white bodies with colored accordion fronts; French pique cuffs	2.95	1.45	4.10	7.80
184	BEST SILK AND LISLE MIXED SHIRTS with fancy colored stripes	2.75	1.45	4.10	7.80
382	DRESS SHIRTS—Plain linen, tucked and pique bosoms	3.00	1.45	4.10	7.80
305	HEAVY RICH SATEEN SHIRTS in white, gold, lavender and pink	2.75	1.95	5.55	9.55
308	FINEST SILK MIXED SHIRTS—Light grounds with various colored fancy stripes	3.00	1.95	5.55	9.55
210	FULL DRESS SHIRTS—Nainsook bodies; linen bosoms	3.50	1.95	5.55	9.55
190	FINEST TUCKED FRONT DRESS SHIRTS	3.00	1.95	5.55	9.55
65	TUB SILK SHIRTS—Extra fine, pure silk with satin stripe in various colors	4.00	2.75	7.85	14.85
48	WHITE SILK AND SILK MIXED DRESS SHIRTS—Very fine tucked bosom	4.50	2.75	7.85	14.85
114	NEWEST PLEATED NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—Fine custom shirtings of crepe weave, satin stripe	3.50	2.75	7.85	14.85
96	RICH NOVELTY PURE SILK SHIRTS—Tucked fronts; distinctive colored stripes	5.50	3.75	10.70	20.25
136	FINEST FANCY SILK SHIRTS—White grounds; Jacquard effects and stripes	5.50	3.95	11.25	21.35
135	CREPE DE CHINE SHIRTS—Black and colored pencil stripes on white grounds	6.50	3.95	11.25	21.35
175	CREPE DE CHINE SHIRTS—Novelty stripes on white grounds; splendid quality	7.00	3.95	11.25	21.35
62	HEAVY SILK CREPE DRESS SHIRTS—Also for Tuxedo wear; self and black embroidered effects	10.00	6.50	18.50	35.00
51	EXTREME NOVELTY CREPE DE CHINE SHIRTS—Multi-colored satin stripes	8.50	6.50	18.50	35.00
Total 5250					

Broadway & 19th Street

The New York Times *First*

In 1914 The New York Times published a greater volume of advertisements than any other New York morning or evening newspaper, help and situation advertisements alone excepted.

THE RECORD

	Agate Lines	
THE TIMES	9,164,927	
Less Help and Situations Wanted	274,234	
		8,890,693
World	10,647,816	
Less Help and Situations Wanted	2,296,071	
		8,351,745
American	8,888,782	
Less Help and Situations Wanted	874,547	
		8,014,235
Herald	9,036,429	
Less Help and Situations Wanted	1,512,344	
		7,524,085
Sun	3,672,381	
Less Help and Situations Wanted	8,898	
		3,663,483
Press	2,932,885	
Less Help and Situations Wanted	213,664	
		2,719,221
Tribune	2,523,878	
Less Help and Situations Wanted	65,052	
		2,458,826

POMPEIAN OLIVE OIL
PURE Olive Oil may be compared to PURE Milk. And POMPEIAN OLIVE OIL may be compared to CERTIFIED MILK. It is more than pure. It is select.
Full Measure Tins
POMPEIAN COMPANY
GENOA, ITALY BALTIMORE, U.S.A.

7-20-4
R. G. SULLIVAN'S
Sales for 1914—37,196,362.
Gain over previous twelve months, 1,619,709. Largest selling brand of 10-Cent Cigars in the World.
Factory: Manchester, N. H.

OLD CROW RYE
"Reg. U. S. Pat. Off."
GUARANTEED TO BE
PURE RYE WHISKEY
UNBLENDED, UNADULTERATED.
SOLD EVERYWHERE

INSTANT POSTUM
Never disappoints the palate.

Stop Coughs BROWN'S Bronchial TROCHES
Allay throat irritation and hacking cough. 25c, 50c and $1.00. Sample Free. JOHN I. BROWN & SON, Boston, Mass.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

Address: THE NEW YORK TIMES.
Publication Office..........Times Square
Times Annex....43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown..........15 Beekman Street
Wall Street..........2 Rector Street
Harlem..........263 West 125th Street
Bronx..........149th St. and Bergen Av.
Staten Island....Ferry House, St. George
Jersey City..........538 Jersey Avenue
Long Island City.....363 Jackson Avenue
Hoboken..........61 Second Street
Paterson..........13 Park Avenue
Elizabeth..........90 Broad Street
WASHINGTON..........Post Building
PHILADELPHIA..........Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO..........1,202 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS..........409 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT..........826 Ford Building
LONDON..........Marconi House, Strand, W. C.
PARIS..........32 Rue Louis le Grand
ONE CENT New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates:	1 Yr.	1 Mo.
DAILY AND SUNDAY	$8.50	$0.75
DAILY, without Sunday	6.00	.50
SUNDAY, with Picture Section and Review of Books	2.50	.25
Canada, Sunday only	5.00	.45

Binder, Picture Section, $1.75.
Postage free in United States, Canada, Mexico, Panama, Canal Zone, Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii, Philippines, Guam, Samoa, Shanghai.

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THE ANNALIST, (Mondays) per Year..$4.00 Canada, $5; other countries, $5.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW, per Year.......1.00 Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
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THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY OF THE EUROPEAN WAR. (semi-monthly.) Three months, $1.50. Six months, $3. One year, $6. Per copy, 25 cents.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per Year, $8; per Copy, $2.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JAN. 12, 1915.

THE BRITISH REPLY.

Lack of definite information impairs the force of Sir Edward Grey's reply to our representations about interference with our commerce, and unless we are at pains to obtain the needed information our rejoinder will suffer from the same defect. Certainly it ought to be possible to obtain from Italy a statement of the amount of copper she is using in her manufactures over and above her usual consumption. That is the foundation fact, and there can be no profitable discussion of the destination of copper shipped from this country to Italy until that fact is ascertained. In the British reply it is pointed out that we sent to Italy in the year 1913, in the months during which the war has been in progress up to the end of the third week in December, 15,202,000 pounds of copper; in the year 1914 our exports amounted to 36,285,000 pounds. In the same period our exports to other neutral countries in Europe increased from 7,271,000 pounds to 35,347,000 pounds.

Sir Edward Grey says that these figures create a very strong presumption that the bulk of the copper consigned to these countries has been intended, not for their own use, but for a belligerent who cannot import copper direct. A London paper says that "there is little doubt" that the bulk of our copper shipments to these neutral countries have Germany as their real destination. The presumption is not justified, and the "doubt" is by no means little. In the first place, as was pointed out in Ambassador Page's communication, Italy has prohibited the exportation of copper and has decreed that shipments to Italian consignees or "to order" arriving in Italian ports cannot be transported or transshipped. In the second place, Italy has for some months been engaged in active military preparations. For a third count against the British presumption we may point out that Italy can now obtain no copper from Germany and Austria. The increase in American shipments to Italy during the period mentioned by Sir Edward Grey amounts to little over 20,000,000 pounds. At the present price of copper in New York this excess above our usual exports would be worth $2,800,000. But Germany produces more than $10,000,000 worth of copper annually and the metal figures are largely export trade. In fact, the presumption as to our copper trade is directly contrary to that which the British Foreign Office so confidently puts forth. On the facts of the case there seems to be a very great probability that Italy, for her own increased needs, is calling for copper that she can no longer obtain from Germany and Austria.

Our Government, we suppose, will very properly call for some further details and specifications as to the impossibility of determining at sea whether a suspected cargo actually contains contraband with an enemy destination. The American note put emphasis upon our protest against taking ships and cargoes into British ports to be detained there during a general search for the evidence of contraband. That kind of interference with our commerce is most serious. The loss from delay in delivery is very great and the cost of cargo room and insurance is much increased. We are quite unaware what may be "the modern conditions" referred to by Sir Edward which make it necessary to take into British ports so many commerce carriers laden with American cargoes, which in the judgment of the Captains of British cruisers ought to be searched for contraband. At any rate, it ought easily to be possible, through some assurance as to manifest and the exercise of a friendly discretion on the part of British naval officers, to remove this ground of complaint.

Sir Edward sets up a new principle in what he has to say about the search or seizure of cargoes of foodstuffs. He admits that they should not be detained "without the presumption that they are intended for the enemy or the enemy Government." It would have been more in accord with English doctrine and the decision of English courts if Sir Edward, instead of writing "without the presumption," had written "without clear evidence." But this is a minor matter. The main point is that the British Government assures us of its intention to adhere to the traditional rule, but it "cannot give "an unlimited and unconditional "undertaking in view of the departure by those against whom we are "fighting from hitherto accepted "rules of civilization and humanity "and the uncertainty as to the extent "to which such rules may be violated "by them in future."

Surely the British Government does not expect us to accept as a principle of international law the doctrine that it is right to punish our commerce for the sins of German or Austrian troops in the field. This passage in the British reply has so curious a look in a diplomatic communication that we may perhaps accept it as a pretty broad hint that if we issue a formal protest against the dropping of bombs on undefended cities or the bombardment of cathedrals the English will see what can be done about giving unimpeded transit to our exports of foodstuffs.

The tone of the British reply is, of course, altogether friendly. It is impossible to imagine unfriendliness of intent or phrase in our diplomatic interchanges with Great Britain at this time. It is a business matter, a business arrangement we wish to make. We are, therefore, entitled, and in our own interests required, to employ every fact and every fair and reasonable consideration and argument that will strengthen our case. It would be most effectively strengthened by trustworthy information and statistics that would overthrow some of the presumptions upon which the British reply is based.

HAPPY, HAPPY OREGON.

The law-ridden East looks westward to Oregon with growing admiration. Oregon has a Governor through whose untamed soul blow the salt breezes of the Pacific. He believes in short cuts. Law is long and time is fleeting. He conserves the time and repeats Asa Bird Gardiner's maxim about the law.

He is the Governor who put a town under martial law because liquor was sold in it, and put his private secretary, a doubtless warlike young lady named Miss Fern Hobbs, in command of his warriors when they marched on the town. Now he has announced that he will pardon a criminal who swindled an old couple out of $3,000 on condition that he return the money. Gov. West says it will be better to let the old people have the money than to keep the swindler in prison. It cannot be denied that there is a certain attractiveness about this idea; but it strikes the ear of the humdrum East, accustomed to slavish conformity with the law, as just a bit unconventional.

Now, however, Gov. West has given his finest example of the short cut. He has an estimable cousin, Miss Kathryn Clark, and is convinced that she would make a first-class State Senator, and that the quality of Oregon's legislation would be much improved if she got into the Legislature. Unfortunately she has never been elected to it. That would be a serious obstacle to some Governors, but is a straw in the path of Gov. West. He appoints a Senator to a newly created District Attorneyship, and then appoints Miss Clark Senator to succeed him.

The Oregon Constitution, it is true, provides that vacancies in the Legislature must be filled by special election, and the law is that a Senator cannot be appointed to an office created by the Legislature of which he was a member. But these little objections are trifles to a Governor so full of resource, so adept in short cuts, so skillful in circumventing the circumlocution office, as Gov. West. We, in the moldy, moth-eaten East, admire Oregon for choosing such a free-spirited chief. We do not exactly envy her the possession of him, for we are hidebound and set in our ways and would not feel comfortable with him; but we can say to her honestly and with no reservations that we are glad she has got him.

MUDDLING THE SITUATION.

The gravity of the problem facing us in the unemployment of so many thousands of men, willing to work and competent to earn decent wages if work can be provided for them, is so well understood in this city that the most thoughtful and best-informed citizens have waived their objections, based on clearly understandable economic considerations, to having the municipal Government incur obligations which might be postponed in order to give work immediately to many. The plan of the Citizens' Union, approved by the City Club, has been favorably considered by the Mayor and the Board of Estimate. But there are social reformers of both the sentimental and the rabid type who are not satisfied to have a condition which affords them so large opportunities for rhetoric easily and practically relieved. Prof. Henry Seager, who always means well, suggests a monster parade of the unemployed, which would doubtless call into action all the elements of agitation, and Dr. Moskowitz goes further and suggests that the trades unions should organize the demonstration. If the unions should be led to follow his advice, they would soon find themselves again in violent opposition to the I. W. W. and various anarchistic organizations that are eager for a chance to get a vast crowd together for their own purposes.

This proposed parade should not be permitted. There is no occasion for it, as everybody knows that many men are out of work, and everybody will also know, if the parade takes place, that most of the men in line are not those who are actually seeking work. To the efforts of Prof. Seager and Dr. Moskowitz to confuse the pitiable situation and hamper the good work that is under way, that eminent sociologist and publicist Mr. Amos R. Pinchot lends his assistance. Persons of this sort are not evil, but their influence is often evil. They have obsessions, they lack a true sense of proportion, their comprehension of grave economic problems is small. What has Mr. Pinchot's fancied distrust of Judge Gary, for instance, to do with the matter of city employment for the unemployed? Judge Gary has approved of the plan of the Citizens' Union and his approval has been regarded as valuable and encouraging because of his large practical knowledge and experience.

Prof. Seager is of the opinion that there are brighter times ahead. We are glad to have that expression of opinion from a Professor of Economics. But we can assure him that he will not hasten the coming of the good day by initiating a public parade of the "unemployed," which would inevitably turn out to be a noisy demonstration of professional malcontents who live on the sufferings of their fellow-men, and give the police a great deal of unnecessary work. With better times in prospect, too, there is little danger that Prof. Seager's plan for unemployment insurance will have an early hearing. All that he can do practically as economist or private citizen to relieve the present distress, however, will be heartily commended, and it is well to say that much to this end has been done this Winter with excellent results by many private citizens and organizations, and that without needless ostentation.

FICTITIOUS NEW YORK.

When some power does gie us the giftie to see ourselves as others see us, it is not always so enlightening as might be expected; they frequently see us as we are not. There is, for instance, in the minds of a large part of our citizenry in other States a picture of New York which no New Yorker can recognize. It is implicitly believed there that New York is inhabited by people who live exclusively on lobsters and champagne, navigate the city wholly in taxicabs, and spend most of their time getting divorces from each other and remarrying; there being a substratum of population which consists chiefly of gunmen. New York is, in fact, largely populated by individuals who never see the Great White Way, have an organ in the parlor and family prayers, and put the cat out at 9 P. M. But our out-of-town friends have the other New York so firmly fixed in their minds that they would scoff unbelievingly if they were told this. The New York they have in mind is the one portrayed so dispassionately the other day by the Rev. William A. Sunday.

It is an article of faith with them that this "rotting, corroding, corrupt, hell-ridden, God-defying, devil-ridden New York," as Mr. Sunday describes it, is governed by a malign organization known as Tammany Hall, in whom all the sins of the city are concentrated and illustrated. And now even such a well-informed paper as The Indianapolis News extends our shame to the whole State:

> Tammany's hold on New York [State] has been secure for many years. At intervals the clutch has been loosened, only to be tightened when public antagonism lessened. Thus it was that the respite gained in the days of Hughes was short-lived.

The Republicans gained control of this State in 1894, and held it until 1910 without a break—sixteen years. The Democrats carried the State in 1910, and again in 1912, but in 1914 the Republicans won it back again. Even before the Republicans began their long reign Tammany never controlled the State; the Democratic Governors were all anti-Tammany men, with the exception of Flower, and he was merely on friendly terms with the organization. Hill sometimes got along with Tammany and sometimes fought it. But that is all ancient history; the fact is that this has been for twenty years a Republican State, with a four-year intermission.

But at least, our out-of-town friends will say, The News's statement is true of New York City. It is not. With the exception of Mayor McClellan's first term of two years, this city has been out of Tammany's control since 1901, thirteen years. But what is the use? Argument and facts are of no avail against a preconception or a prejudice. There are certain ideals of American cities and States which are as indestructible as they are false. Philadelphia is not slow, Boston is no more "high-browed" than many other places, Kentucky is less given to whisky drinking than many other States, and New York is not populated by rounders and governed by Tammany Hall; but these legends are more imperishable than marble or granite.

SUBJECTS OF GREATER BRITAIN.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway; Sir William Van Horne, financier of several railways in Canada and elsewhere, and Sir George H. Perley, Acting High Commissioner of the Dominion in London, have filed their applications for citizenship in the British Empire. For the first time it became possible on New Year's for Americans who had become Canadians to become subjects of the empire.

After Sir Thomas Shaughnessy had become a Canadian, and ventured to make some remarks upon imperial affairs, Bourassa, the French leader of Quebec, bluntly advised him to become a British citizen before speaking as such. It now appears that his neglect to do so was the fault of the law, rather than of his disposition. As soon as the law enabled him to dispense with five years' residence in the United Kingdom as a condition of citizenship, he filed his application under the new law, which provides in brief that a citizen of any of the dominions is a citizen of the empire. Five years spent anywhere in the empire is counted equivalent to the previous condition of residence in the British Isles, and any of the self-governing dominions may grant citizenship in the empire through its own citizenship.

Therefore the distinguished gentlemen named above will shortly cease to be Canadians in the Dominion and Americans in England. It would puzzle an American to say what was the status under the old law of an Australian in Canada. Hereafter, it is clear, wanderers of British citizenship will not change their status because they have gone "home" to a motherland which did not recognize them as children. They were British subjects formerly only within the colony which had naturalized them, and the British flag did not cover them in strange lands, or at "home." An empire built upon such a citizenship was an anomaly, if not a mockery. The new dignity of British citizenship is the fruit of ten years' agitation, and has no relation to the war, except to raise questions under the new law. According to the mails received yesterday, England is agitated lest spies should naturalize themselves in England. The difficulty is that British citizenship once conferred cannot be revoked except for fraud. Therefore a spy who had broken his oath of allegiance would nevertheless remain a British subject. Moreover, the new law allows naturalized citizens to become Privy Councilors, which is contrary to the Act of Settlement. But these are trifles. There is a short way with spies of any nationality. The Act of Settlement is of slight importance as an obstacle to the new birth of the empire. It had seemed falling apart, but the war has developed a solidarity which is not the least of its consequences, nor the least welcome here. That the British citizenship is to have a worth and dignity comparable to American citizenship is something altogether agreeable to us. The Canadians have been our good cousins, and they will not be the less so. The new citizenship is born in troublous times, but it will lend strength to the empire, which needs the loyalty of every Briton and the support of every friend of good government.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Pertinent Question Was Evaded.

After Dr. Bernhard Dernburg had presented at a public meeting in New Rochelle, on Sunday, "The Case of Germany" as he sees it—or as he wants Americans to see it, which may or may not be exactly the same thing, though it probably is—he invited questions from his hearers and answered them in a way well calculated to please the majority of them. That is, of course, the partisan orator's set task, and its successful accomplishment, in this and other like instances, proves Dr. Dernburg's skill and the wisdom of those who sent him on his mission.

Some of his answers, however, proved more than the doctor's ability. It is highly significant of the composition of his audience, and of how little inclined it was, as a whole, to criticism or analysis of his statements, that he evoked much applause when, in reply to an inquiry as to how widely accepted in Germany are the doctrines of Treitschke and Bernhardi, he asked how many Americans had heard of the two now famous exponents of ruthless militarism until their books were sent over here by the English after the war began. This answer was perfectly satisfactory, evidently, to most of the people who heard it, and as evidently they considered the hostile interrogator properly squelched.

Yet it was no answer at all, and would not be, even if it were true, which it is not, that Americans' knowledge of the Prussian historian and his disciple dated back only to some time after August last. That told nothing about the extent of Treitschke's influence in Germany, or about the number of Germans who had heard his lectures or read his books. But the intended and accepted implication of the reply was that until very recently Treitschke was as little read or heeded in Germany as here. The implication is—well, not in accord with facts that are now known to multitudes of Americans, and have long been known to those, not a few, who have taken pains to utilize one or more of the several available means to inform themselves as to the course of events and thought in Europe.

But that Dr. Dernburg resorted to a familiar oratorical device is amusing rather than reprehensible, and it is the more easily overlooked because he had the good taste and the good sense to repudiate the supremely silly charge, voiced by one of his auditors, that "British gold" accounts for the position which The Times has taken with regard to the war.

Truly an Ancient Grievance.

A reader of The Times who is also a reader of the classics—we like to think that the two go well together—has been impressed and wants other people to be so, too, by the appositeness to present events and situations of certain lines which he has just found anew in a book written some twenty-three hundred years ago. They form part of the "Andromache" of Euripides, and, as translated, run thus:

When, with the spoils of vanquished foes, the host
A trophy rear, they think not how 't was gained
By those brave soldiers who endure the toil of battle
While their General bears away all the renown.
Though he was only one
Who stood midst thousands, brandishing his spear.

This grievance is indeed an old one. It started long before the day of Euripides—probably as soon as the distinction between leaders and followers developed among the troglodytes—and it seems likely to persist till that distinction disappears—which won't be tomorrow or even next day. But of what always has been and gives every promise of always being there is usually something, and even a good deal, to be said, and, as in the case of other immemorial "folkways," the injustice in this one is probably more apparent than real.

"The General," as a matter of fact, doesn't take quite "all" of the renown, and if he does get what seems more than his fair share of it, he also bears, when things go ill, at least as much more of the blame or disgrace than is his due. The mistakes and cowardice of his subordinates are as often ascribed to him as their heroism and wisdom, and so the account is squared well enough.

Their Plan Needs a Revision.

Possibly there is a little more excellence of intention than wisdom of action in the establishment, with headquarters in Washington, of a "Women's National Made-in-the-U.-S.-A. League." What the members intend, of course, is to promote home industries. This they will accomplish, to some extent, if the league grows large and its members all keep the oath or vow they take on admission, which is "to demand and buy, whenever possible, everything made in the United States of America, and urge my friends to do likewise." A thoughtful critic, however, if he happen to be also something of a political economist, will view this contract with some dubiety, and especially will he wonder just what the estimable leaguers mean by "whenever possible."

A good many more things are possible than are expedient, and while a preference for foreign-made goods can be carried to the point of folly, and even of imbecility or insanity, as much can be said of preferences for the home product if it be of poorer quality or greater cost than one from abroad.

Countries, like individuals, have special facilities or capacities, and there is no good reason why advantage should not be taken of this fact. The new league may do real harm, too, by freeing the home manufacturer from foreign competition in lines where he is perfectly well able to meet it if he will. Moreover, our eager desire to sell abroad depends in no small measure for satisfaction upon our willingness to buy abroad. That is "business," and nothing else is, for foreign trade cannot long be all one way.

Psychology Reaches the Poets.

Ideas formulated by the professors of the new and practical psychology are spreading fast and far nowadays, and winning approval in unexpected quarters. Even from the poets, it seems, they are receiving thoughtful consideration.

The truth of this statement is proved by the note accompanying some verses just offered to us. As so many such notes do—though by no means as many as should—it announced the inclosure of a stamped and addressed envelope for use by us in case the offered contribution lacked "availability," but then was added the phrase, quite new as part of such a note—"though thus to suggest return is of course injudicious."

And of course it was, if what the Wise Ones have been telling us about the rôle of suggestion in the everyday affairs of life is based on fact, and they have a most convincing way of preaching their doctrines. What would-be contributors should express, according to the psychologists, is confidence in the merit of their work and expectation of its acceptance.

Perhaps that is so, but it should be done very skillfully and modestly, for there are few things that editors like less than to be told by the author of submitted work that it is magnificent or even good. Editors have opinions of their own on that point, and they are paid to use their own judgment, such as it is, not that of other people.

BELGIUM'S EXHIBIT.

Shipment Held in Lyons Ready for San Francisco.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I note in a recent announcement from Paris that an exhibit from Belgium is available for the World's Fair in San Francisco. It would, of course, have been impracticable to put into shape in the devastated territory of the poor little kingdom an exhibit that would make a fair representation of its industries. Such an exhibit had, however, been prepared a year or more back for the exposition in Lyons, and this is now in readiness to be forwarded at the proper time to San Francisco.

I suggest that it would be in order, as a matter of international courtesy and in recognition of the exceptional disasters that have come upon Belgium in its attempt to defend its liberties, for the Government of the United States to offer to bear the expense of the shipment from Lyons to San Francisco of the Belgian exhibits and of their return later. The presence in San Francisco of a representation of Belgian industries placed under the Belgian flag will constitute a legitimate protest on the part of the plucky Belgians against the attempted annexation of their kingdom by Germany, an annexation which will, I trust, not be confirmed.

GEORGE HAVEN PUTNAM.

New York, Jan. 11, 1915.

OVERLOADED EDITOR

Makes Spirited Protest Against "Manuscripts by the Cartload."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I was informed by the editor of one of the weekly magazines that on Christmas Day he read, or had others read, 200,000 words, and on New Year's Day 500,000 words—principally of stories. As he was the editor in chief, he did not read all the "words" that flowed into his sanctum from the writing public. On ordinary days he reads between 50,000 and 60,000 "words" that get by the women readers.

Calculating from this, I should readily believe that at this time, principally owing to the war, and lack of other employment, almost every educated person, and a large number of the uneducated, are sending in manuscripts by the cartload to our different magazines. In each magazine there are employed from six to twenty-four "readers," chiefly of the female sex, whose duty it is to send back the manuscripts, if stamps are inclosed, and throw the manuscripts into the stove in case they are not prepaid.

HENRY STIGGINS.

New York, Jan. 11, 1915.

The Ballot in Utah.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Presumably Harvey O'Higgins and Miss Harriet Ford, who are reputed near-suffragists, did not intend to write an anti-suffrage play when they created the powerful drama "Polygamy," now running in this city. The primary motive of the play is to expose the inside workings of the Mormon system; but every disinterested playgoer who sees "Polygamy" must admit that the plight of the Mormon woman as here revealed completely knocks out the suffrage theory of the ballot as the instrument of woman's emancipation, and vindicates the anti-suffrage contention that if woman is enslaved—as suffragists affirm all voteless women are—the ballot cannot free her, since hers will be as slavish as herself, and, like every subservient vote, a direct invitation to tyranny and corruption.

B.

New York, Jan. 11, 1915.

WHAT IS MILITARISM?

Is It a Tendency to Regard Military Efficiency as the Be-All and End-All of the State?

Written for The New York Times
By FRANK JEWETT MATHER, JR.,
Professor of Art in Princeton University.

The other day a German-American graduate student asked me why, if Germany is to be condemned as militaristic for her great army, England should not be similarly condemned for her great fleet. I tried to explain that militarism and having great armies and fleets are not necessarily one and the same thing. A little later I read in The Army and Navy Journal that it was wrong to blame Germany for the militarism which had made her superb army ready for the present war. She ought, on the contrary, to be praised for her foresight. To the editor of The Army and Navy Journal, who ought, if anybody, to know what militarism means, it meant having great armies of high efficiency. Still later I read in The Evening Post that Gen. Wotherspoon, who proposed doubling our miniature army and providing an effective reserve, was trying to clamp upon the nation the burdens of militarism. To The Post it is militaristic to wish to improve or enlarge an inadequate army. Still other writers have insisted that America and England are more militaristic than Germany because they spend more per capita for their fleets and armies. To such thinkers militarism is a financial problem.

Since this amount of difference and confusion existed among highly trained men, it seemed worth while to clarify my own thinking on the subject, and it seemed possible that the train of thought that had enlightened me might do as much for others. First, I found it necessary to clear away certain confusions in a common sense way. Evidently militarism isn't just having a lot of available trained soldiers. Switzerland, who regards every able-bodied citizen up to 60 as contingently a soldier, and trains all her young men, has never been regarded as militaristic. Nor can mere efficiency be the touchstone. The Dutch Army is supposed to be highly efficient, but Holland has never been accused of militarism. So financial statistics tell nothing, for some nations pay their soldiers only pin money, while other nations pay considerable wages. Finally, compulsory military service is not the test, for peaceful Switzerland compels every citizen to serve.

At this point of destructive criticism, it seemed wise to consult the dictionary. The best dictionary there is, the "New English," gives the following definition:

> The spirit and tendencies characteristic of the professional soldier; the prevalence of military sentiments or ideals among a people; *the political condition characterized by the predominance of the military class in Government or administration; the tendency to regard military efficiency* as the paramount interest of the State.

The last two clauses of this paragraph exactly define militarism as the term is used in current political discussion. The essence of militarism is simply that the military establishment is not subordinate but superior to the civic power. A State with a tiny army that swayed its administration would be quite as militaristic as a State possessing vast armaments. A State with huge fleets and armies duly subordinated to the civil government is not militaristic. The issue is merely, Who rules—soldier or statesman? Under this test England has never since the Bill of Rights been a militaristic State. Parliament has always controlled the fleet and army. England is no more militaristic today with a million and a half troops under arms than she was six months ago with a tithe of that number. France had her era of militarism under the first Napoleon and under the third.

Twice since the Republic was established, in the Boulanger episode and in the *affaire* Dreyfus, she moved in a militaristic direction, but promptly and resolutely retraced her steps toward democracy. Russia has, for an absolute monarchy, been singularly unmilitaristic. Her Czars have rarely been driven by a war party and on the whole have been of pacific temper. When Russia has fought, it has generally been, not because the army demanded war, but because war seemed politic or a duty to the Czar and to his councilors. The militaristic nation par excellence has been Germany. Ever since the Danish provinces were wrung from their lawful rulers, military preparedness has been the preferred business of the Prussian State and of the subordinate principalities which she federated into the German Empire. At every crucial stage of the delicate negotiations which preceded and inaugurated the present war, the military rulers of Germany dictated the decision of the civil rulers. In the words of the New English Dictionary, "the predominance of the military class in government" asserted itself.

But before I attack this quite central nub of my theme, it may be well to ask what are the outward symptoms of militarism in a State. The most evident symptom is an unduly privileged position of its army and navy officers. No English Captain of a dreadnought, or French Colonel of a legion, or Russian General, or American Admiral cultivates or is permitted to cultivate a special set of truculent military manners. He claims no social privileges above other gentlemen. In a controversy with a civilian, the clubs and the law courts give him no favored position. The idea that he is privileged to bully or humiliate the most obscure civilian never occurs to him. In unmilitaristic nations the code, written and unwritten, that is binding on any gentleman is equally binding on an officer.

In Prussia, and pretty generally in Germany, just the contrary is the case. An officer is expected to be schneidig—cutting, sharp, peremptory. Berlin is the only city in the world in which I have seen officers lock arms on a main street and sweep all civilians aside into the gutter. I have seen the same officers who made grotesquely low obeisances to women in the ballroom elbowing women aside with utmost roughness in order first to enter a shop door. In case of an altercation between an officer and a civilian of lower class, the officer is supposed to slash the offender with his sword. At Zabern, not long ago, a lame shoemaker mocked an unpopular Lieutenant and was thus duly cut over the head. For days the Colonel of the local garrison terrorized the community, disregarding the protests of the civil authorities, and virtually putting the town under martial law. When the matter came into the courts the lower courts imposed nominal penalties upon the Colonel and Lieutenant, penalties which were promptly annulled by the higher courts. To celebrate this vindication of the right of the army to break heads and terrorize peaceful communities in maintenance of its honor, the Crown Prince sent a personal message of congratulation to the high-spirited Colonel of Zabern. Where civilians are so treated, private soldiers do not come off too well. Recently an American refugee was parleying in French with a Prussian officer who did not know that language. A man from the ranks offered to interpret and was smitten in the face for his pains. The authority and superiority of the officer were vindicated according to the strict militaristic code.

I would not be understood as saying that German Army officers as a class are bullies. I merely know from observation that many of them are, and that the type is both tolerated and encouraged. In a lesser acquaintance with German naval officers I have found them men of genial and unassuming manners, and I have never met one who had the disagreeably arrogant port which is characteristic of many of the younger German Army officers. In any case, this privilege of the officer to browbeat his own privates and the civil populace is merely a symptom. The cause must be sought deeper in the subordination of all civil interests and authority to military interests.

Such usurpation of the power of the State by the military was plainly evident in Germany at two highly critical moments. On July 31, after repeated pressure from Berlin and London, Vienna was about to make assurances that would have been satisfactory at Petrograd. The war was as good as averted. At this moment the General Staff insisted that Germany was endangered by the mobilization of France and Russia, and ultimata meaning war were issued to both neighboring powers. If the German Chancellery really wanted peace, and could control the military authorities, it had only to insist that the General Staff postpone its ultimatum by a day or two. But such an assertion of civil authority was impossible in militaristic Germany. A diplomatic situation of great complexity, an intricate human problem, was treated merely as a move in a war game, and war was made inevitable at the very moment when successful diplomats had prepared a way for peace.

The predominance of the military party over the civil branch was as clearly shown in the invasion of Belgium. Had the decision been left to the civil authorities there can be little doubt what it would have been. Diplomacy and statecraft would have neglected no chance to keep England out of the war, or at least to delay her entrance and deprive her of creditable motive for interference. The German civil authorities, despite subsequent insincere professions, knew that a neutral Belgium was a defensive bulwark for both France and England, and that there was no chance that either nation would wantonly knock down its own best geographical defense in order to reach Germany. Hence all considerations of German interest called for letting Belgium alone. At this point the problem was taken out of the hands of statecraft and treated as a purely military question. For years the plan of the General Staff had called for the invasion of France through Belgium. It was inconvenient to change a standing military plan in mere regard for the international position and broader advantage of Germany. The General Staff imposed its will on the Kaiser and Chancellor, with the result that all the world knows. Militarism for its own narrow and ill considered ends dictated to the civil power the decision which spelled dishonor and disaster to the Vaterland.

To such ruthless and foolish militaristic acts Germany owes the distrust and disapproval of the civilized world, and rightly. For civilization cannot tolerate that state of mind to which a cataclysm of slaughter is an eventuality to be hastened, and the violation of a state one is pledged to defend a normal minor incident of a military campaign. To be militaristic in this twentieth century is to be an outlaw, and Germany is plainly destined to the fate of a declared outlaw in an aroused and indignant community. Even an outlaw under sufficient chastisement may acquire a respect for law. The hope for the world and the hope for Germany is that she may get such a beating as shall make her loathe the militaristic false leaders who lowered her honor among nations and heedlessly imperiled her very existence. Her restoration to the community of civilized nations depends upon her conversion from militarism.

EDUCATIONAL ALLIANCE

Aims to Help in Assimilating Immigrants.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

That the Educational Alliance may devote its available funds to prevention work which is of equal if not greater importance in its effects than relief necessarily given to the distressed, the institution will not publish the usual annual report. In the absence of that document I would impress the philanthropic public with the nature of our work, which includes every phase of activity tending to the Americanization of immigrants.

To merge in our body-politic some part of the hitherto large immigration from eastern and southeastern Europe is the problem of the Educational Alliance, but it is also your problem and the problem of all the people of the city and State. The transition period is the delicate one and must be handled in a statesmanlike way. To discover the strength in the character of the alien, and by cultivating that, develop in his new environment what is best in him, so that in turn he will bring to the community a desirable racial and ethical contribution to the general good, and thus create a composite national ideal of the best of which the separate factors are capable are the objects which the alliance strives to attain. Among our activities are the Naturalization Bureau, which prepares the immigrant for citizenship, and the Information Bureau, which directs him where to turn in order to secure the opportunities for a livelihood, which a poor stranger so sorely needs. Then, too, the Educational Alliance maintains a Vocational Bureau which is no mere employment agency.

To uphold the Educational Alliance in its big work, it is of urgent necessity that it receive the generous support of the entire community.

SAMUEL GREENBAUM,
President.

New York, Jan. 11, 1915.

WHO STAND AND WAIT.

Who stand and wait on Fate
Are idlers at the gate
Beyond whose narrow arch
The valiant victors march:

Those who defied mischance
And conquered circumstance;
Who, with an iron clutch,
Gripped all and vanquished much;
Who, when Fate's smile seemed fair,
Sought still to do and dare,
And, when her bludgeon fell,
Rose from the gates of Hell,
To scorn so false a foe,
To deal back blow for blow,
To force ajar the gate
And seize Life's fair estate,
To storm high Heaven's hill
Armed with the steel, "I will."

All, idlers at the gate—
Who stand and wait for Fate.

A. N. E.

RECEIVE BEQUESTS AFTER 32 YEARS

Remainder Legacies, Aggregating $88,668, Go to Charity Under Lawrence Will.

AWAITED WIDOW'S DEATH

Home for Aged Couples, Children's Aid, and St. Johnland Societies the Beneficiaries.

Final payments of remainder legacies aggregating $88,668, bequeathed in 1882 by Samuel Lawrence, who died on Oct. 16 of that year, may be made now to the Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, the Children's Aid Society, and the Society of St. Johnland, according to an order made by Surrogate Fowler yesterday. The payments, which could not be made until the death of Mrs. Phebe Caroline Lawrence, widow of the testator, who died on March 22, are in equal shares.

The amounts to be turned over to each institution are enumerated as $9,556, in the accounting, filed and approved yesterday, of the estate of Mrs. Lawrence, who enjoyed the income from her husband's residuary estate while she lived. Payments of $20,000 each to the institutions since the death of Mrs. Lawrence are reported by Henry C. Swords of 50 East Sixty-seventh Street.

The accounting shows that Executor Swords took more than $112,181, and that, in addition to the bequests mentioned, he paid $10,000 to Mrs. Henrietta L. Butler, widow of Dr. George H. Butler and niece of the testator, and $5,000 each to the Protestant Episcopal Church of Cayuta Lake and St. Luke's Hospital. After commissions and administration expenses were deducted, it left the sum of $28,668 to be distributed.

There is a statement in the accounting that the income accrued from 1902, when the widow made her last accounting, to March 22, the date of her death, was $43,645, of which she had been paid $41,511.

D. O. WICKHAM'S WILL FILED.

Bulk of Capitalist's Estate Is Left to His Widow.

Various annuities are provided for in the will of Delos Olcott Wickham, a capitalist and oil pioneer of this city, who died at Palm Beach, Fla., on Dec. 30, 1914. The will was admitted for probate yesterday. Mr. Wickham had been retired from business for the last twenty years but was well known here, having been a member of many clubs, including the Union League and the Republican.

Six bequests of money are made, his widow, Mrs. Elizabeth K. Wickham, receiving $20,000 and the balance of the estate, which is said to be great, after the other bequests are paid. Brewster P. Kinney, Ralph P. Kinney, C. E. Hill, and Frank B. Hill each receive $2,000, and Jeannette P. Kinney, $1,000. Lyman H. Treadway, Mr. Wickham's brother-in-law, receives one-third of the estate; and the following receive the annuities: Jeannette P. Kinney, $300; Owen B. Wickham, $400; Gertrude E. Baker, $300; Mrs. Minnie Wade, $300; Mrs. Smalley, $300; Robert Drake, $300; Susan J. Dickinson, $200, and Mrs. Alice Dixon, $300.

All the real estate is willed to Annie W. Treadway, and the funds in the Society of Savings in Cleveland, Ohio, go to Edward B. and Mary W. Leisenring.

LEAVES ALL TO THE CHURCH

Mrs. Guinee Divides Her Estate Among Catholic Charities.

St. Francis Xavier's College, in West Sixteenth Street, receives $5,000, and other Roman Catholic institutions the rest of an estate of $11,500 left by Mrs. Julia E. Guinee, whose will was admitted to probate yesterday in the Surrogates' Court.

No realty is mentioned in the will. These institutions share in the estate: The Mission of the Immaculate Virgin for the Protection of Homeless and Destitute Children, at 378 Lafayette Street, receives $2,000; the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis in charge of St. Joseph's Hospital, at 143d Street and St. Ann's Avenue, the same amount; the Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, in West 106th Street, the same; the Missionary Society of the Most Holy Redeemer, in East Third Street, receives $100 for the use of the Purgatorian Society; the Rev. Edwin M. Sweeney, pastor of the Church of the Ascension, in West 107th Street, receives $100, and the same amount is left to the Rev. John H. Dooley, pastor of the Church of Corpus Christi, at Broadway and 121st Street; the Rev. Gaston M. Septier, pastor of the Church of Notre Dame, and the Rev. Thomas F. White, S. J., pastor of St. Francis Xavier's Church, in Sixteenth Street.

The residue of the estate goes to the Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, in West 106th Street.

ATTERBURY CUT OFF SON.

Attorney's Wife Will Receive His Entire Estate.

The will of Charles L. Atterbury, formerly a prominent attorney of this city, who died on Nov. 10, 1914, was admitted for probate yesterday at the Surrogates' Court. It was made on July 6, 1913, and provides that his son, Grosvenor Atterbury, the architect of 20 West Forty-third Street, shall receive nothing if his mother outlives his father. Mrs. Katharine M. Atterbury, his widow, receives the entire estate, which is stated to be above $5,000 and is supposed to be quite large.

Mr. Atterbury at one time was attorney for the Chicago & Atlantic R. R. Company, the National Cordage Company, the Pullman Palace Car Company and many other corporations.

Mustn't Anticipate Estate's Division.

The will of Kilbourne Tompkins, formerly of 102 Waverley Place, who died on Dec. 5, was admitted to probate yesterday in the Surrogates' Court. He left more than $5,000 worth of personal property, all of which goes to his widow, his five children sharing it equally after her death. A clause in the will forbids the children obtaining money in anticipation of the division of the estate. If any does so that child's share is forfeited and is to be divided among the other heirs.

ART NOTES.

The "furnishings and embellishments" of the residence of Mrs. Georgiana R. Rutter, to be sold today and tomorrow by the American Art Association, include a few pictures that are pleasant examples of a type that has long since lost its vogue. There is a modest but distinct quality in the paintings of Jules Goupil, for example, who emulated the silvery tones and exquisite finish of Stevens, and two characteristic works by this little known artist are in the collection.

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Angelo Dejulio, who has a studio at 1,261 Lind Avenue, claims to have predicted the outbreak of hostilities in Europe on a table whose surface is inlaid with a variety of colored woods, which enables him to obtain a full scheme of color without the use of paint. Apart from the imaginative idea, the table is a beautiful specimen of inlaying art.

William Starkweather's picture of an old woman trimming her nails is neither an imitation of the famous painting by Rembrandt nor does it seem even indirectly inspired by it. The old woman is a hard-featured person, with untidy hair and an aspect of grim severity; she might have been seen in Spain and painted in Paris. Clara Davidson paints a greenhouse scene with feeling for the heat in the air and the intensified light. Other artists are Susan M. Ketcham, H. R. McGinnis, who also has a canvas dedicated to hollyhocks in their most fervid mood; Anna Upjohn, and Alta Salisbury.

TABLEAUX VIVANTS ATTRACT SOCIETY

Periods from Paintings Shown at Plaza in Aid of Children's Court Committee.

SOUTHERN SOCIETY'S BALL

Dinners Precede Festivities at the Waldorf—Dance for an English Hospital for Wounded Soldiers.

There were several entertainments last night which attracted society.

The large ballroom at the Plaza was taxed to its capacity at the tableaux vivants given by the Children's Court Committee of the Association of Catholic Charities for the purpose of raising funds to carry on its work. The committee is: Mrs. Herman Ridder, Chairman, and Mrs. Herman K. Viele, Mrs. H. Gloster Armstrong, Mrs. George A. Muir, Mrs. John R. Chadwick, Mrs. J. Blakeley Creighton, Miss Therese M. Heide, Miss Linherr, and Miss Begley.

The tableaux representing various periods from paintings, ranging from the Byzantine to the modern, were posed by William L. Harris and Mme. Eleonora De Cisneros. A male choir behind the scenes rendered chants and songs incidental to the time in which each picture was painted. About fifty girls and young men posed in the tableaux.

General dancing followed the tableaux, the Floor Committee consisting of Hugh O'Donohue, Victor F. Ridder, John E. Gregory, and Ambrose O'Connell. Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., headed the long list of patrons and patronesses, which included many prominent society women of New York.

There was also a large attendance at the supper dance in the Rose Room of the Plaza last night for the benefit of the Convalescent Hospital for Wounded Soldiers at Farnham, England. Mrs. Roger Minton and Laurance Durant gave several exhibition dances.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. S. Harold Freeman, Mr. and Mrs. Seton Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Raymond D. Little, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest A. Bigelow, Mr. and Mrs. J. Nevett Steele, Jr., and Mrs. Florence Pell Waring.

The Floor Committee included W. Brice Brown, Bache Broen, J. V. Bouvier, 3d, Harry Cushing, 3d, Bradish J. Carroll, Jr., Paul Iaccaci, Shannon Meany, Bruce Post, J. Berry Underhill, Jr., and Edward Shippen.

Several large dinners preceded the annual ball given at the Waldorf-Astoria last night by the New York Southern Society, at which Mayor and Mrs. Mitchel were among the invited guests. Mrs. Benjamin N. Duke entertained at dinner for her daughter, Miss Mary L. Duke, taking her guests to the theatre and then to the ball. Mrs. W. W. Fuller, Mrs. E. E. Meacham, Mrs. J. S. Newell, and Col. J. Frank Supplee, also had dinner parties, taking their guests to the ball afterward.

Among the patronesses were Mrs. S. R. Berton, Mrs. J. D. Beale, Mrs. Frank B. Carpenter, Mrs. R. B. Dula, Mrs. M. Marshall, Mrs. Walter L. McCorkle, Mrs. H. Snowden Marshall, Mrs. Algernon S. Sullivan, Mrs. J. H. Parker, Mrs. Henry Pearson, Mrs. T. H. Price, Mrs. Stephen L. Snowden, Mrs. R. C. Taylor, and Mrs. Lewis B. Woodruff.

JULIAN B. BEATY TO WED.

Ex-Building Supt. Engaged to Miss Constance D. Peck.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Miss Constance Dawbarn Peck, daughter of Mrs. Cornelia Dawbarn Peck of Sound Beach, Conn., and the late Harry Thurston Peck, to Julian B. Beaty. Miss Peck is a graduate of Hamilton Institute.

Mr. Beaty, who is a native of South Carolina, is a graduate of Princeton and the New York Law School. While at Princeton he served as private secretary to both ex-President Grover Cleveland and President Woodrow Wilson. He was Secretary to the President of the Borough of Manhattan during President McAneny's administration, and later he was Superintendent of Public Buildings. He resigned last year to take his present position as associate counsel for the American Metal Company. No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Rose H. Bush Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. Irving T. Bush of 28 East Sixty-fourth Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Rose Howard Bush, to Arthur Tucker Ellsworth. Miss Bush is a granddaughter of Joseph Howard, Jr., of this city. The marriage is to take place early in the Spring at the country home of Mr. and rMs. Bush at Irvington-on-Hudson.

RICHARDS—FOLSOM.

Mrs. William R. Richards of Bridgeport, Conn., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Anna May ichards to H. Lloyd Folsom, a son of Henry T. Folsom of Orange, N. J. Mr. Folsom is a Yale graduate, Class of 1911. No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The wedding of Miss Elizabeth Sherman Hoyt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Reese Hoyt, and Thomas H. Frothingham of Philadelphia, will take place on Wednesday, Jan. 20, in St. Bartholomew's Church, with a reception afterward at the home of the bride's grandmother, Mrs. Alfred M. Hoyt, 934 Fifth Avenue.

Mrs. Edwin H. Weatherbee of 240 Madison Avenue will be at home informally on Mondays during January and February.

Mrs. Frank M. Black is giving a supper and dance at the Hotel Gotham on the night of Jan. 20.

Mrs. Robert E. Westcott, who has been seriously ill, is now convalescing at her home, 787 Fifth Avenue.

To-day's entertainments will include a small dinner by Mrs. W. Watts Sherman at her residence, 838 Fifth Avenue; Mrs. Thomas B. Gilford's dinner dance for Miss Marie de Tours Boynton, and Mrs. Drexel Dahlgren's theatre party and supper at Sherry's for her daughters, the Misses Dahlgren.

Mrs. William Mumford Ellis of Elliston, Va., is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Charles Henry Topping, 1 West Eighty-third Street. Mrs. Ellis was formerly Miss Pearl Tyler, youngest daughter of the late President John Tyler, and was well known in Saratoga and Newport society.

Charles Dana Gibson will judge today in the poster contest arranged by the Junior League, composed of débutantes, in connection with their annual entertainment to be held on three nights beginning Ja. 25, at the Waldorf-Astoria for New York charities. Among those who have entered the competition are Mrs. Herbert Shipman, Mrs. Steuart Davies, Mrs. Alexander Lehmann, the Misses Audrey Osborn, Frances Breese, Marjorie Curtis, Lisa Stillman, and Bruce Post and G. Macculloch Miller, Jr.

Mulfords Open a New Home.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Jan. 11.—Mr. and Mrs. Vincent S. Mulford opened their new home, Oak Knoll, tonight with a large reception and dance. The affair was attended by over 200 guests from New Jersey and New York. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Coppell, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Greenfield, Miss Marjorie Greenfield, B. Ogden Chisolm, Mr. and Mrs. Union N. Bethel, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Van Vleck, Mr. and Mrs. John Bradlee, Dr. and Mrs. James Hanan, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Hirsh, Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund B. Osborne, and Mr. and Mrs. William Cross.

PAVLOWA AT THE CENTURY.

Dancer to Begin 4 Weeks' Season Feb. 2—New Theatre Movement.

The immediate future of the Century Opera House was settled yesterday when an arrangement was made between the New Theatre Company and Max Rabinoff for Anna Pavlowa, the Russian dancer, to begin a four weeks' season of Russian ballet there, commencing Feb. 2. This will be the most extended ballet season ever undertaken in New York, and upon its success or failure will depend to a large extent the future plans for the Century Opera House.

Originally a joint season between Andreas Dippel's Opera Comique Company and the Pavlowa ballet was arranged. Owing to conditions, however, Mr. Dippel found it advisable to ask for a cancellation of the arrangement.

A répertoire of fourteen new ballets and a long list of divertissements has been arranged for the Pavlowa season at the Century. It is planned to give five night performances and one matinée. The night performances will be on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, Fridays, and Saturdays, with the single matinée on Saturday.

Although the various performances will be open to the general public three of them will be in the nature of subscription events.

One of the features is to be a series of tea dances, and will be given each Tuesday and Thursday afternoon during February. At these affairs Mlle. Pavlowa, assisted by the members of her company, among them Mlle. Plaskovietzka, M. Alexandre Volinine, and M. Ivan Clustine, will interpret Pavlowa's own ideas of modern social dances, and the patrons will be permitted to dance.

The announcement in THE TIMES yesterday that several of the founders of the New Theatre were planning to reorganize that movement with Granville Barker as the artistic director brought forth the following statement from Henry Rogers Winthrop, Secretary of the New Theatre:

> While I am not in a popsition to speak officially, I may say that I have heard of no definite plan for continuing the New Theatre movement. I know that some of the founders, feeling that the fundamental idea of the movement is sound, have hoped that it might be revived. Whether that view is shared by the founders generally I do not know.
>
> The action of some of the founders is encouraging Granville Barger to bring some of his recent productions to New York, a movement already inaugurated by the State Society, has no significance beyond that appearing upon the face of the announcement. This seemed to us, as it did to the Stage Society, an opportune time for the theatregoers in New York to have an opportunity of judging for themselves of the work of a man who, when the war broke out, was on the point of accomplishing in London what the founders of the New Theatre had hoped to accomplish in New-York—the establishment of an endowed repertory theatre.

Pal D. Cravath, one of the founders of the New Theatre, took exception to the protest of American actors against the importatoin of Mr. Barker and his English company as printed in the weekly theatrical paper Variety, and reprinted yesterday in TIMES.

"My interest in the effort to encourage Granville Barker to come to New York this Winter is due simply," said Mr. Cravath, "to my feeling that New York ought to have his productions, which have created such keen interest and discussion not only in London, but in all the capitals of Europe. I have never seen a production in which the producer's art seemed to me to have accomplished so much as the Barker production of "The Midsummer Night's Dream" in London last Spring.

"I differ radically with the writer of the article in Variety. If the Barker productions have the galvanic effect on the drama in New York which they have had in London, American actors will gain immensely. What the drama in this country needs is a stimulant—not soothing syrup. Granville Barker, like his co-worker, Bernard Shaw, is an original and stimulating influence, and it is such an influence that the drama in New York most needs at this time."

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE.

Some of the Passengers on Two Liners—The Departures.

Trans-Atlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

NIEUW AMSTERDAM, (Amsterdam.)—C. Enthoven, Mrs. M. Fortsner, Dudley Hall, Miss Caroline Kopf, Mrs. E. H. Malkin, A. W. Walter, Mrs. R. Weymar, Mr. and Mrs. W. Witzen, Dr. F. Zayas, Cuban Minister to Belgium, and Mrs. Zayas.

PHILADELPHIA, (Liverpool.)—Miss S. R. Birtle, W. J. Bowden, Miss Rachel Burton, C. Caunter, George Collins, Miss E. E. Cory, Mrs. Elsie Cotter, J. H. Duckworth, B. L. Fairfax, Paul F. Frey, Mrs. G. W. Gamble, Edwin Harper, Miss E. M. Hughes, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Jenkins, G. G. Knowles, A. R. Lawrie, Miss S. B. Leiter, Miss W. M. Marriott, W. B. Mathews, Thomas Powers, Joseph Silver, Mrs. Olive Snider, R. Teale, Ethelbert Watts.

Some of those booked to leave today for Naples on the Finland are:

Miss A. M. Babbitt, Mrs. H. S. Baldwin, W. A. Brewn, the Rev. and Mrs. Clement Brown, the Rev. A. J. Burrowes, Miss B. Crocker, Mrs. L. A. Ewald, Mr. and Mrs. I. P. Favor, Mrs. Elmer Roberts, Miss M. H. Smith, Count and Countess G. Taveggi, I. K. Taylor.

BULLETIN No. 9

Battles in Tenement Homes

COST OF A YEAR'S CAMPAIGN

To supply food, clothing, shelter, and other necessaries of life to needy families until they get back to a self-supporting basis, and to provide the personal service of nurses, visitors, and teachers that must go with this relief to help the unfortunate help themselves, this Association needs immediate and generous public support.

The following funds are needed to care for the 3,100 families now in our care and the many more which will seek our aid this year:

$130,000

To pension widows with dependent children now in our care.

$102,000

For rent, food, clothing, and other necessities of life to alleviate distress among dependent families, other than those of widows, now looking to us for temporary aid and for others who will need help this Winter.

$86,000

For the service of skilled nurses, visitors, dietitians, and other teachers who are in daily contact with the homes of the poor as *your* representatives and *their* friends, advisers, and social doctors.

$42,000

For the propaganda work of the Department of Family Welfare and for the administration of the Bureau of Rehabilitation and Relief.

With these funds we can this year render adequate and efficient service to 10,000 unfortunate families.

Contributors who request it receive reports showing how their donations were used.

We ask only in behalf of those who we know need it.

Will you help us to provide their needs?

NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR,
Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., President. R. Fulton Cutting, Chairman Fin. Com.
Robert Shaw Minturn, Treasurer.
Room 210, 105 EAST 22nd STREET

(This advertisement is paid for by a friend who wishes to spread the gospel of efficient charity. This series of bulletins in post card form will be supplied in quantities upon application.)

ALAS, POOR DALY'S! BURLESQUE REIGNS

Fond Memories of Historic Playhouse Rudely Shaken by "Sunshine Girls"—40 of 'Em.

FAVORITES' PORTRAITS GONE

In Lobby, Garish Pictures of "Queens" in Fleshlings Replace Those of Daly's Stars.

Shades of Augustin Daly; shades of Ada Rehan's Katharine; shades of all the traditions of the spot where John Drew played when he was young and where Mrs. Gilbert played when she was old! In streaming red letters a huge sign yesterday announced to Broadway.

Daly's Theatre,
The Home of Burlesque.

And the sign told the truth. The historic old playhouse, the theatre where the Daly Stock Company, with all of its traditions and all of its stars once played, yesterday afternoon became a burlesque theatre, a spoke in the "Progressive Burlesque Wheel," and "The Sunshine Girls"—Forty of 'em, count 'em—took possession of the stage and displayed their abilities—in tights—and sang, when the curtain rose, "I can't Stop Lovin' Him Now."

"Two performances daily; smoking permitted," said the sign in front of the old theatre, and vari-colored "three-sheet posters conveyed the same intelligence in the lobby, where once the pictures of the greatest actors and actresses in the world hung.

The pictures have gone. Whether the new managers of the theatre felt somewhere a sense of th inappropriate or whether the old potraits did not just fit in with the new pictures in green and yellow and red and purple and all the other colors of the lithographer's art is not known. At all events, the old pictures have gone, and in their place are the newcomers—burlesque kings and queens in fleshings and comedy "make up."

Prizes of Country Store.

On Thursday nights, so ran another sign in the theatre, there will be a country store. Translated to a language which the old patrons of Daly's would understand this means that on Thursday evenings prizes, chairs, sacks of flour, rolling pins, and the like, will be distributed to certain lucky holders of seats. Country store on Thursday night, the night when the socially elect of New York drove to Daly's behind the handsome teams and watched Ada Rehan and John Drew make love as only Miss Rehan and Mr. Drew could make it.

Yesterday afternoon's performance was late starting. The scenery for the burlesque show did not arrive until after 2 o'clock and the audience, a great audience it was in point of size, which filled every seat in the theatre, smoked, as the new rules permitted, and, as time wore on, sang "It's a Long Way to Tipperary" and other popular hits of the day. They were mostly men in the audience and many of them had been forced to ask the way to Daly's Theatre when they heard that a real burlesque show was going to play there. It was nearly 3 o'clock when the curtain went up and the initials of Augustin Daly, still painted on the old drop, moved out of sight and the Forty Beauties began their dance and their songs.

There were other things besides the forty women in the chorus, of course. A burlesque show audience must have the girls, but it needs something else as well, something furnished by leading burlesquers who must supply their art with what is technically known as "Pep and Ginger." The pep and ginger is being supplied by Alice De Layno and Marie Le Beuf and the De Graff sisters and the Bijou Comedy Four, all names new to Broadway. Next week another set of artists will move into the house, and the prospects are that the old theatre, which has been dead, financially, for several years, will come to life as an amusement centre again. But what a centre—Daly's Theatre, the Home of Burlesque.

Brooklyn Amusements.

Marie Tempest, having concluded her engagement at the Comedy Theatre, moved to Brooklyn with her London company this week, where she presents, at the Majestic, "Mary Goes First" for the first part of the week and "The Marriage of Kitty" after Wednesday night.

At the Grand Opera House the new stock company presents the comedy "Baby Mine."

At the Bushwick Theatre "Neptune's Garden" heads the vaudeville bill. Other attractions are Doyle and Dixon, Bob Matthews in "Dreamland," and the Okabo Japs.

Trixie Friganza, John Conroy and his diving girls, Georgie Wood, and Hoey and Lee are among the headliners of a very attractive bill at the Orpheum.

At the Prospect Theatre Frank Keenan heads the bill with his sketch, "Vindication." Among the other features are Conroy and Le Maire, Toby Claude, and Bird Millman and company.

ORDYNSKI TO SETTLE HERE.

Reinhardt's Lieutenant to Stage Plays in This Country.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Jan. 11, (via London.)—Richard Ordynski, Max Reinhardt's young lieutenant in the management of the Deutches Theatre in Berdlin, will arrive in New York this week on board the liner Rotterdam. He intends to spend an indefinite period in the United States, introducing the methods of production which hase bade Reinhardt famous.

Ordynski, who is a Pole, put on "Sumurun" and "The Miracle" for Reinhardt in London, Paris, and Vienna, and took the "Sumurun" company to America in 1912. He said in an interview:

"My purpose in settling down in America for a while is to play a part in the develpoment of the coming American drama. A young, fresh country like the United States ought to create its own particular drama."

Herr Reinhardt looks upon Ordynski as extremely talented, and is quite willing that the Deutsches Theatre standard shall be judged by his work.

MME. SEMBRICH'S RECITAL

To Aid Devastated Poland That Is Without Organized Relief Work.

Mme. Marcella Sembrich's song recital, to be given this afternoon in Carnegie Hall, will be for the benefit of the Polish sufferers from the war. In that part of the country which has been devastated the conditions are similar to those in Belgium, except that there has been no organized effort to relieve them. It is to meet this need that the American-Polish Relief Committee has been formed, of which Mme. Sembrich is President. Its headquarters are at 487 Fifth Avenue, opposite the Public Library.

Mme. Sembrich's interest in relieving her unfortunate countrymen has induced her to turn her recital into a benefit. And it will not be amiss to remind the musical public of New York that when Mme. Sembrich returned to this city from her appalling experiences in the San Francisco earthquake, in which she lost heavily herself, she gave a concert for the relief of the people of San Francisco that netted $12,000.

Her generosity on behalf of Americans ought not to be forgotten when she is appealing on behalf of her own people

HARROLD IN VAUDEVILLE.

Tenor Delights at Palace—Henrietta Crosman in War Playlet.

From the disbanded Century Opera Company, Orville Harrold, the tenor, entered vaudeville yesterday afternoon by way of the Palace Theatre. His reception was rapturous. To the audibly delighted audience that filled the big auditorium, it did not seem to matter whether he was singing "I'm Falling in Love with Some One" or giving the lament from "Pagliacci", under such difficulties as were involved in his having to make the despairing exit through agitated and betasseled parlor portières of bright blue.

Henrietta Crosman makes her second Palace appearance this season, this time in a war playlet by Maurice Campbell, called "Thou halt Not Kill." It is just her admirable work in the leading part that makes the piece worth seeing. This number is followed at a respectful distance by Valeska Suratt in an elaborately staged act made up of dancing entirely surrounded by allegory. Apparently without that intention at all, this constitutes one of the mos amusing acts in vaudeville.

THE WEEK IN THE THEATRES.

"Experience" moved from the Booth Theatre last night to the Casino to continue its long run at that house, and Ina Claire in "Lady Luxury" changed from the Casino to the Comedy Theatre. The following plays continue their runs: "Secret Strings," at the Longacre Theatre; "A Mix Up," with Marie Dressler, at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre; "The Silent Voice," with Otis Skinner, at the Liberty Theatre; "The Show Shop," at the Hudson Theatre; "Sinners," at the Playhouse; "Maternity," at the Princess; "The Song of Songs," at the Eltinge Theatre; "Poor Little Thing," at the Bandbox Theatre; "The Lie," at the Harris Theatre; "Tonight's the Night," at the Shubert Theatre; "Hello, Broadway," at the Astor Theatre; "Watch Your Step," at the New Amsterdam; "The Debutante," with Hazel Dawn, at the Knickerbocker; "The Hawk," with William Faversham, at the Maxine Elliott Theatre; "The Only Girl," at the Lyric Theatre; "The Outcast," with Elsie Ferguson, at the Lyceum Theatre; "The Lilac Domino," at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre; "Kick In," at the Republic Theatre; "A Pair of Silk Stockings," at the Little Theatre; "Chin-Chin," at the Globe Theatre; "Life," at the Manhattan Opera House; "The Phantom Rival," at the Belasco Theatre; "Dancing Around," at the Winter Garden; "Daddy Long-Legs," at the Gaiety Theatre; "The Law of the Land," at the Forty-eighth Street Theatre; "On Trial," at the Candler; "It Pays to Advertise," at Cohan's; "Under Cover," at the Cort; "Twin Beds," at the Fulton; "Wars of the World," at the Hippodrome, and "Polygamy," at the Park Theatre.

The Standard Theatre has "Innocent," with Pauline Frederick and the rest of the cast which recently appeared at the Eltinge Theatre.

"Potash and Perlmutter" are still in town and playing this week at the Grand Opera House.

The Bronx Opera House has Chauncey Olcott in his newest Irish drama, "The Heart of Paddy Whack," in which Mr. Olcott, of course, sings a number of Irish ballads.

The Olympic Theatre has the Transatlantic Burlesquers in a two-act musical piece with many variety performers.

At the Columbia Theatre is Harry Hastings's burlesque company in "On and Off the Earth" and a long vaudeville bill.

The Murray Hill Thetre has "The Follies of 1920" burlesquers in two musical pieces, with the usual vaudeville.

At the Eden Musee is Dunninger, the magician; new pictures, and new wax figures.

At Hammerstein's Victoria this week the long bill is headed by "The Sacrifice," a dramatic costume sketch, with Mildred Blanchard, an English actress, in the leading role. Others are Bessie Wynn, McWaters and Tyson, Tarro Myake, the Japanese wrestler and Jiu Jitsu champion; George Holland and company in "Fixing the Furnace," Marshall Montgomery, the ventriloquist; Juliette Dika, Claudius and Scarlet, Brooks and Bowen, John and Winnie Hennings, Wendle and Hagle in "The Street Musician," and comedy moving pictures.

Gus Edwards and his new song revue of 1915 is seen at the Colonial Theatre this week for the first time. Others entertaining here this week include Henry E. Dixey, in his mono-drama-vaud-ologue. Paul Armstrong presents Catherine Calvert and company in his one-act drama, "To Save One Girl"; Marie Nordstrom, (Mrs. Henry E. Dixey,) in "Bits of Acting"; the Seven Bracks, from the Hippodrome, in a novelty; the Italian character actors, Clark and Verdi; Raymond, presenting "Locked Out," an after-midnight episode, and the Glorias, dancers.

This week's chief attraction at Keith's Alhambra is Evelyn Thaw. Others are Ben Ryan and Harriette Lee; Foster Ball and Ford West, offering an eighteen-minute character study, "Since the Days of '61"; Will J. Ward, with five musical girls; Madden and Fitzpatrick in "The Turn of the Tide"; Rosie Lloyd; Coakley, Hanvey, and Dunlevy, Town Hall Minstrels; Rosa Valerio Sextette, speed fiends on the taut wire, and Sprauge and McNeece, entertainers on the Sprague and McNeece, entertainers on the

Bert Clark and Mabel Hamilton are seen together for the last time this week at Keith's Royal Theatre. Nellie Nichols, the songstress comedienne, is singing a number of her own songs in her own method; Harry Carroll, the composer, is singing a number of his own songs; Eva Condon and Jack Devereaux and company are seen in "The Same Old Thing," by Roi Cooper Megrue. Others here this week are Joe Boganny's Lunatic Bakers; Roach and McCurdy in "A Touch of Nature"; the Fridowsky Troupe of Russian dancers; Carl De Marest, violinist, and the Meyakes Twins, Japanese girls, and contortionists.

Florence Reed made her first appearance in moving pictures at the Strand Theatre this week in a film production of Henry Arthur Jones's drama "The Dancing Girl." Miss Reed is supported by Fuller Mellish, Malcolm Williams, Lorraine Huling, William Russell, Eugene Ormonde, William Lloyd, and Minna Gale. Another feature is the latest lot of European war pictures, taken at the front. A new Keystone comedy, scientific and travel pictures, and the Strand Topical Review, containing pictures of the latest happenings everywhere, complete the film part of the entertainment.

The Vitagraph Theatre offers "The Silent Plea," a three-part dramatic appeal for the widowed mother's allowance. It was taken in co-operation with Sophie Irene Loeb, a member of the New York State Commission for the Relief of Widowed Mothers. It is supplemented by "The Hair of Her Head" and "Chiefly Concerning Males," two one-part comedies, and "A Mix-up in Dress Suit Cases," a two-part comedy.

WOMAN HISTORIAN DEAD.

Katherine Coman Was Professor Emeritus at Wellesley College.

WELLESLEY, Mass., Jan. 11.—Katherine Coman, Professor Emeritus of Economics and Sociology at Wellesley College, died today, in her fifty-eighth year. She was a native of Ohio and a graduate of the University of Michigan. Miss Coman taught history at Wellesley from 1883 until 1900, and then became Professor of Economics, and retained this position until 1913, when she became Professor Emeritus.

She is the author of a number of books on history, among them being "History of England," "History of England for Beginners," "English History as Told by English Poets," "Industrial History of the United States," and "Economic Beginnings of the Far West," which was published in 1911 and was her last book.

Albert Arnold Sprague.

Albert Arnold Sprague, 79 years old, President and founder of Sprague, Warner & Co., a large wholesale grocery firm of Chicago, died on Sunday at his home in Chicago. Mr. Sprague was well known as a financier and was interested in charitable works. He was born in Vermont and went to Chicago in 1862 to enter the wholesale business. His business career was successful from the first and within a few years he had taken part in the organization of the Northern Trust Company. Among the corporations of which he was a Director were the Chicago Telephone Company, the Commonwealth Edison Company, the Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company, the Elgin National Watch Company, and the Northern Trust Company.

At one time Mr. Sprague was President of the Relief and Aid Society. His clubs were the Commercial, Chicago, University, Cliff Dwellers, Caxton, and Onwentsia of Chicago, the Annandale Club of Pasadena, Cal., and Country Club of Pittsfield, Mass.

Marshall P. Wilder's Funeral Here.

The funeral of Marshall P. Wilder, the humorist, who died on Sunday in St. Paul, Minn., will take place on Friday from the Stephen Merritt Mortuary Chapel at Eighth Avenue and Nineteenth Street. His body will arrive here tomorrow.

Obituary Notes.

Dr. HENRY C. BRADFORD, 50 years old, who was a practicing physician in this city for a number of years, died on Sunday at his home at 234 West Twenty-first Street. He is survived by his widow.

VALENTINE A. BLACQUE, a member of the Knickerbocker and Union Clubs of this city, who had made his home in Paris for a number of years and, since the outbreak of the European war, had been assisting the American ambulance work in Paris, died on Sunday at his home at 31 Rue Pierre Charron. His illness, it was reported, was brought on by overwork among the war sufferers. Mr. Blacque is survived by his widow, who was Miss Kate Read of this city.

Mrs. LUCY HOWARD CASTIN SIMMONDS, wife of G. Watson Simmonds, of 37 Madison Avenue, died at her home on Sunday. Her husband and two sisters survive.

GEORGE W. ALMY, for the last thirty years in the glassware and crockery business in the Bedford section of Brooklyn, died yesterday at his home, 237 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Almy was born in Newport, R. I., sixty-eight years ago and left a wife and a daughter.

JOHN CORBET ROBERTSON, formerly a member of the New York Sugar Brokers' Association, died on Saturday at his home, 144 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Robertson was 72 years old, and had lived at his late residence since 1874.

Mrs. ANTHONY MOORE, wife of the Deputy Receiver of Taxes for the Borough of Queens, died on Sunday at her home in Woodhaven, aged 65 years. Besides her husband, she left four daughters and a son.

Mrs. MARTHA HEIBERGER, widow of George Heiberger, Sr., and mother of ex-Assemblyman George Heiberger of the Sixth Assembly District, died on Sunday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Julia Fox, 1,504 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn, in her eightieth year. She was a native of Germany, but had lived in Brooklyn since her youth, and had been a member of St. Peter's Lutheran Church for half a century.

JOHN D. BEARDALL, a well-known hardware merchant, for more than twenty-five years in business at 1,226 Prospect Avenue, Brooklyn, died at his home at the Prospect Street address on Saturday of pneumonia. He was born in Nottingham, England, eighty-three years ago and settled in Brooklyn as a young man, where he was for many years the owner of a lace factory. Mr. Beardall was the oldest communicant of the Episcopal Church of the Holy Apostles.

Mrs. JANE ANN BROWN VOORHEES, widow of Matthew Hall Voorhees, formerly in the insurance business in Brooklyn, died at her residence, 77 Truxton Street, Brooklyn, on Sunday, aged 95 years. Mrs. Voorhees was born in that borough and had lived there all her life.

MYLES McKEON, an undertaker in Brooklyn since 1870, died on last Saturday at his residence, 343 Van Brunt Street, in his sixty-eighth year. He was a graduate of St. Thomas's College, Newridge, Ireland, and a member of the Third Assembly District Democratic Club and the German Schuetzenbund. Two sons and two daughters survive him.

Mrs. KERAN FEENEY, wife of a well-known barge owner on the East River, died on Sunday at her residence, 658 Fifty-second Street, Brooklyn, aged 70 years. During her long residence in that borough she was an active member of St. Agatha's R. C. Church.

Mrs. MARGARET G. HUBBARD, long active in church and charitable institutions in Brooklyn and manager of the Home for Aged Men almost from its beginning, died on Sunday night at her residence, 122 Willow Street, in her seventy-third year. Mrs. Hubbard was a daughter of Samuel M. McKay, formerly a well-known importer in this city, and wife of Harmanus B. Hubbard, a Brooklyn lawyer. She celebrated her golden wedding four years ago. Besides her husband, she left a son, Samuel M. Hubbard, and two daughters, Margaret, wife of Major W. C. Cannon, U. S. A., and Ritie Hubbard.

PETER F. BRADY, for more than twenty-five years owner of a cafe in Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, and a prominent member of the Brooklyn Lodge No. 22, B. P. O. Elks, is dead at his home, 351 Flatbush Avenue, aged 52 years.

A. J. DUBOCQ, 51 years old, Superintendent of the Bohanan Lock Company of Brooklyn, died yesterday at his home in Hollis, L. I. He was a Mason and a member of Franklin Council, J. O. U. A. M.

Mrs. GRACE DUSENBERRY LANCE, formerly a public school teacher in Brooklyn, and wife of Edgar R. Lance, is dead at her home, 141 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn.

GEORGE B. MASSEY, for years President of the Jefferson County National Bank, in Watertown, N. Y., was found dead in his chair in the Board of Directors' room of the bank yesterday morning. He was 79 years old. Mr. Massey was Vice President of the New York Air Brake Company.

GEORGE W. GARDNER, 90 years old, and the oldest resident of Madison, N. J., died yesterday in All Souls' Hospital, Morristown. Mr. Gardner was formerly engaged in the real estate business in Newark. He left three sons and two daughters.

WILLIAM H. JACKSON, one-time member of the old City Council, member of the official board of the First M. E. Church, and a familiar figure in Passaic, N. J., for more than sixty-five years, is dead at the General Hospital there. He was 90 years of age.

Mrs. MARY ANNA GRANT, President of the Emma Bourne Branch, W. C. T. U., of East Orange, N. J., and a former President of the Essex County Union, died suddenly yesterday at her home, 159 North Seventeenth Street, East Orange. For more than a quarter of a century Mrs. Grant had been active in the temperance movement.

Swift & Company's sales of beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Jan. 9th, averaged as follows: Domestic beef, 11.78 cents; imported beef, 10:51 cents per pound.—Advt.

ESTABLISHED 1846
M. Knoedler & Co.
556 FIFTH AVENUE

Loan Exhibition
PAINTINGS
BY
Goya and Greco
IN THE
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UNTIL SATURDAY, JANUARY 23, 1915

Held for the Benefit of the American Women War Relief Fund and the Belgium Relief Fund

Opening Today $1.00
Admission Fifty Cents
Saturdays One Dollar

MISS FISCHER'S RECITAL.

A Brooklyn Singer Appears with Success in Aeolian Hall.

Miss Adelaide Fischer of Brooklyn, unknown hitherto to the public concert platform in New York, not proclaimed by emphatic preliminary announcements, nor heralded as the favorite pupil of a noted teacher, gave a song recital yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall. Her singing was of a kind to afford a pleasure not always or often derived from the first appearance of an unknown singer. Miss Fischer has a very pretty, light soprano voice, not notable for range, and not of the kind that has in reserve much power or much color, but delightful of its kind. She manages it well in her singing; her delivery is free and spontaneous, and she shows not a little technical skill and development. And she has nice taste, intelligence, and musical feeling.

These things were evident in her programme yesterday, as well as in her performance of it. She had the good judgment and sufficient realization of her own capacities to put upon it songs that are well adapted to her voice and style and not to attempt other things that are not. She sang with grace and appropriateness of expression a song by Alessandro Scarlatti, an old French song in Weckerlin's arrangement, Haydn's "My Mother Bids Me Bind My Hair," and the aria "Deh vieni," with its preliminary recitative, from "The Marriage of Figaro." A group of German songs by Schumann, Franz, Brahms, Jensen, and Loewe showed again a true sense for style and for characterization, so far as her vocal resources carry her. She sang also a group of modern French songs and a group of American songs in English. Her diction, especially in English, was exceptionally good. The real charm of her voice and the intelligence of her performance gave ground to hope for the development of a very good singer indeed from Miss Fischer when she has advanced still further on her road. Alexander Rihm played her accompaniments exquisitely.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to **1000 Bryant.**

Engaged.

FOLSOM — RICHARDS.—Mrs. William R. Richards of Bridgeport, Conn., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Anna May Richards, to Mr. H. Lloyd Folsom, son of Mr. Henry T. Folsom, of Orange, N. J.

Married.

BEHNING—PENN.—Jan. 7, Evelyn L. Penn to Albert Behning.

HOOLEY—BROOKS.—Jan. 9, Jennie S. Brooks to Edwin S. Hooley.

Brooklyn.

HOUGH—MORROW.—Jan. 9, Amy Morrow to Walter Hough.

Died.

ALMY.—George W., Jan. 11, 1915. Services at his late residence, 237 Gates Avenue, Brooklyn, Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

ANDREWS.—Entered into rest, Jan. 11, 1915, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Bayard Verplanck, Stony Kill, Fishkill-on-the-Hudson, Laura Hoppock, daughter of the late Henry L. and Sarah Ellen Cotheal and wife of the late James Watson Andrews.

ANGEVINE.—On Monday, Jan. 11, 1915, William Angevine, aged 60 years. Funeral service at his late residence, 385 Fort Washington Av., on Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock.

BABCOCK.—On Sunday, Jan. 10, at his residence, 205 West 57th St., of pneumonia, Lemuel Hollingsworth Babcock. Funeral private. Boston papers please copy.

BEEKMAN.—On Jan. 11, 1915, Cortlandt Beekman, son of Katherine M. Parker and the late William Bedlow Beekman, in the 29th year of his age. Notice of funeral hereafter. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

BENNETT.—At Hackensack, N. J., Jan. 11, 1915, Katharine Van Heusen, beloved wife of George L. Bennett, Principal of Hackensack High School, aged 38 years. Funeral services from her late residence, No. 352 Park St., Hackensack, N. J., on Tuesday evening, Jan. 12, at 8 o'clock. Interment Amsterdam, N. Y.

BLACQUE.—Valentine A., on Saturday, Jan. 9, at his residence in Paris, France, of pneumonia.

BRADFORD.—Henry Clark Bradford, on Sunday morning, at his late residence, 234 West 21st St. Funeral services Wednesday morning, 10 o'clock, at St. Francis Xavier Church, West 16th St. Interment Holy Sepulchre Cemetery, East Orange, N. J. Please omit flowers.

BRANIGAN.—After a long illness, Stephen J. Branigan, on Sunday, Jan. 10, at his residence, 214 East 5th St., Flatbush. Solemn requiem mass will be celebrated in the Church of the Immaculate Heart of Mary, East 4th St. and Fort Hamilton Parkway, Jan. 13, at 10 A. M. Interment in Calvary Cemetery.

CATLIN.—On Jan. 10, Rufus Olmstead, husband of Jessie MacKinzie Catlin. Funeral service at his late residence, 66 St. Paul's Place, Flatbush, Wednesday, at 2:30 P. M.

CHURCH.—At her late residence, 2,132 Beverly Road, Brooklyn, on Jan. 11, after a long illness, Frances Elizabeth Church. Funeral private.

CHRISMAN.—In loving memory of my husband, Wilmer Olin Chrisman, Lieutenant U. S. Navy, who departed this life, Jan. 12, 1914.

CLEMENS.—On Jan. 10, Peter Clemens, in his 43d year. Funeral service at his late residence, 646 Amsterdam Av., on Wednesday, 1:30 P. M.

DAY.—Lillie B., daughter of Anna M. Day and the late David M. Day of Bloomfield, N. J., died suddenly in Washington, D. C., Jan. 9. Services and interment at Nyack, N. Y., at the family's convenience.

DIX.—At Elizabeth, N. J., Jan. 9, 1915, Elizabeth Le Roy, wife of Warren R. Dix. Funeral services at St. John's Church, Elizabeth, N. J., Tuesday, Jan. 12, at 3 P. M.

DORLAND.—ENTERED INTO EVERLASTING PEACE on Jan. 10, 1915, Irving Vermilyea Dorland of Arlington, N. J.

FORD.—At Morristown, N. J., Jan. 9, 1915, Dr. Charlotte W., daughter of the late Edwin Ford. Funeral services will be held at her late residence on Wednesday, Jan. 13, at 2 P. M.

GAMMELL.—In Providence, R. I., on the 8th inst., Robert Ives, son of the late William and Elizabetn Amory Gammell, in the 63d year of his age. Funeral service will be held in Grace Church, Providence, R. I., on Tuesday, Jan. 12, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent. Burial private.

GARDE.—Jan. 10, Leopold Garde, aged 76 years, husband of the late Theresa Garde, father of Emma Garde, Dora Wallach, and the late Henrietta Popper. Funeral Tuesday, Jan. 12, at 1 P. M., from the Tabernacle, 218 West 130th St. Relatives and friends, also members of Isachar Widows and Orphans' Benevolent Society, Asariah Lodge, No. 164, I. O. B. B., and Daniel Webster Lodge, No. 264, I. O. O. F., invited.

GRAHAM.—John, on Sunday, Jan. 10, 1915, beloved husband of Mary E. Taylor-McSpedon and father of Mrs. Otto Brand, Mrs. George J. Sailer, and George W. and John Graham, Jr., and Samuel McSpedon. Funeral service at his late residence, 524 West 134th St., on Tuesday, at 8 P. M. Members of Stuyvesant Lodge, 745, F & A. M., and Colonial Council, 1692, R. A., are invited to attend.

Died.

HAAS.—Monday, Jan. 11, Pauline Haas, in her 68th year, widow of the late Solomon Haas and beloved mother of Felix S. Haas, Mrs. Humbert Cevidalli, Benjamin Haas, Miss Rose Haas, Charles Haas, Mrs. Milton Morris of Chicago, and Irving Haas. Funeral Wednesday, 10 A. M., from her late residence, 145 West 141st St. Chicago papers please copy.

HAWXHURST.—Daniel T., suddenly, at his residence, 5,727 Broadway, Kingsbridge, New York City, Jan. 10, in his 63d year. Services Jan. 13, at the residence, 2 P. M.

HITCHCOCK.—At Scarsdale, N. Y., Saturday, Jan. 9, 1915, Clara F. Hitchcock, widow of Welcome G. Hitchcock. Funeral service at her late residence, Scarsdale, N. Y., Tuesday, Jan. 12, at 2 P. M. Carriages in waiting at White Plains station on arrival of train leaving Grand Central Station, 12:49.

HOOKEY.—Ralph A. Hookey, beloved son of William T. and Bertha L. Hookey, aged 21 years. Funeral Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock, 204 West 131st St.

HUBACH.—On Saturday, Jan. 9, 1915, C. Otto Hubach, in his 56th year. Funeral services at the German Press Club, 21 City Hall Place, Tuesday, at 2 P. M.

KELLER.—Suddenly, on Sunday, Jan. 10, 1915, Adam Keller, in his 76th year, beloved husband of Mathilda Spoha Keller. Funeral service at his late residence, 342 West 122d St., on Tuesday evening Jan. 12, 1915, at 8:30. Interment private. Please omit flowers.

KELLER.—VETERANS OF THE SEVENTH REGIMENT, N. G. N. Y.: Members are requested to attend the funeral services of Adam Keller (Fourth Company) from his late residence, 342 West 122d St., New York, on Tuesday evening, Jan. 12, at 8 P. M.
THOMAS DIAMOND, President.

KLEIN.—Suddenly, on Jan. 10, Amelia, beloved wife of Charles W. Klein. Funeral services on Tuesday, Jan. 12, at St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church, St. Paul's Place, Flatbush.

LANCE.—Grace, (nee Dusenberry,) beloved wife of Edgar R. Lance, Saturday. Funeral services at her late residence, 141 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn, Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock.

LEOPOLD.—On Jan. 11, 1915, Eleanor, daughter of Jules and Lena Leopold, in her 15th year. Funeral from her late residence, 939 New York Av., Brooklyn, Wednesday, Jan. 13, at 2 P. M. Interment Maimonides Cemetery, Cypress Hills.

LEWIS.—On Monday night, Jan. 11, Abe Lewis, son of Mary and the late Marks Zorkowski and brother of Mrs. Samuel Leopold. Notice of funeral hereafter.

LOWEN.—On Monday, Jan. 11, at his residence, 2,391 Grand Concourse, Mr. Charles Lowen. Funeral in the Creston Avenue Baptist Church, Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock.

LYONS.—Jan. 11, 1915, Elizabeth Lyons, widow of Terence Lyons, 11 East 167th St. Solemn requiem mass at the Church of the Sacred Heart, Shakespeare Av., near 168th St., Thursday, Jan. 14, at 10 A. M.

MAFLIN.—Alfred William. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d, Wednesday, 11 o'clock. Auspices Actors' Fund.

MADDEN.—Annie, (nee Fox,) 1,462 2d Av., Jan. 11, aged 62.

MARCUS.—On January 10, 1915, after a brief illness, in her 67th year, Eliza, relict of the late Martin Marcus, beloved sister of Albert, Leopold, and Robert Weis. Funeral services will be held at Temple Emanu-El, 5th Av. and 43d St., Tuesday, Jan. 12, at 2 P. M. Galveston papers please copy.

ORGLER.—Henrietta, in her 71st year, beloved mother of Mrs. Sadie Stern, Mrs. Jennie Hoffman, Mollie, Samuel, and Emanuel. Relatives and friends, Leah Lodge, No. 6, I. O. F. S. of I., invited to attend funeral from 312 8th St., West New York, N. J., 10 o'clock Tuesday morning.

PIKE.—At Mattituck, L. I., on Monday, Jan. 11, 1915, William H. Pike, husband of Harriet Hallock Pike, in his 82d year. Funeral services from his late residence on Wednesday, Jan. 13, at 1:30 P. M.

POWERS.—At Tenafly, N. J., Monday, Jan. 11, 1915, Minnie S., daughter of Clarence F. Betts. Notice of funeral hereafter.

REISS.—After a short illness, Nicholas Reiss, in his 60th year, beloved husband of Margaret Loebrich. Funeral will take place from his late residence, 151 Oakland St., Greenpoint, on Wednesday, at 2 P. M. Funeral services Tuesday, 8 P. M.

SCHNEIDER.—Sunday, Jan. 10, 1915, Ernst E. W. Schneider of Orange, N. J. Funeral service at the residence of his brother, Dr. Carl J. Schneider, 152 West 123d St., Tuesday, 12th inst., at 8:15 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

SIMMONDS.—Lucy Howard Caskin Simmonds, beloved wife of G. Watson Simmonds and sister of Mrs. James Oscar Williams and Mrs. Charles D. Hill, on Sunday, Jan. 10. Services Wednesday, Jan. 13, 11 A. M., at 37 Madison Av.

SMITH.—On Jan. 9, 1915, at her residence, 152 West 105th St., Carrie A., daughter of the late David B. and Sarah A. Smith. Services at the above residence Tuesday, Jan. 12, at 3 o'clock P. M.

SMITH.—On Jan. 11, 1915, Augustus F. Smith, in his 85th year. Funeral service at the residence of his daughter, Laura A. Smith, 823 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

TURNER.—Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York. Office of the society, Fraunces Tavern, corner Broad and Pearl Sts., New York, Jan. 11, 1915: With regret, announcement is made of the death of Thomas Morgan Turner, on Jan. 9, a member of this society.
ROBERT OLYPHANT, President.
HENRY RUSSELL DROWNE, Secretary.

WADE.—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Monday, Jan. 11, 1915, Mary Ashton Wade. Funeral services at Mt. Auburn Chapel Cambridge, Mass., on Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock.

WHITE.—Henry R., 622 West 135th St., Dec. 29, 1914, at Paterson General Hospital, Paterson, N. J.

WRIGHT.—Suddenly, in Brooklyn, Jan. 11, Edmund H. Wright, beloved husband of Alma K. Hawkshurst and eldest son of Edmund J. and Malvina G. Wright. Funeral services Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock, at his late home, 387 Classon Av. Friends invited without further notice. Burial at convenience of family.

BECHTOLD.—Marie, 450 West 240th St., Jan. 9, aged 68. Funeral service today.

BERGEN.—Edward, Jan. 10. Funeral 171 8th Av.

BRADFORD.—Henry C., 234 West 21st St., Jan. 10, aged 51. Funeral notice later.

BRAY.—Mary, 366 West 117th St., Jan. 10. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

BUKOFSER.—David, 536 East 79th St., Jan. 10, aged 31.

CLEMENS.—Peter, 646 Amsterdam Av., Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.

CONDY.—Desire, Jan. 10, aged 77. Funeral 304 West 126th St., today, 1:30 P. M.

FORD.—Catherine, Jan. 10. Funeral 2d Av. and 88th St., today, 2 P. M.

GARDE.—Leopold, Jan. 10, aged 76. Funeral 218 West 130th St., today, 1 P. M.

GAURIEDER.—Margaret, 405 East 161st St., Jan. 9, aged 36. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.

GRAEFE.—Hans J., 409 East 78th St., Jan. 10, aged 81. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

GRAY.—Louis D., Jan. 10. Funeral 851 Amsterdam Av., tomorrow, 10:30 A. M.

GRIFFIN.—Michael, 1,475 3d Av., Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

HIRT.—Christina, 274 Irving Av., Jan. 10, aged 65. Funeral Jan. 14, 2 P. M.

HYMAN.—Harriet, 850 Intervale Av., Bronx, Jan. 10.

JONES.—Jane, 350 East 13th St., Jan. 9. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

KACHLER.—Fredericka, 814 Courtlandt Av., Jan. 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

KELLY.—Delia, 2,069 Crotona Av., Bronx, Jan. 11. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

KING.—Catherine, 456 West 50th St., Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

McCANN.—Joseph J., 1,727 Park Av., Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

McCARTHY.—John, Jan. 10. Funeral 1,488 Lexington Av. today, 2 P. M.

McGOLDRICK.—Hugh E., 1,708 Amsterdam Av., Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow.

McLAUGHLIN.—Patrick, 120 West 61st St., Jan. 10. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

MESCIA.—Marie R., 143 Sullivan St., Jan. 10. Funeral today.

O'MALLEY. — Annie, 144 East Broadway, Jan. 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

QUINN.—Thomas, 47 Catherine St., Jan. 9. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.

RIEDELL. — William, 622 West 138th St., Jan. 10, aged 64. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

RUPPRECHT.—Charles, 544 East 183d St., Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

SCHNEIDER.—Ernst E., Jan. 10. Funeral service 152 West 123d St. today.

SCHWIND.—Margaret, 552 West 39th St., Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

SHEA.—Catherine, 34 West 129th St., Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow.

WEISS.—Herman, 30 Amsterdam Av., Jan. 10.

Brooklyn.

ALMY.—George W., 237 Gates Av., Jan. 11. Funeral service today.

BAGNALL.—Gerald P., 8,784 15th Av., Jan. 9, aged 52. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

BEATTY.—Mary, 49 Hemlock St., Jan. 9.

BRADY.—Peter F., 351 Flatbush Av., Jan. 9, aged 54. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

BRANIGAN.—Stephen J., 214 East 5th St., Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

BRENNAN.—Mary E., 243 10th St., Jan. 9. Funeral today.

BRENNAN.—James J., 68 Ashford St., Jan. 10. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

BROWN.—Margaret, 99 York St., Jan. 11. Funeral notice later.

BYRNES.—Michael, 69 Woodbine St., Jan. 10, aged 70. Funeral tomorrow.

CARGILL. — John, 568 Pine St., Jan. 10. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

CATLIN. — Rufus O., 66 St. Paul's Place, Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 2:30 P. M.

COX. — Patrick, 18 Ocean Place, Jan. 9, aged 58.

DAVIN.—Joseph, 300 Leonard St., Jan. 9, aged 33. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DONNAN.—Margaret, 71 Morton St., Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

DUNNE.—Annie, 446 Gates Av., Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

EUCKER.—Louisa, 47 Russell St., Jan. 9. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

FEENEY.—Bridget, 658 52d St., Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

GRIFFIN.—James, 265 Eckford St., Jan. 9, aged 30. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GROTH.—Mathilde H., 310 13th St., Jan. 9, aged 82. Funeral service today.

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Died.

GRUSSENDORF.—Hugo, Kings County Hospital, Jan. 10. Funeral today.

HAINES.—Grace M., 118 1st Place, Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

HAMMOND.—Mary, 39 Goodwin Place, Jan. 10, aged 83. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HUBBARD.—Margaret G., 122 Willow St., Jan. 10. Funeral notice later.

KENNEDY.—Joseph, 95 Marion St., Jan. 9. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

KIRCHOFF.—Edward L., 1,190 Troutman St., Jan. 9. Funeral today.

KIRSCH.—John, 705 Seneca Av., Jan. 10, aged 51. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

LANCE.—Grace, 141 Lefferts Place, Jan. 9. Funeral service today.

KLEIN.—Amelia M., 797 Flatbush Av., Jan. 10. Funeral today.

LIPPMANN.—The Rev. W., 516 7th St., Jan. 11, aged 50.

LITTLE.—Frank, 563 Manhattan Av., Jan. 9. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

McGINLEY.—John, 810 Bedford Av., Jan. 10, aged 32. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

McGOWAN.—Mary, 607 Quincy St., Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

McKEON.—Myles, 343 Van Brunt St., Jan. 9. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

McLAUGHLIN.—Mary, Kings County Hospital, Jan. 9. Funeral today.

MENGERSEN.—Joseph, 680 Manhattan Av., Jan. 10, aged 66.

MORONEY.—Mary E., 214 Buffalo Av., Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

MULRENAN.—Sarah C., 199 8th Av., Jan. 9. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

MEIER.—Henry, 97 Ross St., Jan. 10, aged 58. Funeral service today.

O'NEILL.—Dennis, J., 497 Liberty Av., Jan. 9. Funeral tomorrow, 11 A. M.

PASCUAL.—Amos J., 263 Stuyvesant Av., Jan. 9. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

PHILAN.—Eliza R., 40 Hopkins St., Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

PULTZ.—Norman S., 353 Hancock St., Jan. 10, aged 75. Funeral private.

REDMOND.—Walter H., 332 Washington Av., Jan. 9. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

REGAN.—James J., 568 Bergen St., Jan. 9. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

STEVENSON.—Jane, 4,707 4th Av., Jan. 10, aged 44. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

TERRY.—Thomas P., 1,473 60th St., Jan. 10. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

THOMAS.—George W., 723 Coney Island Av., Jan. 10, aged 56.

VOORHEES.—Jane A., 77 Truxton St., Jan. 10, aged 94. Funeral today.

WRIGHT.—Edmund H., 387 Classon Av., Jan. 11. Funeral service tomorrow.

Hoboken, Jersey City and Newark.

BUCKLEY.—Thomas, 218 9th St., Jersey City, Jan. 10.

DENMARY.—Ellen, 169 York St., Jersey City, Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

EHLINGER.—Emil, 183 Van Horne St., Jersey City, Jan. 9. Funeral today, 8 A. M.

HATTERSLEY.—Prof. William F., Newark, Jan. 11.

JONES.—Cecilia, 375 Halsey St., Newark, Jan. 11.

JONES.—Elizabeth, Newark, Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

KELAHER.—Fergus T., 1,751 Boulevard, Jersey City, Jan. 11.

KIRCHNER.—Henry L. C., 217 Mulberry St., Newark, Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow.

LASITSCHKA.—Joseph, 207 Washington St., Hoboken, Jan. 10, aged 53. Funeral today.

LOWELL.—Clarence E., 83 Vincent St., Newark, Jan. 10, aged 6 months.

MILLER.—Harry, 79 Lillie St., Newark, Jan. 9, aged 12.

MISOWITZ.—Isaac, 43 Montgomery St., Newark, Jan. 10. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MOTT.—Peter B., 143 Hamburg Place, Newark, Jan. 10. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

OLSEN.—Marthe, 69 Gautier Av., Jersey City, Jan. 9, aged 69.

QUINN.—Mary A., 33 Newton St., Newark, Jan. 11. Funeral notice later.

REGAN.—Catherine, 220 Washington St., Jersey City, Jan. 10.

SCHNAUFER.—Frederick, 126 Walnut St., Newark, Jan. 9, aged 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SCOTT.—Mabel, 93 Summer Av., Newark, Jan. 10.

SPALT.—Meta, 237 Webster Av., Jersey City, Jan. 10. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

THOMAS.—Mary H., 125 Milford Av., Newark, Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow, 3 P. M.

STACK.—Edward A., 213½ 4th St., Jersey City, Jan. 10.

WALLACE.—Samuel A., 446 South 11th St., Newark, Jan. 11. Funeral today.

Long Island.

CLOSIUS.—John J., Middle Village, Jan. 10, aged 27. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

DUBOCQ.—A J., Hollis, Jan. 11. Funeral service tomorrow.

ROSE.—John, Brookhaven, Jan. 10, aged 74.

THOMPSON.—Joseph, Richmond Hill, Jan. 9, aged 63.

Westchester County.

HERROEDER.—Johanna, 24 Mount Vernon Av., Mount Vernon, Jan. 10. Funeral tomorrow.

MEAD.—Arthur D., New Rochelle, Jan. 10, aged 72. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.

In Memoriam.

"Mark the perfect man, and behold the upright, for the end of that man is peace."

KINNARD.—John, mass, St. Rose of Lima's Church, Newark, N. J., Jan. 14, 8 A. M.

McCAFFERTY. — Catherine, St. Gregory's Church, Brooklyn, tomorrow, 8 A. M.

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YANKEES TRANSFERRED TO RUPPERT AND HUSTON---FENCING---BILLIARDS

YANKS TRANSFERRED PECKINPAUGH SIGNS

Sale of New York Club Completed—Shortstop to Get $7,000 Salary a Year.

The papers transferring the New York American League Baseball Club from Frank J. Farrell to Col. Jacob Ruppert and Capt. T. L. Huston were signed yesterday at 5 o'clock, and the deal was closed. It was announced by President Johnson several days ago that the papers had been signed, but this announcement was premature, as the attorneys for both parties in the deal did not complete their labors until yesterday. Mr. Johnson made the announcement because he was anxious to hurry back to Chicago.

A mass of details concerning the club had to be adjusted by the lawyers, and the work became so tedious to those concerned, except the lawyers, that everybody stepped aside until the attorneys completed their work.

It is understood that when the papers were signed yesterday afternoon Ruppert and Huston made a part payment for the club, and the other payments will be made within thirty days.

Capt. Huston was a happy man last night, when he acknowledged that at last he had written his "John Hancock" on "those" papers. Frank J. Farrell was also a happy man, for it was the first time since the talk of the deal started, several weeks ago, that he has seen any real money.

And, as Mr. Farrell says, "Money talks."

None of the parties concerned would say how much money was involved in the deal, but it is believed that the price paid for the franchise and players was about $400,000. Part of this amount changed hands yesterday.

The signing of Wild Bill Donovan as manager had been deferred until the papers were signed, and when the newly appointed leader returns to this city, at the end of the week, he will sign a contract, the amount of which has not been announced.

Capt. Huston, one of the new owners of the club, had a telephone communication with Manager Donovan yesterday. From Cleveland Wild Bill sent the glad tidings that he had signed Shortstop Roger Peckinpaugh for a period of three years. It is stated that the Yankee shortfielder will receive a salary of $7,000 a year.

The new owners believe it is a feather in Donovan's cap in saving Caldwell and Peckinpaugh from the Federal League. "Peck." was seriously considering a big offer from Joe Tinker of the Chicago Feds when Donovan arrived on the scene and whispered persuasive conversation in Peckinpaugh's ear.

Peckinpaugh was one of the best fielding shortstops in both leagues last season. He had the enviable record of having taken part in 157 games without missing an inning. In the series with the Athletics in Philadelphia early in October last season Peckinpaugh split one of the fingers of his right hand, but he refused to leave the game, as he wanted to have a perfect record for the season. Although the schedule called for only 154 games, Peckinpaugh played in two tie games and one postponed game, which brought the total to 157. Peckinpaugh acted as manager when Frank Chance resigned, and the team played vastly improved ball under his leadership.

Dick Kinsella, the Giant scout, arrived in this city yesterday on a mysterious mission. At the office of the Giants, Secretary Foster stated that he did not know the object of Kinsella's visit. It is stated that he came here at the invitation of the new owners of the Yankees, Capt. Huston and Col. Ruppert, to do service in finding new players for the club.

Kinsella is under contract with the Giants, but it is stated that some arrangement may be made whereby Kinsella could be loaned to the Yankees for a limited period. Manager McGraw did this a few seasons ago, when he allowed Kinsella to do some scouting for the St. Louis Cardinals, and among the players he discovered for that club was Snyder, who has since developed into one of the best catchers in the National League.

Capt. Huston stated last night that the Yankees would be glad to get Kinsella's services, but he did not believe that the Giants would release their famous scout. His visit here at this time, however, is significant, and it is not improbable that the Giants may let the Yankees have Kinsella's valuable services and advice for a season, at least, because at the present time the Giants have enough surplus talent on hand to last them two seasons.

President Harry N. Hempstead of the Giants returned yesterday from a visit at Haddock, Ga., where he has been the guest of George Stallings, manager of the Boston Braves. President Hempstead spent his time on Stallings's plantation, hunting quail and squirrels, and brought back enough birds to show that he—or some one else—is a good shot.

Secretary John B. Foster announced yesterday that the new uniforms of the Giants would be examples of sartorial perfection. The stockings will be crimson and black, while the uniforms will be Colonial cream, with faint blue stripes. The jerseys of the players will be crimson and black, the latter sombre touch being a mark of mourning on account of losing the pennant last season.

John M. Ward, who is still connected with the Brooklyn Federal League Club, returned yesterday from Indianapolis, where he attended the hearing of the Lee Magee case. Ward represented the Brooklyn Club in the action. As the case was postponed, there was little call for Mr. Ward's services at this time.

GOWDY SPURNS BIG OFFER.

Hank Declines to Jump to Federal League for $30,000.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 11.—Hank Gowdy, catcher and mainstay of the Braves' batsmen, has received an offer of $30,000 for three years and a possible bonus to jump to the ederal League. The offer was made by President Gilmore after several previous offers by scouts had failed. Hank, however, remained true to Manager Stallings, with whom he has a three-year contract.

"I don't know exactly how things would be if I made the hurdle," said Gowdy, "but if I stay with the Braves, I'll be pennant hunting all next season, and according to the way things look now, there'll be more world series money in it for me, too."

Lowell Nine Offered for Sale.

LOWELL, Mass., Jan. 11.—The Lowell baseball team of the New England League was offered for sale today by the owners, Andrew F. Roach and James Kennedy. Other business interests which demand more time, and the recent death of the manager of the team, James J. Gray, are given as reasons for their withdrawal.

Jack Warner to Coach Fordham Nine

Jack Warner, the old Giant catcher, has been engaged to coach the Fordham baseball team during the next six months. Warner came to Fordham suddenly at midseason last year, after the graduate coaching system, which had been in force since 1910, was abolished. Previous to the advent of Warner the Maroon nine, under the lead of a former Fordham star, had been displaying a decidedly weak game, but following the arrival of Warner the Bronx collegians won twelve out of fourteen games.

Declines Columbus Club Leadership.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 11.—Jack McAllister of Cleveland today announced that he had decided not to accept the managership of the Columbus team of the American Association. He had the offer under consideration for several days.

Egan Has Not Signed with Federals.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 11.—Jack Egan, an American League umpire, said today that he had not signed with the Federal League for the coming season, as had been reported in Chicago.

MAY DROP TWO CLUBS.

Eastern Association Considering Plan to Reduce Circuit.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 11.—That two clubs may be dropped from the Eastern Baseball Association, making it a six-team circuit, was one of many developments at the annual meeting here today of the Directors of the league. The meeting was adjourned until Monday, when it is expected formal action will be taken on retaining the Waterbury and New Britains Clubs.

It was voted to shorten the schedule by one week, playing 126 games, commencing April 28 and closing on Labor Day. If a six-team circuit is established 120 games will be played.

The meeting, which was an executive one, lasted nearly three hours. At the close President O'Rourke said that Director Clarkin of the Hartford Club presented a proposition to disband the league for the year on account of various conditions, but it was devided to keep the organization together.

Concerning published reports that the Federal League was looking over the field, particularly at Hartford, O'Rourke said Director Clarkin of Hartford stated emphatically that he had had no dealings with agents of that league. The informal proposition to combine certain clubs in the New England and Eastern Associations and make one strong organization was dismissed after a short discussion, O'Rourke said.

"Al" Banwart, who said he was a Federal League agent, was in the lobby of the hotel during the meeting, and he asserted the league was planning to put a team in the field at New Haven.

HAYES WINS GOLF POOL.

Novel Competition Pleases Spectators at Doyle's.

In the annual golf pool tournament, which started at Doyle's Billiard Academy last night, James Beatte (10) was defeated by W. J. Hayes (11) in the opening game. In the golf pool game eighteen holes are played, and the player who makes these eighteen holes in the least number of shots is declared the winner. In order to play the eighteen holes, it is necessary to play around the table three times.

Hayes made the eighteen holes in eighty-one shots, while it took Beatte ninety-five shots to make the same number of pockets. Beatte and his opponent were tied for the first four pockets, but on the fifth hole, which is the side pocket, Hayes forged to the front, when it took Beatte fifteen shots to cage the ball. Hayes left his opponent against the rail on this pocket, and Beatte took the full number of strokes in making the ball.

It is a rule of the game that if a player requires more than fifteen shots in making one pocket he loses without playing further. There were a large number of spectators on hand to watch the game, and the tournament promises to be one of the most popular played at Doyle's this Winter. The tournament will continue throughout the week.

In the English billiard tournament, which started last night, Norman Smith (75) defeated Bert Kernel (65) by the score of 75 to 49. Smith led all the way, and at no time was he in danger of defeat. There are about twenty entries in this tournament.

Owing to a misunderstanding the pocket billiard tournament which was scheduled to start last night was postponed until tonight.

AMATEUR BILLIARDISTS MEET

Re-elect Officers, Hear Good Reports and Let Rules Alone.

The annual meeting of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players was held last night at the Amateur Billiard Club, and the election for the coming year resulted in the re-election of the old officials as follows: President, Edward B. Kurtz; Vice President, William A. Morschauser; Secretary, Walter G. Douglas, and Treasurer, G. O. Rudolphy.

There was a chance in the makeup of the Membership Committee. The three new members are George T. Moon, Jr.; Charles H. Nuhmacher, and Robert Weld. The members holding over are: J. P. Allen and Edward F. Gray. The retiring members of this committee are: W. W. Harris, J. Ferdinand Pogenburg, and Morris D. Brown.

Mr. Poggenburg gave an encouraging report on the Class A championship, which is to be held at the Union League Club in Philadelphia on March 1. He stated that there would be at least four contestants together with many old favorites, who have contested several times before. The new contestants are: R. M. Lord, W. H. Henderson, and August Bloose, all of Chicago, and Corwin Hueston of Detroit.

Morris D. Brown, the former Class A champion, made his annual plea for a change in the rules concerning a ball which stops dead on the balk lines. Under the present rules of play, a ball on the line is declared "in" balk, and Mr. Brown advocated a change so that a ball on the line would be declared "out" of balk. His contention was that the constant marking of the balk lines on a table makes a slight groove, which prevents the balls from going out of balk. Against Mr. Brown's proposition, Dr. Douglas, J. Ferdinand Poggenbury and H. A. Coleman spoke strongly. Mr. Coleman thought that such a change would be somewhat ridiculous. When it was put to a vote, Mr. Brown's suggestion was overwhelmingly defeated. He says he will bring the matter up again next year.

The reports of the officials for the past season showed the association to have had a successful and prosperous year.

Class B Billiards Start Today.

The annual Class B 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament will begin at the Amateur Billiard Club this afternoon and matches will be played afternoon and evening until the end of the tournament. The seven contestants are as follows: E. T. Appleby, F. S. Appleby, G. P. B. Clarke, H. A. Coleman, Fred Lowenthal, David Weiner, and C. E. White. Clarke, Coleman, and White are former Class B title holders. The match this afternoon will be between Weiner and Clarke and tonight Coleman and E. T. Appleby will play. The matches will be begin at 3 and 8:15 o'clock. The game will be for 300 points. The schedule for tomorrow is: Afternoon, Lowenthal and F. S. Appleby, and evening, White and the loser of the Weiner-Clarke match.

Otis Overcomes Handicap and Wins.

Charles Otis, the Brooklyn billiardist, last night successfully conceded a handicap of fifteen points to A. Newman in the amateur handicap three-cushion carrom billiard tournament at Keeney's Academy in Brooklyn and won by the score of 50 to 31 in eighty-six innings Otis is the only contestant in the tournament playing at the scratch mark, and it was necessary for him to tally fifty points before Newman could score thirty-five points. He scored the highest run of the tournament when he ran out a string of five points before missing. Newman's best high run was three points.

Byers, Old Billiardist, Dead.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Jan. 11.—Parker A. Byers, one-time three-cushion billiard champion of the world, associate of Jacob Schaefer, George Slosson, and Frank Ives, died at his home today, aged 63. He had played professional billiards for forty-five years. When Willie Hoppe, the present champion, was starting his career, he came here often to consult Byers.

Brickley Gives Up Athletics.

Charley Brickley, the Harvard football player, has been forced to give up all field athletics because of the operation for appendicitis performed upon him last Fall. Brickley's field specialties were the shot put and hop, step, and jump, but these events are too strenuous for him, so his physician has said. The Crimson athlete would like to play baseball, but his parents object. Brickley, after graduation this year, will probably spend the Summer in Virginia. He intends to coach next Fall and may accept a position in the Middle West, if the inducement is attractive.

TWO BALL PLAYERS TRADED FOR DOGS

Affidavit to This Effect Presented in Federal League Anti-Trust Suit.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—Affidavits that two ball players under contract under the national agreement were traded for dogs were among the documents filed today in the Federal Court in support of the Federal League suit against organized baseball.

Mordecai Brown, former Chicago National's pitcher, submitted an affidavit concerning the dog transactions.

"Joe Cantillon, manager of the Minneapolis Club of the American Association, at one time traded a professional ball player for a bulldog," Brown swore. "Your affiant also believes that Roger Bresnahan, while manager of the St. Louis Club of the National League, traded a professional player, a pitcher named Hopper, to Richard Kinsella, then manager of the Springfield (Ill.) Club in the Three I. League, for a bird-dog."

A score of affidavits relating in detail alleged wrongs offered ball players by officials of organized baseball, together with copies of the national agreement, stenographic reports of speeches by baseball magnates, and copies of contracts and telegrams by which the Federal League will attempt to support its suit were filed.

The affidavits are headed by a lengthy document from Joseph Tinker, now manager of the Chicago Federals, at a salary of $12,500 a year. Tinker became a Federal, he said, when C. H. Ebbets, President of the Brooklyn National League Club, offered him only $5,000 a year, according to the affidavit. Tinker wanted $7,500.

Ebbets termed this sum exorbitant and wrote Tinker: "While we expect to become a first division team, yes, a possible championship contender, with all our bright prospects it is nevertheless unreasonable for us to pay you more than you have ever received as a player for a championship club."

Tinker also made a strong objection to the ten days' clause of the players' contracts.

Opportunity for advancement is denied the players, according to William Watkins, business manager of the Indianapolis Federals, by the following methods of organized ball:

1. Farming out players.
2. "Covering up." This is when a minor club owner has a promising player whom he wants to protect from the draft. The owner negotiated with a friendly major league club owner, according to Watkins, and an ostensible purchase made, and the player delivered at the end of the season. When the time comes for the major league club to reduce the number of players the minor league is returned to the club from which he came.

Otto Knabe, manager of the Baltimore Federals, affirmed that players were not allowed to make any suggestions relative to the printed form of their contracts. He also attacked the ten days' clause, which he said allowed the indiscriminate sale of players.

Other affidavits were filed by Edward Hanlon, Director of the Baltimore Club; Ennis T. Oakes, Pittsburgh, manager; Lloyd H. Rickart, Secretary to the Federal League; William Perritt, Pittsburgh, pitcher; Edward Konetchy, Pittsburgh; Harry Goldman, Secretary the Baltimore Federals, and Lee Magee of Brooklyn.

A stenographic copy of a speech by August Herrmann, President of the National Commission, in which he ridiculed the Federal League, also was filed.

Cutler School Beats Clinton.

Cutler School had an easy time defeating the De Witt Clinton High School hockey team at St. Nicholas Rink yesterday by the score of 9 to 0. The high school students were outclassed by the champions of the Interscholastic Hockey League, and at no time was the Cutler team in danger of defeat. The Clinton boys were at home on the ice and showed exceptional ability at skating, but were not able to handle the puck in a successful manner. The line-up:

Cutler.	Position.	Clinton.
Nathan	Goal	Hastings
Marsh	Point	Power
Bull	Cover point	Scott
Fox	Rover	A. Hinsohn
Dowling	Centre	Nelson
Brunn	Right wing	J. Hinsohn
McPherson	Left wing	Show

Goals—First Period: Fox, 4:20; Bull, 7:15; Bull, 11:15. Second Period: Dowling, 1:23; Bull, 3:00; Dowling, 4:23; Fox, 5:00; Dowling, 5:15; Fox, 10:00. Referee—George Gordon. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes each.

High School Hockey League.

At the meeting of the High School Games Committee to be held next week it is expected that a sanction will be granted to the High School Hockey League. This organization was formed several weeks ago, but when application was made to the P. S. A. L. that body placed the matter on the table for investigation. The league prepared a schedule and the first game was to have been played on Jan. 4, but owing to the action of the high school committee in holding up the sanction nothing was done toward playing the schedule. Mr. Andrews of Boys' High School is in favor of the league, and after a thorough investigation he will report favorably to the high school committee. The league will hold a meeting immediately after the sanction has been granted and will adopt a new schedule.

On the Basket Ball Courts.

Xavier High School outclassed St. Francis School, Brooklyn, at basket ball on the former's court yesterday, the score being 49 to 15. The Manhattan five led from the start, with Farrell, Larkin, and McCarthy starring on the offensive.

St. John's College of Brooklyn won a close game with the Polytechnic Institute last night on the former's court by the score of 26 to 23. Nicklas, right forward of St. John's College, and Stewart of the Polytechnic team, were the stars. The former scored six field goals, while Stewart caged the ball four times from the floor and three times from fouls.

The first games of the Yorkville Basket Ball League Resulted in two victories for the Young Men's Hebrew Association, Ninety-second Street Branch, over Eighty-sixth Street Y. M. C. A. The respective scores were: Juniors, 20-12; seniors, 26-14.

Cornell Routs Buffalo Five.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 11.—Cornell's basket ball game with the University of Buffalo here this afternoon was a rout. The 'Varsity players did not enter the game, but the second and third teams ran up a score of 57 to 19 against the visitors, one of the biggest scores ever made here.

Checker Champion Defeated.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—J. B. Hanson, San Francisco, came unheralded to the biennial tournament for the American checker championship today and won his preliminary skirmish with Hugh Henderson of Pittsburgh, the champion. Alfred Jordan of London, the world's title holder, won both sides of the twitcher in his tilt with Walter Cooper of Detroit; John Howe, Jr., a 16-lear-old Chicago boq, earned a draw in the opener with Jordan, but lost the second match. Tom Harrigan, Pennsylvavnia champion, won both side sof the dike from F. R. Carlson of Chicago. California scored again when John Bradford, Pacific Coast champion, twice downed Tom Patterson of St. Louis. Harrah B. Reynolds of Syracuse played two draws with Louis Ginsburg, star of the New York City checker players.

New Steel Ice Yacht Swift.

RED BANK, N. J., Jan. 11.—Frederick Smock of Hoboken, who recently completed a third-class steel ice yacht, tried it out for the first time today, and it proved a wonder in a light breeze. Veteran ice yachtsmen stood on the ice amazed at the sailing of this light steel craft, while other iceboats of wooden keel, runner plank, and mast stood still. The ice yacht carries a finely cut mainsail and jib, measuring 350 square feet in all. She is 30 by 16 feet over all. The seat is placed well to the rear, with an automobile steering wheel controlling the steering runner. The cockpit is well forward. A large crowd of skaters witnessed the try-out this afternoon, and all pronounced the new craft a wonder in a light breeze. The North Shrewsbury and Independent Club ice yachts were unable to race today owing to lack of wind.

COLUMBIA STARTS ROWING.

Coach Rice Reports Usual Lack of Candidates for the Boats.

Rowing practice began at Columbia University yesterday afternoon after a long rest since the outdoor work on the Hudson last Fall was discontinued. The candidates for both the 'Varsity and freshman boats were called out and put through a limbering up pull on the machines in the university crew room.

Coach Jim Rice was keenly disappointed in the showing made by the candidates. Only a handful came out for either squad, and there will be an upheaval among the rowing authorities unless the undergraduates show more willingness to report for practice. Capt. Sanborn and Bratton were two of the three veterans left to report. Naumer is at present limited by his work at the College of Physicians and Surgeons and will be irregular in practice until after the mid-year examinations. Most of the members of the junior eight of last season and some of the eight which composed the freshman crew reported, but there were few new candidates.

The approaching mid-term examinations was the reason given for the absence of many candidates whom Coach Rice had counted upon to put in an appearance. In spite of this, however, Rice is anxious for the men to start training at once, and he even begrudges the two weeks' recess that will be necessary when this quiz period begins. A scant four boatloads of men reported for the 'Varsity crew. Coach Rice wants this number doubled at least.

The practice will continue on the machines three times a week until the mid-term examinations begin on Jan. 19. With the close of this period the practice will again get under way with the candidates reporting daily. There will then be no let-up through the rest of the season.

WOMEN'S PRIZES HELD UP.

Several Swimmers at Garden Have Charges Preferred Against Them.

Almost one-third of the entire number of women who have been registered by the Amateur Athletic Union must compete under protest until their amateur status is decided by the Registration Committee of the Metropolitan Association. It is the intention of Chairman Jake Stumpf of the Registration Board to set aside one evening for a hearing in the cases of the women swimmers who have been protested. There are now before his committee accusations of professionalism against seven women, and there are only twenty-four registered with the association.

No date will be set for the hearing until Mr. Stumpf is certain that all the protests that are to be made have been filed with him, for at the rate charges are being preferred now there will be few of the women not under protest before the end of the month.

Three separate protests have been made against Miss Elsie Hanneman, the premier amateur woman diver, and two have been preferred against Gladys Curl Ganzel, who heretofore has been known as Gladys Curl. The charges have been made against Miss Ganzel by a brother of Josephine Bartlett. The latter is one of the leading women swimmers in this district. Prizes won by these swimmers at the Sportsmen's Show in Madison Square Garden last week are being held up pending the decision of the Registration Committee.

A. A. U. TO DROP EVENTS.

Four Field Competitions to be Eliminated from Championship List.

The programme of events for the senior indoor championships of America, which has proven so successful for the past few years, will again be conducted by the Amateur Athletic Union at Madison Square Garden on Thursday evening, March 4. There was some desire on the part of a few clubs to have the list changed and discard some of the field events. Frederick W. Rubien, Chairman of the A. A. U. Championship Committee, took a mail vote of the Championship Committee and they decided that it was too late to make any change for this year.

However, the Special Committee appointed by President Alfred J. Lill, Jr., on General and Athletic Rules, consisting of Justice Bartow S. Weeks and Gustavus T. Kirby of New York, and Herman Meyer of Philadelphia, have suggested several changes in the list of events for future championship meetings to make them conform with the list which the International Amateur Athletic Federation has adopted as a standard and for which world's records will be accepted.

The events which this committee suggest dropping are the pole vault for distance, throwing 56 pound weight for height, 24 pound shot put, three standing broad jumps and 150-yards run. In place of these events they suggest a 16 pound shot put, and a 1⅛ mile medley relay race for four men, running the following distances in the order named: 440 yards, 220 yards, 880 yards and one mile, the teams to carry batons. The committee also suggests reducing the 75-yard dash to 60 yards. It was felt that a medley relay race would produce a fitting climax to the championship games, and the distances selected for the men to run should be satisfactory to the small clubs as well as the large, as nearly every club has at least one good man for each of the distances named, while in a mile relay, each man to run 440 yards, there would be only a few clubs with four good quarter milers, and it would be a hardship on the small clubs. This event will no doubt also be added to the outdoor championship programme.

Entry blanks will be ready in a few days and will be sent to all clubs throughout the United States and Canada.

No Cup Tie Final in London.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—At a special meeting of the English Football Association held in London today, it was decided, owing to the hostile attitude toward professional football of the people of the south of England, as represented in the London daily press, to take the final tie of the English Cup away from London on April 24, for the first time for twenty-one years. Where exactly the final will be played depends largely on the clubs which will take part, but probably the choice will be made from Birmingham, Manchester, Liverpool, or Sheffield.

Prof. Corwin Succeeds Walter Camp

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 11.—Prof. Robert N. Corwin has been named as football representative on the university athletic association for the coming year, succeeding Walter Camp, according to announcement made at Yale today by Capt. A. D. Wilson of the football team. The retirement of Mr. Camp, it is explained, is in line with his desire to sever official connection with athletics, and does not curtail his services as graduate advisory coach to the football captain and coaches.

Oxford-Cambridge Crew Race Off.

LONDON, Jan. 11.—On account of the war conditions it was decided officially today that the historic Oxford-Cambridge boat race should not be held this year.

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All With Soft French Cuffs

SEA VIEW WINTER GOLF UNDER WAY

Dr. Floyd H. McCall Leads Field of Eighty-one Contestants, with Score of 84.

Special to The New York Times.

ABSECON, N. J., Jan. 11.—Midwinter golf in New Jersey was inaugurated today over the links of the Sea View Golf Club and Dr. Floyd H. McCall of the home club let a field of eighty-one starters with a score of 84. His score was a stroke better than the effort of Cameron B. Buxton of Huntingdon Valley. Many sections of the country were represented in this first attempt to hold a Winter tournament in this State, though such men as Charles Evans, Jr., of Chicago, the Western champion; Jerome D. Travers, former national champion, and Oswald Kirkby, the New Jersey and metropolitan titleholder, found the call of business stronger than that of pleasure after their Saturday exhibition.

The turf, as might be expected at this time, was hard in the early part of the day when Buxton played, and he was unable either to approach or putt with accuracy. However, he showed greatly improved form over his round of Saturday. Scoring conditions generally caused the scores to lean distinctly to the high side.

Maurice E. Risley, the local crack, who was runner-up for the New Jersey title last Summer, failed to qualify. His 93 brought him into a triple tie for the last two places in the first division, but on the draw he turned out to be the unlucky one. He will play in the second sixteen.

Howard W. Perrin of Pine Valley, newly elected Vice President of the United States Golf Association, qualified for the first division with 89, and drew for an opponent tomorrow Charles H. Geist, President and founder of the Sea View Club. The scores:

First Sixteen.—Dr. Floyd H. McCall, Sea View, 84; Cameron B. Buxton, Huntington Valley, 85; Stephen McHie, Englewood, 86; H. W. Rhodes, Springhaven, 86; H. M. Clements, Merion, 88; Howard W. Perrin, Pine Valley, 89; W. E. Shackelford, Sea View, 89; J. C. Parish, National Links, 89; F. W. Taylor, Philadelphia Country, 90; Boyd Nixon, Claremont, Cal., 90; J. W. Ross, Overbrook, 91; C. H. Schoff, Springhaven, 91; R. P. McNeely, Merion, 91; Clarence H. Geist, Sea View, 92; Dr. A. W. Westney, Atlantic City, 93; H. W. Hemphill, Sea View, 93.

Second Sixteen.—Maurice E. Risley, Sea View, 94; Dr. Treo. Senzman, Sea View, 94; S. Y. Ramage, Huntington Valley, 95; W. N. Stevenson, Bala, 95; Daniel Darreff, Seaview, 95; I. R. Prentis, Mohawk; C. N. Philips, Greenwich, 96; H. W. Smedley, Merion, 96; A. W. Tillinghast, Aronimink, 96; H. Kendall Read, Sea View, 96; H. K. Mulford, St. David's, 96; Thomas P. Endicott, Sea View, 97; H. B. Newton, Frankford, 97; W. P. Cleveland, Aronimink, 97.

Third Sixteen.—C. A. Edgerton, Midland, 97; Percy Thomas, Atlantic City, 98; P. J. Reilly, Bala, 98; Samuel Allison, Midland, 98; R. C. Maxwell, Trenton, 98; R. L. Mishler, Landsdowne, 98; J. D. Baker, Bala, 98; J. Haines Lippincott, Atlantic City, 98; James Ackeroyd, Merchantville, 99; J. Franklin Meehan, North Hills, 99; M. R. Ward, Merion, 100; Dr. Moore Stevens, Atlantic City, 100; A. I. Smith, Pine Valley, 101; T. B. Wooten, Fox Hills, 101; J. W. Clegg, Philadelphia Cricket, 102; Dr. Emery Marvel, Atlantic City, 102.

Fourth Sixteen.—R. R. Brown, Sea View, 104; H. W. Lyster, Sea View, 104; Walter Nagle, Sea View, 104; Leonard Algar, Atlantic City, 104; F. V. Smyth, Bala, 104; Dr. G. J. Youell, Frankford, 104; Louis Stadler, Atlantic City, 105; J. N. Reiber, Philadelphia Crocket, 105; S. Boyd Carrigan, Sea View, 105; Robert W. Hunt, Glen View, 105; W. L. Hirst, Merion, 106; H. L. Buckius, Frankford, 106; Henry C. Ward, Oakmont, 106; B. C. McFadden, Bon Air, 106; R. C. McMullen, Great Neck, 107; Dr. F. W. Bennett, Atlantic City, 100.

"AD" MEN'S FOURSOMES.

New York Strongly Represented in Golf at Pinehurst.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 11.—Four ball foursomes claimed the attention of the advertising golfers today, and there were events for both men and women with prizes for the best gross and net scores.

For the best gross prize among the men, J. J. Hazen of Fox Hills and D. M. Parker of Garden City tied at 86, with L. S. Gimbel of Sunindale, Penn., and Harold Slater of Fox Hills.

Seventy-six won the net prize for H. B. O'Brien of Sag Harbor, L. I., and C. W. Harmon of Wykagyl, who deducted a handicap of sixteen strokes.

At seventy-seven, E. T. Manson of Framingham, Mass., and Clarence Cone of Inwood, N. Y., whose allowance was ten, and A. C. Hammersfahr of Siwanoy, Del., and J. M. Thorsen of Scarsdale, who deducted sixteen strokes, were tied with seventy-seven.

Mrs. C. H. Hanna of Cleveland and Mrs. F. M. Jones of New York (18,) Mrs. Malcolm B. Ormsbee of Brooklyn and Mrs. C. W. Beck, Jr., of Philadelphia (20,) tied for the women's net trophy at 108. The gross prize went to Mrs. Herbert L. Jillson of Pinehurst Country Club and Mrs. J. F. Duryea of Springfield (Mass.) Country Club, who played without handicap and recorded 116.

The metropolitan delegation is very large including: Harold Slater, C. C. Vernam, A. S. Brownell, L. A. Hamilton, H. W. Ormsbee, J. J. Hazen, D. M. Parker, F. A. Hodgman, H. J. Frost, Edward Rode, Herbert and James Barber, William McCord, Lorenzo Daniels, W. R. Hotchkin, E. J. Ridgway F. W. Nye, K. D. McAlpin, A. M. Bedell, J. I. Straus, C T. Russell, F. E. Mann, R. R. Mamiok, H. R. Mallinson, Ralph Trier, Z. T. Miller, H. R. Reed, Dr. A. R. Gardner, William C. Freeman, C. W. Yates, E. E. White, H. E. Spaulding, W. B. Lasher, W. W. Manning, Curtis Brady, A. P. O'Brien, F. L. E. Gauss, A. S. Higgins, H. H. Treadwell, H. D. Cashman, H. B. Martin, R. O. Haubold, and H. S. Houston.

Reich and Flynn to Box Tonight.

The Broadway Sporting Club of Brooklyn will stage the much-postponed bout between Al. Reich, the New York heavyweight, and Jim Flynn, the fireman of Pueblo, tonight. Reich has had aspirations for a long time to be the world's champion in his class, but as Flynn's rushing tactics and aggressiveness in the ring has shattered the hopes of many white hopes, a whirlwind battle is anticipated. There will be a ten-round bout between Joe Meeney of the west side and Young Fulton of the east side, and the usual preliminaries.

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SHUGRUE TO HOUND WELSH.

Will Keep on Demanding a Bout with Champion Until He Gets It.

It is the intention of Pete Fitzgerald, manager of Joe Shugrue, to force Freddie Welsh into a decision contest with his charge following the Shugrue-Cross bout tomorrow night at Madison Square Garden. Fitzgerald will post a $5,000 forfeit, the money to go as a guarantee to make any weight Welsh may name, and the same amount will be posted as a side bet providing the contest is for twenty rounds or more.

"Shugrue is more entitled to a match with the champion than any other man in that division," said Fitzgerald last night, "and his victories over Welsh and White at the Garden are certainly enough evidence that he is the most formidable of the contenders. Ritchie was beaten decisively by White, and Shugrue made a mess of the Chicago boy in his last fight, so that eliminates Ritchie. I know it will be a hard matter to force Welsh into a decision bout, but I will keep hounding him like he did Ritchie until Shugrue gets the chance he has longed for."

The ten-round semi-final between Gene Moriarity and Andy Cortez tomorrow night is expected to be as interesting as the former's sensational battles with Bobby Moore at the last two Garden shows. Both boys are aggressive, with plenty of hitting power.

Matchmaker Jimmy Johnston of the Garden denies the report that Willie Ritchie is matched to meet Freddie Welsh at the Garden Feb. 9. Ritchie was made a reasonable offer to box Welsh, but to date has not accepted the terms of Johnston.

NEGROES STALL AND CLINCH

Jeannette and Lester Johnson in Poor Bout at Pioneer S. C.

Joe Jeannetti and John Lester Johnson stalled and clinched through ten long and weary rounds of alleged boxing last night at the Pioneer Sporting Club. Jeannette was many pounds heavier than his opponent and appeared slow. Lester had the better of the early milling and beat his man every time to the punch. Jeannette did not exert himself until the eighth round, when he sailed into Johnson and made him look like a novice.

Johnson was not lacking in gameness and took a terrific beating toward the end of the bout. Jeannette, taunted by the gibes of the spectators, showed a little speed in the last two rounds and outpointed Johnson. In the ninth round he was hanging on to the ropes. The bell was the only thing that saved him from being knocked out.

The weights were announced as Jeanette, 194; Johnson, 177.

Fred Lawson of Spark Hill, N. Y., decided he had had enough in the second round of the bout with Fred Lawson, and his seconds threw up the sponge. "Black Bill" of Baltimore stopped Fred Robinson in the third round, and Fred "Kid" Jackson was no match for "Battling Jim" Johnson, the referee stopping the bout in the fourth round.

West Side Y. M. C. A. Games.

The 440-yard handicap run was the feature of the events held by the athletes of the West Side Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association in the gymnasium, West Fifty-seventh Street, last night. Fourteen boys were entered, and this necessitated the running or the race in heats. The final dash resulted in a victory for W. A. Weber, who started with a handicap of ten yards and crossed the finish line in 0:54 4-5. The summaries:

20-yard Dash.—Won by H. F. Davis; C. A. Underhill, second; M. Rohrbach, third. Time—0:03.

20-yard Dash, Basket Ball Special.—Won by P. Teed; E. Witt, second; K. Shirley, third. Time—0:03 1-5.

440-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by W. A. Weber, (10 yards;) S. W. Severins, (9 yards,) second; E. G. Grant, (scratch,) third. Time—0:54 4-5.

880-Yard Run, Novice.—Won by K. Meybohn; J. Spengenberg, second; R. Currier, third. Time..2:24 2-5.

One-Mile Run.—Won by W. De Witt, (30 yards;) C. Henningsen, (25 yards,) second; E. H. Church, (35 yards,) third. Time—4:39 4-5.

Jack Sheppard Quits in Fourth.

Jack Sheppard had no appetite for the brand of punishment handed out by Benny Leonard, the east side lightweight last night in their scheduled ten-round bout at the Long Acre A. A. At the end of the fourth round the former left the ring hurriedly, with no word of explanation, and went to his dressing room. No explanation was necessary, however, for it was easily seen that Sheppard did not take kindly to the treatment accorded him by Leonard. Leonard's superiority was plainly evident. He battered his antagonist all around the ring without receiving any effective returns from Sheppard, and in the fourth round the latter was in distress. Several times during this round Sheppard tried ineffectually to disable his opponent and was frequently warned by the referee.

The semi-final ten-round contest between Walter Mohr and Danny Ridge was an interesting exhibition and resulted in a draw.

Elliott Knocks Out Woods.

Jim Elliott of St. Paul knocked out "Battling" Woods of New York in the fourth round last night at the Olympic A. C. Elliott has accepted terms for a bout with Gunboat Smith, which will be fought in the near future.

Ruppert Trying Racing, Too?

There is a mysterious newcomer on the turf this year whose identity is, so far, unknown, but which keeps horsemen guessing. Through Frank M. Taylor, who used to train for the Hallenbeck Stable, this horseman has just bought for $5,000 the two-year-old chestnut colt by Star Shoot, out of Mary Taylor. In November this colt worked a quarter of a mile in 23 seconds, and was the fastest of the lot owned by the Gallaher brothers. Taylor was a recent visitor to the breeding establishments in Kentucky and Tennessee, and secured prices on a number of other youngsters, some of which are said to have already been added to the string he is getting together, though Taylor himself is as mysterious about these purchases as he is about the name of the principal.

There are whispers that Col. Jacob Ruppert, Jr., is the man behind the purchases, as he was once a fairly sucessful owner of a racing stable and is said never to have been wholly weaned from the sport. But the Colonel's intimates say he is too much entangled with baseball just at present to go in for racing again.

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Premiums or coupons don't go with Camels, because the cost of the choice quality tobaccos makes it impossible for us to give them. You can't buy a more delightful cigarette than Camels at any price. There's no tongue-sting nor unpleasant, cigaretty after-taste.

Camels come in a package of twenty and stand you the price of a dime.

If your dealer can't supply you, send 10c for one package or $1.00 for a carton of ten packages (200 cigarettes), sent postage prepaid. If after smoking one package you are not delighted with CAMELS, return the other nine packages and we will refund your dollar and postage.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO.
Winston-Salem, N. C.

HAMMOND TROPHIES WON BY S. BOSCO

Wins All of His Bouts in Novice Fencing Competition at New York Athletic Club.

The novice foils competition for the Hammond foils, presented each year by Dr. Graeme Hammond, was won last night at the New York Athletic Club by S. Bosco of the New York Turn Verein. There were eight contestants, and two strips were necessary for the competition. On the first, C. Montgomery of the New York Turn Verein and J. W. Lengemann of the West Side Y. M. C. A. were the ones to qualify for the final round, and on the second S. Bosco and H. H. Davis of the West Side Y. M. C. A.

After the preliminaries C. Montgomery looked to have the best chance of gaining the victory. He had won all of his bouts, and while Bosco had done the same, the former had more decisive victories to his credit. In the final, however, Bosco went through with three straight victories, while Montgomery lost one bout to him. There was a bit of luck in the draw which favored Bosco. No two of his bouts came consecutively. Montgomery on the other hand fenced a bout with J. W. Lengemann and then had to come back to the strip to meet Bosco. He was entitled to a rest, but refused it and lost the bout by the close score of 4 to 5. The final bout brought together Bosco and Lengemann, and while the latter was the first to score a touch, Bosco scored the five succeeding counts. The trophy foils were presented to the winner by Dr. Hammond. The summary:

Preliminary Round.—Strip No. 1—C. Montgomery, New York Turn Verein, defeated J. W. Lengermann, West Side Y. M. C. A., 5—3; H. Hengstenberg, Greenwich Fencers' Club, 5—2, and P. F. Jockweg, New York Turn Verein, 5—0. J. W. Lengermann, West Side Y. M. C. A., defeated H. Hengstenberg, Greenwich Fencers' Club, 5—3; P. F. Jockweg, New York Turn Verein, 3—5, and lost to C. Montgomery, New York Turn Verein, 3—5. H. Hengstenberg, Greenwich Fencers' Club, lost to C. Montgomery, New York Turn Verein, 2—5; J. W. Lengerman, West Side Y. M. C. A., 3—5, and P. F. Jockweg, New York Turn Verein, 2—5. P. F. Jockweg, New York Turn Verein, defeated H. Hengstenberg, Greenwich Fencers' Club, 5—2, and lost to C. Montgomery, New York Turn Verein, 3—0, and J. W. Lengermann, West Side Y. M. C. A., 5—2.

Strip No. 2.—S. W. Allison, Columbia, defeated E. C. Mason, Greenwich Fencers Club, 5—3 and lost to S. Bosco, New York Turn Verein, 4—5, and H. H. Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A., 4—5. S. Bosco, New York Turn Verein, defeated S. W. Allison, Columbia, 5—4, and H. H. Davis, New York Turn Verein, 5—1. E. C. Mason, Greenwich Fencers' Club, lost to S. W. Allison, Columbia, 3—5, and H. H. Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A., 3—5. H. H. Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A., defeated S. W. Allison, Columbia, 5—4; E. C. Mason, Greenwich Fencer's Club, 5—3 and lost to S. Bosco, New York Turn Verein, 1—5.

Final Round—S. Bosco, New York Turn Verein, defeated H. H. Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A., 5—2; C. Montgomery, New York Turn Verein, 5—4, and J. W. Lengemann, West Side Y. M. C. A., 5—1. H. H. Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A., defeated J. W. Lengemann, West Side Y. M. C. A., 5—3 and lost to C. Montgomery, New York Turn Verein, 1—5, and S. Bosco, New York Turn Verein, 2—5. C. Montgomery, New York Turn Verein, defeated H. H. Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A., 5—1; J. W. Lengemann, West Side Y. M. C. A., 5—0 and lost to S. Bosco, New York Turn Verein, 4—5. J. W. Lengemann, West Side Y. M. C. A., lost to S. Bosco, New York Turn Verein, 1—5; H. H. Davis, West Side Y. M. C. A., 3—5, and C. Montgomery, New York Turn Verein, 0—5.

High School Indoor Games.

Entries for the twelfth annual indoor high schools championships, to be held at the Twenty-third Regiment Armory on Saturday, Jan. 30, were sent to the high schools of the city yesterday by the P. S. A. L., and it is expected that the biggest entry since the indoor meet was started will be made this year. There will be thirteen events open to the students of the public high schools, and the school getting the most points will receive the Edward M. Grout Trophy. Gold, silver, and bronze medals will go to those getting first, second, and third in each event. There will be a special one-mile intercity relay race for the championship of Greater New York, and the following other events will be contested: One-hundred-yard dash, 400-yard dash, 880-yard run, midget relay; freshman relay, 120-pound relay, 100-yard hurdles, 220-yard junior, 220-yard senior, one-mile race, 12-pound shot, and high jump.

Wrestling Outlook at Lafayette.

EASTON, Penn.—Jan. 11.—A score of sturdy candidates are working hard for places on the Lafayette wrestling team. Wrestling is entering its third year as an intercollegiate sport at Lafayette and increased interest is being taken in it. This is largely because Manager Ellis has arranged an attractive, but rather pretentious, schedule for so young an organization. The list of meets follows: Feb. 6, Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia; Feb. 17, Princeton, at Princeton; Feb. 20, Columbia, at New York; Feb. 27, Springfield Training School, at Easton. Early in March there will be a meet with Lehigh at Easton and one with Cornell at Ithaca. The dates for the last two have not been definitely fixed. Five of the members of last year's team are still in college—Wycoff, Bell, Ellis, Mummert, and Becker. Frank Kelly, the well-known punter of the football team was the Captain of the wrestling team, but he will not be back at college this term. A new Captain will be elected in a few days. The material brought in from the freshman class is very promising. An effort is being made to secure the services of S. J. Keys, a local devotee of the sport, as coach for the team.

After Pekingese Dog Honors.

James E. Meade, former President of the Woodmere Kennel Club, and for some time a breeder of Boston terriers and French bulldogs, has succumbed to the Pekingese craze and will hereafter devote some of his surplus energies to the breeding of the pug-nosed little pets. He has been a purchaser of several recently imported dogs of both sexes as a nucleus for a kennel, with the intention of capturing some of the prizes for American-bred dogs of this type, as it has now been proven that as good specimens of the type can be bred here as can be imported. His recent purchases are intended as foundation stock only, and will not be seen benched at the shows unless he decides to try them out at match shows to see if judges agree with him as to selection of types.

IF the Ivory Garter had been perfected before garters with metal clasps and thick pads, it would be the only garter now worn. For it has no metal to rust or corrode and no pads—it is so comfortable, so durable and so efficient that all men can instantly realize that they have never known true garter comfort before.

It is light as a silk sock—neither binds the leg nor tears the stockings.

Ivory Garter
25c and 50c
At leading haberdashers

HARVARD WINS AT SQUASH.

Heights Casino Loses Postponed Interclub Contest, 4 Matches to 3.

Harvard Club squash tennis players defeated the representatives of the Heights Casino of Brooklyn in the postponed interclub contest on the latter's courts by the score of 4 matches to 3. The event was the most interesting of the series, four of the seven matches requiring extra games. The easy victory of E. S. Winston of Harvard over Charles M. Bull, Jr., the Heights Casino crack, was the feature. Although playing on a strange court, Winston overwhelmed the local expert and captured the match in straight games.

George Whitney, the former national champion, was extended to the limit to win from J. O. Low of Heights Casino. The latter won the first game, but the pace told on him and Whitney, improving with every stroke, carried off the next two games in easy fashion. E. du Pont Irving added a point to the Harvard Club score by a well merited victory over J. H. Williams after three hard games, but L. du Pont Irving had an off day and went down to defeat in straight games before R. Goepel. The matches between A. J. Cordier and F. H. Davis and R. E. T. Riggs and W. Langer were well contested, with final honors in favor of the Heights Casino pair. The summary:

E. S. Winston, Harvard, defeated Charles M. Bull, Jr., Heights Casino, 15—5, 15—9; George Whitney, Harvard, defeated J. O. Low, Heights Casino, 7—15, 15—4, 15—9; R. Goepel, Heights Casino, defeated L. du Pont Irving, 16—14, 15—8; A. J. Cordier, Heights Casino, defeated F. H. Davis, Harvard, 6—15, 15—1, 15—7; E. du Pont Irving, Harvard, defeated J. H. Williams, Heights Casino, 15—13, 14—17, 15—8; R. E. T. Riggs, Heights Casino, defeated W. Sanger, Harvard, 7—15, 18—16, 15—6; Hamilton Hadden, Harvard, defeated F. L. Bellamy, 15—5, 15—12.

Port Washington Y. C. Officers.

At the annual meeting of the Port Washington Yacht Club, held at the club house, Port Washington, L. I., the following officers were elected to serve for this year: W. F. Blaisdell, Commodore; C. M. Prankard, Vice Commodore; L. B. Smull, Rear Commodore; William Miller, Secretary; trustees, (to serve until 1917): A. T. Vance, A. P. Baxter, N. H. Vanderwall; trustee for bondholders, (to serve until 1918): A. F. Gray, Jr.

On the jump today!
Thousands of Winter overcoats marked down.
Thousands of chances for saving.
All styles.
All sizes—32 to 52 chest.
Here's yesterday's lineup—
140 were $18.00.
189 were $20.00.
658 were $22.00.
581 were $25.00.
173 were $28.00.
$15.
755 were $25.00.
1185 were $28.00.
112 were $30.00.
164 were $32.00.
$20.
1198 were $30.00.
246 were $32.00.
163 were $35.00.
33 were $38.00.
120 were $40.00.
329 were $45.00.
$25.
2700 others at $30 and $40 now that were $35.00 to $50.00.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

Town & Closed Body Auto Sale.
New York's Automobile Bargain Establishment
Will close out stock of
"S. G. V.s," Renaults, Packards, Pierces, Hudsons, Cadillacs, Stearns, Isottas, Simplexes, Buicks, and fifty others
☞ At Any Reasonable Offer.
"All A1 and ready for the Road."
Every Winter Body ☞ Must Go.
Vacate Feb. 1st. Cash Talks Loudly Now. Limousines, Landaulettes, Sedans, Coupes, Coupelettes, and fifty other styles of bodies; such makes as Brewster, Demarest, Rothschild, Vondenplass, Pierce, Peerless, Packard, Cadillac, in splendid variety, new or used,
At $25 Up to $600.
Seats & touring bodies remarkably cheap now!
Times—Tubes, Big Stock "Snaps"
All the Best Makes.
☞ Saving You 40% to 70%.
Magnetos, Lamps, Dynamos, Plugs, Horns, &c., ½ Value. Cheapest Place in Town for Sundries.
JANDORF AUTOMOBILE CO.,
1763 Broadway, Between 56th and 57th Street.
1,763 B'way.....1,764 B'way.....303 W. 56th
Autos. Tires & Sundries. Bodies.

CAN'T PUSH WORK ON CITY CONTRACTS

$5,000,000 Is Not Available for Jobs for Unemployed, Budget Committee Finds.

MAY OPEN "HOTEL DE GINK"

Police to Give Lodging House Passes—Straus Food Depot Erected at City Hall.

When the budget committee of the Board of Estimate, of which Controller Prendergast, President McAneny of the Aldermen, and Borough Presidents Pounds of Brooklyn and Mathewson of the Bronx are members, met yesterday to consider plans for the relief of the unemployed, it was found that very little of the $5,000,000 which it was hoped to use in pushing work on city contracts, was available.

"An impression has gone out," said Mr. McAneny, "that there is $5,000,000 worth of work that can be advanced rapidly. Unfortunately thins is not true. There is considerable contract work outstanding, and this is going along in a normal way. New work will be started as rapidly as possible; some next month and so on month by month until it is all under way. We went over the schedules carefully and find there is much less work to be started at once than some one at first supposed. Nothing like $5,000,000 is available at present."

The budget committee will meet again this morning and a complete list of the city's contract work will be given out by Controller Prendergast. The committee's report will be made to the Board of Estimate on Friday.

The "Hotel de Gink."

Some of the unemployed took steps yesterday to solve the situation in their own way. Jefferson Davis, known as the "King of the Hoboes," who came here from the West to establish a "Hotel de Gink," as he termed it, for the homeless unemployed, called upon the Controller yesterday and asked permission to use the unoccupied five-story factory building at Worth and Centre Streets, which is owned by the city and is to be torn down next Summer.

The Controller gave Davis a key to the building and told him he could clean it out and put it in shape, pending a decision as to just how the building could be turned over to him for hotel use. Davis gathered together some twenty of the unemployed, and they started to carry out the rubbish on the various floors. The hobo leader appointed one man, known as "The Bear Cat," to be Judge, and another, "Bull" Kelly, to be Police Commissioner, and cautioned them to keep order on the premises.

Davis said he had already applied to the War Department at Washington for the use of 1,000 blankets. He said he had used similar methods in "hotels" he had established in Seattle, Tacoma, and other cities. It is likely that the Controller will rent the structure to Davis for a small sum, about $1, and allow him to begin his experiment in earnest today. Davis's plan is to have his guests search for work each day and accept groceries and other provisions in lieu of money, and prepare the food on the premises. No loafing would be tolerated, he said.

In the afternoon workmen began to erect the booth in City Hall Park, where every Summer milk is furnished for a cent a glass by Nathan Straus. Mr. Straus determined to open the booth six months ahead of time and sell a cup of coffee and a roll for 1 cent or a glass of milk or a cup of coffee and a big cheese sandwich for 2 cents, to aid men and women who are looking for work downtown. Similar aid is being dispensed in Tompkins Square and Mount Morris Park, where the Straus milk station are kept open the year around.

The four-story brick building at 408 and 410 East Twenty-sixth Street, formerly part of Cornell Medical College, is being converted into an annex to the Municipal Lodging House by workmen from the lodging house, who began fitting up the structure yesterday. The men and women from the industrial department of the lodging house will make pillow slips, bed sheets, blankets, and other equipment for the annex, which will accommodate 250 beds.

Plans of Mayor's Committee.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Mayor's Committee on Unemployment, held yesterday afternoon at the office of ex-Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the committee, it was decided to appoint a sub-committee of six members on private and public employment to confer directly with trade organizations and to promote the co-operation of employers with the public employment bureau.

Employers will be urged to undertake repairs, replacements, the manufacture of staple goods as far as possible, and to begin at once work that would ordinarily be started later in the season.

The committee also approved the plan suggested by Jefferson Davis to open a hotel for homeless men, to be managed by the men themselves. The Executive Committee will give what aid it can to the project. The plan of the committee on private and public employment opportunities to appoint, during the Winter, a committee of three from its own membership to request employers, unions, and the Building Trades Workmen's Association to each appoint committees of three to confer with the Mayor's Committee on Private and Public Employment Opportunities, was approved also.

The first of the soup kitchens for the unemployed, arranged for by a conference committee of delegates from the United Hebrew Trades and protective and benevolent associations, was opened yesterday at Odd Fellows' Hall, 98 Forsyth Street. A depot was also established in the building, which is one of the largest of its kind on the east side, where bundles of groceries were distributed.

Other depots are being arranged for, including one in Harlem, which will be in charge of Mrs. A. Pastor, mother of Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes. A headquarters for distribution will also be established in Graham Avenue, Brooklyn, in charge of Berle Streidzam. Dr. Abraham Caspe of the Russian Revolutionist organization has been elected Treasurer of the general fund.

GIVES CUBBERLY COTTAGE.

Dr. Britton Donates Ancient Staten Island Building for Museum.

Cubberly Cottage, in New Dorp, S. I., an excellent example of Colonial architecture, has been deeded by Dr. Nathaniel L. Britton, Director of the New York Botanical Gardens, to the Staten Island Association of Arts and Sciences. The announcement was made yesterday by Dr. Arthur Hollick, Director of the latter organization.

The land upon which the cottage stands was part of the tract known in the seventeenth century as the Governor's Lot, and was granted by patent, Sept. 29, 1677, by Gov. Andros to Obadiah Holmes, who on Oct. 28, 1695, deeded it to Nathaniel Britton, an ancestor of Dr. Britton. It is supposed that at this time the stone structure, the oldest part of the cottage, was built.

The cottage and land passed to other owners, until it became part of the estate of Mrs. Harriet Lord Britton, mother of Dr. Britton.

Furniture much older than the building in which it stands is also included in Dr. Britton's gift. This will be left at the cottage, which will be furnished and decorated with Colonial ware now in the possession of the association. Many rare prints of Staten Island, recently given to the association, will be transferred from the museum at St. George to Cubberly Cottage.

SERVICE BOARD MEN PUT UNDER CHARGES

Flushing Association Accuses McCall, Williams, and Cram of "Gross Inefficiency."

SAY THEY FAVORED ROAD

Ignored Complaints of People of Queens and Let Trolley President Obtain Immunity.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 11.—John Holley Clark, Jr., attorney for the Flushing Association, today laid before Gov. Whitman charges of "gross inefficiency, neglect of duty, and misconduct in office" against Chairman Edward E. McCall, George V. S. Williams, and J. Sergeant Cram of the Public Service Commission for the First District, and asked their removal from office. All three officials are Democrats. R. C. Wood, Democrat, and M. R. Maltbie, Republican, the other members of the commission, were not named in the charges. The allegations made by Mr. Clark on behalf of the association will be heard in the investigation of the commission to be held soon by Gov. Whitman.

The complaint reviews hearings on charges against the New York & Queens County Railway Company, owned by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, and alleges that the Commissioners unjustifiably postponed hearings despite protests of the road's patrons, generally took no action, and when formal action was taken failed to enforce the decrees.

It is alleged that at hearings in 1912, at which the New York & Queens Company was arraigned, Commissioner Cram said he had personal knowledge of the lack of seating facilities charged by the complainants, and offered to have another Commissioner substituted, but on the insistance of the company's officials he continued to preside, and that the commission's Inspectors reported repeated violations of the law.

"Although the figures and observations of the commission's inspectors were in no way controverted or questioned," the complaint continues, "the said Cram closed the hearings, neglected to bring the violations of the law to the attention of his fellow-Commissioners, and allowed the proceeding to lapse until two years later, when, on July 30, 1914, it was discontinued by order of the commission."

The complaint further alleges that at a hearing on Dec. 19, 1913, on the lack of accommodations on the Flushing-Jamaica line, Commissioner Cram said: "There is no question that the conditions do exist." Nevertheless it is charged that the proceeding was dropped and no action taken. The charges against Commissioner Cram conclude:

"That the net result of all the proceedings held before the said Cram has been the installation after nearly three years' delay of a block signal system on four miles of single track road. This as to safety on a road which has spent and continues to spend 10 per cent. of its gross income in settlement of claims for damages and for attendant legal expenses, and which killed and injured in 1912 no less than 1,404 people. As to adequacy nothing has been accomplished.

"He [Cram] has constantly shown one face to the people and another to the railroad, speaking many harsh and cruel words against the railroad for the record, and while the eyes of the citizens were upon him, but lapsing into complete inactivity as soon as the record was closed, and by allowing the President of the road, one Wood, to testify without waiving immunity * * * foreclosed the people of Queens from obtaining relief in the criminal courts against the only responsible officials of the road in question."

The charges against Commissioner Williams are similar to those against Commissioner Cram as to the Queens County Road, and condemn his policy in dealing with the shortcoming of the elevated and surface lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company. After giving a long list of findings of the commission which, it is alleged, never were enforced, the complaint concludes:

"That said Williams has consistently shown in his words upon the record, in his formal opinions, and in his votes, an undue solicitation for and subserviance to the financial interests of the railroads and other great corporations which argues him utterly incompetent to fill the high position which he holds."

Continuing the complaint says:

"That the said McCall, although he has found time amidst his official duties * * * to prepare a brief and appear in court on behalf of a private corporation, has shown so little sense of his obligations as a quasi-judicial officer to explain his actions that from the time of his installation in office, February, 1913, up to and including Nov. 1, 1914, he prepared and filed only two opinions, one in 'In the Matter of the Stock and Bond Issue of the Astoria Light, Heat and Power Company,' which opinion covers two pages and cites no law, and one 'In the Matter of Additional Stock Issue of the New York Edison Company,' which covers just one printed page. In both of these instances the motion of the said McCall and Williams to allow the stock to be issued was defeated by the votes of Commissioners Cram and Maltbie.

"These two Commissioners have been industrious and persistent in the interests of the railroads and other corporations, their industry and persistence in this regard standing out in marked contrast to their inactivity in regard to their duties in the interest of the people.

"In spite of the shockingly inadequate and unsafe facilities furnished by the various transportation companies in the First District the commission has taken no effective action to enforce the law and relieve the sufferings of the people. The action of the commission for penalties against the Interborough Rapid Transit Company for failure to obey its orders in Cases 1,211 and 1,217, relating to adequate service in the Subways, which said action was commenced in 1910, was discontinued during the incumbency of the said McCall on June 30 1913."

ATTACK ELECTION LAWS.

Tompkins Supervisors Urge Representatives to Work for Repeal.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 11.—There will be a fight in the Legislature over the present election and primary laws. The Board of Supervisors of Tompkins County today forwarded to Senator Halliday and Assemblyman Preswick a resolution urging the repeal of both measures and asking them to introduce or support repeal bills. The resolution says:

"These laws have demonstrated themselves to be enormously and oppressively expensive to taxpayers; productive of onerous and needless inconvenience to voters; a menace and detriment to the full and free exercise of the right of suffrage."

It is recalled that in his measure to the Legislature Gov. Whitman recommended the substitution of one State Superintendent of Elections for three and the elimination of all Commissioners of Elections except in New York City and the counties of Erie, Monroe, and Onondaga.

Makes Coe Fire Prevention Inspector

Fire Commissioner Adamson yesterday appointed Theodore I. Coe Chief Inspector of the Bureau of Fire Prevention. He succeeds John J. Kennedy. The place has been vacant since last May. The salary is $4,000 a year. Mr. Coe for the last nine years has been Superintendent of the firm of Howells & Stokes, architects, of 100 William Street. He superintended the construction of the Hotel St. Regis and many other large buildings in the city.

HILAIRE BELLOC

The Celebrated English Writer

ON

"The Causes of Great Britain's Participation in the War Against Germany"

One of the most important articles yet written about the great conflict. Mr. Belloc goes far back to the remote causes which brought about the war, and subjects them to searching analysis. His is an article that will well repay the most careful reading.

IN

Next Sunday's Times

Besides Mr. Belloc's striking contribution, next Sunday's Magazine of The New York Times will include a number of other interesting articles, among them another letter from its Staff Correspondent with the Germans in France, describing a thousand-mile motor trip along the battle line as the Kaiser's guest. Another important feature will be a resume of the record made by Wireless in 1914.

Order Your Next Sunday's Times Today

—It is always sold out early—

COMPLAIN OF WHEAT PRICES

Millers and Bakers Say They Will Have to Sell Bread Higher.

CHICAGO, Jan. 11.—The Government's investigation into the possibility of a bread famine threatened to turn toward the Board of Trade today after the representatives of two interests, the millers and the bakers, had visited the United States District Attorney and complained that the present price of wheat must eventually cause an increase in the price of bread.

The bakers asserted that they could not make a loaf of bread weighing from 12 to 14 ounces for 5 cents with flour above $6 a barrel. The millers said they made a profit of approximately 8 cents on each barrel of flour with wheat at its present price.

"We cannot afford to buy wheat and hold it," said A. P. Husband, Secretary of the Millers' National Federation. "We have neither the money nor the space."

Albert L. Hopkins, Assistant District Attorney in charge of the investigation, reported that including November, 1914, 50,000,000 bushels more of wheat were exported than in the previous year.

"The wheat crop last year was a bumper," said Mr. Hopkins. "More than 900,000,000 bushels, an increase of 130,000,000 bushels over 1913 were raised. Seventy per cent. of the crop already has been marketed. This shows that the farmers are not holding it.

"The law of supply and demand does not warrant the present prices. The wheat crop of the country is large enough to supply twice the amount of export trade now taken care of."

Mr. Hopkins said he would confer on a course of action tomorrow morning with Charles F. Cline, United States District Attorney.

CAUTIONS STOCK EXCHANGE

Anonymous Letter Sent to All of the Governors.

Each of the forty Governors of the Stock Exchange received in his mail yesterday morning this anonymous communication:

> The only part of the Venner-New York Central circular worth reading: The time is fast approaching when, if the Stock Exchange does not voluntarily inaugurate the necessary reforms, especially in the listing of securities, it may find itself, as it should be, under Government control, like the European Stock Exchanges.

The letters were all mailed at the Sub-Post Office at the Custom House. The Governors wondered whether the communication was a threat that the matter of incorporating the board would be pushed or a thrust at the letter sent a few days ago by C. H. Venner & Co. to members of the Exchange. The letter attacked the Exchange for listing the $250,000,000 stock of the New York Central, alleging that the consolidation of the system's properties was illegal.

EMERGENCY MONEY RETIRED

Only $126,039,000 of 1908 Issue Now in Circulation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Controller of the Currency announced today that of the $384,483,000 of emergency currency which was issued under the Act of May 30, 1908, $258,444,000, or 67 per cent., had been retired up to the close of business on Jan. 9, leaving the balance outstanding $126,039,000. Of this amount, $4,186,000 is in the New England States, $24,856,000 in the Eastern group, $53,209,000 in the South, $27,747,000 in the Middle States, $3,738,000 in the West, and $12,303,000 on the Pacific Coast.

The largest amount outstanding in any one State is $16,859,000 in Texas. New York is second with $12,277,000.

SHIP WITHOUT A COUNTRY.

The Marina Quesada Flees Port Limon with No Registry.

Capt. L. H. Porter of the United Fruit steamship Tenadores, which arrived yesterday from Central America, said that while he was in the Harbor of Port Limon, Costa Rica, the steamship Marina Quezada, flying the Costa Rican flag, disappeared in the night without having register or clearance. She was formerly the Norwegian steamship Gladstone, and changed her name and registry at Newport News, where she took on 9,000 tons of coal and provisions and sailed on Dec. 16, having cleared for Valparaiso, Chile.

"When the Marina Quezada arrived at Port Limon on New Year's Day," said Capt. Porter, "her Captain showed the harbor authorities a provisional registry permitting the vessel to be changed to Costa Rican nationality, which had been granted by the Costa Rican Minister at Washington. After investigating the circumstances and the clearance papers from Newport News for Chile the Harbor Master at Port Limon refused to confirm the registry, and took away the ship's papers.

"About midnight on Jan. 1," Capt. Porter went on to say, "a warship steamed close to the shore, and flashed her searchlight on the Marina Quezada for several seconds in a manner that suggested it was some secret signal, and then went out to sea. Nothing happened next day and the Marina Quezada remained peacefully at anchor, with her crew dozing under the awnings on deck, but when daylight came on Jan. 3, the day we left for New York, the steamship had disappeared. She is with a German warship somewhere in the vicinity, I believe, without a proper flag or clearance papers."

SELF-STYLED TIMES AGENTS

Public Is Warned Against Unauthorized Subscription Solicitors.

Complaints have been received from Goodhue, Minn.; Somerset, Wis., and other points in the Northwest, telling of self-styled selling agents for THE NEW YORK TIMES Mid-Week Pictorial War Extra who have collected subscriptions for the publication, which thereafter failed to be delivered. In each case receipts were given to the subscribers by the "agent." Some of these men gave the names of G. C. W. Grant and G. C. W. Vergin.

No such persons are employed as agents by THE NEW YORK TIMES, nor in any way connected with it, or authorized to solicit subscriptions and receive money for THE TIMES. The public is warned against them. Only the regular subscription agents of THE NEW YORK TIMES throughout the country are authorized to solicit or receive subscriptions for the Mid-Week Pictorial War Extra.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 11.—Forecasts:

N. Car.—Rain, with strong n. e. to n. winds, colder on coast. Wed., fair.
S. Car.—Rain Tues., colder in e. and s.; fresh to strong n. winds. Wed., fair.
Ga.—Rain Tues., colder in e. and s.; fresh to strong n. w. winds. Wed., fair.
Fla.—Rain Tues., except fair in extreme n. w., somewhat colder in n. Wed., fair; fresh to strong winds, becoming n. w.
Ala.—Clear and colder Tues. Wed., fair; moderate n. w. winds.
Miss. and La.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; moderate n. w. winds.
East Tex.—Fair Tues. Wed., fair and warmer; moderate n. to e. winds.
West. Tex.—Fair Tues. and Wed.
Utah—Snow Tues. or Tues. night and probably Wed.
Okla.—Fair Tues. Wed. fair and warmer.
Ark.—Fair Tues. and Wed.
Tenn.—Fair in w., rain in e. Tues. Wed. fair.
Ky.—Cloudy Tues., with rain in e. Wed. fair.
Ind.—Fair Tues. and Wed.
Ill.—Fair Tues. Wed. fair and slightly warmer; moderate n. winds, becoming s. e. Wed.
Lower Mich.—Fair Tues., except snow in s. e. Wed. fair; moderate n. winds, becoming s. e. Wed.
Upper Mich.—Fair Tues. Wed., fair and slightly warmer.
Wis.—Fair Tues. Wed., fair and slightly warmer, with moderate variable winds, becoming s. e. Tues. night.
Minn.—Fair Tues., warmer in w. Wed., fair.
Iowa—Fair Tues. Wed., fair and warmer in e.
Mo.—Fair Tues. Wed., fair and slightly warmer.
N. Dak.—Cloudy and somewhat warmer Tues. Wed., cloudy.
S. Dak.—Fair and slightly warmer Tues. Wed., cloudy.
Neb.—Fair Tues. and Wed.
Kan.—Fair and warmer Tues. and Wed.
Ohio—Rain or snow Tues. Wed., fair; moderate variable winds.

STATE BANKS TAKEN IN.

Reserve Board Admits Three Southern Institutions in System.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Federal Reserve Board approved the application of three State banks in the South today for permission to enter the Federal Reserve system. Up to this time the system has been restricted to national banks.

There are ninety-eight applications from State institutions on file with the board, but in response to inquiries sent out some time ago, all except six of these decided that they preferred to retain their State charters until the regulations governing the admission of State banks are published. Six banks stated their desire to enter the new system at once, and three of these have acknowledged receipt of telegrams granting them permission.

It is a question as to whether any difficulties will be raised by laws of the various States when these institutions prepare to enter the Federal system. It is possible that the State banks will have to go into liquidation before becoming members of the Federal Reserve system, and the matter may have to be settled in the courts.

Conditions under which the Federal Reserve banks are to be allowed to buy and sell acceptances have been agreed upon and will be issued to the banks in a few days. The business of the Reserve banks is expected to increase materially when they are allowed to buy foreign acceptances.

BANKS PLEDGED LARGE SUM.

Philadelphia Institutions Promised $37,000,000 to Relieve Strain.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 11.—The first detailed account of the banking tension that was experienced in Philadelphia during the trying months of the Summer and Fall, in which credits were severely curtailed, was made public today in the form of a report by the Clearing House Association at its annual meeting. This revealed the information that the financial institutions here pledged themselves to the extent of approximately $37,000,000 to relieve the strain on the money markets.

This vast sum was raised first by $11,530,000 Clearing House certificates, then, at gradual stages, came $12,401,250 Aldrich-Vreeland emergency currency notes. Means of relief were then supplemented by a pledge of $8,000,000 to help pay our debts to Europe. Finally, $5,170,000 was pledged to ease up the cotton situation in the South.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

WHEAT.

The wheat market was in a very feverish condition, and after an early decline and a subsequent advance, which carried the market ⅝c to 1c a bushel above the final of Saturday, there was a violent break under tremendous selling of long wheat, resulting in an almost perpendicular drop of 4⅞c to 5⅝c. Later in the day there was a partial rally, but closing quotations were 3c to 3½c net lower. The visible supply in the United States showed a decrease of 2,677,000 bushels, while the total visible in America decreased 3,018,000 bushels. In the local cash market No. 2 red Winter wheat was quoted at $1.39¾; No. 2 hard, $1.40½, all rail, cost, insurance, and freight, track, export; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.42, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.41½, cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	$1.46½	$1.42¾	$1.42¾	$1.47⅝	.98⅜
July	..	..	1.28⅛	1.32⅞	96

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.48⅛	1.43⅛	1.43⅛	147½	..

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.39⅛	1.33½	1.34⅝	1.38¼	91⅞
July	1.24⅞	1.19⅞	1.21⅛	1.24¼	87¾

CORN.

The corn market felt the influence of the decline in wheat, and prices during the day were easy, closing 1¼c to 1½c net lower. The visible supply showed an increase of 3,049,000 bushels, compared with an increase of 2,086,000 bushels last year. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 78¾c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive, and prime Argentine at 77c, nominal, delivered.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	75⅝	74	74⅝	75⅝	65⅞
July	76⅞	74¾	75⅛	76⅝	65⅛

OATS.

The oats market was also weak with wheat and corn, closing 1c to 1¼c net lower. The visible supply showed a decrease of 428,000 bushels, compared with a decrease of 669,000 last year. The local cash market was easy; standard quoted at 56½c; No. 2 white, 57c; No. 3 white, 56c; No. 4 white, 55½@56c; fancy clipped white, 59@60½c; ordinary clipped white, 57½@59c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
January	..	..	51⅛	52⅝	38¾
May	55¾	54	54⅝	55⅝	39⅞
July	53⅝	51¼	52⅛	53⅛	39

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was active and weak under heavy selling prompted by continued liberal receipts of hogs, a decline of 5 to 10 points in the hog market, and in sympathy with the weakness in grain. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 60,000; estimated for Tuesday, 44,000. Kansas City received 10,000 and Omaha 7,500.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	10.47	10.45	10.50	10.62	10.90
May	10.85	10.70	10.75	10.92	11.20
Ribs—					
January	9.80	9.75	9.75	9.97	11.25
May	10.25	10.12	10.12	10.35	11.47
Pork—					
January	18.65	18.37	18.37	..	21.20
May	19.20	18.80	18.82	19.30	21.40

COTTONSEED OIL.

The weakness in lard as well as the general decline in the cereal markets caused heavy Western selling of cottonseed oil during yesterday's operations, and this pressure resulted in an active liquidating movement. Stop-loss orders were uncovered, and at times the market was very weak, closing at 9@19 points net lower.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.22@6.40	6.34
January	6.38	6.19	6.21@6.30	6.38
February	6.35	6.35	6.35@6.37	6.45
March	6.51	6.40	6.41@6.42	6.54
April	..	..	6.50@6.53	6.63
May	6.69	6.56	6.60@6.61	6.74
June	6.68	6.67	6.65@6.75	6.84
July	6.89	6.80	6.81@6.82	6.94
August	7.01	6.90	6.91@6.93	7.00

COFFEE.

Sales in the coffee market aggregated 12,500 bags, and in absence of active operations the market was a narrow one, opening at an advance of 5 points from the close of Saturday and closing at 4 points net decline to 1 point advance. In the local spot market Rio 7s were quoted at 7⅝c.

The range of prices in the local market follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	..	..	6.30@6.31	6.32
February	..	..	6.36@6.37	6.40
March	6.50	6.45	6.46@6.47	6.47
April	..	..	6.56@6.57	6.55
May	6.71	6.64	6.66@6.67	6.65
June	..	..	6.56@6.57	6.55
July	7.55	7.50	7.48@7.49	7.49
August	..	..	7.56@7.57	7.57
September	7.63	7.63	7.64@7.65	7.64
October	..	..	7.70@7.71	7.70
November	..	..	7.76@7.77	7.76
December	..	..	7.81@7.82	7.81

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday 5,089 pkgs. General trade quiet, but market is ruling steady on the choice and fancy grades of fresh creamery. Possibly the undergrades are a shade easier. Storage butter slow. Ladles more in buyers' favor. Packing stock quiet. Creamery extras, (92 score,) 34c; higher scoring, 34½@35c; firsts, 31@33½c; seconds, 28@30c; thirds, 26@27c; held, extras, (92 score,) 32½c; held, higher scoring, 33@33½c; held, firsts, 30@32c; held, seconds, 27@29c; State dairy, finest, 33@33½c; good to prime, 29@32c; common to fair, 24@28c; renovated, extras, 26@27c; firsts, 24½@25½c; lower grades, 22½@24c; imitation creamery, firsts, 25@26c; ladles, current make, firsts, 23@23½c; current make, seconds, 22½c; lower grades, 20@22c; packing stock, held, fine, 22c; current make, No. 2, 21@21½c; lower grades, 19@20½c.

EGGS.—A few express lots are coming in, but the supply is still small, and the demand seems to be sufficient to absorb the prime qualities promptly at fully sustained prices. Undergrades irregular. Storage eggs in good demand and firm. Nearby whites steady; fancy browns scarce and wanted. Fresh gathered, extra fine, per dozen, 44@45c; extra firsts, 43c; firsts, 42c; seconds, 39@41c; thirds and poorer, 33@38c; refrigerator firsts, 27@28c; seconds, 24½@26c; undergrades, 18@24c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery whites, fine to fancy, 47@49c; whites, defective, 42@46c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 42@47c; Western gathered whites, 42@45c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 46c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 41@45c.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 11.—Incorporated today:

Baker Cutlery & Hardware Co., $200,000; W. B. Hall, T. A. O'Callaghan, H. Audley, White Plains.

G. Levor & Co., Gloversville, fur, leather manufacturing, $50,000; F. H. Miller, S. Rothschild, G. Levor, 525 West End Av., N. Y. C.

A. S. Rosenberg & Co., textiles, $70,000; W. P. Brinkworth, C. R. Hurd, A. S. Rosenberg, 45 E. 17 St.

Eagle Hosiery & Glove Co., $50,000; S. D. Johnson, I. Finkelstein, I. Epstein, 216 E. 15 St.

Hudson Fertilizer Corpn., $25,000; R. F. Greacen, G W. Dix, W. D. Rhea, 112 W. 72 St.

Savage Expansion Bolt Corpn., $40,000; C. S. Girvan, G. J. Cary, L. L. Savage, 530 West End Av.

Maxim Trading Co., commission, agents, machinery, $20,000; A. MacVery, M. S. Kaliski, B. F. French, 203 W. 85 St.

Underhill Engineering Corpn., $25,000; O. S. Seymour, E. L. Smith, J. T. Underhill, 30 Church St.

Kellers-Evers Co., boots, shoes, findings, $20,000; G. C. Brauckmuller, W. Kellers, H. F. Evers, 374 Sumner Av., B'klyn.

Rough Diamond Importing & Cutting Co., jewelry, $15,000; S. Proujansky, S. Rubin, S. Halper, 171 Henry St.

Efficiency Exposition Co., introduce efficiency methods, $12,000; T. Weicker, F. Hawley, R. W. Walker, 41 Park Row.

Mirkin-Levitman, women's, children's wearing apparel, $10,000; H. Schor, B. Levitman, B. Mirkin, 863 E. 176 St.

Crescent Music Co., publisher, moving picture industry, $10,000; H. S. Wittmark, Philip Sharlash, R. Silman, 1,511 Emmons Av., B'klyn.

East New York Bakery, $10,000; I. Zunn, C. Levy, C. Suda, 1,692 East New York Av., Bklyn.

Lindenwood Realty Co., Troy, $10,000; J. C., A. M., and J. C. Hamill.

Goodspeed-Holder Co., lumber, minerals, rubber, foodstuffs, grains, $5,000; J. Mathers, G. Ellis Reed, T. H. Goodspeed, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Eagle Sash & Door Co., $6,000; W. I., R., and F. L. Grau, 703 McDonough St., Bklyn.

Prophytol Products Sales Corpn., medicines, drugs, chemicals, $10,000; T. C. Fogel, F. Y. Keeler, J. B. Hill, 456 4 Av.

Goldstein & Fainblatt, Bklyn., clothing, $6,000; L. Goldenberg, B. F. Ainblatt, Nathan Goldstein, 13 Manhattan Av.

Inter-Ocean Transportation Co. of America, $5,000; D. L. Snediker, A. Schmitt, Jr., O. Stevenson, 39 E. 42 St.

S. & S. Wet Wash Laundry Co., $6,000; F. Smith, J. Steindler, F. Schweitzer, 150 Newell St., Bklyn.

Reliable Oil Co., $5,000; R. G. Comellas, Charles H. Lafferander, 60 Clark St., Bklyn.

Landrow Realty Co., $5,000; Lillian H. Brown, G. and S. I. Ferguson, 25 Broad St.

Hannah A. Realty Co., $50,000; Isidor, Jacob, and Harry Abrams, 8 W. 103 St.

C. H. B. Advertising Co., electrical, mechanical, other devices, novelties, $10,000; Agnes R. May, E. M. James, M. M. Eisenberg, 457 Hopkinson Av., Bklyn.

Creighton & Munford, jewelry, cutlery, leather goods, $10,000; James Caywood, Rose and Harold R. Greene, 100 William St.

Bob Realty Co., $5,000; Milton, C. I., and Louis Barnett, 211 E. 111th St.

Greater New York Slide, advertising for moving pictures, $5,000; Fannie Cohen, Hyman and Anna E. Rosenberg, 600 Fox St.

Abramson & Stein, hats, wearing apparel, $10,000; Jacob M. Stein, Ida and Benj. Abramson, 351 Wadsworth Av.

Eisenberg General Contracting Co., boilers, $5,000; Max Spiegel, Isidore and Lina Eisenberg, 1,522 Bryant Av.

Rochester Barst Co., Rochester, cigars, confectionery, drugs, toys, clothing, hardware, $5,000; Lizzie, Robert, and Harry Barst, 309 E. 8th St., N. Y. C.

Authorization: Summonms Manufacturing Co., Wilmington, Del., $10,000. Rep. B. E. Baker, 259 King St., B'klyn.

Capital increase: Kelso Laundry Co., Rochester, $30,000 to $180,000; Ray H. Bennett Lumber Co., North Tonawanda, $200,000 to $500,000; Efficiency Metal Products Co., N. Y., $500,000 to $750,000.

Voluntary dissolutions: Alfred Alderdice Co., N. Y.; James B. Cullen, Inc., N. Y.; Crystal Drug Company, N. Y.; Carthage Electric Light & Power Co., Watertown.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Jan. 11.—Charters filed today:

Grove & Stewart, Inc., Atlantic City, automobiles, $125,000; J. Koch, W. Chandler Stewart, Theodore Schimpf, Atlantic City.

Beaver Run Land & Bog Co., Camden, real estate, timber, and rock, $10,000; W. Janney, George S. Katz, J. Daniel Eby, Philadelphia; Hattie Darnell, Camden.

Directors' Investment Co., Bayonne, investments, capital, $25,000; William N. Hutchinson, G. W. C. Schmidt, E. D. Burker, Bayonne.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Jan. 11.—Charters filed today:

Continental Lumber Land Co., $2,000,000. The company, while having no local incorporators, is backed by New York capitalists.

American Can Co. of Massachusetts, $300,000. H. W. Phillips, Yonkers, N. Y.; Benslaer Hinmon, Maplewood, N. J.; H. Craver, Summit, N. J.; C. E. Green, Cranford, N. J.

Bankers Farm Mortgage Co., $1,000,000, to deal in mortgages, bonds, and other securities; incorporators are from Wilmington, Del., and the company is backed by New York interests.

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POPE PLANT TRANSFERRED.

Automobile Factory in Hands of Pratt & Whitney Company.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 11.—With $314 in war tax stamps attached to it, a deed was filed with the Town Clerk this afternoon whereby the receiver of the Pope Manufacturing Company transferred the main plant of the automobile factory to the Pratt & Whitney Company of this city, a subsidiary of the Niles Bement concern. Treasurer C. L. Cornell of New York brought up a certified check for $300,000 and the Pratt & Whitney Company also paid the broker's commission of $6,000.

The plant, which will employ about 600 men, will be used in part to complete the company's $2,000,000 contract with the Chinese Government for armory and arsenal machinery. Tomorrow, with the new assets, the receiver of the Pope Company will ask the court for permission to pay an additional dividend to creditors.

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Bonds for Investment
Harris, Forbes & Co
Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

Suggestions for Investors
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Display Noteworthy Strength—International Gold Movements.

A further advance in the stock market yesterday carried the general level of prices to the highest figure touched since Dec. 15. In other words the recent slow but steady progress of the stock market has wiped out nearly all of the decline which followed the abrupt advance which occurred when public trading was resumed. The movement at that time seemed due to excess enthusiasm over the resumption of normal Stock Exchange activities. It was followed quickly by a loss of all of the ground gained in the first few days of trading. Then ensued after a period of irregularity the forward movement which has been under way with little interruption and which yesterday made further headway in a fairly broad market in which nearly all issues rose.

There has of late been added ground for the more hopeful spirit which the Stock Exchange has been showing. At the close of the year there were signs of trade betterment and events since then have served to bring these more forcibly before the public and to increase the confidence felt in them as an indication that a turning point in business has been reached. The unexpectedly large increase in unfilled orders reported by the United States Steel Corporation on Saturday was a factor of no mean consequence in enlarging the importance of the better trade situation as a stock market influence. Other signs of betterment have been found in the recent hardening of copper prices, in the greater steadiness of the cotton markets and in the continuance of movements in the money and exchange markets favorable to securities.

The course of the war has exerted only subdued influence. There has been recently no news in respect to the conflict of arms sufficiently decisive to exert dominant influence upon prices. That, however, is a source from which news which the market might regard as highly important may come at any time. That possibility moreover is one of the cautionary elements which is recognized among those who take a broad view of the market position. Meanwhile it is natural that the increasing signs of trade improvement should be adding to the confidence with which the new year began. The bond market broadened along with the trading in stocks and some substantial gains were recorded in that department.

Cable advices indicate that London may release to the Bank of France part of the gold which is held at Ottawa. It is not unlikely moreover that more gold will be purchased in this market for the account of the Bank of France. In this connection suggestions have been made which would supply the French Bank with the gold which it desires without drawing on any of the metal which is now counted as part of the banking reserve here. It is plain on one hand that in the present position of exchange no gold can be had here unless it be bought as any commodity would be and the necessary price paid for it, but it is also likely that the Bank of France would be willing to incur expense of this kind in order to increase its stock of the metal.

The statement of the Bank of Germany, which week after week had been showing increases in the gold holdings of that institution reported yesterday a decrease of close to $5,000,000. It is known that sometime ago, as a means of correcting the exchanges which were adverse to Germany, Berlin transferred some gold to Holland and similar transfers are said to have been made to Denmark and Sweden, all three neutral countries in which or through which Germany has been obtaining supplies. Those transfers were made without a net loss in the gold holdings of the Imperial Bank because they were offset by gold which came in from circulation within Germany. The loss reported yesterday may have arisen from further transfers of the kind previously made to Holland and other neutral countries. While not affecting directly the rate of German exchange at New York these transfers indirectly strengthen German exchange here as well as in other markets.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	Days. 30 or Less.	30 to 60.	60 to 90.	Over 90.
Boston	4½	5	5	6
New York	4½	5	5	6
Philadelphia	4½	5	5	6
Cleveland	5	5	5	6
Richmond	4½	5½	5½	6
Atlanta	4½	5	5½	6
Chicago	4½	5	5½	6
St. Louis	4½	5	5½	6
Minneapolis	4½	5	5½	6
Kansas City	4½	5	6	6
Dallas	5	5	5½	6
San Francisco	4	5	5½	6

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Sixty to ninety days.......................3@3¼

COLLATERAL LOANS.

Actual call loans, payable upon demand, 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. Renewal rate, 2½ per cent.

	60 Days.	90 Days.	4 to 6 Mos.
On time	3¼@3½	3¼@3½	3¾@4

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Four to six months, best names......3¾@4¼

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Cable and Sight Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.
Demand sterling	$4.83⅞	$4.83⅝	$4.83¾
Cables	4.84⅛	4.84	4.84⅛

Closing Rates.

	Demand (or check.)	Cable.
London	$4.83¾	$4.84⅛
Paris	5.19¼	5.18½
Berlin	.87⅛	.87¼
Switzerland	5.27⅞	5.26¾
Holland	.40⅛	.40¼
Italy	5.36	5.35¼

New York Clearing House exchanges, $224,635,282; balance, $12,636,753; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,026,185.

The local banks lost $1,330,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Exchanges on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 10c. discount; St. Louis, 5c. discount; San Francisco, 50c. premium; Minneapolis, 30c. premium; Cincinnati, par; Montreal, $6.87½ premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver in London, 22⅞d., up 3-16d.; in New York, 49⅝c., up ⅛c.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday and of these two groups of stocks combined with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	69.00	68.21	68.80	+.67
Industrials	55.89	54.68	55.59	+.87
COMBINED AVERAGE.				
Jan. 4	60.86	60.25	60.76	+.61
Jan. 5	61.18	60.61	60.94	+.18
Jan. 6	61.16	60.61	60.89	−.05
Jan. 7	61.26	60.63	61.09	+.20
Jan. 8	61.68	60.97	61.24	+.15
Jan. 9	61.56	61.26	61.42	+.18
Jan. 11	62.44	61.44	62.19	+.77

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	—High.—	—Low.—	Last.
Jan. rge. '14	74.04 Jan. 23	70.17 Jan. 3	72.97
Jan. rge. '13	79.10 Jan. 9	75.90 Jan. 17	77.22
Jan. rge. '12	78.63 Jan. 3	75.66 Jan. 31	76.62
Year's range to date	62.44 Jan. 11	60.07 Jan. 2	62.19
Year, 1914	73.30 Jan. 31	57.41 July 30	62.10
Year, 1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10	69.20
Year, 1912	85.53 Sep. 30	75.24 Feb. 1	78.80
Year, 1911	84.41 Jan. 26	69.57 Sep. 25	77.80

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JAN. 11, 1915.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	210,642
Same day last year	308,542
Year to date	1,075,423
Same period last year	2,472,498
Average price and change 50 stocks	62.19 + .77
Same day last year	68.93 + .40

	High.	Low.
Year's range to date	62.44 Jan. 11	60.07 Jan. 2
Same period last year	69.22 Jan. 12	67.50 Jan. 3
Range year 1914	73.30 Jan. 31	57.41 July 30
Range year 1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
27⅛	27¼	2,700	Alaska Gold Mines	26⅝	27¼	26⅝	27⅛	+⅝
34½	37	132	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	36	36	36	36	+1
54⅞	55¼	6,900	Amalgamated Cop.	54½	55½	54½	54⅞	+½
..	48¾	20	Am. Agricul. Chem.	48	48	48	48	..
35⅝	35⅞	3,510	Am. Beet Sugar	35⅝	35⅞	35¼	35¾	+⅝
134	140¼	100	Am. B. S. & F. pf.	137	137	137	137	+2
30	30⅛	9,875	Am. Can	29½	30⅝	29½	30	+¾
93¼	94¼	650	Am. Can pf.	93¾	94⅛	93¾	94⅛	+⅜
47¼	47¾	2,300	Am. Car & Fdry	45¾	47¼	45¾	47¼	+2¼
43¾	44½	600	Am. Cotton Oil	43½	44	43½	44	+½
22	22¾	200	Am. H. & Leath. pf.	22	22	22	22	+1
21	21½	300	Am. Ice Securities	21	21¼	21	21½	+½
27⅛	27½	3,050	Am. Locomotive	25¼	28	25¼	27⅛	+1
59⅝	60	700	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	59⅝	60⅛	59⅝	60⅛	+1¼
100¼	100⅝	110	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	+⅜
104	106	100	Am. Sugar Refin.	104½	104½	104½	104½	+½
113	114	300	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	113	113	113	113	+¾
118⅛	118⅝	500	Am. Teleph. & Tel.	118⅛	118⅜	118	118⅝	+¼
220	222	100	Am. Tobacco	220	220	220	220	+⅜
106	106¾	100	Am. Tob. pf., new	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	..
79	80	200	Am. Woolen pf.	79	79½	79	79½	+¼
26⅝	26⅞	700	Anaconda Cop. Co.	26¼	26⅞	26¼	26⅞	+1
94⅛	94⅝	2,100	Atch., Top. & S. F.	94	94⅝	94	94⅝	+⅝
100	101	200	Atlantic Coast Line	100	100½	100	100½	+⅝
36	40	120	Baldwin Loco.	40	40	40	40	+⅛
68⅝	68⅞	2,200	Baltimore & Ohio	68	69¼	67⅞	68⅛	+½
71	71½	1,400	Baltimore & O. pf.	70¼	71	70¼	71	−⅛
52¾	53¼	8,500	Bethlehem Steel	51⅞	53⅝	51⅞	53	+1
96½	98	400	Bethlehem Steel pf.	97½	97½	97½	97½	+1½
86	86¼	1,105	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	86	86	85⅞	86	+½
15¼	15¾	950	California Petrol.	15½	15½	15¼	15½	−¾
..	49	200	California Pet. pf.	49	49	49	49	−2
156	156½	700	Canadian Pacific	155⅝	156⅝	155⅝	156⅛	+1⅛
35	35½	2,000	Cent. Leath. Co. x d.	35⅞	36	35⅞	35⅞	−¼
42¼	43	200	Chesapeake & Ohio	42	42⅛	42	42⅛	+1
27⅝	28	1,800	Chi. Gt. West. pf.	27½	27⅝	27	27⅝	−⅜
88	88¼	950	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	87½	88⅛	87½	87⅞	+⅝
125¼	126	185	Chi. & Northwest	126	126	126	126	+1
33⅞	34	2,000	Chino Copper	33¼	34¼	33¼	34	+⅝
100½	101	100	Cluett, Peabody pf.	100	100	100	100	+⅞
25¼	25½	600	Col. Fuel & Iron	25⅞	26	25¼	25¼	+¼
117¾	118½	2,400	Consolidated Gas	116½	118⅛	116½	118⅝	+1⅞
45	46	160	Continental Can	46	46	46	46	+2
89¾	91	350	Continental Can pf.	90	90	90	90	−1
9¾	9⅞	800	Corn Products Ref.	9⅝	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	−¼
145½	148	100	Delaware & Hud.	146	146	146	146	+4
400½	410	100	Del., Lack. & West.	401	401	401	401	+1
..	6	100	Duluth, S. S. & A.	5	5	5	5	..
22¼	22⅜	4,400	Erie	22⅛	22⅝	21⅞	22⅛	+⅝
35	35⅝	920	Erie 1st pf.	34⅞	35½	34⅞	35⅛	+⅝
143½	144⅛	793	General Electric	143¼	144⅛	143¼	144⅞	+1½
84¼	85	205	General Motors	83⅞	83⅞	83	83	−1
93	94	100	General Motors pf.	94	94	94	94	+1
27	27¾	900	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	26⅞	27⅛	26⅞	27⅛	+⅝
114¼	114½	1,150	Great Northern pf.	114	114⅛	113⅞	114⅛	+⅝
28	28¼	1,900	G. N. certs. ore prop.	27	28⅛	27	28⅛	+2
46	46¾	200	Guggenheim Explor.	46½	46½	46	46	..
108	111	100	Illinois Central	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	+¼
18	18¼	1,100	Inspiration Copper	17⅞	18⅛	17⅞	18	+⅝
11⅛	11½	1,550	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	11	11⅛	10⅞	11¼	+¼
50¼	50⅝	900	Inter.-Met. pf.	50	50⅝	50	50⅝	+⅝
97½	99½	300	Int. Harvester, N. J.	95	99⅜	95	99⅜	+4½
..	74	300	Int. Harvest. Corp.	73	73⅛	73	73⅛	+⅛
8½	8¾	100	Int. Paper	8½	8½	8½	8½	+¼
34	35	200	Int. Paper pf.	34½	34½	34½	34½	−½
21¾	22	700	Kansas City South.	21¼	22	21¼	22	+¾
134	134¼	1,400	Lehigh Valley	134	134⅛	134	134¼	+⅛
30	36	200	Long Island	30	30	30	30	−½
26	33½	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	31	31	31	31	+⅝
117	118⅝	650	Louis. & Nash.	117½	118⅝	117½	118⅝	+5
72½	76	100	Mackay Cos.	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝	+1⅜
67	68	100	Mackay Cos. pf.	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	+⅞
18¼	18½	1,550	Maxwell Motors	18	18⅝	18	18⅝	..
53	53½	4,150	Max. Motors 1st pf.	49	53⅝	49	53⅝	+4⅝
22	22½	2,830	Max. Motors 2d pf.	20¾	22⅛	20¾	22⅝	+1¾
4	7	100	Mer. Marine pf.	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	..
51¾	52½	600	Mexican Petroleum	51	52	51	52	+1
68½	70	100	Mex. Petroleum pf.	69	69	69	69	..
17⅞	18	400	Miami Copper	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	17¾	+¼
10	11	200	Minn. & St. Louis	10⅝	11	10⅝	11	+¼
9	10	670	Mo., Kan. & Texas	9½	9⅝	9½	9⅝	+⅜
26	28	100	Mo., Kan. & T. pf.	27	27	27	27	+1⅛
7¼	7⅝	700	Missouri Pacific	7	7½	7	7⅜	+1
43¼	43½	100	Montana Power	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	43⅝	+¼
120	124	100	Nat. Bis. Co. pf.	123	123	123	123	+⅜
10¾	11	100	Nat. En. & St. Co.	10¾	10¾	10¾	10⅝	+1
45	45½	150	Nat. Lead Co.	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞	45⅝	..
12¾	13	600	Nevada Con. Cop.	12⅝	13	12⅝	12⅞	+⅝
55	58	100	N. Y. Air Brake	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝	57⅞	+1⅝
88¾	89	5,410	N. Y. Central	87⅛	88⅝	87⅛	88⅝	+1
53⅞	55	300	N. Y., N. H. & H.	53	54⅛	53	54⅛	+1⅝
22⅛	23	200	N. Y., Ont. & West.	22	22	22	22⅛	+1
101⅛	101½	200	Norfolk & Western	101⅝	101⅝	101¼	101½	+1⅛
102⅛	102½	3,000	Northern Pacific	100⅞	102⅝	100⅞	102⅛	+1⅝
20½	20⅞	100	Pacific Mail	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	..
104⅞	105½	3,350	Penn. R. R.	105	105⅝	105	105	−¼
119	120	750	People's Gas, Chi.	118¾	120½	118¾	120	+1⅜
17	17¼	200	Pittsburgh Coal	16⅞	17	16⅞	17	+⅛
38	38⅝	1,750	Pressed Steel Car	37	39	37	38⅛	+2
100½	101¼	200	Pressed Steel Car pf.	100½	101	100½	101	+¼
1½	1¾	300	Quicksilver	1⅜	1⅝	1⅜	1⅝	+2½
25½	26½	200	Railway Steel Sp.	25	25⅜	25	25⅞	+1
16⅛	16¼	900	Ray Con. Copper	16¼	16⅜	16¼	16⅛	..
147⅞	148	13,800	Reading	147⅞	148⅛	146⅞	147⅞	+2⅛
84	87	350	Reading 1st pf.	85⅞	86⅛	85⅞	86⅛	+⅛
20¼	20⅜	1,360	Rep. Iron & Steel	20	20⅜	20	20⅞	+⅝
75½	76	500	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	75¾	75¾	75	75	..
1⅛	1⅜	350	Rock Island Co. pf.	1⅝	1¾	1⅝	1⅝	+½
1⅞	2	3,000	Rumely (M.) Co.	2	2⅛	2	2	+½
38¼	39	100	Seab. Air Line pf.	30	30	30	30	..
27	30	100	Sloss-S. S. & I. Co.	27	27	27	27	+½
85¾	86	4,050	Southern Pacific	84⅝	86	84⅝	85⅞	+2
15⅝	16	2,000	Southern Ry.	15½	16	15½	15½	+1½
58¼	60	300	So. Ry. pf. ext.	58	58⅝	58	58⅝	+1
30⅛	30⅜	5,300	Studebaker Co.	30⅝	30⅞	30⅝	30⅞	+1
32⅝	32⅞	2,600	Tennessee Copper	32⅞	33⅛	32⅞	32⅞	+⅝
134½	135⅛	400	Texas Co.	134	135¼	134	135⅛	+2½
11½	12¼	600	Texas & Pacific	11	12	11	12	+1
41½	41⅞	4,000	Third Avenue	40½	41⅞	40½	41⅛	+2¼
1	3½	100	Tol., St. L. & W.	2	2	2	2	..
98	100	200	Twin City R. T.	97½	98	97½	98	+1½
5¼	5⅝	100	Union B. & P. Co.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+1
119⅝	119⅞	11,330	Union Pacific	118⅝	119⅝	118	119⅝	+1
27⅝	28	200	Union Pacific war.	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	27⅞	..
79½	81	95	Union Pacific pf.	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	+1⅛
11	11⅜	1,400	United Rys. Invest.	10	11	10	11	+1⅛
29	29½	1,900	Un. Rys. Inv. pf.	27	29⅝	26⅝	29⅝	+⅝
8¼	10	587	U. S. C. I. P. & F.	8¼	9⅝	8¼	9⅝	+2½
71	75	200	U. S. Express	71	71	71	71	+1
57	57½	3,960	U. S. Rubber	57⅝	58⅛	57⅛	57⅞	+1⅜
103	103½	25	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	103	103	103	103	..
51⅝	52	23,850	U. S. Steel	51¼	52⅛	51¼	51¾	−⅛
107½	107⅞	1,400	U. S. Steel pf.	106½	108	106½	107⅞	..
50⅝	50⅞	4,900	Utah Copper	49¾	51¼	49¾	50⅝	+⅝
17⅛	18	100	Va.-Car. Chemical	18	18	18	18	+1⅛
11½	12¼	300	Western Maryland	11⅜	11⅝	11⅜	11⅞	+⅝
59½	59⅞	4,400	Western Union Tel.	59½	60	59½	59⅝	+⅝
73⅝	73⅞	4,100	Westingh. E. & M.	72	74	72	73⅝	+1⅝

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	97	..
2s, c, 1930	97	..
3s, r, 1918	100¼	..
3s, c, 1918	100¼	102
4s, r, 1925	109	..
4s, c, 1925	109¼	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	96½	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	96½	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	100	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	100	102

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	..	88
Allis-Ch.	8½	9
Am Ag C pf.	90	91
A B S pf.	80	84
A B S & Fdy.	87	97
A C & F pf.	112⅞	114½
Am C Pr.	..	83¼
Do pf.	102¼	105
Am Cot O pf.	92	97⅞
Am Exp.	..	97
A H & L.	4½	4⅞
Am Lin.	..	8⅜
Do pf.	26	28
Am L pf.	95	96¾
Am Malt.	3	4
Do pf.	..	31
A S pf. B	78	80
Am Snuff.	..	150
Am St Fd.	30	32
A T & C.	58¾	60
Am Wool.	16	20
Am Wr Pa pf.	..	10
Ann Arbor	..	30
Do pf.	..	70
Assets R.	5	10
A T & S F pf.	96½	97
Bald L pf.	102½	105
Batop M.	⅝	1
Br Sh pf.	..	85
B Un G.	118	135
Bruns Ter.	..	7½
B, R & P.	..	90
But'k Co.	27	29
Canada So.	56	..
Case (J I) pf.	..	85
Cent L pf.	101	101⅝
C R R of N J.	..	325
C & S A Tel.	100½	111
Chi & Alt.	..	9½
Do pf.	..	13½
Chi Gt W.	10½	10⅝
C, M & St Paul pf.	124	125
Chi, St P, M & Om.	..	132
Do pf.	..	150
C, C, C & St L.	21	40
Do pf.	..	40
Cluett-P.	..	67
Cleve & P.	152½	..
Col & So.	24½	26⅛
Do 1st pf.	42½	..
Do 2d pf.	33½	..
Corn P R pf.	67	69
Crex Carp.	..	65
Cub-Am S.	..	48
Do pf.	..	91
D & Co pf.	..	80
D & R G.	4	6
Do pf.	7	8
Det Ed.	..	112
Det & M.	75	..
Do pf.	80	..
Det U R.	..	68¼
Dist Sec.	10⅝	12
D, S S & A pf.	6	9
East Kod.	465	..
Do pf.	114	120
Erie 2d pf.	27	28
F M & S.	..	10
Do pf.	20	30
Gen Ch.	160	165
Do pf.	108	110
G'drich (B F) Co pf.	92	95½
Hav E Ry, L & P.	..	79
Do pf.	..	91½
Helme (G W) Co.	..	180
Do pf.	..	115
Homest'ke.	114	117½
Inger-R.	102	..
Do pf.	95	..
Int Agric.	..	12
Do pf.	..	20
Int H pf.	116¼	117
Int H Cor pf.	..	114
Int St P.	..	3
Do pf.	5	10
Iowa Cent.	..	7
Do pf.	..	12
K C, Ft S & M pf.	..	67
Kan C So pf.	54	57
Kayser (J) & Co.	..	84
Do 1st pf.	105	107
K & D M.	3	10
Do pf.	30	..
Kresge(SS) Co.	94	98½
Do pf.	100½	..
Lack St'l.	27½	30
Lacl Gas.	90	93
L E & W.	6	8
Do pf.	11	..
Ligg & M.	205	210
Do pf.	114	..
L-W B 1st pf.	100	106
Do 2d pf.	..	94⅜
Lorill Co.	160	170
Do pf.	112½	115¾
Man Elev.	125	..
M Dep Sts.	..	50
Do pf.	..	90½
Mer Mar.	⅝	1
M & St L.	..	27
M, St P & S S M.	100	110
Do pf.	..	130
Do l l.	75	81
Mor & Es.	158	170
M Pow pf.	..	99⅞
N C & St L.	120	133
Nat Bis.	120	122
Nat En pf.	78	90
Nat L pf.	100¼	109
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	..	25
Do 2d pf.	4⅝	7
N Y, L & West.	111	121
Norf So.	..	25¼
N & W pf.	84	86
North Am.	67	68½
Ont Min.	2	3
Pabst B pf.	..	100
P T & T.	20	29
Do pf.	87	91
Peo & E.	3½	6
Pett-Mull.	12	20
P, C, C & St L.	71	85
Do pf.	95	105
Pitts C pf.	83½	85
P, Ft W & C.	151	..
Pitts S pf.	..	82
Pub S C.	..	106
P'man Co.	152	153½
Q'ksil'r pf.	2	2½
Ry St Spr pf.	..	90
Rdg 2d pf.	80	85
Rock Isl'd.	⅝	⅞
Rumely(M) Co pf.	..	16
St L & S Fran.	1¼	2½
Do 1st pf.	6	12
Do 2d pf.	2¾	3⅝
St L S W.	..	17
Do pf.	..	37
Seab A L.	13⅛	14¼
Sears-R.	..	180
Do pf.	..	120⅝
So P R S.	..	..
S'd Mill.	..	100
Do pf.	67½	69¾
Studeb Co pf.	91½	95
T P L Tr.	90	..
T, St L & West pf.	7½	9¼
Und Type.	..	70
Do pf.	..	102
U B & P pf.	20	31
Un Cig M.	41⅝	43¾
Do pf.	99	103¾
Un Dr G.	..	40
Do pf.	44	52
U S C I P pf.	30	45
U S I A.	15	25
Do pf.	..	73
U S R & Imp.	..	50
Va-Car Ch pf.	81	85
V, R & P.	..	45
Do pf.	..	99⅝
Wabash.	..	½
Do pf.	1⅝	2
W P Exp.	82	84
W Md pf.	..	30
W E & M 1st pf.	116	118
Weym-B.	..	280
Do pf.	108	115
W & L E.	1⅜	3
Do 1st pf.	10	15
Do 2d pf.	3	5
Wis Cent.	30	37
W'w'th (F W).	..	91
Do pf.	115	116

TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Receipts and expenditures for Jan. 9:

	Jan. 9.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$772,815	$4,391,954	$112,004,887
Ordinary	1,018,564	7,334,247	171,881,419
Cor. & in. tax	8,071	188,277	9,425,719
Miscellaneous	220,022	2,307,815	37,877,427
Total recpts.	2,299,374	14,102,292	331,249,450
Expenditures	3,337,265	17,551,000	397,477,701
Deficit	1,318,991	3,480,407	66,228,250

Wegman Piano Company Closes.

AUBURN, N. Y., Jan. 11.—The Wegman Piano Company, which went into the hands of a receiver last week with the statement at the time that it would continue to operate, closed down suddenly today. James N. Knapp, Receiver, said that the shutdown was to take inventory and that he could not state when the factory would resume operations.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS AND NOTES.

	Monday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
6s, Sept., 1915	101¼	101⅝	101¼	101⅝
6s, Sept., 1916	103⅛	103⅝	103⅛	103⅝
6s, Sept., 1917	104¼	104¾	104¼	104¾
4½s, March, 1963	104¾	104⅞	104½	104⅞
4½s, May, 1957	104¾	105	104½	105
4½s, Nov., 1957	104¾	105	104½	104⅞
4½s, May, 1917	100¾	101	100¾	101
4½s, Nov., 1917	100¾	101	100¾	101
4¼s, March, 1962	99	99¼	99	99¼
4¼s, March, 1952	99	99¼	99	99¼
4¼s, Sept., 1960	99	99¼	99	99¼
4¼s, March, 1930-1960	100	100¼	100	100¼
4s, May, 1959	90	90½	90	90½
4s, Nov., 1958	90	90½	90	90½
4s, May, 1957	90	90½	90	90½
4s, Nov., 1956	90	90½	90	90½
4s, Nov., 1959	94½	95	94½	95
4s, Nov., 1955	95½	96	95½	96
4s, 1918-1919	95¾	96½	95¾	96½
3½s, Nov., 1954-1955	85	85½	85	85½
3½s, May, 1954	85	85½	85	85½
3½s, 1950-1954	84½	85	84½	85

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Market Strong on a Fair Volume of Business—Bonds Active and Firm.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 135,427 shares of stock and $606,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 19,280; oils, 1,232, and mining, 114,915. In addition there were sales of 19,200 rights. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	B.-Am. Tob., ord. bearer	18⅝	18½	18⅝	18½
70	Kelly S. T.	77	77	76	77
10	Kelly S. T., new 1st pf.	79½	79½	79½	79½
1,500	Cor. of R.&H.	7	7⅛	7	7
100	R. J. Reynolds & Co.	115	115	115	115
100	Man. Transit	11-16	11-16	11-16	11-16
45	Nat. C. & S.	47½	47½	47½	47½
145	N. C. & S. pf.	94⅞	95½	94⅞	95½
310	Savoy Oil	6⅝	6⅝	5⅝	5⅝
1,400	Sterling Gum	4	4	3⅞	3⅞
160	Tob. Pr. pf.	88	88	88	88
1,000	U. Pr. S. C.	16⅝	16⅝	16	16
7,500	U. P. S., new	4½	4½	4	4
4,500	U. C. S., new	9⅝	9⅝	9½	9⅝
100	U.C.S. pf., new	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
100	U.C.S.C. of A.	96½	96½	96½	96½
2,100	‡World Film	5½	5½	5½	5½

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
15,000	*Al. G. M. rts	22	24	21	23
3,500	C., M. & St. P. rts	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
700	Det. Ed. rts.	1⅜	1½	1⅜	1½

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
200	Anglo-Am. Oil	15	14⅝	14⅝	−⅛
15	Atlantic Ref.	588	585	585	..
20	Buckeye P. L.	116	115	115	..
355	Ill. P. L., w. i.	145	141	143	+3½
41	Indiana P. L.	107	105	106	+1
105	Nat'l Transit	37½	37	37½	..
90	Ohio Oil	141½	138	141	−1
35	Prairie O. & G.	464	459	462	+3
165	Pierce O., new	16	15⅛	15⅛	−⅝
25	St'd O. of Cal.	312	311	312	+1
8	St'd O. of Ind.	471	470	471	+3
21	S. O. of N. J.	401	398¼	399	−1
16	S. O. of N. Y.	201	200	200	..
125	Union T. L.	86	84	86	+2½
11	Vacuum Oil	202	200	202	+3

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
17,500	‡*Atlanta	36	37	35	37
4,000	*Booth	18	20	18	20
2,000	‡Blue Bell	5	5	5	5
210	Braden Cop.	6⅝	†6½	†6½	6½
800	Buffalo Mines	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
200	Canada Cop.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
20,500	*C. O. D. Con.	7	7	6	7
100	Con. Cop. M.	1	1	1	1
200	Crown Res.	11-16	¾	11-16	¾
500	*Dia. Daisy	7½	7½	7½	7½
900	*Florence	49	55	49	55
6,200	Gold. Cons.	1½	1¾	1½	1 11-16
12,500	Gold. Merger	25	27	25	26
570	Greene-Can.	24	24	23½	24
1,000	Iron Blos.	1 3-32	1 3-32	1 3-32	1 3-32
14,750	Jumbo Ext.	1⅝	1 13-16	1 9-16	1 9-16
11,500	‡Kewanas	25	27	24½	26
1,160	Lone Star	10	11	10	11
200	*McK.-Dar.	56	56	56	56
400	Nev. Hills	31	32	31	32
1,500	*North Star	16½	16½	16	16
4,000	*‡Oro	12	12	11	11½
600	Stand. Sil.-L.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
1,500	Stewart	1 9-16	1⅝	1 9-16	1⅝
5,275	*Temiskam'g	12	12	12	12
10	Tono. Belmont	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
1,600	Tono. Ext.	2 11-16	2 11-16	2 9-16	2 9-16
1,500	*Tono. Merger	30	32	30	30
100	Tono. Mining	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
400	*Tono. Mizpah	29	29	29	29
100	Tono. of Nev.	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
2,500	West E. Con.	55	55	55	55
600	*West E. Ext.	3	3	3	3
100	Yukon Gold M.	2½	2½	2½	2½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$500,000	C., M. & St. P. con. 5s	101¼	101½	101¼	101⅝
50,000	Chi. & North-west'n 5s	107⅞	108	107⅞	108
10,000	Gov. of Arg. 6s (a)	100	100	100	100
10,000	Gov. of Arg. 6s (c)	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
6,000	N. Y. City 4¼s, 1960	99 3-16	99 3-16	99 3-16	99 3-16
20,000	N. Y. City 4½s, 1964	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼
10,000	Pierce Oil 6s	80½	80½	80	80

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lot. ‡Unlisted.

***

Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Jan. 11. Bid.	Asked.	Jan. 9. Bid.	Asked.
Brit.-Am. Tob., ord.	18	18¾	18	18¾
Electric Boat	20	26	20	26
Electric Boat pf.	38	45	38	45
Houston Oil	10½	11½	10½	11½
Inter. Rubber	5⅛	6	5⅛	6
K. S. T. new 2d pf.	99	100	99	100
Leh. Val. S. C. Co.	160	170	160	170
Manhattan Transit	½	¾	½	¾
Marconi of America	2½	2⅝	2½	2⅝
Riker & Hege., new	6⅜	7	6⅜	7
Un. C. S. Co. Am.	95⅞	97	94⅞	96
U. C. S. Co. Am. pf.	111	111¼	111	111¼
Wayland Oil & Gas	3⅛	4⅛	3⅛	4⅛
Willys Overland	80	88	80	88
Willys Overland pf.	90	94	90	94
MINING STOCKS.				
Beaver Consol	21	23	21	23
Butte & N. Y.	¾	1	¾	1
Caribou Cobalt	58	65	50	60
Combination Frac	7	9	7	9
Con. Aris. Smelting	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Con. Nev.-Utah	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Crown Reserve	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dmnd. Black Butte	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
El Paso Con.	5⅞	6	5⅞	6
Gold Hill	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Greenwater	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halifax Tonopah	28	32	28	32
Kerr Lake	4¼	4½	4¼	4½
La Rose Consol	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
McKinley-Darragh	55	56	55	56
Mines of America	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
Nipissing Mines Co.	5½	5⅞	5½	5⅞
North Butte Devel.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pacific Smelters	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tularosa	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tuolumne Copper	20	25	20	25
Wettlaufer Silver M.	5	7	5	7
White Knob Cop. pf.	1⅛	1½	1⅛	1½
BONDS.				
Ala. G. M. 6s, w. i.	110	115	107	..
Braden Copper 6s	131	135	131	135
Can. Pac. 6% notes	101	101¼	101	101¼
Chicago Elevated 5s	94	95	94	95
Gov. of Argen. 6s (b)	99½	99¾	99½	99¾
N. Y. City 4½s, 1962	99	99½	99	99½
N. Y. City 4½s, 1964	99	99¼	99	99¼
Pierce Oil 6s	80	81	80	80½

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American	14½	15	14⅝	15⅛
Atlantic Refining	585	590	580	590
Borne-Scrymser	260	280	260	280
Buckeye Pipe Line	114	117	113	116
Chesebrough Mfg.	600	650	600	650
Colonial Oil	100	105	100	105
Continental Oil	222	230	220	225
Crescent Pipe Line	41	43	40	42
Cumberland P. Line	50	55	50	55
Eureka Pipe Line	235	240	230	240
Galena S. Oil pf.	140	145	140	145
Galena S. Oil com.	167	172	165	170
Indiana Pipe Line	105	108	100	102
National Transit	37	38	37	38
N. Y. Transit	225	230	225	228
Northern Pipe Line	92	95	92	94
Ohio Oil	139	141	140	142
Pierce Oil	15⅛	16	15¾	16
Prairie Oil & Gas	460	465	455	460
Solar Refining	250	290	250	260
Southern P. Line	207	210	204	207
South Penn. Oil	280	285	280	285
So. W. Penn. P. L.	120	125	120	125
Stand. Oil of Cal.	310	312	310	312
Stand. Oil of Ind.	469	473	467	472
Stand. Oil of Kan.	355	360	350	360
Stand. Oil of Ky.	250	255	250	255
Stand. Oil of Neb.	325	340	325	340
Stand. Oil of N. J.	399	401	399	401
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	199	201	199	201
Stand. Oil of Ohio	425	435	425	435
Swan & Finch	160	170	160	170
Union Tank	85	87	82	84
Vacuum Oil	200	202	199	201
Washington Oil	37	40	37	40
Illinois P. L. (w. i.)	140	145	139	141

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
35	Am. W. G. pf.	120	120	120	120
230	Crucible Steel	14⅛	14⅜	14⅛	14⅜
55	Crucible S. pf.	79	80	79	80
50	Independent Br.	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
40	Labelle Iron pf.	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
110	Mfrs. L. & H.	49	49	49	49
55	Nat. Firep. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
55	Ohio Fuel Oil	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
175	Pitts. Brewing	7	7	7	7
255	Pure Oil	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
100	Pitts. Coal	16⅞	17	16⅞	17
10	Pitts. Coal pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
25	Union S. & Sig.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
65	Westh. Air Br.	120	120	120	120
35	Westh. Electric	80	80⅛	80	80⅛
10	Westh. Elec. pf.	60	60	60	60

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	.60	1.00
Bay S Gas	.12	.13
Begola	..	..
Bohemia	1⅛	1⅜
Boston Ely	.15	.20
Butte & L.	.25	.30
Calaveras	..	..
Chief Con.	.80	.90
Con. Cop.	1	1¼
Cortez	.15	.20
Crown Res.	.65	.75
Davis-Daly	1⅛	..
Eagle & B.	.95	1¼
First Nat.	1⅛	1½
Goldfield	..	..
Houghton	1⅛	2
Iron Blos.	1	2
La Rose	½	⅝
Majestic	.70	.75
McK.-Dar.	.50	.55
Mex Met.	1	1½
M of Am.	.15	.18
New Baltic	1¾	2
Nev.-Doug.	.75	..
Ohio Cop.	.10	.15
Oneco	.70	.80
Stewart M.	1½	1⅝
South Lake	1⅞	2
Un. Verde	42	45
Yukon	2⅝	2¾

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales Jan. 11, 1915	$2,304,000
Same day last year	2,925,000
Year to date	13,643,000
Same period last year	22,321,000
Average price and change 40 bonds	82.18 + .56
Same day last year	87.07 + .27

	High.	Low.
Year's range to date	82.18 Jan. 11	81.51 Jan. 2
Same period last year	87.07 Jan. 12	86.40 Jan. 3
Year 1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2
Year 1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18

Argentine Gov 5s
1,000 ... 97
Rep of Cuba 5s, 1904
10,000 ... 96
N Y State 4½s
1,000 ... 108¼
N Y Canal 4½s
4,000 ... 108¼
1,000 ... 108¼
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs
1,000 ... 53
5,000 ... 53½
1,000 ... 54
N Y City 4s, 1956, registered
3,000 ... 95¼
4s, 1957
4,000 ... 96¼
4s, 1958
2,000 ... 96¼
4s, 1959
1,000 ... 96¼
1,000 ... 96¼
4½s, 1960
2,000 ... 100¼
4½s May, 1957
1,000 ... 104½
6,000 ... 104½
6,000 ... 104⅝
Nov, 1957
5,000 ... 104⅝
4½s, May, 1917
6,000 ... 100⅝
Nov, 1917
2,000 ... 100⅝
4½s, 1963
3,000 ... 104⅞
Adams Expr 4s
2,000 ... 71¾
Am Cot Oil 4½s
3,000 ... 99⅞
Am Hide & L 6s
16,000 ... 101
Am T & T col 4s
1,000 ... 87¼
9,000 ... 87⅜
conv 4½s
5,000 ... 97⅝
65,000 ... 97½
10,000 ... 97⅝
2,000 ... 97½
Ann Arbor 1st 4s
7,000 ... 65
Armour & Co 4½s
7,000 ... 91¼
1,000 ... 91¼
A, T & S F gen 4s
5,000 ... 92½
9,000 ... 92⅝
8,000 ... 92⅝
registered
1,000 ... 91
adj 4s, stpd
1,500 ... 81¾
500 ... 82⅝
2,000 ... 82½
conv 4s, 1960
10,000 ... 93¼
Trans S L 4s
1,000 ... 87½
B & O gold 4s
1,000 ... 89⅝
1,000 ... 89¼
1,000 ... 89¼
conv 4½s
1,000 ... 84
500 ... 84¼
10,000 ... 84
5,000 ... 84¼
2,000 ... 84
P, J & M 3½s
2,000 ... 87
S W Div 3½s
30,000 ... 88½
Beth Steel ext 5s
2,000 ... 99½
1st & ref 5s
6,000 ... 87¼
5,000 ... 87¼
14,000 ... 87½
40,000 ... 88
7,000 ... 87⅜
2,000 ... 87⅜
3,000 ... 87⅜
B R T 5s, 1918
24,000 ... 99⅛
7,000 ... 99⅛
gold 5s
1,000 ... 102
Bklyn U El 1st 5s
4,000 ... 100
stamped
1,000 ... 99⅝
B, R & P con 4½s
5,000 ... 100⅝
Cal Gas & Elec 5s
2,000 ... 91¼
Canada So con 5s, Series A
2,000 ... 102
Cent Leather 5s
2,000 ... 97½
1,000 ... 97⅜
1,000 ... 98⅛
4,000 ... 98⅛
Cent Pac gtd 4s
6,000 ... 87½
3,000 ... 87½
8,000 ... 87½
1,000 ... 87⅜
9,000 ... 87½
Ches & O gen 4½s
3,000 ... 88¼
C, B & Q joint 4s
11,000 ... 96
2,000 ... 95⅞
36,000 ... 96
8,000 ... 95⅞
registered
3,000 ... 95¾
Ill Div 4s
1,000 ... 94
Iowa Div 5s
2,000 ... 101½
C & E Ill gen 5s
4,000 ... 75
Chi Gr Westn 4s
10,000 ... 68¾
8,000 ... 69
1,000 ... 69⅛
Chi, Mil & St P 4s, 1934
6,000 ... 89
gen 4½s
48,000 ... 100
conv 4½s
1,000 ... 94⅝
16,000 ... 95
6,000 ... 95¼
10,000 ... 95
refund 4½s
1,000 ... 89¼
Chi, M & P Sd 4s
1,000 ... 88⅝
C & N W, St L, Peo & N W 5s
5,000 ... 102¾
C & N W con 7s
2,000 ... 100⅛
C & N W gen 4s
6,000 ... 90
C, R I & P Ry ref 4s
1,000 ... 67⅝
C, R I & P R R 4s
2,000 ... 21
1,000 ... 20⅜
Cent Tr certfs
2,000 ... 21
22,000 ... 20⅝
35,000 ... 20¼
20,000 ... 20¼
10,000 ... 20¼
40,000 ... 20¼
7,000 ... 20⅜
1,000 ... 20¼
1,000 ... 20⅞
C, St P, M & O 6s
1,000 ... 116
C, C, C & St L gen 4s
10,000 ... 73
Col & So 1st 4s
13,000 ... 87
Con Gas conv 6s, when issued
32,000 ... 112½
5,000 ... 112⅝
31,000 ... 112½
5,000 ... 112½
10,000 ... 112⅝
500 ... 112⅝
14,000 ... 112½
12,000 ... 112⅝
10,000 ... 112⅞
37,500 ... 112⅝
25,000 ... 113
10,000 ... 113
35,000 ... 113¼
6,000 ... 113⅛
5,000 ... 113⅛
3,000 ... 113⅛
9,000 ... 113⅜
1,000 ... 113⅜
10,000 ... 113⅜
15,000 ... 113⅝
5,000 ... 114
26,000 ... 113⅞
5,000 ... 114
10,000 ... 113⅞
5,000 ... 113⅞
10,000 ... 113⅞
10,000 ... 113⅞
15,000 ... 113¾
30,000 ... 113⅞
32,000 ... 113⅝
13,000 ... 113⅛
Cumberland Tel 5s
500 ... 96
Denver & R G 1st & ref 5s
2,000 ... 39
3,000 ... 38¼
6,000 ... 38
Detroit Un Ry con 4½s
2,000 ... 67⅝
3,000 ... 67½
Dis Sec Corp 5s
1,000 ... 53
1,000 ... 55
1,000 ... 53¼
Dul & Iron R 1st 5s
5,000 ... 100½
Du Pont de Nem Powder 4½s
5,000 ... 84⅝
2,000 ... 84
East Tenn V & G con 5s
4,000 ... 103½
Erie 1st con 4s
2,000 ... 80½
Erie 1st gen 4s
1,000 ... 68
Erie cv 4s, Ser A
5,000 ... 62
10,000 ... 62¼
Series B
5,000 ... 64⅝
1,000 ... 64⅝
11,000 ... 65
10,000 ... 65¼
1,000 ... 65⅛
Green Bay & Wn deb ctfs B
1,000 ... 10½
Hudson Co Gas 5s
1,000 ... 101¼
Hudson & M 1st & ref 5s, Ser A
5,000 ... 75¾
adj inc 5s
10,000 ... 28½
1,000 ... 28⅛
1,000 ... 28⅛
5,000 ... 28⅜
4,000 ... 28⅜
1,000 ... 28⅜
500 ... 28⅜
7,000 ... 28½
2,000 ... 28⅜
Ill Central ref 4s
10,000 ... 86
Ill Cent 3½s, '51
5,000 ... 78⅜
Indiana Steel 5s
6,000 ... 99¼
Insp Con Cop cv 6s, 1919
2,000 ... 97
Insp Con Cop cv 6s, 1922
1,000 ... 99
3,000 ... 99¼
1,000 ... 99
Inter-Met 4½s
1,000 ... 73¼
4,000 ... 73½
25,000 ... 73⅜
6,000 ... 74
Int R T 1st & ref 5s
5,000 ... 97⅝
4,000 ... 97⅝
2,000 ... 97⅝
13,000 ... 97⅝
65,000 ... 98
Int Steam P 5s
1,000 ... 38
500 ... 37½
Iowa Central ref 4s
3,000 ... 36
K C, F S & M 6s
5,000 ... 108¼
Ky Central 4s
1,000 ... 86
Laclede Gas L of St L 1st 5s
4,000 ... 100⅝
L S & M S 4s, '28
2,000 ... 91
5,000 ... 90⅝
L S & M S 4s, '31
3,000 ... 90¼
1,000 ... 90⅝
Liggett & M 5s
10,000 ... 100⅝
17,000 ... 100½
Lorillard Co 5s
3,000 ... 100⅝
2,000 ... 100½
Louis & N unif 4s
3,000 ... 92¼
S & N Ala 5s, '63
1,000 ... 99
3,000 ... 100
Mer Mar col tr 4½s
10,000 ... 33
10,000 ... 32¾
Mex Petrol 1st ref cv 6s, Ser C
1,000 ... 97
8,000 ... 97½
Minn & St L 1st & ref 4s
1,000 ... 46½
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
3,000 ... 77⅝
Mo, K & T 2d 4s
2,000 ... 53
Mo, Kan & Texas 1st & ref 4s
2,000 ... 40
1,000 ... 40½
Mo Pac conv 5s
2,000 ... 37⅝
2,000 ... 38
1,000 ... 39¼
N Y Air Brake 1st conv 6s
1,000 ... 94
N Y G, E L, H & P col tr 5s
5,000 ... 101⅝
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
1,000 ... 105
4,000 ... 105¼
5,000 ... 105½
N Y, N H & H non-conv deb 3½s, 1954
2,000 ... 63
N Y Rys ad 5s
14,000 ... 53½
N Y Tel 4½s
1,000 ... 95
Norf & W con 4s
1,000 ... 92
500 ... 91½
North Pacific 4s
1,000 ... 89⅝
5,000 ... 89⅝
1,000 ... 89⅝
28,000 ... 90
North Pacific 3s
8,000 ... 63½
Ont Power Co 1st s f 5s
1,000 ... 94
Oregon Short Line gtd ref 4s
4,000 ... 89
Pac T & T 5s
4,000 ... 94½
Penn conv 3½s
14,000 ... 99⅝
Penn 4s, 1948
2,000 ... 100½
Pitts C C & St L gtd 4½s, Ser A
4,000 ... 99
1,000 ... 99½
Peo Gas & C of Chic ref 5s
Public Serv Corp s f 5s
1,000 ... 87¼
Reading gen 4s
3,000 ... 92⅞
2,000 ... 93
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940
5,000 ... 92¼
St L I M & So gen 5s
1,000 ... 93
St L & San Fran Ry gen 6s
3,000 ... 107
St L & San Fran R R ref 4s
2,000 ... 63½
Cts of dep stpd
5,000 ... 61⅛
Seab Air L adj 5s
2,000 ... 66⅝
5,000 ... 67
5,000 ... 67½
1,000 ... 67¼
So Bell Tel & Tel 1st 5s
1,000 ... 96⅝
So Pacific col 4s
5,000 ... 85
So Pacific cv 4s
8,000 ... 80¾
20,000 ... 80⅛
3,000 ... 81
So Pacific cv 5s
38,000 ... 97
10,000 ... 97⅛
500 ... 97⅜
5,000 ... 97
500 ... 97¼
12,000 ... 97⅛
500 ... 97¼
15,000 ... 97⅛
5,000 ... 97⅛
12,000 ... 97⅛
32,000 ... 97⅜
25,000 ... 97⅜
500 ... 97⅛
10,000 ... 97⅜
5,000 ... 97⅛
1,000 ... 97⅛
2,000 ... 97½
So Pac 1st ref 4s
6,000 ... 85
6,000 ... 85⅛
6,000 ... 85⅛
South Ry 1st 5s
5,000 ... 98⅝
South Ry gen 4s
1,000 ... 64½
38,000 ... 64⅛
Tenn Coal, I & R gen 5s
1,000 ... 100
Texas Co cv 6s
5,300 ... 99⅛
18,000 ... 99
Third Av ref 4s
2,000 ... 80½
1,000 ... 80⅝
6,000 ... 81
1,000 ... 81½
7,000 ... 82
Third Av adj 5s
20,000 ... 77½
25,000 ... 77⅛
22,000 ... 77⅛
Tri City 5s
1,000 ... 95
Union Pac 1st 4s
3,000 ... 94¼
10,000 ... 95
1,000 ... 95
1,000 ... 95
1,000 ... 95⅛
Union Pac cv 4s
15,000 ... 89⅝
Union Pac 1st & ref 4s
5,000 ... 89
United R Rs of San Fran 4s
4,000 ... 53⅜
U S Rubber 6s
1,000 ... 102
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
6,000 ... 101⅝
5,000 ... 101⅝
1,000 ... 101⅝
3,000 ... 102
4,000 ... 102
4,000 ... 102
registered
500 ... 101⅝
Virgn Ry 1st 5s
11,000 ... 96
Wabash 1st 5s
1,000 ... 97
Wab ref & ext 4s
10,000 ... 29⅛
6,000 ... 30
5,000 ... 29⅛
6,000 ... 31
2,000 ... 31⅛
Equit Tr Co cfs of dep stpd
5,000 ... 27
21,000 ... 28
5,000 ... 27
Wab P Ter 1st 4s Cent Tr ctfs
2,000 ... 6
1,000 ... 6⅛
West Maryland 4s
1,000 ... 58
West Shore 4s
1,000 ... 89⅜
W U Tel col tr 5s
1,000 ... 97
W'house El & M 1st cv s f 5s
1,000 ... 91
6,000 ... 91⅛
Wis Cent gen 4s
1,000 ... 85

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Con. Power	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜
22	Fid. & Dep.	138	138	138	138
40	H. Oil pf. cfs.	54	54	54	54
12	Md. Casualty	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛
8	Mer.-Mec. Bk.	30	30	30	30
15	Nat. Ex. Bk.	161	161	161	161
325	No. Central	83¼	84	83¼	84
20	Union Bank	135½	135½	135½	135½
158	U. Rys. & E.	25	25	25	25
470	Way. O. & G.	4	4⅛	4	4⅛
BONDS.					
$1,000	An. & Po. 5s	100	100	100	100
2,000	Balt. El. 5s, st.	97	97	97	97
3,000	Balt., S. P. & C. 4½s	95	95	95	95
2,000	Chi. R. 1st 5s	96	96	96	96
3,000	C. Bal. 4s, '61	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
2,000	Con. Coal 5s	100	100	100	100
1,000	Con. Gas 4½s	99	99	99	99
2,000	G., C. & N. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼
1,000	N. O. Mob. Chi. 5s	85	85	85	85
1,000	N. & P. T. 5s	84¼	84¼	84¼	84¼
8,000	Un. Rys. & E. inc. 4s	62	62	62	62
700	Un. Rys. & E. fdg. 5s	87	87	87	87

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
10	Am. Can	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝
10	Chi. Pneu. T.	52	52	52	52
310	Chi. Ry., Series 2	27⅞	28	27⅞	27⅞
125	Common. Ed.	136½	137	136½	137
47	M. Ward pf.	112	112	111	111
52	Nat'l Bis. pf.	121	121	121	121
58	Nat'l Carbon	120	122	120	121
349	People's Gas	118⅝	120½	118⅝	120⅛
55	Q'ker Oats pf.	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
83	Sears Roe.	185⅝	185⅝	185	185⅝
55	Studebaker	38	38	38	38
345	Swift	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼
240	Un. Carbide	146	147⅞	146	146⅞
BONDS.					
$1,000	Chi. Ry 5s	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
2,000	Ch. Ry. 5s, B	70	70	70	70
5,000	Chi. Tel. 5s	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
16,000	Com. Ed. 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
500	Dia. Match 6s	102	102	102	102
4,000	Ogden Gas 5s	92	92	92	92

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
75	Atchison	94	94⅝	94	94⅝
7	Am. Gas N. J.	100	100	100	100
22	Baldwin L. pf.	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
76	Cambria Steel	45	45	45	45
577	Cam. S. swip.	97⅝	97⅝	97⅛	97⅝
161	Elec. S. Batty.	48⅝	50	48⅝	50
60	Gen. Asph. pf.	68	68	68	68
110	Ins. Co. N. A.	22	22	22	22
25	Key. Watch Co.	81	81	81	81
43	Leh. Nav. stk.	76⅝	76⅞	76⅝	76⅞
86	Leh. Nav. cfs.	76⅝	76⅞	76¼	76⅞
102	Leh. Valley	67½	67½	67¼	67½
205	L. V. Transit	15⅛	15⅜	15⅛	15⅜
20	L. V. Tran. pf.	27½	27½	27½	27½
161	Nor. Central	83⅛	84	83⅛	84
599	Penn. R. R.	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝
1	Penn. Steel pf.	60	60	60	60
189	Phila. Elec.	24	24	24	24
150	Phila. R. T. cfs.	11	11	11	11
50	Prsd. S. Car	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛
50	Phila. Trac.	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝
67	Reading	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞
10	Ry. Steel Spgs.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
100	So. Railway	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
412	Tonopah Bel.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
375	Tonopah Min.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
175	Un. Gas Imp.	81¼	81¾	81¼	81¾
1,040	U. S. Steel	51⅝	52⅛	51⅝	51⅞
2	U. S. Steel pf.	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
10	Un. Pacific	118⅞	118⅞	118⅞	118⅞
150	Un. Traction	38¼	38¼	38¼	38¼
5	Westm'l'd Coal	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛
BONDS.					
$1,000	Am. G.&E. 5s	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝
1,000	City 4s, 1943, registered	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	City 4s, 1955, registered	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Elec. & P. 4s, ctfs	77⅜	77⅜	77⅜	77⅜
2,000	Keystone T. 5s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,000	Leh. N. con. 4½s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,000	Leh. V. coal 5s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1,000	L. V. annuity 6s	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2,000	P. Co. 1st 5s	97	97	97	97
2,000	Phila. Elec. 4s	78	78	78	78
5,000	Phila. Elec. 4s	79½	79½	79½	79½
500	Ph. El. gold 5s	101	101	101	101
1,000	Sp.-Am. I. 6s	101	101	101	101

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,830	Alaska	27	27¼	26⅞	27⅛
6,871	Alaska rts.	21c.	22c.	20c.	21c.
325	Allouez	36	37	36	37
340	Amalgamated	54⅝	55⅛	54½	54⅞
2,835	Am. Zinc	18⅝	18⅝	18¼	18⅝
1,770	Arizona Com.	4½	4⅝	4½	4⅝
50	Butte & Bal.	2½	2½	2½	2½
5,318	Butte & Sup.	39⅝	40⅛	39⅜	40
242	Calu. & Aris.	54⅞	55	54	55
2	Calu. & Hec.	355	360	355	360
185	Chino	33⅞	33⅞	33⅛	33⅞
280	Copper Range	30⅝	31⅝	30⅝	31⅜
75	Daly-West	2	2	2	2
10	East Butte	8⅝	9	8⅝	9
45	Franklin	5⅛	5¼	5⅛	5¼
701	Granby	61	63	61	62
370	Greene-Can.	24⅛	24⅛	24	24⅛
50	Indiana	3½	3½	3½	3½
25	Inspiration	17⅝	17⅞	17⅝	17⅞
70	Island Creek	40	40½	40	40½
160	Isle Royale	17⅛	18⅛	17⅛	18⅛
50	Lake	6	6	6	6
2	Mass. Con.	3	3	3	3
240	Mayflower	4¾	5	4¾	5
10	Mohawk	47	47	47	47
10	Nevada Con.	12¼	12¼	12¼	12¼
270	New Arcadian	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
210	North Butte	23	23½	23	23½
705	Old Colony	3⅝	4⅞	3⅝	4⅞
10	Osceola	68	68⅛	68	68⅛
50	Pond Creek	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
10	Quincy	50	50	50	50
95	Shannon	4¾	5	4¾	5
25	Shattuck	19⅝	20	19⅝	20
812	St. M. Land	28⅝	29⅛	28⅝	29
155	Sup. & Boston	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
155	Sup. Copper	24⅝	25	24⅝	24¾
280	Tamarack	28⅝	29	28⅝	28⅞
60	Trinity	3	3	3	3
210	U. S. Smelt.	25	25¼	25	25¼
78	U. S. Smel. pf.	42½	42½	42¼	42½
250	Utah Apex	2	2	2	2
101	Utah Con.	10	10	10	10
105	Utah Cop.	50⅝	50⅝	50½	50⅝
20	Victoria	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
30	Wolverine	34	35	34	35
50	Wyandotte	60c.	60c.	60c.	60c.
RAILROADS.					
52	Atchison	93⅝	94⅛	93⅝	94⅛
6	Boston Elev.	95	95	94⅝	95
170	Boston & Me.	25	25⅜	24⅝	25
4	Conn. River	165	165	165	165
10	Mass. Electric	8	8	8	8
10	Mass. El. pf.	54	54	54	54
109	N.Y.N.H.&H.	53	54	53	53⅝
175	Un. Pacific	119	119⅝	119	119⅝
25	Ver. & Mass.	122	122	122	122
140	W. E. St. Ry.	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝	69⅝
MISCELLANEOUS.					
57	A. Ag. Ch. pf.	90½	91	90½	91
87	Am. Pn. Ser.	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
145	Am. Sugar	104½	105	104½	105
31	Am. Sug. pf.	112⅞	113	112⅞	113
400	Am. T. & T.	118⅛	118⅝	118⅛	118⅝
165	Am. Wool. pf.	79	79	78¾	79
50	E. Jost. Ld.	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
248	Edison	252	252½	252	252
20	G. R. & E. pf.	86	86	86	86
175	Gen. Electric	143	143⅝	142⅞	143
70	Mass. Gas	85⅞	86	85⅞	86
17	McElwain pf.	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
3	Mergenthaler	107	107	107	107
850	N. E. Tel.	135	135	135	135
62	Pullman	153½	153½	153	153
100	Reece Fold.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
60	Swift & Co.	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼
5	Torrington	30	30	30	30
120	Torrington pf.	27½	27½	27½	27½
20	Un. Fruit	124½	124½	124½	124½
850	Un. Shoe Ma.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
270	U. S. Ma. pf.	29	29	29	29
107	U. S. Steel	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾
71	U. S. Steel pf.	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
872	West. Union	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝
BONDS.					
$3,000	A. Ag. Ch. 5s	99½	99½	99½	99½
10,000	A. T. & T. 4s	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜
7,000	A. T. & T. 4½s	97½	97½	97½	97½
2,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	60	60	60	60
11,000	C., B. & Q. Jt. 4s	95⅞	96	95⅞	95⅞
8,000	C., B. & Q. ref. 4s	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞
5,000	N. E. Tel. 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
1,000	Pac. Tel. 5s	96½	96½	96½	96½

United Tobacco Common Pays 24%.

The United Tobacco Companies, Ltd., reports net profits for the year ended Sept. 30 of $804,225, of which $735,000 was paid out in dividends. Holders of common stock received 24 per cent. The first dividend of the current year on the common shares was 4 per cent.

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25 National Surety Stock
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100 Stern Brothers Pfd. Stock
250 United Cigar Stores, Pfd.

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20 American Meter Stock
25 Bankers Trust Stock
100 International Harvester Corp. Stock
100 Pabst Brewing Pfd. Stock
50 Rem'gt'n Typewriter Com. & 2d Pfd. Stk.
25 Victor Talking Machine Stock
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PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply at its offices, twenty-second floor, Municipal Building, Park Row, Centre and Chambers Streets, New York City, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, January 19, 1915, for Contract 162—for about 8,000 square feet of face cutting of stones for Kensico dam. The stones to be cut will be furnished to the Contractor near the dam. The work is located in the town of North Castle, Westchester County, New York.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders can be obtained at the above address, at the office of the Secretary, by depositing the sum of Five Dollars ($5) in cash or its equivalent for each pamphlet. For further particulars apply to the office of the Principal Assistant Engineer at the above address.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President.
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
W. BRUCE COBB, Secretary.

U. S. ENGINEERING OFFICE, FIRST District, New York City, Room 710, Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y., January 12, 1915. Sealed proposals for dredging in Harlem River, N. Y., will be received at this office until 12 M., February 11, 1915, and then publicly opened. Information on application.

W. M. BLACK, Col. Engrs.

IMPORTANT TO INVESTORS.
The Annalist, every Monday, contains articles of paramount interest to investors. 10 cents by mail. The Annalist, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

COTTON PRICES RISE IN UNEVEN MARKET

Rally Followed by Moderate Recession and a Small Net Gain at the Close.

SOUTHERN SPOTS STEADY

Takings of German Supply of Sensational Order—Little Going to Northern Mills.

Considerable irregularity was evident in the cotton market yesterday. Nervousness was shown at the opening with active months two points lower to four points higher. A rally quickly followed and the market advanced eight to ten points in the first hour or so of trading. There was a moderate recession in the later trading, but a small net gain was established for the day. Southern spot markets continue to show steadiness, although these were officially reported unchanged to about 1-16 higher.

Cotton continues to go forward in fairly good volume with exports of 31,000 bales, including 18,000 bales to the Continent. This free clearance continues despite the fact that ocean freight rates are extraordinarily high.

News from the Southwest is to the effect that the takings of German cotton have been of a sensational order. The demand has been almost phenomenal and the turn-over appears to have exceeded all expectations that were entertained in September.

Meantime very little cotton appears to be going forward to Northern mills. Receipts of cotton at the five leading textile centres of New England, which include New Bedford, Fall River, and Lowell.

Southern spot markets as officially reported were steady, unchanged to 1-16c higher. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, five points advance with 8.05 for middling upland. The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	8.02	8.02	7.98@8.00	7.93@7.96
March	8.26	8.16	8.20@8.21	8.16@8.17
May	8.47	8.34	8.41@8.42	8.37@8.38
July	8.65	8.53	8.59@8.60	8.55@8.56
August	8.66	8.65	8.69@8.71	8.65@8.67
October	8.87	8.76	8.81@8.82	8.78 Flat
December	9.01	8.94	8.96@8.97	8.91@8.92

RECEIPTS AT LEADING PORTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Yr.
Galveston	26,259	20,559	10,703
New Orleans	11,566	8,361	9,638
Mobile	366	726	726
Savannah	13,594	19,607	5,527
Charleston	1,516	2,552	453
Wilmington	2,771	996	2,029
Norfolk	7,566	2,674	2,691

Total port receipts, 71,115, against 35,207 same day last year.

RECEIPTS AT PRINCIPAL INTERIOR POINTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Yr.
Augusta	1,216	2,432	498
Memphis	5,049	10,787	7,408
St. Louis	....	3,418	2,680
Houston	43,098	42,696	24,136

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

	To-day.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Galveston	42,500 to 44,500	37,928	30,299
New Orleans	14,800 to 16,500	14,705	12,187

Total exports yesterday, 31,173; so far this season, 2,911,061 against 5,774,678 for same period last year.

SPOT MARKETS.

Sales.		Price. M'ling.	Stocks. 1915.	1914.
8,750	New Orleans	7¼	328,467	269,802
1,125	Mobile	7½	50,777	50,846
2,038	Savannah	7⅝	313,069	155,250
1,949	Galveston	8	496,219	270,072
—	Wilmington	7⅝	41,114	33,273
2,191	Norfolk	7½	62,996	63,665
1,134	Augusta	7¾	151,604	89,770
4,100	Memphis	7⅝	262,678	250,828
9	St. Louis	7½	36,093	30,637
5,233	Houston	7½	192,836	190,895

The Liverpool market opened quiet. There was a fair business in spot cotton, with middling 4 points decline, at 4.76d. Sales, 8,000 bales. Receipts, 24,000 bales, including 19,000 American; closed very steady.

RULES ON COTTON LOANS.

Reserve Board Declines to Extend Authority of Member Banks.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Federal Reserve Board has notified Representative R. L. Henry of Texas that it cannot comply with his request to notify Reserve Banks in the South to accept for rediscount from member banks the six months 6 per cent. notes of cotton farmers secured by warehouse receipts with the understanding that an additional six months may be allowed.

"Assuming that notes made by farmers and secured by cotton receipts are issued for agriculture purposes, the power of a Federal Reserve Bank to discount paper running as long as six months is limited, as such operations must be confined to a percentage of the capital stock of the bank, to be determined by the Federal Reserve Board," said W. P. G. Harding in writing to Mr. Henry. "We have authorized banks in the South to discount a total volume of six months' paper equal to 90 per cent. of their paid-in capital, and even should it authorize a limit of 100 per cent., beyond which it clearly cannot go, the aggregate would not be an impressive amount, being approximately $787,000 for Atlanta, $923,000 for St. Louis, $958,000 for Dallas, and $1,093,000 for Richmond. The member banks will soon be called upon to pay the second installment of their subscriptions to the capital stock of the Federal Reserve Banks, and the amount available at each Federal Reserve Bank for six-month notes will then be double the figures just given."

The board, says Mr. Harding, has no direct control over discount operations of the member banks of the system, which are already authorized, subject to the limitations of the National Bank act, to discount six months' notes secured by cotton at a rate not to exceed the legal rate of interest in the States where the transaction is had. The member banks can, if they wish, use interest-bearing paper instead of discounting it. Ordinary business prudence, however, Mr. Harding says, would suggest that loans secured by warehouse receipts be based upon a reasonable percentage of the market value of the commodity instead of the full market value.

"It was the hope of the board," says Mr. Harding, "that the cotton loan fund would be of service to the South in carrying over its large cotton surplus, and it has been pointed out that a fair interest rate is by no means the chief factor of expense in carrying cotton for a long period, as charges for warehousing and insurance amount to much more than the interest at 6 per cent. or even 8 per cent.

"The counsel to the board has advised in response to inquiries from several member banks that the Federal Reserve act does not allow a Federal Reserve bank to discount for a member bank a note made by the member bank and secured by notes of its customers with receipts for cotton or other commodities as sub-collateral; he holds that each note rediscounted by a Federal Reserve bank must be handled separately, and indorsed by the member bank offering it for discount."

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

On a drop of 4⅝ cents a bushel from the highest price of the day, May wheat on the Consolidated Exchange closed at 143¾, its lowest and final sale. The dealings on the decline were very active and at times excited. Commission house business was on a big scale. Contrasting with the weakness in the grain department, the stock market developed general and decided firmness.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000	Amal. Cop.	54¼	55⅝	54¼	55
470	Am. B. Sug.	35⅝	35⅞	35⅝	35⅞
970	Am. Can	29⅝	30¼	29⅝	30⅛
10	Am. C. & F.	46⅜	46⅜	46⅜	46⅜
40	Am. Ice Sec.	21⅛	21⅛	21	21
10	Am. Loco	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝
120	Am. Smelt	59⅝	60⅛	59⅝	60⅛
10	At. T. & S.F.	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞
120	Bal. & Ohio	68	69	67⅞	69
210	Beth Steel	52¼	53⅝	52	52¾
170	B. R. T.	86	86¼	86	86
10	Cal. Pet	16	16	16	16
20	Can. Pacific	158⅜	158⅜	158⅜	158⅜
570	Cent. Leath.	35⅝	36⅛	35⅝	35⅞
20	Ches. & O.	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝
450	Erie	22⅝	22⅞	22	22⅞
40	Gt. N. Ore	28	28	28	28
80	Inter.-Met.	11¼	11⅝	11	11¼
80	Int.-Met. pf.	50	50⅝	50	50⅝
50	K. City So.	21	21	21	21
50	Mo. Pacific	7	7⅞	6⅞	7⅞
180	Nat. Lead	45¼	46⅛	45¼	46⅛
120	N. Y. Cent.	88⅝	89¼	88⅝	89
40	N. Y., N. H. & H.	53	53	53	53
150	Nor. Pacific	101	102¼	101	102¼
50	P. S. Car	37⅝	38⅛	37⅝	38⅛
2,070	Reading	147⅝	148⅛	147	147⅞
40	Rep. I. & S.	20⅛	20⅜	20⅛	20⅜
70	Rock Isl. pf	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
10	Rumely	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
370	South. Pac.	84⅝	86	84⅝	85⅞
10	Tenn. Cop.	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝
290	Third Av.	40⅝	41⅛	40⅝	41¼
890	Union Pac.	118⅛	119⅝	118	119⅛
60	U. S. Rub.	57⅝	58⅛	57½	57⅝
1,610	U. S. Steel	51⅛	52⅜	51⅛	51⅞
20	Utah Copper	50⅞	51⅛	50⅞	51⅛
10,510					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,600	Atlanta	.35	.37	.35	.37
500	Booth	.17½	.18	.17½	.18
500	C. O. D.	.06½	.06½	.06½	.06½
350	G'field Con.	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65
400	G'field M.	.28½	.28½	.28½	.28½
800	Isabella	.17	.17	.17	.17
1,500	Jumbo Ext.	1.80	1.80	1.62½	1.75
1,000	Kewanas	.25	.25	.25	.25
800	Mexican	.40	.40	.40	.40
1,000	Oro	.11½	.11½	.11½	.11½
1,600	Pharmacist	.01½	.01½	.01½	.01½
200	Tono. Ext.	2.65	2.65	2.65	2.65
500	Yel. Tiger	.07	.07	.07	.07
9,750					

BONDS.

$14,000 Chi., R. I. & P. col. 4s. 20¼ 20¼ 20¼ 20¼

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction	326	330
American Light & Traction pf	109	111
Adirondack Electric Power	12	15
Adirondack Electric Power pf	41	45
†American Gas & Electric	88	90
†American Gas & Electric pf	47	49
American Power & Light	62	65
American Power & Light pf	82	*85
American Public Utilities	35	45
American Public Utilities pf	65	68
American Waterworks & Electric	4½	6
Am. W. W. & E. participating pf	15	17
American W. W. & E. 1st pf	49	53
Cities Service	40	43
Cities Service pf	50	52
Colorado Power	13½	15
Colorado Power pf	85	90
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	54½	56
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf	79	81
Denver Gas & Electric Gen. 5s	89	91
Electric Bond Deposit pf	34	50
Elec. Bond & Sh. Co pf	97	100
Empire District Electric 5s	..	68
Empire District Electric pf	..	70
Federal Light & Traction	10	16
Federal Light & Traction pf	46	52
Gas & Electric Securities	..	75
Gas & Electric Securities pf	..	80
Lincoln Gas & Electric	15	25
Northern Ontario Light & Pow.	11	15
Northern Ontario Light & P. pf	50	*53
Northern States Power	19	21
Northern States Power pf	78½	80
Ozark Power & Water	..	20
Pacific Gas & Electric	41½	42½
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	81	82
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	17	20
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf	67	70
Southern California Edison	74	78
Southern California Edison pf	88	91
†Standard Gas & Electric	5½	7
†Standard Gas & Electric pf	16½	18
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	6	8
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf	35	40
United Light & Rys	45	48
United Light & Rys. 1st pf	69	71
United Light & Rys. 2d pf	65	68
Utah Securities	14	16
Western Power	12½	14
Western Power pf	54	58

*Ex dividend. †Par value $50.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Cop.	5	Mar.15,'15	100⅛	100⅜	3.00
Am. Locomo.	5	July, 1915	100¼	100⅝	3.45
Am. T. & T. sub.	5	Apr., 1916	100¼	100½	4.82
Am. Tob., sc.	6	Sep., 1915	100⅞	101⅛	4.00
Argen. Gov.	6	Dec.15,'15	100	100¼	5.65
Argen. Gov.	6	Dec.15,'16	99½	99⅞	6.15
Argen. Gov.	6	Dec.15,'17	99½	99⅞	6.10
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1915	100⅛	100⅜	3.85
Beth. Steel	5	Jun. 11,'15	100⅛	100⅜	3.80
B'Klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	98⅞	99¼	5.25
Can. Pacific	6	Mar. 2,'24	101⅞	102⅜	5.65
Ches. & Ohio	5	June, 1919	89⅛	90½	7.60
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1915	99⅛	99¾	5.40
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1916	94	96	13.00
Cons'r's Power		....	96½	97¾	7.00
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1915	99½	99¾	8.00
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1915	97¾	98¼	7.00
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	95⅛	96¼	7.30
Gen. Motors	6	Oct., 1915	100⅞	101⅛	4.40
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	99⅝	100⅛	4.20
H. R. & P.	5	May, 1915	95½	97	15.00
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1915	100⅛	100⅝	5.25
Int. Harv.	5	Feb.15,'15	100	100¼	2.50
Lack. Steel	5	Mar., 1915	99	100	5.00
L. S. & M. S.	5	Sep., 1915	100	100¼	4.60
L. S. & M. S.	5	Dec., 1915	100	100¼	4.70
Louis. G. & E.		....	96	97½	6.75
Mich. Central	4½	Mar. 2,'15	100	100¼	2.75
Minn. Gen. El		....	99	99¾	6.10
M. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	99	100	6.00
N. Eng. Nav.	6	May, 1917	90⅝	91⅞	9.95
N. Y. Cent.	5	Apr., 1915	99⅞	100	5.00
N. Y. Cent.	4½	May, 1915	99⅞	100	4.50
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep. 15,'15	99⅞	100¼	4.63
N. Y. Cent.	5	Oct., 1915	99⅝	99⅞	5.35
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	May, 1915	96⅝	97½	13.50
Pac. G. & El.	5	Mar.25,'15	100	100¼	3.70
P. R. R. cv.	3½	Oct., 1915	99⅝	99⅞	3.70
P. S. Corp. of New Jersey	5	Mar., 1916	98½	99¼	3.85
Seab'd A. L.	5	Mar., 1916	96	98	6.75
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	98¼	99	5.95
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	97½	98	5.90
Sulz. & Sons	6	June, 1916	99	99½	6.35
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	94	95½	6.50
Union Typew.	5	Jan.15,'16	96	98½	6.35
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	100	100½	5.75
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	96⅝	97⅝	5.85
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	97½	99	6.50
W. S. G. & E.		....	96	97¼	7.00
Western Power		....	99½	100	6.00

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Monday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	110	120	110	120
American Cigar pf	93	98	93	98
Am. Mach. & Fdy	65	75	65	75
British-Am. Tobacco	18¼	18⅞	17¾	18¼
Conley Foil Co.	275	300	275	300
Johnston T. F. & M.	120	170	125	175
J. S. Young	130	140	130	140
MacAndrews & F.	170	175	170	175
P. R.-Am. Tobacco	245	265	245	260
P. R.-Am. Tob. scrip	145	155	140	150
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	280	285	280	285
Riker & Hegeman, old	130	140	130	140
Riker & Hegeman pf	92	96	92	96
Sterling Gum	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
Tobacco Prod. Corp.	88	89	87½	89
United Cigar S., new	9½	9⅝	9½	9⅝
United Cigar Stores	94½	96½	94½	97
Un. Cigar Stores pf	111	116	111	116
Un. Profit Sharing	16	16¼	16½	17

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 11.—Weekly statement of national banks:

	Jan. 9, 1915.	W'k's Ch'gs.
Circulation	$9,848,000	*$2,326,000
Loans, Disc., invest.	236,157,000	*1,587,000
Ind'l dep., (inc. U. S.)	175,103,000	*3,866,000
Due banks	82,934,000	6,461,000
Time deposits	4,215,000	120,000
Exch. Clear	11,914,000	*1,129,000
Due from banks	24,432,000	424,000
Cash reserves	21,016,000	*275,000
Res. in Fed. R. Bk.	7,691,000	411,000
Res. in other banks	23,108,000	2,071,000
Res. excess	8,251,000	*356,000
N. Y. excess	10,343,000	1,990,000
Exc. with F. R. Bk.	1,308,000	370,000
Total excess	19,902,000	2,004,000

*Decrease.

Paris Prices Firm.

PARIS, Jan. 11.—Prices were generally firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 73 francs 50 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 25 francs 19½ centimes.

THE CITY'S FINANCIAL OPERATIONS.

Cash Position, Jan. 9, 1915.
CITY TREASURY.

Balance Dec. 31, 1914		$24,701,544.84	
Receipts—			
Taxes and other revenues	$1,570,043.68		
Temporary loans	5,993,250.00		
		7,565,293.68	
		$32,266,838.52	
Payments—			
General administration	$5,985,402.21		
Repayment of temporary loans	470,247.10		
Redemption of bonds	1,267,695.24		
Interest on bonds	1,223,545.16		
		8,946,889.71	
Balance Jan. 9, 1915			$23,319,948.81

SINKING FUNDS.

Balance uninvested Dec. 31, 1914		$695,528.65	
Receipts		590,410.44	
		$1,285,939.09	
Payments		100,825.00	
Balance uninvested Jan. 9, 1915			1,185,114.09
Aggregate balances Jan. 9, 1915			$24,505,062.90

TO ASSESS FRISCO STOCK?

Plans for Reorganization of Road Include a New Corporation.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 11.—Plans for the reorganization of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad, now in the hands of a receiver, were learned from an authoritative source here today. The plans contemplate an assessment of $12.50 to $15 on each share of Frisco stock, which will yield about $7,000,000 to the railway treasury.

A new corporation will be organized and the old corporation that operated the railroad before the receivership will pass out of existence. A new corporation also will be organized in Texas to operate the Texas lines of the 'Frisco system.

It is hoped that the reorganization will be completed within ninety days, but at present the plan is waiting for an easier market. With the money obtained by a stock assessment it is said all claims in the way of a reorganization are to be paid off and then a new mortgage against the property will be issued. But one class of new stock will be issued.

The reorganization plan is the work of B. F. Yoakum, former Chairman of the Board of Directors of the old company.

NORTHERN SECURITIES YEAR

Annual Report Shows $97,856 Income from Burlington Stock.

The Northern Securities Company, whose annual report was issued yesterday, earned $97,856.37 over administration expenses and taxes on its capitalization of $3,954,000. The income was derived from the 14,963 shares of Burlington stock in its treasury, which netted 8 per cent. The company also holds 27,552 shares of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company, Limited, but it paid no dividend.

"The officers of the coal company," says President James J. Hill in the report, "advise us that its operations during the early part of the year were on a satisfactory basis, but that sales of coal and coke during the latter part of the year were reduced, owing to general depression in business. The net earnings of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company have been applied to the improvement and betterment of the property and to the continued reduction of its floating indebtedness."

CAN PROPERTIES GROUPED.

American Company Unites Massachusetts Holdings to Reduce Taxes.

The American Can Company has grouped all of its properties situated in Massachusetts in a new concern known as the American Can Company of Massachusetts. A charter has been taken out in Delaware calling for capital stock of $300,000, all of which, it is supposed, will be held in the treasury of the parent organization.

H. W. Phelps, Vice President of the controlling company, said last night that the step had been taken because of a law passed recently in Massachusetts which increased the taxation on the capital of foreign corporations. Under the broad interpretation of the law it appeared as though the company would have to pay a tax in the State several times greater than in the past.

The tax hereafter will be based on the $300,000 capital specified in the charter. This figure, according to Mr. Phelps, was equivalent to the value of the company's real estate holdings in Massachusetts.

MAY CLEAR CHECKS FREE.

Governors of Federal Reserve Banks Meet Here to Consider Problem.

The committee appointed by the Conference of Governors of Federal Reserve Banks at their recent meeting in Washington to consider and report on the problem of free clearing of checks met at the Federal Reserve Bank here yesterday. More sessions will be held today and perhaps tomorrow. The committee will report to the Conference of Governors at a meeting to be held in Washington on Jan. 20.

The members of the committee, all of whom were present yesterday, are James B. McDougal, Chicago, Chairman; A. L. Aiken, Boston; E. R. Fancher, Cleveland; George J. Seay, Richmond, and Benjamin Strong, Jr., New York.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the fourth week of December show these aggregated changes in gross earnings, those showing advances and those showing declines being stated separately:

Seven roads	$3,228,958	+$253,704
Eighteen roads	10,928,000	—2,821,648
Total (25 roads)	14,156,958	—2,567,944

CLEVELAND, PAINESVILLE & EASTERN for November—

	1914.	1913.	Increase.
Gross	30,997	30,187	810
Net aft. tax.	13,388	12,171	1,217
Sur. aft. chgs.	2,508	1,688	820
11 mos. gross	395,901	392,397	3,503
Net aft. tax.	182,574	180,148	2,246
Sur. aft. chgs.	61,688	65,464	*3,776

*Decrease.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY OF CANADA for November—

	1914.	1913.	Decrease.
Gross	£606,950	£765,300	£158,350
Net	87,550	148,050	60,500
11 mos. gross	7,904,950	8,794,650	889,700
Net	2,019,350	2,141,550	122,200

RUTLAND RAILROAD for November—

Gross	$289,725	$330,137	$40,412
Net aft. tax.	66,018	94,628	28,661
11 mos. gross	3,272,292	3,466,791	194,499
Net aft. tax.	559,047	629,882	70,837

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN for November—

Gross	352,419	402,599	50,180
Net aft. tax.	45,283	116,694	71,411
Bal. for int.	51,093	95,462	44,368
5 mos. gross	1,947,508	2,026,521	79,913
Net aft. tax.	402,510	627,214	224,704
Bal. aft. int.	301,588	799,545	497,957

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name:	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atl. Coast Line	1914-'21	4 @4½	4.85	4.70
Balt. & Ohio	1914-'23	4	4.88	4.70
Buff., R. & Pitts.	1914-'30	4½@5	4.90	4.75
Canadian Pacific	1915-'28	4½	5.05	4.95
Ches. & Ohio	1914-'17	4½	5.10	4.90
Chi. & N. W.	1914-'23	4½	4.80	4.65
Chi., Ind. & Louis.	1914-'23	4½	5.38	5.12
C., St. L. & N. O.	1915-'24	5	5.00	4.90
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.85	4.65
Erie R. R.	1914-'23	4½@5	5.25	5.00
Hocking Valley	1914-'23	4 @5	5.12	4.88
Illinois Central	1914-'23	4½@5	4.90	4.75
Louis. & Nash.	1914-'23	5	4.88	4.75
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1914-'23	5	6.15	5.75
Mo. Pacific	1914-'22	5	6.75	6.12
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1915-'28	4½@5	5.20	5.10
Norf. & Western	1915-'24	4½	4.80	4.60
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1915-'28	6	5.50	5.20
Penn.Gen. Freight	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.70	4.50
St. L., I. M. & S.	1914-'24	5	5.80	5.15
Seab'd Air Line	1914-'23	5	5.20	5.00
Southern Railway	1914-'24	4½@5	5.10	4.90
Southern Pacific	1914-'23	4½	4.90	4.80
Virginian Ry	1914-'19	5	5.35	5.10

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin	33.50	34.00	33.25	33.85
Lead	3.70	3.80	3.65	3.70
Iron No. 2X fdy.	14.00	14.50	14.00	14.50
Spelter	5.95	6.05	5.90	5.95
Antimony	16.50	17.00	16.00	17.00

Electrolytic copper, thirty days, is quoted 13⅝ cents a pound in the open market.

London market quotations:

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Copper, spot	59	12	6	59	15	0
Copper, futures	59	17	6	59	17	6
Tin, spot	152	0	0	150	0	0
Tin, futures	147	10	0	140	0	0
Lead	18	15	0	18	15	0
Spelter	28	15	0	28	10	0

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Sidney Spitzer & Co., investment bankers, with home office in Toledo, Ohio, have opened offices in New York at 115 Broadway, in charge of L. B. Tucker, the resident partner.

The City of Rochester has awarded to Salomon Bros. & Hutzler $360,000 five months' notes on a 3.50 per cent. interest basis.

Bodell & Co. of Providence and Boston report an oversubscription to the first preferred stock of the Elmira Water, Light & Railway Company recently offered by the firm.

A. D. Converse & Co. are offering first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds of the Northern Ontario Light and Power Company at 88, to yield 6.82 per cent.

Clark, Dodge & Co. yesterday bought $260,000 thirty-year 4½ per cent. refunding school bonds of the City of Passaic at 103.01. There were ten bids presented, the joint bid of Rhoades & Co. and Redmond & Co. being second with a price of 102.64.

VENNER CAN'T SEE LIST.

Court Rules Out Attempt to Show Vanderbilt Lake Shore Holdings.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Jan. 11.—Evidence was taken before Justice Keogh in the Supreme Court here today in the action brought by the Continental Securities Company and Clarence H. Venner of Manhattan to prevent the consolidation of the New York Central and the Lake Shore Road systems and the issuance of $90,000,000 of 4 per cent. consolidated bonds and the refunding of about $70,000,000 3½ per cent. Lake Shore bonds.

The plaintiffs, through S. Aspinwall Hodge, contend that there is a conspiracy between the two companies to issue bonds for eighty-five years and increase illegally the indebtedness of the company by giving a gratuity of ½ per cent. to the 3½ per cent. bondholders for their consent to the merger.

Clerks from the New York Central Railroad Company's office brought a dozen suitcases filled with stock and bond books, minutes of the Board of Directors, and many other exhibits. The courtroom was filled with lawyers and representatives of big banking and insurance companies interested in the merger. A. H. Harris appeared for the consolidating companies.

The first witness called was Dwight Pardee, Secretary of the New York Central Lines, who produced a stack of minute books of the Directors setting forth the plans of the consolidation.

"Have you produced a list of the holders of the Lake Shore collaterals, including the $18,000,000 held by the Vanderbilts"? counsel for plaintiffs asked.

Lawyer Harris jumped to his feet, saying, "I object."

"I want to show that the Vanderbilts will greatly benefit by the consolidation," said Mr. Hodge.

"The question is ruled out," said Justice Keogh.

When Lawyer Hodge began going through the Directors' books Mr. Harris exclaimed:

"I object to this man inspecting all the minutes. He is simply on a fishing excursion to try and find something to bring an action somewhere else."

President Smith of the New York Central declared that there would be no waste by the merger, but instead there would be a saving of about $405,000 a year in various items, including income tax, interchange of cars, postage, stationery, tickets, and administrative features. He also said operating expenses would be reduced. The hearing was continued.

GERMAN BANK STATEMENT.

Gold Deposits Decrease in Imperial Institution.

BERLIN, (via London,) Jan. 11.—The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes.

	Marks.
Bullion, imperial and loan bank-notes, and notes of other banks decreased	390,380,000
Gold decreased	39,056,000
Lombards increased	40,971,000
Discounts, including Treasury bills, increased	134,620,000
Securities decreased	2,489,000
Notes in circulation decreased	260,000,000
Deposits decreased	120,764,000

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

		Julia	.01
Alta	.02	Justice	.02
Alpha Con.	.04	Mexican	.40
Andes	.05	Occidental Con.	.85
Belcher	.28	Ophir	.05
Best & Belcher	.04	Overman	.12
Bullion	.01	Potosi	.02
Caledonia	.35	Savage	.04
Con. Cal. & Va.	.07	Seg. Belcher	.02
Gould & Curry	.02	Sierra Nevada	.04
Hale & Norcross	.03	Union Con.	.13
TONOPAH.		Diamondf. Daisy	.09
Belmont	4.20	Diamondf. Blk. B.	.05
Jim Butler	.67	Florence	.59
McNamara	.03	Goldfield Con. M.	1.75
Midway	.07	Goldfield Merger	.30
North Star	.15	Jumbo Ext.	1.90
Rescue Eula	.06	Lone Star	.10
Tonopah Ext.	2.50	Silver Pick	.11
Tonopah Merger	.30	Vernal	.05
West End	.55	Nevada Hills	.29
GOLDFIELD.		Round Mountain	.37
Atlanta	.38	MANHATTAN.	
Booth	.21	Manhattan Con.	.01
C. O. D.	.06	Manhat. Big Four	.08
Comb. Fraction	.09		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	9¾	10¼	Jackpot	6½	8
Elkton	47	48½	McKinney	30	43
El Paso	150	175	Old Gold	..	2
Findlay	3¾	4¼	Portland	114	115
Gold Dollar	3½	5	Vindicator	124	130
Isabella	17⅝	18	Rav. B. H.	3¾	3⅞

ELECTRICAL SECURITIES CORPORATION
Third and Eighth Series Collateral Trust Sinking Fund Five Per Cent. Bonds.

The Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as successor to The Standard Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under the Indenture securing the above, invites proposals for the sale of as many bonds of the THIRD SERIES as can be purchased for the sum of Seventy-four Thousand One Hundred and Fifty-two Dollars and Fifty Cents, ($74,152.50,) and as many bonds of the EIGHTH SERIES as can be purchased for the sum of Fifty-four Thousand Dollars, ($54,000,) at not exceeding 103 and accrued interest in each instance.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, until 10 o'clock A. M., Monday, January 18th, 1915.

All bonds accepted will be paid for on Wednesday, January 20th, 1915, on delivery, and interest will not be allowed after that date.

This notice is given pursuant to the provisions of Article Six of the Indenture securing the THIRD SERIES, and Article Four of the Indenture securing the EIGHTH SERIES of said bonds.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By WM. C. COX, Vice President.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

This certificate issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the GOLDMAN JEWELRY MANUFACTURING CO., a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 28th day of December, 1914, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this twenty-eighth day of December, one thousand nine hundred and fourteen.

JOSE E. PIDGEON,
Second Deputy Secretary of State.

THIS IS TO NOTIFY YOU THAT ON JANUARY 7, 1915, the partnership heretofore existing between LOUIS PLATT, ABRAHAM LITTMAN and LOUIS H. COHEN, under the firm name of PLATT, LITTMAN & COHEN, has been dissolved, and that said business will be continued by ABRAHAM LITTMAN and LOUIS H. COHEN, under the firm name of LITTMAN & COHEN, who have assumed the indebtedness of the late firm.

ABRAHAM LITTMAN.
LOUIS H. COHEN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE firm of PLATT, LITTMAN, AND COHEN, 391 Broadway, N. Y. City, have this day, Jan. 7th, 1915, dissolved partnership, and all liabilities will be assumed by Littman and Cohen.

LOUIS PLATT.

S. BERNSTEIN HAS NO INTEREST IN firm of M. M. BERNSTEIN & BRO. Bills are payable and paid by M. M. BERNSTEIN firm, hereafter known as M. M. Bernstein & Co.

M. M. BERNSTEIN.

DIVIDENDS.

WHITE INVESTING COMPANY.
55 Liberty St.,
New York,
MANAGERS
Michigan Limestone & Chemical Company.

The Board of Directors of the Michigan Limestone & Chemical Company has declared a regular semi-annual dividend of 3½% on the preferred stock of the corporation, payable January 15th, 1915.

(Signed) EDWARD H. WOODWARD, Secretary.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY
DIVIDEND NO. 62

A quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable January 15th, 1915, at the office of the Treasurer, 131 State Street, Boston, Mass., to stockholders of record at the close of business December 24, 1914.

CHARLES A. HUBBARD, Treasurer.

VIRGINIA RAILWAY AND POWER CO.
No. 149 Broadway, New York, Dec. 18, 1914.

The Board of Directors of the Virginia Railway & Power Company has this day declared a dividend of 3%, equal to $3.00 per share, on the preferred stock of said Company, payable on January 20, 1915, to the preferred stockholders of record on December 31, 1914. The transfer books will not be closed. Dividend cheques will be mailed.

G. B. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

Income Tax Rulings

Our Income Tax Department has prepared a booklet containing the full text of the Income Tax Law, annotated and indexed, together with a thoroughly indexed synopsis of the Treasury Department rulings affecting individuals and fiduciaries. We shall be glad to supply copies of this booklet on request.

Ask for Booklet T-269.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
140 Broadway
Fifth Avenue Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St.
London Office, 33 Lombard St., E. C.
Capital and Surplus, - - $30,000,000

First Mortgage
Public Utility Bonds
to yield from
5½% to 6%

January Circular Upon Request

LEE, HIGGINSON & CO
43 Exchange Place
Boston NEW YORK Chicago
HIGGINSON & CO., London

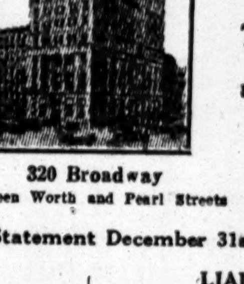
Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
New York.
LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W.; 26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW JERSEY.
Opposite Penna. R. R. Ferry and Exchange Place Station, Hudson Tunnels, Jersey City.
Capital, Surplus and Profits over - $3,500,000.00

The new Inheritance Tax Laws of New Jersey are of special advantage to non-residents.
Write for booklet.

JOHN W. HARDENBERGH, President.
ROBT. S. ROSS, Vice-President. JAY S. PERKINS, Assistant Treasurer.
WM. J. FIELD, Secretary and Treasurer. J. RICHARD TENNANT, Assistant Secretary.

REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS. | REPORTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.



The Citizens Central National Bank

In the Centre of the Down Town Wholesale District.

320 Broadway
Between Worth and Pearl Streets

Condensed Statement December 31st, 1914

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	$20,966,383.86	Capital Stock	$2,550,000.00
U. S. Bonds & Investments	2,006,100.00	Surplus and Profits	2,393,198.70
Due from Banks	4,241,870.36	Circulation	1,555,097.50
Cash and Reserve	5,059,804.71	Deposits	25,775,862.73
Total	$32,274,158.93	Total	$32,274,158.93

DIRECTORS

AMBROSE R. ADAMS, Shreve & Adams.
F. M. BACON, Jr., Vice-President, Bacon & Co.
CHARLES L. BERNHEIMER, President, Bear Mill Mfg. Co.
GARRARD COMLY, Vice-President
RALPH L. CUTTER, Smith, Hogg & Company.
OTTO L. DOMMERICH, L. F. Dommerich & Company.
FREDERICK T. FLEITMANN, Fleitmann & Company.
WILLIAM S. GRAY, President, William S. Gray & Co.
ROBERT B. HIRSCH, Wm. Openhym & Sons.
DARWIN P. KINGSLEY, President, New York Life Insurance Co.
AUGUSTUS F. LIBBY, 377 Broadway, N. Y.
WM. FELLOWES MORGAN, Chairman, Merchants Refrigerating Co.
CHAS. ALLEN MUNN, President, Munn & Co.
FRANK PRESBREY, President, Frank Presbrey Co.
EDWIN S. SCHENCK, President

DIVIDENDS.

The Peoples Gas Light & Coke Company
Notice is hereby given that a dividend of two per cent., being the quarterly dividend at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, has been declared on the capital stock of the company, payable February 25, 1915, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on January 20, 1915.
Chicago, January 11, 1915.
L. A. WILEY, Secretary.

KELLY-SPRINGFIELD TIRE CO.
A dividend of 1¼% on the Common Stock of this Company has been declared, payable February 1, 1915, to the stockholders of record at the close of business January 15, 1915.
F. A. SEAMAN, Secretary.
New York, December 9, 1914.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the Rome Merchant Iron Mill for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before it will be held at the office of the company, No. 30 Church Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 26th, 1915, at 12 o'clock, noon.
LEE DEUTSCH, Secretary.

HOME FOR INCURABLES,
Third Av., 181st to 184th Sts., N. Y. City.
THE FORTY-NINTH ANNUAL MEETING
of the Society of the Home for Incurables, will be held at the institution on Wednesday, Jan. 13, 1915, at 3 P. M.
Ogden Mills, President.
Israel C. Jones, M. D., Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS

THE BANK OF AMERICA.
New York, December 28th, 1914.
The Annual Election of Directors and Inspectors of Election of this Bank will be held at the banking house, Nos. 44 and 46 Wall Street, on Tuesday, January 12th, 1915. The polls will be opened at 1 o'clock P. M., and will be closed at 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed from January 9th to January 13th.
W. M. BENNET, Cashier.

The Liberty National Bank of New York.
New York, December 8th, 1914.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may come before it will be held at the banking house, No. 139 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.
CHARLES W. RIECKS, Cashier.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF THE WHITTIER-WELLINGTON CORPORATION.
The annual meeting of the stockholders for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting will be held at the office of the company, 43 Cedar Street, in the City of New York, at 12:00 o'clock on Monday, January 25th, 1915.
JOHN F. RUSSELL, Jr., Secretary.

THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY'S
Annual Stockholders' Meeting and Election will be held from noon to 1 o'clock January 12th, 1915, at 165 Broadway, Room 509, New York, by order of Directors.
JOHN L. DUDLEY, President.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

FERROCARRILES NACIONALES DE MEXICO
(National Railways of Mexico.)
Mexico, D. F., December 26, 1914.
To the Shareholders:
By order of the Executive Committee, notice is hereby given to the Shareholders of this Company that on the solicitation of the Mexican Government, made by the Department of Hacienda and Public Credit, and based on the final part of Article Fourteenth of the By-Laws, an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held in the Offices of the Company, No. 10 Second Bolivar Street, City of Mexico, D. F., on Saturday, February 20th, 1915, at ten o'clock A. M., under the following
ORDER OF THE DAY.
I. Presentation of the report of the former Board of Directors on the operation of the Company for the fiscal year July 1st, 1913, to June 30th, 1914.
II. Presentation and, if in order, approval of the General Balance Sheet as of June 30th, 1914, together with the report of the Comisarios and determination of the manner of disposal of the profits which the Balance Sheet may show.
III. Election of Directors to fill existing vacancies in the Board of Directors of the Company.
IV. Election of Comisarios and Alternates.
Further notice is given to the Shareholders that the Executive Committee, pursuant to Article Eleventh of the By-Laws, has fixed January 20th, 1915, as the date for ascertaining what persons shall have the right to vote at the said meeting, and that, pursuant to Article Twelfth of the said By-Laws, the holders of Bearer Shares shall present their certificates at the offices of the Company in the City of Mexico, or in the City of New York, or at the offices of the "Societe Generale Pour Favoriser le Developpement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France" in Paris, or in Bordeaux, between January 20th, 1915, and the close of business on February 19th, 1915, in order to obtain voting tickets.
J. H. TAMEZ, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE HILLMAN HOTEL CO.:
Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the HILLMAN HOTEL CO. will be held on the third Wednesday of January, as provided in the by-laws, i. e., January 20th, 1915, at the principal office of the company, i. e., the VANDERBILT HOTEL, 34th Street and Park Avenue, New York City, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing five Directors to serve until the next annual meeting and until their successors are elected and two inspectors of election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. The polls will be open from 10 o'clock A. M. to 10:30 A. M.
GERALD H. GRAY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF
THE NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY.
Albany, N. Y., Dec. 23, 1914.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a special meeting of the stockholders of The New York Central Railroad Company has been called and will be held at the principal office of the Company in the Union Depot in the City of Albany, N. Y., on Tuesday, the 26th day of January, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
By order of the Board of Directors.
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

LAWYERS MORTGAGE COMPANY,
59 Liberty Street,
New York, January 5, 1915.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on Wednesday, January 20, 1915, at two o'clock P. M., at the office of the Company, No. 59 Liberty Street, New York City, for the purpose of electing five Directors, to serve for the term of four years and also three Inspectors of Election to serve at the next Annual Election, and of approving all action taken by the Board of Directors since the last Annual Meeting of Stockholders, and of transacting such other business as may come before the meeting.
ORLAND S. ISBELL, Secretary.

LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lincoln Trust Company will be held at the office of the company, 204 Fifth Avenue, New York, on Wednesday, January 13th, 1915, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
Polls will remain open from 11 o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock noon.
The Transfer Books will be closed at 3 P. M. on December 31st, 1914, and will reopen at 10 A. M. on January 14th, 1915.
FREDERIC P. DAVIS, Secretary.

THE MORTGAGE-BOND COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
55 Liberty Street,
New York, January 12, 1915.
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on Wednesday, January 27, 1915, at 2 P. M., at the office of the Company, 55 Liberty Street, New York City, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and three Inspectors of Election to serve at the next Annual Election, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
GURDON M. MAYNARD, Secretary.

CONSOLIDATED GAS COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
130 East 15th Street
January 4, 1915.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees to serve during the ensuing year will be held at this office MONDAY, January 25, 1915. Polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will close Saturday, January 9, 1915, at 12 M., and reopen Tuesday, January 26, 1915.
R. A. CARTER, Secretary.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK, NEW YORK.
New York, December 1, 1914.
The annual meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it will be held in the Banking Rooms, No. 233 Broadway, Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon, the polls to be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.
The transfer books will be closed from 12 o'clock noon, January 9th, 1915, until 10 o'clock A. M., January 13th, 1915.
J. F. BOUKER, Cashier.

THE PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY (of Chicago)
The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Peoples Gas Light & Coke Company will be held at the office of the Company, in Peoples Gas Building, corner of Michigan Ave. and Adams St., Chicago, on Wednesday morning, February 10, 1915, at 11 o'clock. The transfer books will close in accordance with the by-laws at the close of business on Wednesday, January 20, 1915, and will reopen Thursday morning, February 11, 1915, at 10 o'clock.
JAMES F. MEAGHER, President.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE MANURSING ISLAND ASSOCIATION:
Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the MANURSING ISLAND ASSOCIATION will be held at No. 25 Broad Street, Room 1,440, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 27th day of January, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing directors and for the transaction of such other business as may come before such meeting.
Dated New York, January 11th, 1915.
EDWARD KEALE, Secretary.

THE EAST RIVER GAS COMPANY OF LONG ISLAND CITY.
New York, January 11th, 1915.
Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the purpose of electing thirteen Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it, will be held at the office of the Company, corner of Webster and Vernon Avenues, Long Island City, on the 25th day of January, 1915, at eleven o'clock A. M.
M. M. GRAHAM, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of New York Transit Company will be held at the office of the Company, 26 Broadway, City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on Tuesday, January 26, 1915, at 11 o'clock A. M. for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
The Transfer Books will be closed from 3 o'clock P. M., January 15, 1915, to 10 o'clock A. M., January 27, 1915.
GEORGE CHESEBRO', Secretary.

THE MARKET AND FULTON NATIONAL BANK
New York, December 28, 1914.
The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.
JOHN H. CARR, Cashier.

Twenty Third Ward Bank of the City of New York,
No. 2,409 Third Avenue.
The annual meeting of the shareholders of this Bank for the election of a Board of Directors for the ensuing year will be held at the Banking Rooms Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, between the hours of 8:30 and 9:30 A. M.
Transfer books will close on January 4th at 3:00 P. M., and reopen January 12th at 10 A. M.
CHARLES P. BOGART, Cashier.

The Chemical National Bank of New York,
December 12th, 1914.
The Annual Election for Directors of this bank will be held at the banking house, No. 270 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, on Tuesday, the 12th day of January, 1915, between the hours of one and two o'clock P. M.
FRANCIS HALPIN, Cashier.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York.
New York, December 12, 1914.
The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house, Nassau and Pine Streets, Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M.
ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

New York, Dec. 5th, 1914.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION of Directors of THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York will be held at its banking house, No. 42 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, from 12 noon to 1 o'clock P. M.
By order of the Board of Directors.
JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

OPTIMISM OF THE KNIT GOODS MEN

That Was the Dominant Note at the Jobbers' Annual Meeting Yesterday.

OPPORTUNITY IS NOW HERE

Business Awakening Through the Country the Reason for Confidence Expressed.

Optimism, coupled with reasonable business caution, characterized the annual meeting of the Jobbers' Association of Knit Goods Buyers, held at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel yesterday. It was apparent that the half hundred representatives from many sections of the country were in a much more cheerful mood than was the case at last year's meeting or, in fact, at the semi-annual convention held here in July.

The members of the association in their discussions agreed that the present is a time for readjustment in many directions; that the "bottom" of depression in the knit goods industry had been reached, and that from now on conditions are bound to improve. One of the members summed up the situation as follows:

"The past is behind us and the association must now look to the future. The tariff is not being referred to as an element in the situation. There's no use in discussing that phase. Reports brought to this meeting from members all over the country are to the effect that there is an awakening everywhere. In the first place, the favorable decision of the Inter-State Commerce Commission relative to railroad rates is being felt at once throughout the country. The railroads are letting contracts, men are being employed on both the roads and production plants, and the people are beginning to have spending money again. This in turn is reducing the stocks held by retailers, with the result that orders are coming into the jobbers.

"Only this morning, I received letters from Pittsburgh telling of the better conditions prevailing as the result of large domestic and foreign orders given to the steel plants. Reports from other centres are much of the same tenor. Another factor in the situation exerting a beneficial influence is the foreign business. This has developed on a big scale and includes both hosiery and underwear for military and ordinary purposes. We are not talking about the past. We have the future to look to."

C. W. Dickinson of the Pittsburgh Dry Goods Company, President of the association, presided, and in opening the session reviewed conditions in the knit goods trade during the past year. Last year, he said, the knit goods jobbers faced a Fall season with a considerable amount of confidence due to the prospects of good crops in the West, Southwest, and South. Then came the war, which caused a loss of confidence, tightening of the money market and a general retrenchment, which ruined the hopes of the jobbing trade, even though the expected good crops materialized.

The unprecedented low price of raw cotton, Mr. Dickinson said, has meant losses to the knit goods jobbers on the stocks they have on hand. The advance of the year showed that the unexpected is liable to happen and must provided for. The problem for the new year is a readjustment of prices and values to the new conditions in the market for raw cotton. The low price of cotton may prove a drawback in shaping a new standard of prices or values, the price to be downward and the value upward. The President concluded his remarks by declaring that it is up to the jobbers to proceed cautiously in adjusting themselves to these new conditions.

Frank L. Chipman of Charles Chipman's Sons of this city made an address at the afternoon session, his subject being "Thirty Years' Retrospection and Prospective of Hosiery." The speaker gave an interesting review of the hosiery industry. He said he believed there is still a place for the jobber and gave it as his opinion that the greatest step that can be taken is closer commercial harmony between producer and distributor, the manufacturer and the jobber becoming a big wheel, the cog of which is unity.

"There is nothing the matter with this great country of ours," declared the speaker, "and it is up to us to get out of it our own. From a European standpoint the United States is a haven of peace, security, and prosperity, and as compared with the awful strife abroad, we are, up to the present time, the most fortunate people in the world. It is true that we have suffered great anxiety recently regarding our business, but if we should stop to think of the trainloads of maimed and wounded who are being hauled to the rear from the battlefields and the homes made desolate, you would have nothing but thanks to offer.

"Therefore, let us all appreciate this United States, realize our opportunities, and not dig trenches and get into them when there is no one to fire at us, and not be blind to the most glorious chance which we have ever had. I believe we are going to have in the near future a wonderful revival of business. It behooves us to get ready for it and to thank God that we are alive, and that we are living in a land that is at peace at a time when nearly the whole world is at war."

The committee on underwear sizes of women's garments, 34 to 44 inches, requested that this matter be postponed to the July meeting. This was agreed to. The committee on uniform terms was unable to obtain any expressions on uniformity in regard to terms of sale, at at its own request was discharged from further consideration of the matter. A report was brought in by the committee on the weight of cotton merchandise recommending that the present weight of eleven pounds be continued on 50-cent garments. After a full discussion the recommendation was adopted, the sense of the meeting being that it would be better to give the trade the benefit of such readjustments and prices as may be brought about by the low price of cotton.

It was announced that 7,000 copies of the card scale of sizes of men's and boys' sweater coats have been distributed and that manufacturers are now offering goods made from the official scale. A discussion of the best method of disposing of samples showed a diversity of practices followed by jobbers. It was reported to the meeting that the use of photographs as substitutes for samples in selling goods is growing and that thousands of dollars have been expended the past year in this way. Charles A. Jones of the Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, told of the benefits derived from the use of trade-marked labels and special bands for hosiery and underwear.

Thomas A. Fernley, Assistant Secretary of the association, reviewed in detail the work of the organization during the year just closed. The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: President—Benjamin Gibbs of the Young, Smyth, Field Company, Philadelphia; First Vice President—George P. Walton of the J. M. Robinson, Norton Company, Louisville; Second Vice President—James Wilson of the Burnham, Stoepel Company, Detroit; Secretary-Treasurer—Thomas I. Donaldson of the Arbuthnot, Stephenson Company, Pittsburgh. Directors chosen yesterday were Joseph H. Estes, Richmond Dry Goods Company, Richmond, Va.; Charles A. Jones of the Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, and Charles W. Dickinson of the Pittsburgh Dry Goods Company, Pittsburgh.

The convention closed last night with addresses and a vaudeville performance in the Sun Room of the hotel. C. W. Dickinson presided. David W. Chalmers of the Chalmers Knitting Company, Amsterdam, N. Y., spoke on "Opportunity," and Nathan Hatch of the Fuld & Hatch Knitting Company, Albany, also made an address.

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from
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VICTOR 5 IN 1 INKSTAND
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ALL ONE PIECE
Crystal Glass Double Inkstand.
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THE FLATT-ER (Card Index) CLIP
1,000 of these included.
Light polished steel. Made flat to hold index cards in drawers, for attaching enclosures to letters. Flatest clip made. Regularly sells at 80c per 1000.
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If it isn't, you lose by it—and deserve to—for effective printing costs no more. It will well repay you to send for the
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BUSINESS LOCATIONS.
FIFTH AVE.
STORE TO LET
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THE BEST LOCATION IN THE BEST SHOPPING CENTRE.
SUITABLE FOR WOMEN'S WEAR, RUGS, JEWELRY, ETC.
STERN, 448 FIFTH AVE.

BIG FOODSTUFFS EXPORT.

European Countries Buying Wheat, Flour, Corn, and Oats.

The ten-day statement of foodstuffs exports made public yesterday at the Custom House, for the period Dec. 1 to Dec. 10 inclusive, shows a continuance of the heavy buying in the American market by the Allies and neutral nations. According to the statement, 261,608 bushels of wheat were shipped to Belgium. As ordinary trade relations with that country are at a standstill owing to the German occupation, it is understood that the wheat shipments in question are those made by the Rockefeller Foundation and other American sources of relief.

England took 259,468 bushels of American wheat and 32,000 bushels of Canadian, while shipments to France aggregated 179,954 bushels. Norway led in wheat flour shipments with a total of 39,339 bags. France was next with 37,016 bags. Denmark's allotment was 16,995 bags while the Netherlands took 33,974 bags. England's exports were 14,588 bags, while Gibraltar was further provisioned with 6,897 bags. The British Government also bought 4,136 bags of wheat flour for the use of its troops now in Egypt. British military posts in the West Indies received 17,738 bags and 1,374 barrels of the flour.

The Netherlands led in purchases of corn with shipments aggregating 415,313 bushels. Denmark was next with 94,282 bushels. There were fair shipments of corn meal and corn flour to the Netherlands, England, Norway and Newfoundland. France was the biggest buyer of refined sugar, taking 288,925 bags. England took 16,400 bags of corn sugar. England led in oat shipments with 33,857 bushels. The Netherlands was next with 20,000 bushels, while lesser quantities were taken by France and Italy. The British war office sent 12,435 bushels of Canadian oats to the West Indies. The Netherlands purchased 125,000 bushels of barley, Norway following with 80,420 bushels. Smaller exports were recorded to Denmark, Italy and England.

American buckwheat shipped from here to the Netherlands totaled 69,734 bushels. Shipments of horses for the French Army aggregated 3,427 against only forty-two for England. Other items of export during the period included rye flour and rice.

PEARLS NOT CHEAPER.

Reasons Given Why a Cable from Bombay Is Not Correct.

Leading wholesalers and retailers of pearls in this city are not at all disturbed by the contents of a cablegram from Bombay, India, which was published the other day in the Commerce Reports, and which said: "Pearls now selling at half normal prices."

In the first place these merchants say that no pearl has a normal price, especially the finer ones, which are scarce at all times. They further assert that Bombay is not a pearl market, but that the principal business in this gem is transacted in London and Paris, principally the former. Any drop or advance in the price of pearls would immediately become known to the pearl sellers of those cities and, being sellers, it would be to their advantage to let the American dealers know that a drop in price had come in order to stimulate buying.

No such notification has come from Europe to this effect, however, and none is expected. On the other hand, letters received very recently from the leading pearl sellers in both Paris and London say that there has been no change in the price of pearls for the reason that nobody is buying and that, consequently, the store of these gems is locked away. All of the first-class European dealers are very well off financially, it is said, and will retain their present supplies indefinitely, rather than let them go at a sacrifice, however small, because of the present depression in the foreign demand for pearls.

John Winfield Scott a Bankrupt.

A voluntary petition in bankruptcy filed in the Federal Court in Newark yesterday by John Winfield Scott of 110 Carnegie Avenue, East Orange, N. J., closes an attempt to develop Peru, which started about twenty years ago. He formed the Pacific Company, which was incorporated in New Jersey. A railroad was constructed from the coast to the head waters of the Amazon. Mr. Scott places his liabilities at $150,000. Among the creditors are William S. Harvey of 100 Broadway, who has a claim for $25,000; Charles H. Scott of Alabama, $25,000; John E. Dubois of Dubois, Penn., $50,000.

BUSINESS NOTES.

A successful sale of muslin underwear, children's embroidered and women's evening dresses was conducted yesterday by David W. Blow & Co., 520 Broadway. The bidding was of a spirited character and the muslin underwear stock, amounting to $10,000, brought about 60 cents on the dollar. The attendance was very satisfactory, and indicated that the goods offered were in good demand.

Irving H. Eckstein, for many years an officer of the Kossuth Marx Jewelry Company, Limited, has resigned his position with that concern.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

45 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

JOBBER WILL PAY CASH; has opening for special values in ladies' wearing apparel, cloaks, suits, dresses, and skirts; only manufacturers who can guarantee deliveries need apply mornings, between 9 and 11, Room 402, 41 W. 21st St.

WANTED—CREPE DE CHINE, AT RIGHT PRICE; LARGE QUANTITY — MAIZE, FLESH, PUTTY, SAND, WHITE; SPOT CASH. SLOTE & SCHAFFER, 49 EAST 21ST.

CONTRACTORS ON SILK DRESSES; MODELS FROM $6 UP; MUST SHOW YOUR OWN STYLES. 158 WEST 29TH ST., FIFTH FLOOR.

JOBBER LOOKING AT Spring samples of silk and cloth dresses; call all week, 12th floor, 131 West 35th.

JOBBER looking at junior suits; popular prices only. Tuesday morning, 10th floor, 129 W. 29th.

WILL LOOK AT Spring Cloth and Silk Coats only, 3 to 5 P. M. 147 West 22d, 9th floor.

1,000 PILE FABRIC COATS TO CLOSE OUT. Morris Jaffe, 40 to 46 West 25th, formerly at 28 and 30 West 25th.

JOBBER LOOKING AT Spring samples of silks and cloth dresses. Call all week, 7th floor, 131 W. 35th.

WE ARE OPEN for a quantity of lightweight covert piece goods suitable for dresses. Elgrade, 131 W. 35th St.

200 PILE FABRICS and cloth coats to close. Simon Abels Manufacturing Co., 30 West 21st St.

10,000 house and street dresses to close out at a sacrifice price. Schwartz Bros., 39 West 19th St.

WANTED, men's fleeces, military sizes; submit samples and prices, with time of delivery, Room 1,122, 165 Broadway, City.

SALESMAN WITH LARGE TRADE Pacific Coast in jewelry, leather goods, neckwear, and similar lines, is open to represent some reliable manufacturers. M 25 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.......3¾@4¼% for the best names.
Saturday........4 @4½% " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

Will Give Tariff Information.

Louis Domeratsky, Chief of the Division of Foreign Tariffs, in the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, is in New York for four or five days, at the local office of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, 406 Custom House. Mr. Domeratsky has made a long and special study of the tariffs of all countries, and is in a position to furnish manufacturers and exporters with exceedingly valuable information in regard to tariff regulations. If any manufacturers or exporters are having trouble with tariff regulations in getting their goods into various foreign countries, Mr. Domeratsky will be very glad to see them and to be of such assistance as may be possible.

To Name Claflin Directors Today.

It is practically assured that official announcement of the names of the seven Directors who will oversee the business of the newly organized H. B. Claflin Corporation will be made today. The names of four of the prospective Directors, all of them representatives of the merchandise creditors, together with that of the prospective President, Harry P. Bonties, were published in Sunday's TIMES. The names of the noteholders' representatives on the board have not yet been announced. A meeting of the General Creditors' Committee in the Claflin reorganization will be held in the Woolworth Building today, at which plans will be made for the committee's final part in the reorganization work.

Interlining Trade Benefited.

The difficulty and expense in importing canvas linings used by the clothing trade, and the high prices in effect even where these goods are obtainable, have worked to the benefit of the domestic mills that have interlinings to offer. The number of these mills is very small and the materials they make are mostly patented cloths. In one instance, an order was placed by a large clothier for 100 pieces of a certain inter-lining where formerly a purchase of fifty pieces would have been considered more than sufficient. The use of these improved coat linings will have the effect, it is said, of educating the clothier up to the advantages to be gained by substituting these materials for the usual canvas.

Larger Use of Cotton Warps.

There is every indication that the coming heavyweight piece goods season will see a wider use of cotton warp fabrics in place of the all-wool goods, which have advanced considerably in price. It will be interesting to watch just how the cutters-up, who have made advertising capital out of the use of all-wool fabrics, will meet the emergency resulting from the British embargo on low and medium priced wools. If substitutes for pure wool goods are put into overcoats and suits, most of the prestige that has been gained will be lost. On the other hand, the manufacturing clothiers have fixed limits to the prices which they pay for the fabrics they use in their various lines. Beyond these limits they will not and cannot very well go.

May Show Side-Laced Shoes.

According to reports in the local shoe market, several makers of high-priced shoes have been called upon lately to fill single-pair orders for women's shoes that lace down the side. Because of this there is some talk of showing such models for Spring, but it is said that their questionable fitting qualities are apt to militate against their sale. The Retailers' Profit Service Bulletin of Morse & Rogers tells this week of a tendency toward the return of the old French heel. It also says that one of the nattiest shoe styles shown here last week was a laced boot of sand-colored dull kid. It was a little higher cut than usual, and was trimmed with patent leather lace stays, patent leather diamond tips and regulation covered French heels.

More Converters Cheering Up.

More cotton goods converters in this market are cheering up this week. A week ago a representative of a well-known commission house called on one of them and asked him how things were. "Poor," was the reply, "the mail is made up principally of complaints and cancellations." Yesterday the same representative called on the same converter and repeated his question. This time the answer was, "Oh, things are picking up. This week there are only complaints." Another converter is said recently to have told another man in the same line that he had got a $15,000 order from a certain big store in the Middle West. When his veracity was questioned by the second converter, the first one said: "I got the order all right. Just come down to my office and I'll show you the proof. I'll show you the cancellation."

Some Foreign Orders for Gloves.

While there have been numerous inquiries received by the glove trade for merchandise designed for the foreign Governments, the business so far has been of very small dimensions. The purchases of this sort have been of the low-priced variety and mostly knit and cotton goods. Prices act as a deterrent where leather goods are concerned. The trade in general is experiencing a rather dull period, although retail stocks were considerably reduced by the business done during December. Manufacturers, however, will scarcely feel the effects of this movement of merchandise until next Fall, when the demand sets in again for cold weather goods. Gloves made of chamoisette are expected to loom up largely in the Spring trade but the difficulty will be the same as confronts the leather glove manufacturers, namely that of getting over sufficient supplies of raw material from Europe.

Silk Prices Advance.

Silk prices are rapidly regaining the levels that existed before the war. This is especially true of lines where the finish of the goods is the important factor. The depreciation caused by the decline in raw silk has almost wholly been made up, and there is every indication that further advances are to be expected. One instance is given of a dress manufacturer to whom was quoted a price of 57½ cents on a certain material. He was told that the next day the same goods would be priced at 60 cents. He put off buying, with the result that finally he was compelled to pay 62½ cents for the goods he wanted. These changes took place in the course of a week. Crêpe de chine, crêpe de meteor, and satins are the fabrics that are most active. There is a heavy buying movement from the cutting-up trade in general, and the silk manufacturers are confident that the predicted boom times are very close at hand.

Cotton Goods Selling Better.

The dry goods commission houses have little reason to complain of the way the jobbers have been taking cotton goods in the last two or three weeks, nor have sellers of prints. The recent notificatoin of an advance in the prices of staple prints by the leading factors in that part of the trade has resulted in a marked improvement in the demand for these goods. Fine dress and staple ginghams are moving well. There is little fault to be found with the way in which well-known branded lines of bleached cottons have been selling. William E. Wall, selling agent for B. B. & R. Knight, said yesterday that no more "Fruit of the Loom" 4-4 goods are available at 7⅝ cents, though some that were ordered previously will be delivered this week at that price. All future sales of these goods are being made "at value." Other bleached goods houses also report good trade. Excellent business has been done on cotton blankets for the Fall season, the openings of which were held recently.

Printcloth Prices Improve.

Despite the rather small volume of business that is being done in the local gray goods market from day to day, it was said yesterday by leading merchants that prices were still getting firmer in sympathy with the growing strength of cotton. So far as actual sales were concerned, yesterday's business did not differ greatly from any that has been done in the last few days. The inquiry was good enough for the later deliveries, but buyers were again averse to meeting the sellers' views of price. While some small sales were made in a quiet way, there was little feature to trading, and the aggregate volume was not great. Some of the mills are now asking 5 1-16 cents for near-by deliveries of 39-inch 72-76s, as well as 5¾ cents for near-by shipments of 80 squares. While there are still some spot 38½-inch 64-60s available at 3 11-16 cents, there is a disposition in several quarters of the trade to ask 3¾ cents for these goods. The prophecy was made in one source yesterday that 64-60s in this width would be held generally at 4 cents by April. The day's prices follow:

	Spot.	Contract.
39-inch 80-80s	5⅝c	5¾c
39-inch 72-76s	5c	5⅛c
39-inch 68-72s	4⅝c	4½c
38½-inch 64-64s	3⅞c	4c
38½-inch 64-60s	3 11-16c	3¾c
38½-inch 64-56s	3 9-16c	3⅝c
38½-inch 60-52s	3¼c	3⅜c
38½-inch 60-48s	3⅛c	3¼c
27-inch 64-60s	2½c	2⅝c
27-inch 56-52s	2 7-16c	2⅛c

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Dress Suits, Joss Sticks, and Fish in Tins Passed On.

Kronfeld, Saunders & Co. were sustained yesterday by the Board of General Appraisers in protests relating to dress suits made of wool, with a strip of braid sewed along the outer seam of each trousers leg. On account of the braid, the Collector assessed the goods at 60 per cent. ad valorem, under the Tariff act of 1913, as wearing apparel in part of braid. The importers claimed that the amount of braid on the goods was insufficient to bring the suits under the braid paragraph, and maintained the goods dutiable at 35 per cent. as clothing ready made, composed wholly or in chief value of wool. Judge Hay agreed with the contention and ordered a reliquidation on the basis of the lower duty.

C. S. Bush & Co., Los Angeles and other Pacific Coast ports, were sustained in a claim that Japanese shoyu is an unenumerated article within the meaning of that term as used in the Tariff acts of 1909 and 1913. The board ordered such of the goods as were imported under the old act admitted at 20 per cent. ad valorem, while entries made under the present law are allowed to come in at 16 per cent. ad valorem. The action of the Collector in assessing the shoyu at higher rates was reversed.

Alexander & Baldwin and others, Honolulu, were sustained in claims for free entry of joss sticks, under the act of 1909. The customs authorities claimed that the sticks were imported for use in driving off mosquitos, and therefore did not fulfill the function of joss sticks. Duty was accordingly taken at 20 per cent. ad valorem as unenumerated manufactured articles. The board rules that, irrespective of the use to which the goods may be put, they are known in the trade as "joss sticks."

Several protests affecting the rate of duty on various kinds of fish in tins were decided yesterday by the board. Most of the merchandise was assessed at 30 per cent. ad valorem under the old act, and claimed dutiable at one-half of 1 cent per pound as herrings, pickled or salted, smoked or kippered. Importers sustained included Austin, Nichols & Co. and Achille Starace, New York; James F. Byrnes & Co., Chicago, and the United Wholesale Company, Los Angeles. Protests overruled were by F. C. Walter and Rosenstein Brothers, this city.

AIM OF INDUSTRY INQUIRY

To Investigate Rockefeller Fund from Standpoint of Democracy.

Frank P. Walsh, Chairman of the Federal Industrial Relations Commission, which will resume its hearings in this city on Monday at the City Hall, explained yesterday the angle at which it proposes to take up the investigation of the Rockefeller Foundation. The aim of the hearing, he said, would be to consider whether the principles of democracy were being respected in the great basic industries and whether wage earners were receiving a voice in determining their working conditions.

"The men who control our greatest industries," Mr. Walsh went on, "are in many instances the men who are most active in promoting philanthropy and social betterment work. If their record in the management of industry shows a belief in democratic principles, then we have nothing to fear, at least for the present, in their interest in philanthropic and educational movements.

"But the commission's recent inquiry into the coal miners' strike in Colorado indicated that this is not the fact, and the Rockefeller interests at least prefer paternalism or benevolent absolutism to democracy. If the attitude assumed by those interests toward their employes in Colorado is to be maintained in directing the work of the Rockefeller Foundation, including the investigation of industrial relations, the public should know of it. In both activities the control is in the hands of the same men. This is not generally understood by the public.

"I do not mean to suggest that there is danger of a trend toward monarchical Government in this country. Such talk is absurd. I do mean that an industrial organization wherein the employes have no voice in determining conditions, is essentially undemocratic and incompatible with American ideals."

In explaining his statement Mr. Walsh pointed out that the commission had found that of the Directors of the Colorado mines seven lived in that State and eight lived in New York. It wished to establish how far those in New York were responsible for Colorado conditions in connection with the problem of absentee ownership. Moreover, he believed that the Rockefeller Foundation was controlled by the same men, who were the New York Directors of the Colorado mines. The commission might also take up the Carnegie Foundation for the pensioning of professors and its effect on the universities of the country in respect to their economic teaching.

DEALING WITH FACTS.
The Annalist every Monday provides investors, merchants, students, manufacturers, and the business world generally with information on the world's progress in econimics. 10c. by mail. The Annalist, Times Square, New York City.—Advt.

DEADLY POISON IN LEATHER

Kills a Custom House Workman—Goldfish Also Poisoned.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 11.—A mysterious poison, caused by the handling of imported leather, caused the death today of James F. Reardon, superintendent of the package opening department of the United States Appraiser's Stores, after an arm had been amputated in an attempt to save the man's life. Efforts to determine the nature of the poison have failed.

Reardon's wife said another employe in the Government store had found a small red stone in a case of leather from Europe and took it home and laid it on a table. The man's daughter accidentally brushed it into an aquarium, where it was dissolved and almost instantly killed every fish in the globe.

Reardon became ill several days ago and told his wife he could only account for it by the fact that he had scratched his thumb on the lid of a case and then brushed it over a piece of leather. Physicians said that amputation of the arm was the only hope. The operation was performed, but the poison continued its work and he died today.

'U. S. A.' Food for Sphinx Club Feast

On next Tuesday evening at the Waldorf-Astoria the Sphinx Club, the oldest advertising organization in the world, will celebrate the New Year with a dinner in which the food and all the beverages will be "Made in U. S. A.," with the exception of some of the champagne. The speakers will be John H. Fahey, President of the United States Chamber of Commerce; Joseph Hartigan, City Commissioner of Weights and Measures; Isaac F. Marcrosson, and Robert A. Holmes.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON, O.—Akron Dry Goods Co.; E. Glas, jobs coats; 15 E. 26.
AKRON, Ohio—L. G. Federman, jobs women's coats, cheap silk waists, skirts, muslin underwear; 71 W. 23d.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Fordon Mfg. Co.; M. Fordon, wash dresses; New Victoria.
BALTIMORE—John E. Hurst & Co.; A. C. Wilson, underwear; 15 E. 26th.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss M. G. Townsend, embroideries; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; J. Wolf, cloaks, suits; Strand.
BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; J. G. Nassauer, cloaks suits; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; J. F. Rummell, men's boys' clothing, furn. goods; 214 Church.
BALTIMORE—The Leo Co.; B. W. Cohen, Spring suits, dresses, waists, skirts, jobs Fall ready-to-wear, 8th floor; 2 W. 18th.
BALTIMORE—Cahn-Coblens Co.; E. Werzansky, jobs ladies', misses' serge dresses; 1,199 B'way.
BOISE—C. C. Anderson & Co.; C. C. Anderson, W. M. Morris, cloaks, suits; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Magrane, Houston, Co.; C. E. Restall, domestics; W. Daly, dress goods, silks; Great Northern.
BOSTON—Rosen Bros.; A. Rosen, clothing, furn. goods; Broadway Central.
BOSTON—Commercial Trading Co.; A. L. Foster, clothing, furn. goods; Bristol.
BOSTON—W. Taylor & Co.; W. Taylor, woolens; Van Cortland.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; P. D. Slocum, furs; R. B. Esselstyn, ready to wear; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Busby, millinery trimmings, basement; Mr. Smith, corsets, petticoats, infants', children's, juniors' dresses, coats; Mr. Childs, millinery; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Hallparn's Specialty Shop; H. C. Hannah, ladies', misses' coats, suits, skirts; Martinique.
BOSTON—R. H. Stearns & Co.; L. S. Root, silks, velvets; C. W. Conklin, ready-to-wear; W. Finlayson, laces, gloves, hosiery, underwear; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—W. & A. Bacon; Mr. Lussier, piece goods; Miss De Forest, art goods; F. A. Kerry, mdse. mgr.; Miss Golding, waists, muslin underwear, petticoats, house dresses, sweaters; 31 Union Square.
BRIDGEPORT—Howland D. G. Co.; A. M. Cooper, director; 75 Spring.
BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss K. Leyden, ladies' wear; D. Scholl, furn. goods, hosiery, gloves; 214 Church.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Wm. Hengerer Co.; J. Reynolds, carpets; Miss E. Dean, waists; Miss Derke, representing; 214 Church.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adams & Co.; I. Elias, clothing; H. Burns, hats; Miss M. Dooley, corsets; 214 Church.
BUFFALO—Clawson & Wilson Co.; A. Hamling, notions, laces, fancy goods; E. C. Hall, hosiery, gloves, underwear; F. J. Satteriee, hdkf's; 38 W. 32d.
CHARLESTON, S. C.—M. Furchgott & Cons; A. C. Furchgott, millinery, ready-to-wear; Endicott.
CHICAGO—Herrick Bros. Co.; J. P. Herrick, laces, ribbons; Somerset.
CHICAGO—Sterling-Kline Co.; Mr. Heilbroner, silks, trimmings; 1,133 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.; A. J. Kahnweiler, clothing, hats, caps; Miss Goldberg, children's misses' wear; 15 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Mr. Morse, boys' clothing; 15 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; E. A. Kettlewell, ladies', misses' suits, dresses; 438 Broadway.
CHICAGO—American Dress Co.; T. Kane, dresses; Bwy Central.
CHICAGO—J. E. Farrell & Co.; J. E. Farrell, cloaks, suits; Hoffman House.
CHICAGO—Hart, Schaffner & Marx; H. Hart, clothing; 200 5th Av.
CHICAGO—E. Elsinger Co.; W. Brodkorb, ready to wear, jobs; Room 425, 467 Bwy.
CHICAGO—W. A. Wieboldt & Co.; E. Holtasch, dry goods; 1,133 Bwy.
CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; E. T. Fogarty, white goods, hdkfs., laces, veilings, embroideries; 72 Leonard.
CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; J. H. Hawkins, W. L. Pearson, flannel shirts, underwear, knit goods; 38 W. 25th.
CHICAGO—Evan Lloyd & Co.; H. Margerum, jobs coats, suits, Spring mdse.; 1,261 B'way.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; V. J. Burt, wash goods, flannels; 438 B'way.
CHICAGO—"The Fair"; J. Godfrey, men's boy's clothing; C. W. Maneer and Miss M. Clifford, muslin underwear, petticoats, corsets, infant's wear; 225 4th Av.
CHICAGO—L. Klein; E. Mayer, jobs men's, boys' clothing; 31 Union Square.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; J. Dumaine, H. Hayme, dress goods; W. R. Bettcher, silks; F. J. Kolar, embroideries; C. G. Neumiller, laces; W. A. Benning, boys' clothing; F. W. Stern, hats; G. A. Wilson, furs; E. A. Clark, boys' clothing; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co.; F. D. Crawford, F. F. Foote, hosiery, underwear; 115 Worth.
CHICAGO—Evan, Lloyd & Co.; Mr. Magerum, coats, suits, waists, dresses; 1,261 B'way.
CINCINNATI—Reins & Meiss; I. Reims, notions, laces; 656 Broadway.
CINCINNATI—John Shillito Co.; H. J. Thoman, wash goods; A. Hoelsher, cloaks, suits; 432 4th Av.
CINCINNATI—Meyer, Wise & Kaichen Co.; S. Wise, furn. goods; 428 B'way.
CINCINNATI—The Fair; M. Hillman, ladies' hosiery, gloves, underwear; 214 Church.
CINCINNATI—L. Stix & Co.; W. Reiss, furnishing goods; 377 Broadway.
CINCINNATI—Alms & Doepke Co.; E. Kotter, J. P. Hicks, dress goods; 35 Broadway.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; F. Schnebly, hosiery, gloves, knit underwear; Miss Chilek, hosiery; 214 Church.
CLEVELAND—Sunshine Cloak and Suit Co.; A. D. Craemer, mfr's cloaks, suits; 1,133 Broadway.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; A. R. Samuel, men's hats, caps; S. Weill, domestics, white goods; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—S. K. Siegel Co.; S. H. Wilson, ready-to-wear, outer garments; Miss Pease, waists; 7 W. 22d.
CLEVELAND—Clawson & Wilson Co.; E. G. Harris, hdkf's; H. W. Dancer, hosiery, underwear; 38 W. 32d.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; T. T. Toole, men's shirts, underwear; N. H. Simmons, ladies' hosiery, gloves; F. H. Myers, representing; 220 5th Av.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—Fashion Co.; W. L. Payne, jobs silk waists, dresses, coats only; 18 W. 27th, Room 1,201.
DALLAS—Sanger Bros.; L. Elsbach, cloaks, suits, women's, infants' furn. goods; 19 E. 24th.
DALLAS—Neiman-Marcus Co.; T. Marcus, women's ready to wear; A. L. Neiman, women's ready to wear; 13 E. 22d.
DENVER.—Golden Eagle D. G. Co.; H. S. Bauman, cloaks, waists; 315 4th Av.; Grand.
DENVER—Neusteter Co.; Miss Keene, coats, suits, dresses; 320 5th Av.
DES MOINES—Harris, Emery Co.; Mr. Hoffheimer, ready-to-wear, (basement;) W. Gerber, ready-to-wear, 6th floor; 60 W. 33d.
DETROIT—A. J. Burrows & Co.; J. Burrows, children's coats, dresses; 835 Broadway.
DETROIT, Mich.—Crowley-Milner Co.; Mrs. E. Jenkins, wash dresses; 20 W. 22d.
DETROIT—A. Krolik & Co.; D. Scheyer, white goods, laces, notions, silks, linens; 320 Broadway.
DETROIT—Burnham, Stoepel & Co.; J. Beucher, linens, white goods; J. Wilson, knit underwear, furn. goods; A. L. Brevitz, hosiery; 43 Leonard.
DUBUQUE, Iowa—R. Kolck, notions, silks, laces, hosiery; Albert.
DUBUQUE—Rider-Wallis Dry Goods Co.; U. G. Dabler, dry goods; 358 Broadway.
ELLENVILLE, N. Y.—I. Ostrander, dry goods; Grand.
ERIE—Trask, Prescott & Richardson Co.; Mr. Marvin, ready-to-wear; 60 W. 33d.
FALL RIVER—R. A. McWhirr Co.; F. Sanford, notions, books, stationery; R. G. Austin, dry goods; 75 Spring.
FALL RIVER, Mass.—R. A. McWhirr Co.; R. A. McWhirr, director; 75 Spring.
HELENA, Mont.—McNair-Bratin Co.; Mrs. H. McNair, ladies' ready-to-wear; Wellington.
HOUSTON—Levy Bros. D. G. Co.; E. H. Hahlo, cloaks, suits, waists; 148 W. 23d.
INDIANAPOLIS—W. H. Block Co.; R. C. Block, Jr., domestics; Miss Barry, muslin underwear; 1,261 B'way.
INDIANAPOLIS.—Pettis D. G. Co.; Mr. Ganun, men's furn. goods, hosiery, underwear; Miss S. Brandenburg, gloves; 2 Walker.
INDIANAPOLIS—L. S. Ayres & Co.; C. P. Walmsley, cloaks, suits, waists; 60 W. 33d.
JACKSONVILLE—Stuart, Bernstein Co.; E. Bernstein, ready-to-wear; 353 4th Av.
KANSAS CITY—Kline Cloak and Suit Co.; Miss A. Quiett, children's, misses' coats, suits, dresses; 95 Madison Av.
KANSAS CITY—Smith-McCord-Townsend D. G. Co.; W. Cheek, furn. goods; 72 Leonard.
KANSAS CITY—Berkson Bros.; J. Berkson, Spring coats, suits; 7 W. 22d.
KANSAS CITY—Emery, Bird Thayer Dry Goods Co.; H. J. Koenig, suits; 25 Madison Av.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Hager & Bro.; W. H. Hager, general mdse.; 75 Spring.
LAWRENCE, Mass.—Halbauer-Maloney-Thesse Co.; O. Hallbauer, clothing, furn. goods; L. E. Thesse, clothing, furn. goods; Bwy. Central.
LOS ANGELES—Jacoby Bros.; B. Strauss, jobs bath robes, suits, petticoats, dresses; 116 W. 32d.
LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; T. A. Clements, corsets, ladies', infants' wear; 215 4th Av.
LOS ANGELES—Muse, Faris & Walker Co.; E. G. Parks, ready-to-wear; S. S. Caskey, millinery, underwear; 116 W. 32d.
LOS ANGELES—Cooper, Coate & Casey D. G. Co.; W. B. Hiett, hosiery, underwear, furn. goods; 377 Bwy.; Continental
LOS ANGELES—Cooper, Coats & Casey D. G. Co.; M. G. Cooper, flannels, wash goods; 377 B'way.
MAHANOY CITY, Penn.—Refowich Bros.; I. Refowich, clothing, furn. goods; St. Denis.
MACON—Dannenberg Co.; J. D. McMurray, cloaks, waists, millinery; W. Dannenberg, laces, notions, hosiery; 1,133 B'way.
MEMPHIS—B. Lowenstein & Bros.; A. C. Herzberg, ready-to-wear, boys' clothing; 22 E. 17th.
MIDDLETOWN—J. H. Bunce Co.; J. H. Bunce, director; 75 Spring.
MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Bros.; Miss Kneeland, ladies' suits; B'way and 32d.
MILWAUKEE—Miller, Genz & Co.; W. W. Powle, silks; 621 Broadway.
MINNEAPOLIS—Dayton Co.; J. V. Cavanna, rugs; H. Mitchell, laces, hdkfs., gloves, women's neckwear; 1,170 Broadway.
MINNEAPOLIS—L. S. Donaldson; A. Pickering, neckwear, veilings; 2 Walker.
MONROE, La.—H. Ensel, ready-to-wear; 1,199 B'way.
NASHVILLE—L. Jones & Co.; Miss J. Creutz, millinery; Miss A. Cohen, millinery; 581 Broadway; Cumberland.
NASHVILLE—L. Jonas & Co.; J. Hirsch, piece goods; 581 B'way.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—W. P. Lincoln, dress goods, silks; C. F. Mulvey, upholstery goods; 320 Church.
NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson; H. M. Shartenberg, director; 75 Spring.
NEW ORLEANS—Maison Blanche Co.; A. Magitsky, upholstery goods, carpets, rugs; 114 5th Av.
NEW ORLEANS—D. H. Holmes Co.; G. A. Barnum, furniture; 15 E. 26th.
OMAHA—M. E. Smith & Co.; C. E. Hutchinson, hosiery, underwear, knit goods; W. B. Roney, mfg. dept.; 320 Broadway.
OMAHA—Burgess-Nash Co.; P. Kelly, men's furnishing goods; 1,133 B'way.
OSWEGO—Wood, Burgess & Notemore Co.; F. J. Burgess, carpets; Herald Square.
PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; J. Shartenberg, director; 75 Spring.
PEORIA—W. S. Martin Co.; H. L. Wortham, ready-to-wear; 69 5th Av.
PETERSBERG, N. Y.—C. W. Reynolds & Co.; F. E. Reynolds, shirts, nightshirts; Churchill.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Miss N. W. McCann, misses' cloaks, suits; Miss A. Nagle, cloaks, suits; B'way and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—Harrison & Weissman; L. Harrison, cloaks, suits; New Victoria.
PHILADELPHIA—P. Horn & Co.; P. Horn, waists, dresses; Albert.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Miss L. Avery, ribbons; Miss B. E. Ramsey, infants' wear; E. Bohn, leather goods; J. Scammell, books; Miss A. Guggenheim, umbrellas; C. M. Whiteley, linings; E. Goldman, merchandise manager; Mrs. L. B. Walter, jewelry, silverware, clocks; G. R. Dunn, art needlework, artists' materials; B'way and 32d St.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; S. B. Koeffler, laces; W. Silverman, cotton, woolen goods; 7 West 22d.
PHILADELPHIA—Berg & Berg; Miss Dorfman, ready-to-wear; 200 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; H. Blauner, jobs coats, suits, dresses; 15 E. 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—Berg Bros.; Miss Parness, cheap coats; D. Berg, ready-to-wear; 71 W. 23d.
PITTSBURGH—Arbuthnot, Stephenson Co.; J. I. Donaldson, hosiery, underwear; 43 Leonard.
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; Mr. Close, men's hats; 37 W. 26th.
PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; Miss M. Rothledered, infants' wear; 214 Church.
PITTSBURGH—E. Majerus & Co.; E. Majerus, dressmaking; Park Av.
PORTLAND, Me.—Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co.; G. A. Hinkley, notions; Miss M. E. Morton, ladies' wear; Miss V. Peters, ladies' wear; 55 White.
PROVIDENCE—Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; B. Martin, house furn. goods; 2 Walker.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—M. Ettlinger; hats, furn. goods; Broztell.
QUINCY, Ill.—J. W. Sinnock, dry goods; York.
READING, Penn.—Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart; L. Eschwege, cloaks, suits, waists; 2 Walker.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; G. M. Pratt, domestics; 4324th Av.
ROCHESTER—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; H. A. Dutton, silks, velvets; H. Griffith, L. W. Johnston, hosiery; Prince George; 432 4th Av.
SALEM—W. G. Webber Co.; W. G. Webber, director; 75 Spring.
SAN ANTONIO, Texas—Joske Bros. Co.; A. Joske, dry goods; 353 4th Av.
SAN ANTONIO—Saul Wolfson Dry Goods Co.; L. Levy, notions, jewelry; 39 W. 32d.
SAN FRANCISCO—Moore-Watson D. G. Co.; J. T. Gaynor, men's furn. goods; 72 Leonard.
SAN FRANCISCO—Newman, Magnin & Co.; J. Magnin, ready-to-wear; 353 4th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—O'Connor-Moffatt Co.; Miss M. Murphy, infants' wear; 114 5th Av.
SAN FRANCISCO—Ideal Garment Co.; M. Rose, serge, silk dresses, silk, cotton waists; 17 5th Av.
SCRANTON, Penn.—Cleland & Simpson Co.; H. Eckman, millinery; Grand.
SCRANTON—"Heinz"; Miss Ryan, Fall short suits; 470 4th Av.
SEATTLE—MacDougall & Southwick Co.; O. C. Wolfinger, domestics, linens; A. J. Jones, men's furn. goods, umbrellas, leather goods; 214 Church.
SIOUX CITY—Hicks, Fuller, Pierson Co.; A. G. Ferguson, dress goods, upholstery goods; 51 Leonard.
ST. JOSEPH—J. S. Brittain D. G. Co.; W. H. Beattie, domestics; E. S. Salders, men's furn. goods; 320 Broadway.
ST. JOSEPH—Tootle-Campbell Dry Goods Co.; C. F. Waller, muslin underwear, white goods, embroideries, linens, laces, waists; 75 Leonard.
ST. JOSEPH—Richardson D. G. Co.; F. J. Castle, mfg. Dept. boy's clothing, shirts; 51 Leonard
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro. Dry Goods Co.; Miss B. Printon, women's suits, costumes, dresses; W. B. Boston, silks, velvets, Prince George; J. C. Pope, wash goods, linings, flannels, Prince George; S. V. Silverthorn, toys, dolls; Miss A. Fox, infant's wear, Prince George; G. Roth, domestics, linens, white goods; 470 4th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Rice-Stix Dry Goods Co.; H. S. Wheeler, muslin underwear, waists, petticoats, children's wear; 377 Broadway.
ST LOUIS—Ely & Walker D. G. Co.; H. R. Kurtz, wash goods; 258 Church.
ST. PAUL—Mannheimer Bros.; W. P. Scholler, men's furn. goods, ladies' hosiery, underwear; 320 Church.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Woodhull, Goodale & Bull; C. B. Smith, woolens; 200 5th Av.
SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Dey Bros. Co.; R. Dey, dry goods; 220 5th Av.
SYRACUSE—Syracuse D. G. Co.; J. L. Seeley, domestics; 320 B'way.
TACOMA—Peoples Store Co.; E. A. Mason, men's clothing, furn. goods; 214 Church.
TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—Root D. G. Co.; H. A. Kelly, domestics, dress goods, silks; 214 Church.
TOLEDO—W. L. Milner Co.; F. C. Hofmayer, dress goods, silks, velvets, linings; 20 W. 22d.
TORONTO—T. Eaton Co.; Mr. Baruch, jobs ladies' suits; 45 E. 17th.
WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons & Co.; Mrs. A. Adriance, jobs suits; 215 4th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Lansburgh & Bros.; H. Lansburgh, cloaks, suits, waists; 148 W. 23d.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop; Miss M. Curran, gloves; Miss S. Eber, millinery; Mrs. M. Johnson, ladies' hosiery, knit underwear; Miss I. Stragall, furs, waists, bathing suits; Miss M. Adams, sweaters, house dresses; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; Mrs. F. E. Evans, muslin underwear, infants' wear, corsets; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Palais Royal; Miss K. O'Day, notions, leather goods; E. L. Etchison, domestics, cotton dress goods; Mrs. V. Bessman, women's hosiery, underwear; Miss R. Isaacs, laces, women's neckwear; H. J. Roberts, silks, dress goods; 43 W. 23d.
WHEELING, West Va.—Hicks & Hage D. G. Co.; G. D. Maxwell, notions, furn. goods; 258 Church.
WILKES-BARRE—Wilkes-Barre D. G. Co.; B. Herman, domestics, linens; 214 Church.
WORCESTER—Denholm & McKay Co.; Mr. McCabe, representing; 2 Walker.
YORK, Penn.—J. McLean Sons; Mrs. J. Thompson, infants' wear; Miss B. Kaufman, ladies' wear; 55 White.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Central Store Co.; W. E. Emery, dress goods, silks; Navarre.

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AUCTION SALES

MERCHANDISE.
ASSIGNEE SALE.
In the matter of the general assignment of BERNHARD KRAUS, for the benefit of creditors: Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction, through Daniel Greenwald, Auctioneer, the assets of Bernhard Kraus, consisting of a stock of
Youths' and Children's
SUITS & COATS
Cutting Machines, Piece Goods, Fixtures, &c., today, Tuesday, January 12, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., at 14 W. 4th St., New York City.
JOSEPH STEINBERG, Assignee.
HOUSE, GROSSMAN & VORHAUS, Attorneys, 115 Broadway, New York City.

FURNITURE—RUGS—ART.
Executors' Unrestricted Public Sale
This (Tuesday) & Wednesday
at 11 A. M.
ON THE PREMISES
814 Fifth Avenue
(North of 62nd Street).
Modern Paintings
Household Furniture and Embellishments, Bronzes, Ceramics, Silver and Plated Ware, Glassware, Cabinet Objects, Oriental Rugs, Carpets, Draperies and Miscellaneous Objects
of the residence of the late
Mrs. Georgiana R. Rutter
THE PAINTINGS
Will Be Sold at the
American Art Galleries
Tomorrow (Wednesday) Evening
At 8:30 o'Clock.
where they are on exhibition
from 9 A. M. until 5 P. M.
The sale will be conducted by
MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY,
assisted by Mr. Otto Bernet and
Mr. Hiram H. Parke, under the management of
The American Art Association
6 East 23d Street, Madison Sq. South.

Keeler Art Galleries,
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Tomorrow & Thursday & Friday at 1:30 P. M.
SEVERAL VAN LOADS OF
Fine Household Furniture
Rugs, Sterling Silverware,
Books, etc., etc.
ALSO A QUANTITY OF
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David W. Biow Co.
520-522 Broadway.
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Today, Tuesday, Jan. 12th, 10:30 A. M.
Special Peremptory Auction Sale
OVER 1,400 TRADE LOTS
DRY GOODS,
Men's & Ladies' FURNISHINGS,
Dress & Cotton Goods,
Laces & Embroideries, Sweaters,
Ladies', Misses' & Children's
WEARING APPAREL,
FANCY FURS,
Fur & Fur Lined Coats,
Men's Pants, Children's Suits.

VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctioneers, Will Sell Today, Tuesday, Jan. 12, '15, 10:30 A. M.
At Our Salesrooms, 15-17 Greene St., N. Y.,
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COMPRISING MEN'S & YOUTHS' SUITS,
in the latest styles and patterns, consisting of worsteds, serges, and cassimeres, all hand tailored, manufactured by well-known houses.
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Boys' & Children's Overcoats & Suits,
Men's Trousers, Knee Pants, &c.
Above is a fashionable stock of most salable merchandise.

1,000 dozen men's union label overalls and jumpers, $4.25 per dozen. A. Schaap & Son, auctioneers, 394 Broadway.

MISCELLANEOUS.
WOOD WORKING MACHINERY and Lumber.—The large manufacturing plant of the well-known firm of Mount & Robinson, "made by the mile, sold by the foot," and consisting of 42" Royal Invincible Sander, Lucas Universal Belt Sander, Pryibil Parallel Swing Saw with Mitre Top Iron Table, 2-Spindle Pryibil Vertical Moulder, 24" Baxter Whitney Planer, 24" Pryibil Planer, 16" Oliver Jointer, 16" and 18" Pryibil Jointers, 3 Pryibil Saw Tables, raising arbors; 2 Colliday Saw Tables, 7" 4-sided Moulder, 36" Band Saw, 2-Spindle Baxter-Whitney Moulder 2 Swing Saws, Emory Stands, Steam Glue and Drying Boxes, Vises, Venier Press, 30x10 feet; 3 Motors, 10 to 20 H. P.; 100 Assorted Saws, Moulder Knives, 500 Assorted Wood and Iron Clamps, Hand Screws, Glue, Sandpaper, Dowels, Hardware and Small Tools, 12 Shop Wheel Lumber Trucks, 25 Cabinet Makers' Benches, Pulleys, Shafting, Hangers, Belting, Clutches, Etc. 100,000 feet high-grade, seasoned, selected lumber in Mahogany, Birch, Hazel, Quartered and Plain Oak, Chestnut and White Wood; 20,000 feet built-up Venier Panels, in 5-16 and ⅜" Asst. Woods; 50,000 feet Asst. Mouldings; large quantities of Caps, Brackets, Base Blocks, Door Jambs, Pilasters, in all woods. OFFICE—Burroughs Adding Machine, No. 3 Underwood Typewriter, Time Clock; Flat, Roll Top and Bookkeepers' Desks, Filing Cabinets, Telephone Booths, high-class Office Partition, 2 Safes, Fire Extinguishers, Etc., Etc. Will be sold at unrestricted auction sale on Wednesday, Jan. 13, 11 A. M., on premises, 289 West 11th St., cor. Bleecker St., N. Y. City, by J. W. & W. H. Reid, Auctioneers. Office 21 Willoughby St., Brooklyn. The above is absolutely the highest class material in its entirety ever offered for sale.

THE ENTIRE
PLANT
Office and Showroom Fixtures
Formerly of SAM BERRY,
13-15 W. 28th St., Near 5th Ave., N. Y. C.
Will Be Sold Tomorrow, Wednesday, Jan. 13,
Commencing at 11 A. M. Sharp, on Above Premises.
By D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer.
For further information telephone Spring 4299.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Evan Shelby of New York City admitted to practice.

DECISIONS.

347—Ariz. & N. M. Ry. v. T. P. Clark.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, and cause remanded.
27—Wadley Southern R. R. v. Georgia.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.
6—Dowagiac Mfg. Co. v. Minn. Moline Plow Co., and 7—Same v. E. F. Smith.—Decrees reversed, without costs, and causes remanded.
79—G. W. Wathen v. Jackson Oil & Ref. Co.—Decree affirmed, with costs.
280—L. & N. R. R. v. U. S. et al., and 673—Same v. same.—Motions to advance granted and causes assigned for argument Feb. 23.
704—Farmers & Mechanics' Nat. Bank of Phila. v. Ridge Av. Bank et al.—Motion for writ of certiorari denied.
717—Denver Chem. Mfg. Co. v. T. Lilley.—Petition for writ of certiorari denied.
727—Charles C. Moore v. F. L. Donahoo.—Petition for writ of certiorari denied.
737—J. J. Fletcher v. U. S.—Petition for writ of certiorari denied.
739—U. S. v. Mrs. R. H. Theruer—Petition for writ of certiorari denied.
750—D. P. Clark v. Schiebie Toy & Novelty Co.—Petition for writ of certiorari denied.
754—Emerson & Norris Co. v. Simpson Bros. Corp'n.—Petition for writ of certiorari denied.
133—U. S. v. The Hiawassee Lbr. Co.—Passed, to be restored.
331—U. S. v. F. W. Hvoslef.—Leave granted to file brief herein as amicus curiae.
493 and 494—U. S. v. Erie R. R.—Leave granted to file brief on behalf of the Interstate Comrc. Commn. within two days.
595—W. V. Tanner v. John T. Little, and 618—F. S. Pitney v. State of Washington.—Motions to advance for hearing with No. 818 submitted.
755—Alaska Gastineau Mining Co. v. Alaska Treadwell Gold Mining Co.—Petition for writ of certiorari submitted.
725—C. E. Houston v. U. S.—Petition for writ of certiorari submitted.
594—G. D. Collins v. J. A. Johnston.—Motion to advance submitted.
761—Trenton Oilcloth & Linoleum Co. v. H. W. Munroe.—Petition for writ of certiorari submitted.
310—T. U. Vaughn v. South Carolina.—Motion for leave to proceed in forma pauperis submitted.
123—Twin City Separator Co. v. Chgo., Milw. & St. Paul R. R.—Dismissed.

ACTIONS.

710—Seaboard Air Line R. R. v. C. V. Padgett.—Motion to dismiss or affirm or place on summary docket submitted for defendant and for plaintiff in opposition thereto.
648—Joplin Mercantile Co. v. U. S.—Argued.
493 and 494—U. S. v. Erie R. R.—Argument commenced.

Adjourned until today.

Call for Jan. 12: 493 (and 494,) 112 (and 362, and 363,) 117, 331 (and 616,) 118, 120, 121 (and 122,) 124, 80, and 125.

Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M., in the Post Office Building.
Whitcomb<Shultz.
Am Surety<same.
Moore<Tug A C Rose.
Silverstein<Michau.
Diamond C Salt<Worcester Salt.
Kraljer<Snare & T.
Re Empire S Co.
Alpha P Cement<Schratweiser.
Re Hills.
Re McIntyre.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Woolworth Building at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar. Case on: Nicholas P<Baird Co. No day calendar.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury Calendar.
Anagnosti<Weld.
Updegraff<Penn R R.
Dwiggins<Mut Profit Rty.
Fabre<Beautifu V D.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, J.—Post Office Building at 10:30 A. M. Equity calendar.
Hollander<Frank.
Stephano<Stamatopoulos.
Walker<Harriman.
Brookheim<Rosner.
Porter<Shulof, (2 acts)

Cases to be sent from Judge Mayer's calendar as required.

DISTRICT COURT—Hunt, J.—Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Equity Calendar.
Aronin<Security B'k.
Rosenthal<Bronx N B.
Foundation Co<O'Rourke Eng, &c.
Kraushaar<Kotler.
Cam Brophone<Renfax Film Co.

Cases to be sent from Judge Mayer's calendar for trial as required.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—Equity calendar at 10:30 A. M.
Columbia M & S Corp<Adriance M Wks.
Same<Rubsam & Horrman Brewing.
Road<Nevins.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR.
Peterson<Ocean El Ry
Radley<Leray Paper.
Rafferty<Sec Mut L In
Hourihan<D, L & W.
Amberg<Kinley.
Union Bk. Bklyn<Sullivan et al.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Laughlin, Dowling, and Hotchkiss, JJ.—Enumerated motions at 2 P. M.
Seamen's Bk for Sav<McCullough.
Levine<28 & 7 Av.
Poss<Poss.
Farmers L & T<Polk.
Sturnwald<Poppe.
Fitzsimmons<Isman.
Baseball Players Frat<Boston Am League.
Re Aronson.
Zadek<Olds, W & K.
Scharoy<Sotschek.
Edgar<Fish Co.
Wheeler<Univ M Truck
Sun Ray Water<Inter Mag.
Re Grant.
Vogel Co<Backer.
McCalmont<Farson.
Mecca Rlty<Kellogg Corn Flakes.
Re Klatzel.
Moch Co<Security Bk.
Brewster<Hall.
CNY<de Marco & B.
CNY<same.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Lehman, J.—Litigated motions, at 10:30 A. M.
Meyer<Nowgass.
Le Boutillier<Ksosofsky.
Boehm<L I RR.
East Tan Egg Yolk<Atteaux.
Berlanger<Cowan.
Rollnick<Rollnick.
Strauss<Wiler & W.
Mott<James.
Lyster<Penn Steel.
Peo ex rel ChinChin<I O Brith Abr.
Von Wagenheim<Stock Yards Co.
Met Sav Bk<Sarasohn.
Keack<Keack.
NY Taxi<Fox & Pier.
Hoisting Mach<Fed Terra Cotta.
Cobre Grande Copper<South Pacific.
Werner<Werner.
Cary<Cary.
Devel Vo of Am<South Pacific.
McGloin<C H Page & Co.
Foley<Thomson.
Leary<Leary.
Lowe<same.
Am Nat Bk of Nashville<Griffenhagen.
Solling<Pieper, (2 acts.)
Mott<James.
Canavan Bros<Elkan Rty.
NY Dairy Prod<Fairfield Dairy.
Platt<Flatt.
Blankfort Mintz<Dickey & Sons.
Harms Co<L Michel Brew.
Shapiro<Shapiro.
Re Inst of Educational Travel.
O'Brien<Withington.
C RR of N J<Hudson Nav.
Simon<Bitterman.
Re Keefe, &c.
Re same, &c.
Woodruff<Haughton.
Hyman & Oppenheim<Mittelstaedt, (2 acts.)
Zographas<Zographas.
Dressler<K'stone Film
Maus<Bradley Con.
Feinberg<Siris.
Tannenbaum<Berg.
Rathkolb<Federroll & I
Zahler<Zahler.
Haran<Schneittacher.
Fines<Van Tuyl.
Preisler<Saracena.
Sprung<Hexter.
CNY<Edelman.
Mott<James.
Kaplan<Brinn.
Kaplan<Brinn.
Lowerre<Dupont.
Murray<NY Rys.
McKay<CNY.
Downer<Momax Laund
Soladay<E H Gallagher Truck.
Maloney<F H Gallagher Truck.
Wilen<Conray Co.
Deiches<McBrien.
Re Miller, (E 217 St.)
Bell<James Butler.
Cohen<Asper Co.
W P Ellison<Bonner.
Allison<Fleitmann.
Sisman<Daniels Co.
Bab<McGinn.
G A Veech<Berger.
Sanitary Fireproofing<Scheidecker.
Miller<Schloss.
Sidenberg<Prager.
Fitzgerald<Cushman Globe, (2 acts.)
Nelson<Fluri.
Rosenthal<Harris.
Carpenter<St Vincent's Hospital.
Ott<Ryan.
Ivins<Hubert.
Fraad Con<Thompson.
Jackson<Christensen.
Re Lyons, (Myers.)
Bamberger<Nusbaum.
Dayton<Crimmins.
Zimmerman<Sonnonschein.
Faegelow<Krauss.
Post<Thomas.
Tuthill<Forbes.
Katz<McGovern.
Siff<Rudolph.
Schisgall & Kienzle<Nebenzahl.
Cordin<Cordin.
Kanefsky<Greenfield
Jacobs<Jacobs.
Cont Curtin<Lenane.
Raftery<Olsen.
Wood<Barnard.
Strauss<Bermuda Rty.
Walsh<Heintze.
Murphy<Martin.
Dunham<Snook.
Greenfield<Schuyler.
Momand<Landers.
Frankel<Wolper.
O'Brien<Withington
Fleishman<Umaner Benev Socy.
Schmucker<Bandler.
Wehn<Mitchell.
Anderson<Kissock.
Emigrant I Sav Bk<Strack.
Levy<Burwell.

PART II.—Goff, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M.

PART III.—Greenbaum, J., at 10:15 A. M.
Motions:
Puritan Pure Food<Stollwerck Bros.
Re Snyder.
Hamilton<Lincoln, (3)
Dunn<Seals.
Winslow<So Seab'd L.
Grausmark<Offerman.
Preferred causes:
Deiches<Bischoff Banking House.
Sheridan<M R L Bldg
Adams<Swift.
Gladwin<Gladwin.
Alsberg<Newgent.
Greenwich Sav Bank<Strauss.
NY Sav Bk<Busch.
General calendar.
Kindgen<Bohaty.
Makepeace<Cukor.
Astor<Balme.
Kaplan<Strassler.
Moen<Moen.
Leserman<Liberty-N Bldg Co.
Keegan<Marconi.
Cagliano<Ill Surety.
Sullivan<Connell.
Pryer<Peterson.
Freeborn<Rosentall.
Glass<Glass.
Rickert-Finlay Rlty<Sposell.
Adams<Swift.
Kartagana<Kramberg
Harper<Babcock.
Lipzin<Gordin.
Iselin<Flynn.
Sanders<Morris Pk Estates.
Keeley<Fach.
Peaks Co<Leslie.
Tax Lien<Appleby,
At 2 P. M.:
Weinberg<Friedman.
Sherry<Monzesheimer.
Glass<Glass.
Padula<Angell Const.
Finch<Hanover Lunch
Wallach<Pollock.
Rothschild<Fairchild.
Assn of M, Mates, &c<Terry.
Lowenstein<Galland.
Silberberg<Creegan.
Owens<Blackburn.
Lehmann<Spiess.
Wallerstein<Goldschmidt, (2 acts.)
Kaufman<Scofield.
Milliken<Frisbie.
Capuano<Galland R'ty
Shurville<CNY.
Jacobs<Siedemann.
Evan Lut Ch<Rabbe.
Colt<Colt.
Zingales<Regalbuto,
First Nat Bank of Connellsville<Conti.
Jackres<Jackres.
Kahn<42 St & Mad Av Bldg Cont<Rosenberg.
Fox<Miller.
Hauser<Hauser.
Campbell<Stern.
Nelson<Lederer.
Marsullo<Rosendorf.
Cont Coal<Kilpatrick.
Masi<Masi.
Casozza<Bolognesi.
Klein<Kuhlke.
Pohle<Pohle.
Shortell<Wood-Harmon.
Bell<Bell.
Weill<Ferrall.
Weil<Hanford.
Schroeder<Schroeder.
Hall<Beltz.
Thorn<CNY.
Beech<Mullins.
Ciaramelli<Ciaramelli.
Boyarsky<Boyarsky.
Hudnut<Bernardo.
De Felippo<De Felippo.
Netzler<Netzler.
Muller<Man Ry.
Katz<Straus.
Granville<Granville.
Case on.

PART VI.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Certiorari cases.
Hutton<Purdy.
Polk<same.
Jones<same.
Cappell<same.
Pine St Co<same.
Hunnewell<same.
Case on.

PART IV.—Giegerich, J., case on; V., Blanchard, J., case on; VII., Cohalan, J., case on; VIII., no day calendar.

Trial Terms.

PART II.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
St Goar<Seligman.
H Phipps Est<Hickson.
Bohland & Alkier C<Phillips.
Catalog Pr Co<Auto Supply, &c, Co.
H Phipps Est<Mayfair
Mulcahy & G<Nat Sur
Man Leasing<Renaud.
Hoes<Stadler.
Lemlein<Weil.
Hubbard-H-R<Davis & S.
Petrocella<Davidson.
Law<Physioc.
Siegel<Iglowitz.
Davis<Nixon.
Case on.

PART III.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Ignatowitz<Werbelovsky.
Torisco<3 Av RR.
Coffey<N Y Rys.
Fante<Christian Jacob Firepfg & Concrete.
Zeiss<Morris Amus.
Efron<Cons T & E Subway.
N Hymanitz<B H RR.
F Hymanitz<same.
W Hymanitz<same.
K Hayden<Piercy Con.
J Hayden<same.
Farber<Farber.
Weber<NY Rys.
Jennings<CNY.
Doschen<same.
Case on.

PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Ferbel<Wunsone.
Kelly<Mulqueen.
Sammer<Santino.
Marotta<Foster Scott Ice.
Pecororo<Drew.
Wolchok<CNY.
Kohoe<C I & B RR.
Dunn<CNY.
Bremer<NY Rys.
Jordan<CNY.
Brickner<CNY.
Clear.

PART V.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
C Smith<CNY.
H Smith<same.
Ballinger<Albright.
S Carpenter<Prescott.
W Carpenter<same.
Hyams<Tishman.
Kraus<NY Cons RR.
Scaglioni<Pitts Con.
Fritkin<NY Rys.
Ortelero<Dougherty.
Taylor<Burns Bros.
Alpert<Newcastle Bottling Co, (2 acts.)
Schellhammer<Englert.
Coughlin<Linch.
Wein<Wiener.
Richman<Wachtler.
Edelman<N Y Rys (2 acts.)
Cohn<I R T.
Rosenblum<N Y Rys (2 acts.)
Fritkin<N Y Rys.
Timlin<I R T.
Case on.

PART VI.—Delany, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Palewsky<CNY.
Buchholtz<Bradley Cont Co.
Phillips<N Y Edison.
Cunningham<B H RR.
Williams<CNY.
O'Brien<N Y C RR.
Lass<Powells.
Hanna Glass<Holbrook, C & R.
Hyman Glass<same.
Lefkowitz<Gottlieb & Sons.
Case on.

PART VII.—Delehanty, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Langone<Donovan Co.
Suckno<Public Bk.
McArdle<Lempit.
Addison<Caufield.
Briskin<N Y Carbonate Co.
Obendorfer<C RR of N J.
Nielson<Just Co.
Dobbs<Republic Motor Co.
Siegal<Siegal.
McCormick<Jackson.
Miller<Miller.
Hamilton<I R T.
Clear.

PART VIII.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Kozitsky<Gerhardt.
Baker<Jennings.
Smith<Childs Co.
Herrity<Bing.
Lever<Gallagher.
Coyne<N Y Rys.
Harney<Case Threshing Machine Co.
Scanlon<Cunard SS.
Moshkowitz<Aztec Asphalt Co.
Alta<Cucco.
Simon<Salinsky.
Fitzgerald<Von Raetz.
Grossman<same.
Cohen<same.
Clear.

PART IX.—Shearn, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
French<C T Silver Motor Co.
Edelman<C I & B RR
Spaduzzi<N Y Con Ry
Barrett, Jr,<Stutz & Co.
Miller<Regan.
Cooney<Piercy Cont.
Krampff<Womanada Land Assn.
Rea<Hanley.
Vetter<H & S G Linderman Co.
Gallagher<Whitridge.
Shaykowsky<Bradley Cont Co.
Fitz Gibbons<Linch.
Case on.

PART X.—Ford, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Jacobson<C I & B RR
Roche<3 Av RR.
Goldenberg<same.
Campulla<Bradley Cont Co.
Perrotti<Yellow Taxi.
Black<M Wilson & Co
Radkowski<Wirth.
Conoscenti<Holbrook, C & R.
Haskell<Restrepo (2 acts.)
Martinkovics<Lehigh Coal, &c, Co.
Boskowitz<Flordane Rlty Co.
Miller<Knick Ice Co.
Clear.

PART XI.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Glass<Knick Ice. (2 acts).
Trievan<New Eng SS.
Muller<NY Edison.
Brodsky<Lyons.
Chernik<C I & B RR.
Drath<Steeplechase.
W Lewis<same.
F Lewis<same.
Craprizio<Cent New Eng RR.
Fisher<Royal Indem.
O'Shea<NY Rys.
Egan<Frensdorf.
Michael<Indust Eng.
Case on.

PART XII.—Ross, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Bulloss<Durr.
Scolaro<Borden's Milk
Marks<Nassau El Rd.
Geammerresse<Campbell's Transp.
Schaitkin<Un Mfg Tr.
Fredericks<Volk.
Saffir<Greenbaum.
Enoch<5 Av Coach.
Jawnicz<NY Rys.
O'Neill<Goodman Con.
Minoli<Burns Bros.
Fuchs<Freydberg.
Regan, Jr<McMillan S & T.
Strunin<B'klyn Firepf Sash.
Case on.

PART XIII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XIV.—Page, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Inq—Spiegelberg<Husch.
Brooks & Co<Conger
Krowitz<Loeser.
Pollock<W J Rich D.
Goldstein<NY Life
Freeman<Hartfield.
Williams<Williams.
Jacobs<Weing'n Bros.
Jarvis<Backer.
Herreshoff<Am & Br Mfg Co.
Farley<Hollingsworth.
CNY<Farrell Con
Costea<Costea.
Farley<Simon.
Maxim Hat<Public Bk
Wolfson<Am Drug Syn
La Sala<Friedman.
Furst<Moskowitz.
Richardson Press<Albright, Jr.
Siebert<Erie RR.
Case on.

PART XV.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Miller<Miller, (2 acts.)
Hardinge<U S Zinc.
Heyn<NY Times.
Nat Ptg &c<Eaton.
Goldberg<Barrett.
Milton Piano<Am Fid.
Siegel<Rosenberg.
Fox<Hirschfeld.
Merz<Haas.
Case on.

PART XVI.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Carroll<Bradley.
Fed Tr<Carberry.
Farquharson<Peabody
Bostwick<Burke&Sons.
Noah<Bow'y Sav Bk.
Same<Bk for Savings.
Wegmann<Hearn Con.
Silberstein<Anable.
Gressing<Musical Inst Sales.
Pacific Court<Bells.
Case on.

PART XVII.—Recess.

PART XVIII.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on. McArthur Bros. Co.<CNY. No day calendar.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS.—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Motion calendar.
Solomon Fischel,
Samuel Weidhorn,
Lillian N. Young,
Samuel R. Platt,
Lewis H. Morgan,
Hannah M. Hynes,
Henry Rutherford,
Harry Goldman,
Sarah R. Wolbarst,
Madeline Kutschera,
George W. Chapman,
Catherine H. Van Riper,
Daly infants,
Rachael Remes,
Mary Kent,
Henry T. Cutter,
Henry T. Cutter,
Ray Haber,
F. Robitscher,
Rachel Lorenz,
Adella L. Stocks,
Wilhelm Klumpf,
Henrietta M. Redman,
David Nugent,
H. Gabrilowitz,
S. McPartland,
Henry Rouss,
Juliette C. Henderson,
Simon Ungar,
Julia J. Pollock,
Thomas Rutter,
Adele D. Miller,
John Boyd,
L. M. Thorn, Jr.,
Mary A. Sinnott,
Leo Jacobs,
R. F. Van Heusen,
Edward Fisher, &c.,
Sara Emanuel,
Kalil Freije,
Helen F. Strong,
John C. Blanke, &c.,
Katherine Claassen,
Emil Lowenstein,
Katherine L. Goodwin,
Catherine Lineean,
Barbara Beyer,
John Boyle,
Catherine Lasch,
Bridget Clayton,
Bridget Bulman,
Ida Goldstein,
William Pontin,
Solomon Rothfeld,
M. Seligmann,
A. L. Bookman,
Elizabeth Salt,
Conrad C. Stutts,
Harry J. Abbott,
M. F. Cummings,
Nellie M. Hall,
Edwin Young,
S. L. Bendit,
F. A. Bochmann,
Henry W. Boettger,
Sophie Green,
Geraldine W. Anthony,
Wills for probate:
Joseph H. Lyon,
Minna Wollstein,
Louis J. Katzman,
Eliza A. Hyatt,
W. J. Underwood,
Frederick Feuss,
Bertha Epstein,
Thomas Wool,
James B. Horner,
Ann D. Brown,
John H. Larkins,

Trial Terms.

CHAMBERS.—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M, Estates of:
Charles Friedman,
Bryan M Cahill.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Part I., Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Litigated motions.
McGee<J McCreery & Co.
Lekoff<Sands.
Cohen<Tietjen.
Saltz<Dwarsky.
Ludwig Baumann & Co<Jenkins.
Hutkoff<Cohen.
St L Tobacco<Onetta.
Hirsch<Fried.
Recht<Kulik.
Newman<Nolan.
Martin<Buckley.
Val Fink Co<Petix.
Valente<Turner Con.
Blumenfeld<Klebein.
Wile<Liveright.
Lemport<Barrett.
Wall<Duffy.
Semko<Phila & R C & I.
Heine<Weller.
Precious Woods Hand Co<Watson & P
Ross<Cummins.
P Armstrong Co<Majestic M P.
Myers<Gray.
Wachtel<Van Rees Press.
Martin<Shrimpton.
Bartlett<Biel.
Wilsen<Brandes.
Tomasiello<De Marco.
Herman<Alexander.
Ehrlich<Dachterman Van, &c.
Kugelman<Katz.
Packard<Levine.
English<Albert.
Muller & Co<Robertson (2 acts.)
Schatzberg<541 W 158 St.
Interst Rubber<Mishel Bros.
Perlstein<Peck Slip Fish.
Grossman<Rathleder.
Greenhaus<Bronner.
Sheridan<La Cagnind.
Epstein<Koscherak.
Abo Samra & Catait<Shafler.
Mazin<Lefkoff.
Solari<Fornari.
Di Catogero<Olsen.
Ash<Rothschild.
Donnelly<Goss.
Darshansof<Kohlstatt.
Blumenfeld<Klebein.
Overman<Danaher.
Newlin<Iskiyan.
Quintano<Maiori.

PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

Trial Terms.

PART I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Brunstein<P Bros.
Gen Warranty<Smith.
Frankel<Manheim.
Bartlett<Spearhank.
Castro<New Eng SS.
Redfern<Barry.
Newmark<Newmark.
Hoffman<Belmont W & D
Auerbach<Keevan.
Hart<Fleischman Bros
Hermann<N Steel Barrel (2 acts.)
Newman<B U El RR.
Gold<NY Rys.
Neva<H R Strop.
Cohen<Levy.
Grossman<Flaherty.
Same<Guttman.
Am Machine & F<McLaren Co.
Halpern<Horowitz.
Jacob<Weil.
Mogileski<Gutterman.
McKeon<Pietrowski & Konop.
Moir<Helfrich.
Connolly<French Line
Summers<Sherman.
Perry<NY Rys, (2 acts.)
Karish<Lloyd.
Furkel<NY Rys (2 acts.)
Lawrence<Cent Gas.
Lorence<Robinson.
Swimmer<same.
Dupree<Hogan & Sons
Perlstein<Davis.
Cohen<Security Bk.
Falkin<Lakin (2 acts)
Lenahan<Mosely Hotel
Tinson<Jacob.
Marcus<N Union Gas.
Wilson<Hogan & Sons
Peacock<Kaufman Co
Kindgren<Poras.
Hillman<Rider.
Sakolick<Kurz (2 acts.)
Cappicus<Reynolds Co
Kirowitz<Ryshpain.
Childs Co<Kobbe.
Rothfeld<Isaacs.
Fine<Markowitz.
Goldstein<Rosenblum.
Case on.

TRIAL TERM—Part II.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.
Freedberg<Marmor.
Claffy<Houghtaling.
Tannenbaum Strauss & Co<Cuyler Rlty.
Henle<Schoneman.
Quirk<Calhoun.
Dwane<Miller.
Sofferman<Dite.
Vestner<Johnson.
Caluwaert<Shapiro.
Lurie<Kennelly.
Heyman<Berlen.
Grosbut<Ambrosio Am
Rosen<Roshkrug.
Lefkowitz<Beiley.
Case on.

TRIAL TERM—PART III.—Ransom, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.
Simmons Co<Goldfarb
Est Mtge Sec<Zeitz Holding Co.
Davies<Dinkins.
Moskowitz<Henochst'n
Mayor<Comml Cas Ins
Kugelman<Katz.
Hauser<Fradus.
Shaw Co<US C Steel C
Morgan<Rothwell.
Le Marquis Hotel<Kolle.
Collins Co<Gerard.
[illegible] Pr Co<Payton.
Schwartz<Diamond.

These cases will be passed for the day on request of counsel:
Hecht<Cohen.
Pt Morris M'k't<Glum.
Dietz<Gen Acc'd't, &c.
Wilson<Ind Elec. &c.
Century Bank<Breitbart.
Fechter<Gurvav.
Pines Mfg Co<A & A Rubber.
Saphner<Pierrot Film.
Pomeranz<Friedman.
Howland<Munro.
Clifton Pl Rty<Meserole Masons.
Case on.

PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART V.—Lynch, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VI.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VII.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.
PART VIII.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Sprague<Rosenthal—Horace E. Deming.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J. Wm. Prager<Maud B. Barclay—Standish Chard. Sarah Wohlgemuth<Louis Phillips — Standish Chard.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM.—Part I.—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M. Motion calendar.
Re Larty.
Morville<J Munch Truck.
People SNY<Thau.
Martens<D'Auria.
Riehm<Riehm.
Nute<1st Nat Bk of Amsterdam N Y.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS.—Brady, J. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM.—Part I.—Brady, J.
Kramer<CNY.
Merblum<Daisy Hosiery Mills.
Weisler<N Y Rys.
Weinstein<same.
De Forrest<Allen & Arnik Auto R Co.
Breslin<Halfman.
Same<same.
Decker<Decker.
Burke<N Y Rys.
Gorman<N Y Rys.
Hunter<Lotus Press.
Dalglesh<Cohen.
Goodman<Baer.
Shaw<Kemp.
Rubinstein<Dodin.
Lutz<Steck & Co.
Fahey<Hay Foundry.
Meyer<Meyer.
Highest number reached, 136.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS.—Gibbs, J. Ex parte business.
SPECIAL TERM.—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.
TRIAL TERM.—Gibbs, J. No day calendar.

Receiver Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J. Martha Schlesinger<Frederick S. Schlesinger—Martha Schlesinger.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Jenks, P. J.; Thomas, Carr, Rich, Putnam, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar at 1 P. M.
Cimihud<Smith.
Same<same.
Zorn<Pendleton.
Same<same.
Re Holzworth.
Same.
Follert<Erickson.
People<Lester.
Silberman<Scher.
Flanagan<Thomas.
Holland Ldry<Trav In
Schott<US Printing.
Motion calendar:
Powers<Powers.
Roscoe<Lindner & an.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Manning, J.—Motions, at 10 A. M.
Ralston<Prendergast.
Same<same.
Heberle<Income Inv.
Kaufman<Kaufman.
Kennedy<Flynn.
Re Stone (Chapman.)
Merrigan<Merrigan.
Converse<CNY.
Wallach Co<Rourke.
Bernstein<Nutman.
Firestier<Gordon.
Ind Toy Wks<Reasenberg.
Re Church Av, (Mariano.)
Same, (Goldschmidt.)
O'Donnell<O'Donnell.
Mundheim<Scharlach.
Beeckel<Story.
Re Jenkins (Ill Surety)
Bates<Wynne.
Finkelstein<Schwartz.
Reibstein<Plotnick.
Ford<Ford.
Re Dinella.
Dascoll<Bielenberg.
Same<same.
Di Cafeo<Donion Co.
Casey<Gannon.
Lifschitz<Kircher.
Newyalis<P & R C I.
Ehrenfeucht<Ehrenf't.
Thoma<Camardella.
USA Silk<Berendsen.
Pilzer<Sackman R Co.
Garside<Hollywood.
Loyd<Loyd.
Bouker Con<Sullivan.
Rothsteen<Gill.
Duimo<Arbuckle.
Annunziata<Tulin Co.
North<Wilcox.
Tranti<Smith & Sons.
Droge<Lehrs.
Lefkowitz<Werner.
Re Goodman (Borthowsky.)
Re Simon Nager, Jr.
Re Kafetz.
Wagner Co<Jeffards.
Berkeley<Bushby.
Ress<CNY.
Daley<Daley.

PART II.—Garretson, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

PART III.—Kapper, J.—Trials.—At 10 A. M.
Bernhardt<Bernhardt.
Samuels<Samuels.
Hollander<Hollander.
Bernhardt<Bernhardt.
Glickman<Glickman.
Oliver & Burr<CNY.
Graham<W & O Fund
Scott<Scott.
Spitzer<Kunitz.
Feldschau<Feldschau.
Harlin<Ger Sav Bank
Bonnard<Bonnard.
Edelman<All Borough.
Daly<Daly.
Dunaif<Baum.

The remaining cases marked ready on the reserved calendar of Jan. 11, will be added to the day calendar from time to time as these cases are disposed of.
Highest number reached, 1,628.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kelly, J.; Part II., Maddox, J.; Part III., Blackmar, J.; Part IV., Aspinall, J.; Part V., Benedict, J.; Part VI., Van Siclen, J.; Part VII., Jaycox, J.—At 10 A. M.
Harrison<Coleman.
Wyckoff<Nas RR.
Jeffrey<Miller.
Papandrea<Nas R R.
Smith<Excelsior Bwg.
Church<Seaboard Con.
Jensen<Cranes Sons.
Carey<B E D Term.
Nilson<Bliss Co.
Bittetti<Pippa.
Nedboy<Brody.
Sisze<Wegmann.
Sutherland<Nas RR.
O'Grady<Huber.
Weinstein<Wheeler (2 acts.)
Farley<Bottaro.
Caranoano<Pomeranz.
Turnbull<Robins Dry Dock.
Rhine<Sarem & ano (2 acts.)
Kingcombe<Ehrich & ano.
Wrege<C I & G Ry.
Menges<Edwards Mot Car.
Finnigan<Nas RR.
Cooper<Vierengle.
Moller<Hoppe.
Smith<Rivers.
Lerner<Bosch et al.
Castarella<Nas RR.
Wax<Wax.
Bodamer<CNY.
Goldsmith<Palace Bldg.
Johnson<Honick.
Same<Financier (2 acts.)
Leman<Westminster Heights.
Post<L I RR.
O'Toole<CNY (2 acts.)
Scholl, Jr<Hillen.
Taub<Feldman.
Larsen<NY State Con et al.
Gregory<Man B Pipe.
Pensabene<Auditore
Pendleton<Nas RR.

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day.
Miller<B H RR.
Klein<Mittman.
Goldstein<same.
Cohen<Schwarz.
Hill<Mechanics Bk.
Stortz<B H RR.
Schoeller<CNY.
Otoe Co N Bk<Tossiny
Reilly<B'klyn S B'k & an, (2 acts.)
Gerard & ano<Johnson
Mandracchio<Barone.
Egan<Liebmann's Sons.
Seaman<Nas RR.
Sorenson<Erstein & ano.
Vuono<B H R R & an
Force<McCoy.
Kennedy<B H R R.
Lillianfeld<Walker.
Saurlet<I R T.
Rubenstein<Steeplechase.
Palmer<Nagle.
Rogert<Lovell & Co.
Gribbin<Curry.
Tracy<B H R R.
Sunchik<Holbrook, C & R.
Ward<U S Tel Herald
King<Lissberger.
Reitmeier<Thom.
Kirk<Int'l Burner.
Kelly<Kane Co.
Anderson<Rouse.
Coffey<Coffey, ex'r.
Carman<CNY et al
English<CNY.
Gustman<Un Headgear.
Kennedy<B H R R.
Wright<Goodwin's Con et al.
Moore<Kestler et al.
Van Cleve<Security C.
Ivers<Croisic R'lty.
Menicke<Klaiber.
Nilson<Best Co.
Pleer<Stevenson Bwg.
Highest number reached 4,843.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part IV.—Fawcett, J.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Rogers<Van Boskerck.
Loring<C I & B RR.
Lahg<Nassau RR.
Autuori<C I & B RR.
Silverberg<Nassau RR.
McKenna<same.
Rogers<Marcello.
Rullo<Bruno.
Posner<Hornett.
Mazzo<Auditore.

These causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:
Sheedy<Turnbull.
Ingargola<Rosenblatt.
Kornfeld<Saftler.
Parker<Luckenbach.
Vagibian<B H RR.
Sahlman<Atl Basin L
Arreduti<NY Rys.
Offenhartz<Rothb.
Stuskitis<Am Can Co.
Shapiro<Solomkin.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.
Wills of:
August Guernard,
Anthony Miller,
Rudolph Winkelman,
Daniel Ruther,
Margaret O'Donoghue,
Francis Hendricks,
Jacob Haslach,
Annie E Foy,
K. M. Hackett,
John Schlieman,
Harriett Richardson.
Administration of:
Eugene Cowing,
Annie Stockwell,
Marie Reitemier,
Acctg in estates of:
John V Murphy,
Kenneth Sutherland,
Maria Stadler,
Gibson infants,
J E Hoemann,
James Austin,
G W Barney,
Catherine Sullivan,
M L Matholz,
B H Smith,
Kate M Reilly,
Francis Gottsberger,
Ed Graves,
J Cunnion,
Mary Fripley,
Sol Marks,
J D Breoz,
Philip Smith,
Samuel Smyth,
E P Orello,
John Northrup,
Albert Scherenbeck,
Estates of:
Richard Stainton.
Thomas Barker.
E H Billins, Jr.,
Mabel Jackson,
John Bosse,
N O Roome,
Renneston infants,
C. H. Eggers,
Agnes Fredericks,
A Samter,
Margaret Donoghue,
William H Watson,
Contested calendar—Wills of:
Mary Grant,
Lottie Wanzer,
Otto Lubenbruth.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Keogh, J.
Noble<Powell.
Casavoy<Silverstein.
Conklin<Conklin.
Husted Co<CNY.
Rose<Doris.
St Paul F & M Ins<Kelley.
Guglielmo<N Rochelle

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Mills, J.; Part II., Morschauser, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Waite<Conklin.
Farley<Leonard.
Abrams<D & L Bldg.
Griffin<Bossevain.
Mulli<B H RR.
MacNamee<Paddock (4 acts.)
Tholin<Rinschede.
Boyce<Tarrytown.
Austin<Prince.
Horan<NY, NH R R.
Ohl<Gifford & Co.
Harrison<Hepburn.
N W Light'g Co<Ossining.

The following causes may either be marked ready or marked over to another day.
Hetzel<NY N H RR.
Levine<Troy.
Van Vorst<Carpenter.
Robinson<Rose Co.
Van Vorst<Carpenter.
Imundi<Wright.
Dean<Kershaw.
Halowitz<Ludin.
O'Reilly<Yonkers RR.
Hoose<N Y, W & B Ry.
Riggio<N Y Rys Co.
Samela<N Y & S Ry.
Mariotta<Pennell.
Sledzenski<Dunwoodie C Club.
Romard<Cahill.
Collins<Kelly.
Rye<S B'klyn Ry.
Kolbe<N Rochelle.
Melino<Pitts Con.
Brown<B Rock M S.
Citiano<Grant.
Sherman<NY, NH RR
Johnston<Johnston.
Girardi<Stobaugh Con
Hughes<Yonkers.
Armstrong<Davies.
Gerardi<Stobough Con
Carpenter<Twigger.
Goldstein<Merchants Exp.
Lent<Couch.
Clancy<Alex Smith & Sons.
Venuti<Kline.
Venuti<Klein.
Van Scoy<West St Ry
Highest number reached, 595.

County Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Platt, J.
Bender<Burgevine.
Schutrick<Douglas.
Cohen<NY & S Ry.
Tomney<NY & St Ry.
Carrodi<Trinkino.
Lewis<NY & St Ry.
Gallagher<same.
Nicoll<Naughton.
Marshall<NY & St Ry
Lieto<Tedesco.
Frost<Smith.
Kuritzby<Arnato.
Mosher<Smith.
Moody<Morris.
Wolfe Douglass<Ceder

The following causes may either be marked ready or marked over to another day.
Lounsbury<Fox R'lty.
Roehrs<Bates.
Roehrs<Bates.
Hunt<Crowley.
Costello<Smith.
Winslow<Archibald.
Jacobs<Ronsom
St'd Oil Co<Robins.
Curran<Donovan.
Meyer<Zuckert.
Garrety<Keys.
Shiloh Bap Ch<New Rochelle Tr.
Witt<Hendrich.
Ernest<Woods.
Russe<Deveson.
Lounsbury & Sons Co<Gwachinni.
Mahlstedt Lumber<Vignola.
Perrine<Krave.
Tillinghast<Henderson
Sinnott<Pullen.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM, FOR TRIALS—Kelby, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on. No day calendar. Highest number reached 447b.

TRIAL TERM—Scudder, J.—At 10 A. M.
Blaesi<Karcher (2 acts)
Nix<42 St, Man, & Ry.
Engelhardt<Lake.
Janulys<B H RR.
Lewis<Gair Co.
Delmage<Wilbert Garrison.
Reichers<Burkhardt.
Maderio<Karfoil.
Murray<L I R R, (2 acts.)
Lynch<Stevenson Co.
Ryan<L I RR (2 acts)

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day:
Ekenberg<CNY & ano.
Gilbert<same.
Illing<NY & Q Co Ry.
Witte<same (2 acts.)
Farley<Scholz & ano.
Farley<Farrell & ano.
Farley<Wegmann & ano.
Farley<Reisenberger & ano.
Farley<Hogan & ano.
Farley<Wilson & ano.
Farley<Loughran & ano.
McCorry & an<Wiarda
Marterer<Jauert (2 acts.)
Nussbaum<Rifkin.
Comlossy<L I RR.
Forristall<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Highest number reached, 730.

County Court.

TRIAL TERM—Humphrey, J.—At 10 A. M.
Palmer<Kull.
Pedicini<B, Q Co & S Ry.
Geddes<L I RR & NY & Q E L & P (2 acts)
Eldridge<Eckelkamp et al.
Fox<Elsert, (3 acts.)
Martin<Smith Bros.
Muhlebach<Roche.
Fatum<B, Q Co & S R
Buck<NY & Q El L & Pow.
Gilbert<Baxter.
Bulling<NY & Q C Ry
Shomar<Rheinhardt-S et al.
Halliday<B H RR.
Torto<Mullen.
Hawley<C I & B Ry.
Killen<B H RR.
MacEachern<same.
Coppola<same.
Farell<Le Compt et al
Koster<C I & B Ry.
Scherer<B H RR.
Fischer<Weber.
Highest number reached, 100.
Motions:
Sweeney<B H RR.
MacEachern<same.
Halliday<same.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

CROSBY & CO., dealers in paintings, pictures, and stationery, 2,123 Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $24,289 and assets $10,932. Arthur A. Crosby, the President, is a creditor for $15,741 for loans and salary. Other creditors are H. C. Dickins, $1,495; Fine Art Society, $822; Mendoza Galleries, $723; Alfred Bell & Co., $517; Roy P. Monahan, $5,000; F. J. Newcomb Manufacturing Co., $2,342, and William H. Browning, $2,489 rent.

MANCHESTER RUBBER COAT COMPANY.—Celia Weiss, trading as the Manchester Rubber Coat Company, 216 E. Fourteenth Street, has made an assignment to Henry Benoit. A petition in bankruptcy was also filed against her by these creditors: Maurice Altman, $1,150; G. S. Powers, $285; S. Phillips & Sons, $120, and Max Sheimberg, $117. Liabilities are $6,000 and assets $4,000.

HENRY GREENBERGER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Henry Greenberger, grocer, 2,814 Broadway, by these creditors: F. E. Boehmeke & Co., $449; Francis H. Leggett & Co., $447, and McDermott Dairy Co., $136. Liabilities are $5,000 and assets $2,000.

MacDONNELL BROS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Timothy J. and William P. MacDonnell, who compose the firm of MacDonnell Bros. of Poughkeepsie, by these creditors: John Nix & Co., $601; A. Solomon, $183, and Edward P. Burnes, $12.

ABRAHAM MARKOWITZ.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Abraham Markowitz, dealer in clothing, 154 Seventh Avenue, by these creditors: Knickerbocker Clothing Company, 193; Bowery Pants Company, $71; G. S. Powers, $71, and H. Ascher, $260. Liabilities are $12,000, and assets $2,400.

GOLDSTEIN & EZZES.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Charles Goldstein and Leo Ezzes, who compose the firm of Goldstein & Ezzes, 977 Prospect Avenue, by these creditors: Samuel Goldstein, $110; Herbert Porter, $350, and Peter I. Benton, $50.

ROSE GREENSTEIN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Rose Greenstein of 55 West Forty-fifth Street, by these creditors: Adler & Ast, $600; Alfred Levy, $750, and A. Adler Company, $13. Liabilities are $6,000 and assets $100.

ALEXANDER J. DOSBROW, pharmacist, 279 Audubon Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $5,777 and assets $3,558.

DAVID H. APPLEBEE, livery and trucking, Pawling, N. Y., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $13,668 and nominal assets $4,380. Among the creditors are Albro Akin of New York City, $6,620, and Akin Hall Association of Pawling, $1,700.

RAVITCH BROTHERS, structural iron and steel erectors, of 13 East Twenty-third Street, against whom a petition was filed on July 14, have made a settlement with creditors at 35 cents on the dollar, payable 10 cents cash and 25 cents in notes, at one, two, and three years, indorsed, and Judge Hand has confirmed the composition. Liabilities were $286,014 and assets $201,843.

M. W. WINSTON & CO.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition of Moses W. Winston, trading as M. W. Winston & Co., manufacturers of pants, 688 Broadway, with creditors at 33 1-3 cents on the dollar. Liabilities were $44,000.

CHARLES OKEN.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition of Charles Oken, clothing dealer, 454 Seventh Avenue, with creditors at 30 cents on the dollar. Liabilities were $15,000.

S. H. P. PELL & CO.—Peter B. Olney, referee in bankruptcy, has given official notice that the composition offer of S. H. P. Pell & Co., stock and cotton brokers, of 43 Exchange Place, has been accepted by a majority of creditors in number and amount of claims, and that the composition will come up in the United States District Court on Jan. 18 for confirmation. The offer, as filed with the referee and published on Dec. 23, provided that the assets of the firm are to be transferred to John W. Jay, as trustee, to liquidate them, and he will issue certificates of participation in the proceeds.

FRITZI SCHEFF'S application for a discharge from bankruptcy was called in the United States District Court before Judge Hand yesterday and was again adjourned for two weeks. No reason was stated for the adjournment. One creditor entered an appearance some time ago to oppose her discharge, but has filed no specifications of objections yet.

HERBERT OIL COMPANY, INC., of 68 Broad Street has made an assignment to Harry N. Wessel.

ALBION RAINCOAT COMPANY, INC., manufacturer of raincoats, 8 and 10 West Thirteenth Street, has made an assignment to William P. Nyhan.

NEW YORK MACHINERY AND WRECKING COMPANY of 50 Church Street has made an assignment to Jacob R. Schiff.

CHACE TRUCKING COMPANY of 612 West Forty-eighth Street has made an assignment to Joseph G. Abramson. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against the company on Saturday.

Out of Town

Special Dispatches to The Times.

FALL RIVER, Mass.—Ovila St. Germain, voluntary petition; liabilities, $5,538; assets, $1,251.

Waldron Carpenter of Dighton, voluntary bankruptcy; liabilities, $2,221; assets, $100.

CHICAGO, Ill.—The Sohm System of Chicago, manufacturers of cloaks, an involuntary petition filed in behalf of S. D. Childs and others. Charles Kramer, attorney for the petitioning creditors, said there are really two companies. One is the Sohm Electric Signal & Recording Company, a million-dollar corporation, and the other is the Sohm System, an Illinois corporation, capitalized at $50,000,000. Judge Landis appointed the Central Trust Company receiver.

Discharges in Bankruptcy.

Judge A. N. Hand, in the United States District Court yesterday, granted discharges to these bankrupts:

HENRY M. POLLOK, promoter of amusements, of 725 Riverside Drive; liabilities, $15,729.
JACOB WEINBERG, clothing, 306 Bowery; liabilities, $38,327.
STEINBERG & CO., women's underwear, 34 West Twenty-seventh Street; liabilities, $1,836.
IDA ALTSCHULER, hardware, 736 Southern Boulevard; liabilities, $4,536.
ANNIE DAVIS, 249 West 126th Street; liabilities, $719.
DENKEL & GELLER, furs, 47 East Ninth Street; liabilities, $3,376.
JOSEPH GERBER, embroideries, 104 Fifth Avenue; liabilities, $7,699.
THOMAS GORDON, cloaks, 13 East Seventeenth Street; liabilities, $4,114.
MORRIS JAFFE, cutter, 2,141 Honeywell Avenue, formerly hats; liabilities, $1,442.
KATE C. JENKINS, 619 West 127th Street; liabilities, $9,131.
EUGENE KURKA, meats, Yonkers.
LEWIS & NEVENS, grocers, Brockway, N. Y.; liabilities, $2,172.
MAX MAGNUS, cloaks, 35 West Nineteenth Street; liabilities, $5,226.
JOHN E. MILLER, 145th Street and Riverside Drive; liabilities, $11,381.
FRANK G. NAUHEIMER, 683 East 138th Street, formerly baker; liabilities, $6,760.
JOHN G. SCHELHORN, baker, 642 Hudson Street; liabilities, $2,495.
MORRIS SCHACHNER, salesman, 127 West 141st Street; liabilities, $3,572.
MORRIS A. SHAPIRO, tailors' trimmings, 1,743 Madison Avenue; liabilities, $4,151.
FRANK C. SHOLES, office supplies, 309 Broadway.
WILLIAM STONE, jeweler, 33 Union Square; liabilities, $5,850.
EDGAR E. TURLINGTON, traveling salesman, formerly Vice President of Hackett, Carhart & Co., Inc., retail clothing; liabilities, $8,441.
WILLIAM G. VAN VOAST, clerk, 214 Audubon Avenue; liabilities, $1,876.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Arlington, Paul K.—Seigman & Weil, Inc., $691.
Allaire, Charles M., and Ethel M. P.—A. M. Allaire, $203.
Andrews, Dora—Letter Head Press, Inc., $148.
Aspromonte, Rosaria, or Rosanna—F. De Cesare, $100.
Boyce, Edward C.—H. M. Levengston, $108.
Bondy, Adolph—Allendale Building Co., $272.
Belgrade Realty Co.—Burns Bros., $710.
Berman, Abraham, and Abraham Switzer—G. Wilston, $318.
Bernstein, Louis, and Nathan—N. Y. County National Bank, $5,348.
Crosby & Co.—T. D. Browning, $3,713.
Centerfreze Ice Process Co.—U. S. Realty Improvement Co., $758.
Cooley, James C.—Arthur Ackerman & Son, Inc., $281.
Curtis, Harry—Sheffield Farms Slawson-Decker Co., $247.
Calhoun, Sands—Trossachs Realty Corporation, $179.
Cassidy, James—P. Hirch, $123.
Coogan, James J.—M. A. L. Bannester, $465.
Crutch, Harry A.—A. Krayer, $176.
Davidow, William H., Morris Lefstein, and Sarah Rosenfeld—N. Y. County National Bank, $5,480.
Davey, Patrick J.—H. Elsing, et al, $208.
Eastern Brewing Co.—H. Oppenheim, $327.
Fernando, W. Benner Co.—G. W. Loft, $954.
Freedman, Michael—Hamilton Trust Co., $1,000.
Fritz Lindinger Cafe—M. H. Seixas, $112.
Friedlander, Philip M.—J. F. Fargo, $659.
First Warschauer Congregation—D. Finkel, $232.
Govitz, Abraham, and Morris Lipshitz—H. Brinberg, et al, $974.
Gwirtzman, Abe—J. C. Herscowitz, $119.
Gulbrandsen, Michael A., adm.—Lord Electric Co., costs, $110.
Goldberg, Nathan—D. Levy, $214.
Hines, John J.—F. W. Primrose, $304.
Haggenkotter, Herman—New York French Range Co., $177.
Humber, Harry C.—H. S. Gulbert, $331.
Hager Embroidery Co., Inc.—H. Bauman et al., $1,731.
H. J. Dietz Co., Inc.—M. Simons et al., $8,159.
Junk, Carl—Hazard Lead Co., $179.
Kantor Brothers, Inc., and Julius Kantor—R. Goldstein, $243.
Kaufman, Lizzie—Century Bank of City of New York, $2,605.
Klein, Louis—John Wanamaker, New York, $251.
Koehler, Max; Charlotte Koehler, and Lilly Haerter—H. E. Anthony, $331.
King, Samuel J.—W. J. Grandin, $381.
Linke, Adam—H. J. Scheuber, $139.
Mandlowitch, Jacob—M. M. Tischler, $104.
M. J. & M. Blake, Inc., and John J. McCarthy—Clausen & Flanagan Brewery, $173.
M. J. & M. Blake, Inc.; Patrick Hughes, and John J. McCarthy—Same, $123.
McKenna, John—Meyer Sniffen Co., $317.
Miller, Mary E.—G. D. Miller, costs, $113.
Merchants' Collection Agency of Manhattan, Nelson B. Hatch, C. Russell Turner, and Benjamin Leder—M. Goldberg, $235.
Meyer, Ralph—H. H. Ford et al., $121.
Mohr, William—Syamford Hospital, $136.
McCarthy, Thomas J.—M. C. Clarke, $229.
Mohr, William O.—S. Pierson, $4,323.
Mulcahy, Edw. J.—Hildreth Varnish Co., $159.
Murphy, Edgar G.—F. C. Bishop et al., $807.
Nevelson, Harry—N. Vicini, $119.
North American Films Corporation—National District Telegraph Co., $178.
New Contor Co.—R. Begg, $273.
Purtell, James E.—Montreal General Hospital, $374.
Pell, Alice B.—Garth Estates, $604.
Pittsburgh Cont. Co.—M. Albanese, $2,656.
Pluckham, Chas. J.—Steel & Masonry Cont. Co., costs, $112.
Parisi, Giovanni—Italian-Swiss Colony, $567.
Prichaska, Harry—T. Pfann, $1,738.
Park & Tilford—Realty Adv. & Supply Co., $2,262.
Pollack, Louis—S. Goldstein, $138.
Phillips, Mary G.—A. Destelan et al., $152.
Robertson, Carroll M.; Geo. H. Munroe, and Anthony Clough—H. W. Baker, $2,165.
Rabinowitz, David and David B.—E. Pacht, $577.
Rohr, Chas. D.—E. C. Ward et al., $126.
Rider, Granville—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $108.
Rubin, Jacob—E. W. Klar, $1,090.
Rubin, Morris—M. Greenspan, $171.
Ryan, John H.—American Nursery Co., $636.
Rosendorf, Hugo B.—J. E. Fink & Brother, Inc., $206.
Rubenstein, Harry—E. Jacobs Co., $106.
Rosenwasser, Leo—Gimbel Brothers, N. Y., $267.
Sessel, Chas. O.—Brooks Brothers, $101.
Story, John T.—A. R. P. Smith, $104.
Strunn, Samuel—S. Gladstone, $122.
Shannon, Joseph A.—Butchers' Advocate Co., $151.
Smith, Russell B.—E. S. Farrow, $434.
Society of the Free and Independent Sons of Militello in the Valley of Catania residing in New York—W. M. Musgrave, $161.
Siegel, Max—S. Rabinowitz, $346.
Turk, Harry—S. S. Perlman, $187.
Towner, Wm. T.—H. W. Timmons, $115.
Tobias, Chas. O.—M. Gumpel, $2,729.
U. S. Terminal Co.—U. S. Realty & Improvement Co., $2,217.
University Film, Inc. — Exhibitors Times, Inc., $146.
Underwood, Alice S.—A. Campagna Construction Co., $250.
Wilbur, John A.—Gorham Co., $249.
Wellstood, James R. and Elizabeth M.—D. M. Cardozo, $586.
Wesche, William—H. Herrmann Lumber Co., $161.
Windsor Construction Co., Inc., and Morris Levin—187th Street Construction Co., Inc., $154.
Ward, Chas. M.—M. Bartlett, $4,522.

In Bronx County.

Batti, William, and Alfred Rocco—W. McCallum, $343.
Cohen, Max—Chekea Distributing Co., $112.
Gerstel, Alexander—German Exchange Bank, $1,675.
Gilligan, Charlotte M.—F. Donnelly, $322.
Herbst, Anton and Charlotte J.—J. Messing, $467.
Lynch, James J.—J. Morrison, $244.
McLaughlin, William F.—F. C. Edgerton, $269.
Pederson, Jacob O.—H. Gold et al., $127.
Reiss, Edward S.—B. I. Kamen, $120.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

Franklin Savings Bank—G. Lauenstein, July 2, 1914, (canceled,) $1,951.
Simon, Jacob—M. Fuchs, Dec. 12, 1911, $534.
Tanglers Manor Corp.—Aetna Life Ins. Co., Feb. 16, 1914, $156.
Koslow Iron Works—American Ice Supply Co., Dec. 24, 1913, $141.
Kaufman, Morris & Morris Kowalsky—H. Bliches, Nov. 12, 1914, $109.
Halsted, Amanda M., J. Henry Halsted, and James D. Halsted—J. W. Place, Nov. 6, 1914, $3,611.
Halsted, Amanda M. and J. Henry—J. W. Place, Dec. 26, 1913, $3,493.
Freedman, Clara—C. Friedman, Nov. 18, 1914, $482.
Fraser, Alexander V. and Alfred Augustus, Jr.—City of N. Y., Jan. 7, 1915, $135.
Same—Same, June 13, 1913, $330.
Feinberg, Israel—California Wine Association, March 7, 1906, $187.
Brightson, Susan D., and George E.—S. B. Robinson, Dec. 5, 1914, $433.
Chandler, Charles B.—De W. Bodemheimer, June 19, 1914, $157.
Cornell University Club—G. G. Dickson, Feb. 9, 1914, $4,517.
Denny, John J.—H. Spear et al., May 10, 1913, $104.
Pichler, Joseph—T. Berger, May 24, 1904, $247.
Same—C. H. Beckett, May 24, 1904, $350.
Same—A. D. Kneeland, May 24, 1904, $230.
Same—M. Hudelmaier, May 24, 1904, $850.

In Bronx County.

Lymore Realty Co—E. Rathe et al., Jan. 2, 1915, $128.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..7:32 Sun sets..4:54|Moon rises..4:44

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water A.M.	Low Water P.M.
Sandy Hook	4:32	5:02	11:08	11:08
Governors Island	4:58	5:29	11:38	11:39
Hell Gate	6:48	7:19	1:18	1:19

Arrived—Monday, Jan. 11.

SS Philadelphia, Liverpool, Dec. 30.
SS Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Dec. 30.
SS Coamo, San Juan, Jan. 6.
SS Sixaola, Santiago, Jan. 6.
SS Yaguez, San Juan, Jan. 6.
SS Tenadores, Havana, Jan. 8.
SS Buffalo, Boston, Jan. 9.
SS Jol. di Giorgio, Jamaica, Jan. 6.
SS El Sud, Galveston, Jan. 5.
SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville, Jan. 8.
SS St. Ursula, Barry, Dec. 21.
SS Frankrig, Jucaro, Dec. 28.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.			
Minnetonka	London	Dec.	30
Orduna	Liverpool	Jan.	2
Athinai	Patras	Dec	19
Matanzas	Rotterdam	Dec.	24
Hudson	Havre	Dec.	26
Perugia	St. John's	Jan.	6
Marquette	London	Dec.	30
Trondhjemsfjord	Leith	Dec.	24
San Guglielmo	Naples	Dec.	30
Bermudian	Bermuda	Jan.	10
J. L. Luckenbach	Cristobal	Jan.	4
Havana	Havana	Jan.	9
Stephano	St. John's	Jan.	7
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Jan.	9
Medina	Galveston	Jan.	6
Sabine	Mobile	Jan.	6
DUE TOMORROW.			
Oceanos	Gibraltar	Dec.	31
Rotterdam (tank)	Rotterdam	Dec.	30
Buenos Aires	Cadiz	Dec.	30
Gerasimos	Fayal	Jan.	4
Apache	Jacksonville	Jan.	10
El Cid	New Orleans	Jan.	7
DUE THURSDAY.			
Verona	Palermo	Jan.	1
Napoli	Naples	Dec.	29
Oceana	Bermuda	Jan.	12
Boniface	Barbados	Jan.	6
Proteus	New Orleans	Jan.	9
Almirante	Kingston	Jan.	9
Comanche	Jacksonville	Jan.	11
DUE FRIDAY.			
Lapland	Liverpool	Jan.	6
Rochambeau	Havre	Jan.	6
Maracaibo	Maracaibo	Jan.	9
Ohioan	Balboa	Jan.	6
El Alba	Galveston	Jan.	9
Comal	Galveston	Jan.	9
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Jan.	12
DUE SATURDAY.			
Potsdam	Rotterdam	Jan.	7
Ansonia	Glasgow	Jan.	5
St. Louis	Liverpool	Jan.	9
Advance	Cristobal	Jan.	9
Morro Castle	Havana	Jan.	13
Lenape	Jacksonville	Jan.	13

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TODAY.		
Finland, Naples	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Niagara, Havre	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
El Mundo, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Megantic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Philadelphia, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carrillo, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Ioannina, Piraeus	—	3:00 P.M.
Venezia, Marseilles	—	4:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Concho, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Mundale, Cardenas	—	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Mexico, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Sixaola, Santiago	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Colon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Iroquois, San Domingo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
El Sud, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Parima, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Manzanillo, Santiago	—	12:00 M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Philadelphia, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Verona, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Oceana, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Coamo, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tenadores, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stephano, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Manchioneal, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Kristianiafjord, Bergen	—	2:00 P.M.
Minnetonka, London	—	11:00 A.M.
Orduna, Liverpool	—	10:00 A.M.
San Guglielmo, Naples	—	12:00 M.
Yaguez, San Juan	—	12:00 M.
San Marcos, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Sabine, Tampa	—	1:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
El Occidente, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
El Cid, Galveston	—	12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., JAN. 11.

SS Orduna, Liverpool to New York, was signaled; no time or distance given; due 12th, afternoon. Cunard Line.
SS San Guglielmo, Naples to New York, was signaled; time and distance not given; due 12th, forenoon. Italian Lines.
SS Athinai, Patras to New York, was signaled; time and distance not given; due 12th, forenoon. Greek Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Pleiades, San Francisco to New York, was 2,061 miles from San Pedro at 8 P. M. 10th.
SS Olinda, Gibara to New York, was 176 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Proteus, New Orleans to New York, was 117 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, was 134 miles S. at noon.
SS Topila, Sabine to New York, crossed Sabine Bar at 11 A. M.
SS Havana, Havana to New York, was 390 miles S. at noon.
SS Comal, Galveston to New York, was 427 miles E. of Galveston Bar at noon.
SS El Alba, Galveston to New York, was 110 miles W. of Tortugas at 6 P. M.
SS Rio Grande, Galveston to New York, was 207 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS El Cid, Galveston to New York, was 262 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Dakotan, Honolulu to New York, was 965 miles S. of Over Falls at 8 P. M.
SS Sabine, Mobile to New York, was 180 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at 7 P. M.
SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, was 515 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Maracaibo, Maracaibo to New York, was 476 miles N. of Mayaguez at 8 P. M.
SS El Occidente, New Orleans to New York, was 276 miles S at noon.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Cameronia, at Glasgow, Jan. 10.
SS British Prince, at Port Natal, Jan. 8.
SS Suram, at Rouen, Jan. 7.
SS Saxoleine, at Havre, Jan. 8.
SS Rio de Janeiro, at Pernambuco, Jan. 9.
SS Merak, at Maasluis, Jan. 10.
SS Askehall, at Gibraltar, Jan. 8.
SS Chicago, at Havre, Jan. 10.
SS Metapan, at Colon, Jan. 11.

Sailed.

SS Touraine, from Havre, Jan. 10.
SS Pastores, from Colon, Jan. 11.

Passed.

SS Dallington, New York for Havre, passed Prawle Point.
SS Costante, New York for Venice, passed Gibraltar.
SS Idaho, New York for Hull, passed Lizard.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia (except West) and New Zealand (specially addressed) (via San Francisco)—Ventura	Jan. 14
Japan, Corea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Antilochus	Jan. 14
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Manoa	Jan. 14
Japan, Corea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Mexico Maru	Jan. 14
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver)—Makura	Jan. 15

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Wellington, Dec. 13; Auckland, Dec. 14; Melbourne, Dec. 21; Sydney, Dec. 22, and Honolulu, Jan. 3—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Ventura, were dispatched east on Jan. 9, and are due in New York on the morning of Thursday, Jan. 14.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. Jan. 15, SS Philadelphia.
France—Close at 11 A. M. Jan. 12, SS Niagara, and at 11 A. M. Jan. 18, SS Rochambeau.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Liberia—Close at 12 M. Jan. 20, SS Memmon.
Netherlands, Germany, Austria, and Hungary—Close at 5 P. M. Jan. 15, SS Nieuw Amsterdam.
Greece—Close at 12 M. Jan. 13, SS Ioannina, and at 12 M. Jan. 16, SS Athinai.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 9:30 A. M. Feb. 4, SS Oscar II.
Norway—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 19, SS Kristianiafjord.
Italy—Close at 5 P. M. Jan. 15, SS Verona.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army Orders.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—Maj. L. L. Ruffner, M. C., in addition to his other duties, will render the necessary medical attendance at Ft. Thomas, Ky.

1st Lt. J. A. Robertson, M. R. C., Ft. Thomas, Ky., to home and report to Adjt. General. He is relieved from active duty in M. R. C. on expiration of leave.

1st Lt. C. D. Rogers, 7 Cav., now at Trinidad, Col., will return to Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., temp., and on being relieved proceed to Manila about Feb. 5.

Orders Nov. 10, relieving 1st Lt. E. A. Anderson, M. R. C., from Phpn. Dept. Mar. 15, amended to relieve him Jan. 15, then to the U. S. for orders.

Resignation of Capt. C. C. Lansing, 4 F. A., accepted.

Leaves: 2d Lt. G. G. Seaman, 2 F. A., 2 months; 2d Lt. S. M. Decker, C. A. C., 10 days; Capt. R. K. Cravens, C. A. C., 1 month, and J. A. Robertson, M. R. C., 1 month and 9 days.

Navy Orders.

Ensigns L. E. Denfeld, the Paducah to Boston Naval Hosp., sick; A. Macomb, the Hancock to the Wyoming; S. E. Rose, the West Virginia to the South Dakota; H. K. Fenn, the Nebraska to the Virginia; H. H. Little, the West Virginia to South Dakota; C. E. Rosendahl, A. H Rooks, E. T. Short, K. P. Gilchrist, J. L. McGuigan, J. R. Redman, and A. R. Marron, the West Virginia to temp. duty the St. Louis.

Paymaster C. J. Cleborne to the Oregon.

Paymaster G. C. Simmons, the Marietta, to the Hannibal.

Chf. Bosn. J. Laven, recvg. ship at Boston to the Brooklyn, and J. McCarthy, the Brooklyn, to recvg. ship at Boston.

Machst. A. A. F. Alm, recvg. ship at New York to the Florida.

Pay Clerk H. C. Lassiter, appointed, to the Oregon.

Navy Vessels.

Arrived: Brutus at Cristobal; Raleigh at Mazatlan; Balch, McDougal, Parker, and the Benham at New York Yard; Florida at Hampton Roads; Nerus and Orion at Seawall Point; Louisiana at Southern Drill Grounds; Tennessee and Jason at Alexandria; Severn, Potomac, C-1, C-2, C-3, C-4, and C-5 at Almirante Bay.

Sailed: Tecumseh, Washington for Newport News and Norfolk; Proteus, Balboa for Honolulu; Glacier, La Paz for Mazatlan; Utah, New York Yard for Hampton Roads; West Virginia, San Francisco for Bremerton, and the Wilmington, Hong Kong for Canton.

The Flag of the Com. in Chief, Atl. fleet, has been transferred from the New York to the Wyoming.

The New York has been detached duty as fleet flagship and assigned to duty with 1st Div., Atl. fleet.

The Wyoming has been detached from duty with 1st Div. Atl. fleet and assigned to duty as fleet flagship.

The Fulton has been assigned to duty with submarine flotilla, Atl. fleet.

Upon arrival at Puget Sound the West Virginia will be considered as detached from duty with Pac. fleet and assigned to duty with Pac. reserve fleet.

The Washington will call at Boston en route south.

The Jason, now in the Eastern Mediterranean has been ordered to Hampton Roads. She will stop at following ports en route to load exhibits for the Panama-Pacific Exposition: Piraeus, Genoa, Marseilles, Barcelona, and Plymouth. The Jason later will be sent to San Francisco, via the Panama Canal, to discharge exhibits.

Florida
Easy accessibility and through service place this wonderful country at your front door.
A bracing sea voyage, on palatial all-steel steamships
SPECIAL LOW FARES, INCLUDING EVERY EXPENSE
CONSULT ANY TICKET OR TOURIST AGENT OR
NEW YORK OFFICE 501 Fifth Avenue
Savannah Line

GO TO BERMUDA
"40 HOURS FROM FROST TO FLOWERS"
Restful Isles of Loveliness offering all outdoor sports. Send for beautifully illustrated Bermuda Gov't Tourist's Guide and Circular showing Inclusive Tours at Lowest Rates.
TWIN SCREW "BERMUDIAN"
SAILS FROM NEW YORK EVERY WEDNESDAY
Fastest, Newest and only Steamer landing passengers without transfer
WEST INDIES Delightful cruises, about 28 days. New S. S. "GUIANA" sails from New York Feb. 5th.
Apply to A. E. Outerbridge & Co., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 B'way N. Y. Thos. Cook & Son, 245 & 2081 B'way or 264 & 561 Fifth Av., N. Y., or Any Ticket Agent.

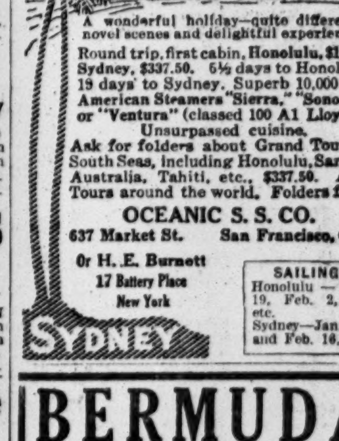
CUNARD
Established 1840
EUROPE VIA LIVERPOOL
New Triple Screw Turbine
ORDUNA
SATURDAY, JAN. 16, 10 A. M.
Spacious Comfortable Rooms
Beautifully Appointed.
Transylvania..Sat., Jan. 23, 10 A.M.
New Twin-Screw Geared Turbine, 15,000 Tons.
LUSITANIA...Sat., Jan. 30, 10 A.M.
Franconia.....Sat., Feb. 6, 10 A.M.
ORDUNA..........Sat., Feb. 13, 10 A. M.
TRANSYLVANIA...Sat., Feb. 20, 10 A. M.
SPAIN THE RIVIERA
ITALY - GREECE
The Azores, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Piraeus
PANNONIA, Tues., Feb. 9, noon
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N.Y.

Winter Cruises
from New York to the American Mediterranean
HAVANA $30 AND UP
Sailings Thursdays and Saturdays
NASSAU $35 AND UP
Weekly service from New York and direct connections with Havana.
Separate or combined tours of 10 and 23 days, $70.00 and up using steamer as hotel.
All fares include meals and stateroom accomodations. Steamers built in America and sailing under American Flag. Booklets, rates and schedules on application.
NEW YORK and CUBA MAIL S.S. CO. (Ward Line)
General Offices, Pier 14, E. R., New York

American Line
Under the American Flag
New York—Liverpool. Pier 62, N. R.
Philadelphia, Jan. 16, noon | St. Louis, Jan. 23, noon
Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnetonka, Jan. 16, 11 A. M. | Minnewaska, Jan. 30
White Star Line
New York—Liverpool. Pier 60, N. R.
Megantic, Jan. 13, n'n | Lapland, Jan. 20, n'n
N. Y.—Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa
Under the American Flag
FINLAND..........JANUARY 12, NOON
N. Y.—Azores—Gibraltar—Italy
Canopic, Jan. 26, 10 A.M. | Cretic, Feb. 16
Company's Office, 9 Broadway, New York

Cruising Wonderwards
No seas are bluer, no skies fairer, no air more balmy than this fascinating trip to Porto Rico, the
"Island of Enchantment"
16 Days All Expenses $94.50 and up
Steamer your hotel for entire trip, and rate includes every expense from New York to and around the Island, including stops in principal ports. Sailings every Saturday under the American Flag.
Write for Booklet
CRUISING DEPARTMENT
PORTO RICO LINE
General Office, 11 Broadway, New York

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
POSTAL SERVICE
Sailings for HAVRE
NIAGARA . . Jan. 12, 3 P. M.
ROCHAMBEAU . Jan. 18, 3 P. M.
LA TOURAINE . Jan. 23, 3 P. M.
CHICAGO . . Jan. 30, 3 P. M.
FOR INFORMATION APPLY
Company's Office, 19 State St., N. Y.


Bound For The Islands Of Sweet Delight
HONOLULU
A wonderful holiday—quite different—novel scenes and delightful experiences.
Round trip, first cabin, Honolulu, $110—Sydney, $337.50. 5½ days to Honolulu. 19 days to Sydney. Superb 10,000 ton American Steamers "Sierra," "Sonoma" or "Ventura" (classed 100 A1 Lloyds). Unsurpassed cuisine.
Ask for folders about Grand Tour of South Seas, including Honolulu, Samoa, Australia, Tahiti, etc., $337.50. Also Tours around the world. Folders free.
OCEANIC S. S. CO.
637 Market St. San Francisco, Cal.
Or H. E. Burnett
17 Battery Place
New York
SAILINGS
Honolulu — Jan. 19, Feb. 2, 16, etc.
Sydney—Jan. 19 and Feb. 16, etc.
SYDNEY

ANCHOR LINE
Royal Mail Twin-Screw Steamships
NEW YORK to GLASGOW
From Pier 64, N. R., (foot W. 24th St.)
Ausonia....Jan. 23, noon | Tuscania (new) Feb. 13, noon
Cameronia..Jan. 30, noon | Ausonia.....Feb. 24, noon
1st Cabin, $85; 2d Cabin, $55; 3d Class, $35.
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

ITALIAN LINES
*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
†LA VELOCE (Fast Italian Line.)
‡Italia Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
To Naples and Genoa direct.
*VERONA.........JAN. 16 NOON
‡Ancona...Jan. 23, noon | †Europa....Feb. 6, noon
*D.D.Abruzzi.Jan.30,noon | *America...Feb. 13, noon
New large twin-screw steamers, all outside rooms.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., 24 Whitehall St.

Holland America Line
21-24 State St., N. Y.
Sailing Under Neutral Flag.
DIRECT TO ROTTERDAM
Twin Screw Sailings Carry U. S. Mail.
N.Amsterdam.Jan.16,noon | Rotterdam........Jan. 23
Potsdam....Jan. 23, noon | Noordam..........Feb. 2

NORWEGIAN AMERICA LINE.
8-10 Bridge St., New York.

Tours and Tickets Everywhere.
THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway.

San Francisco via Panama Canal, Feb. 25.
Luckenbach S. S. Co., Inc., 8 Bridge St., N.Y.

BERMUDA
Bermuda-American Steamship Company's Twin-Screw
S. S. "Oceana"
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BANKRUPTCY SALES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of BANGS LABORATORIES, INC., Bankrupt.—No. 20569.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Charles Burlingham, the Trustee, will sell by order of the Court, the personal property of the bankrupt located at Nos. 69 and 71 West 90th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, consisting of a leasehold for a gallery for the production of and a laboratory for the development of negative and positive film for moving picture purposes, together with all personal property belonging to the bankrupt as now contained in the said premises, and its trade marks and trade names and the good will of the business, and all property formerly owned by the bankrupt of every nature, sort and description excepting only accounts, receivable, chose and chosen in action, said sale to be made on written competitive sealed bids in the following manner:

Bids for the entire plant as a going concern.

The sealed bids with cash or certified check for 10% of the amount of bid may be submitted to the Trustee at the office of the Referee, John J. Townsend, 45 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, up to January 12, 1915, at 3 P. M.

A special meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the Referee, 45 Cedar Street, New York City, on January 12, 1915, at 3 P. M., and at said meeting the bids submitted for the purchase of the property hereinbefore mentioned will be opened by the Referee, and the bids placed before the creditors for such action upon same as the creditors deem proper, and at said meeting instructions will be asked by the Trustee in relation to the bids and other matters that may properly come before the said meeting.

If the bids are rejected the property will be sold at public auction pursuant to the rules or further order of this Court.

The property offered for sale may be inspected at the bankrupt's premises, Nos. 69 and 71 West 90th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on January 7, 8, 9 and 11, 1915, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

For further information and for particulars with reference to the matters herein set forth, application may be made to the Trustee, or to Everett, Clark & Benedict, attorneys for the Trustee, 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Dated, New York, December 31, 1914.
CHARLES BURLINGHAM, Trustee.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.
EVERETT, CLARK & BENEDICT, Attorneys for the Trustee, 37 Wall Street, N. Y. City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of J. L. KESNER COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Please take notice that Abraham S. Gilbert, as trustee in bankruptcy, pursuant to the order of Honorable Stanley W. Dexter as Referee, will sell the uncollected outstanding accounts of the J. L. Kesner Company, amounting according to the books of the J. L. Kesner Co. in the aggregate to approximately $50,000. A list of the persons and the amounts of the said accounts appearing on the books can be inspected at the office of the attorneys for the trustee. The trustee will receive sealed bids for the said accounts at his office, 43 Exchange Place, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 13th day of January, 1915, at twelve o'clock noon.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check for ten per cent. (10%) of the amount of the bid. The trustee reserves the right to reject any or all bids. The trustee sells his right, title and interest and the right, title and interest of the bankrupt estate to the said accounts as they appear in the books, without guarantee, as to amount of claim or as to their collectibility.

ABRAHAM S. GILBERT, Trustee in Bankruptcy, 43 Exchange Place, New York City.
ROSENBERG, LEVIS & BALL, 170 Broadway, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of SCHATTMAN BROS., Alleged Bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy, No. 20,988.

Please take notice that personal property of the alleged bankrupts consisting of men's clothing, woolens, linings, trimmings, &c., and fixtures, including safe, typewriting machine, desks, chairs, cutting tables, partitions, &c., will be sold by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at the alleged bankrupts' place of business, No. 13 University Place, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 18th day of January, 1915, at 10 A. M.

The aforesaid property will be open for inspection on the 15th and 16th days of January, 1915, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Dated, New York, January 11th, 1915.
JOHN L. LYTTLE, Receiver.
CHARLES L. GREENHALL, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE HUTCHINSON METAL & ROOFING CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Jan. 12th, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1838 Park Av., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of drill machines, punching machines, edging machines, benders, tool sharpeners, brace, rolling machines, typewriter, safe, fixtures, etc.

HARRY OSTERMAN, Receiver.
MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 350 Bway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of A. SEIDEN & SON, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Jan. 12th, 1915, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 450 Sixth Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, skins, machinery, tables, desks, fixtures, &c.

ISAAC CHAITIN, Receiver.
ROSENTHAL & HEERMANCE, Attorneys for Receiver, 2 Rector St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL FRIEDMAN, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Jan. 12, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Bway., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of showcases, chairs, desk, safe, &c.

MATTHEW A. HENKEL, Trustee.
WILLIAM JASIE, Attorney for Trustee, 20 Vesey St., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 20776.—In Bankruptcy.—CHARLES WIENER, Alleged Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above named alleged bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on January 8th, 1915, an order was made referring the above-entitled proceeding to the undersigned as Referee under Section 12-A of the Bankruptcy Act, and

Notice is hereby further given that a meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, at No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, on the 22nd day of January, 1915, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the bankrupt, consider an offer of composition to be made by the alleged bankrupt herein, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, January 11th, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—No. 20,362.—ISAAC RELKIN and DAVID D. FEINS, individually and co-partners doing business under the firm name of I. RELKIN & CO., Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Isaac Relkin and David D. Feins, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated October 15th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 15th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, January 11th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. of N. Y.—No. 21020.—In Bankruptcy.—LOUIS REINER, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Louis Reiner are hereby given notice that on January 9th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, January 22nd, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, January 11th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. of N. Y.—No. 21021.—In Bankruptcy.—JOSEPH ACKAWAY, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Joseph Ackaway are hereby given notice that on January 9th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 82 Beaver Street, New York City, January 22nd, 1915, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, January 11th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 20813.—In Bankruptcy.—KNIGHT and SMITH and FREDERICK S. HAMM, Bankrupts.

Creditors of said Knight and Smith and Frederick S. Hamm are hereby given notice that on January 5th, 1915, they were duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, January 28, 1915, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 20741.—DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GUDEL KURASCH and ABRAHAM RAVITCH, individually and as copartners doing business as KURASCH & RAVITCH, Bankrupts.

Creditors of Kurasch & Ravitch are hereby given notice that on the 31st day of December, A. D. 1914, they were duly adjudicated bankrupts. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1915, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon. Said creditors may prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. An offer of composition will also be made by the bankrupts.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
January 11th, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—ABE COHEN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Abe Cohen, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated January 7th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 15th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, January 11th, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—SAMUEL BARKIN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Barkin, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated September 28th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 15th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, January 11th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 20926.—In Bankruptcy.—ELLEN RABINOWITZ, Alleged Bankrupt.

Take notice that on January 5, 1915, the above proceeding was referred to me as Referee to pass upon the proposed offer of composition prior to adjudication.

A special meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 67 Wall Street, N. Y. City, January 22d, 1915, at 2:30 P. M., at which time the said creditors may attend, act upon the proposed offer of composition, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt, and transact such other business as may came before the meeting.

New York, January 11, 1915.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—No. 18,651.—WALTER C. ADAMS, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Walter C. Adams, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated February 16th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 15th, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, January 11th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 21012.—In Bankruptcy.—PHILIP ENGEL, LOUIS ENGEL, and EDWARD SINBERG, individually and as members of the firm of BELL ART EMBROIDERY, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Philip Engel, Louis Engel, and Edward Sinberg, individually and as members of the firm of Bell Art Embroidery, are hereby given notice that on January 8th, 1915, they were duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, January 28th, 1915, at 10 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT Southern District of New York.—No. 20887.—In Bankruptcy.—FREDERICK W. BEETSON, Jr., Bankrupt.

Frederick W. Beetson, Jr., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on December 22, 1914, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 67 Wall Street, City of New York, on January 22, 1915, at 2:15 P. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, January 11, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT Southern District of New York.—No. 20867.—In Bankruptcy.—MORRIS LEVY, Bankrupt.

Morris Levy was duly adjudicated bankrupt on December 17, 1914, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 67 Wall Street, City of New York, on January 22, 1915, at 1:45 P. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated, January 11, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York. No. 20,763 in Bankruptcy. HARLEM PAPER BOX COMPANY, INC., Bankrupt.

Harlem Paper Box Company, Inc., was duly adjudicated bankrupt on December 15, 1914, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 67 Wall Street, City of New York, on January 22, 1915, at 1:30 P. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated January 11, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York. No. 20,980 in Bankruptcy. AMERICAN ROUND BALE PRESS COMPANY, Bankrupt.

American Round Bale Press Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt on January 5, 1915, and the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 67 Wall Street, City of New York, on January 22, 1915, at 2 P. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated January 11, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, So. Dist. N. Y.—No. 20590.—In Bankruptcy.—AARON GARFINKEL, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Aaron Garfinkel are hereby given notice that on December 30th, 1914, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, January 22nd, 1915, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, So. Dist. N. Y.—No. 21016.—In Bankruptcy.—CHAUNCEY P. McKNIGHT, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Chauncey P. McKnight are hereby given notice that on January 9th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, January 22, 1915, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SO. Dist. N. Y.—In Bankruptcy.—DESMOND CALLEY, individually and as a member of the firm of CALLEY BROS. Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Desmond Calley, individually and as a member of the firm of Calley Bros. are hereby given notice that on January 5th 1915 he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, January 28th 1915, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 20986.—In Bankruptcy.—JOE NEUBAUER, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Joe Neubauer are hereby given notice that on January 5th 1915 he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, January 28th 1915, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 20537.—In Bankruptcy.—UNION CREDIT OUTFITTERS, INC., Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Union Credit Outfitters, Inc., are hereby given notice that on December 9th, 1914, it was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, January 22nd, 1915, at 11 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

$1,000,000 Investment with New Apartments Involved in Washington Heights Deal—Lenox Avenue Corner Sold — Twenty-five Room Apartment Leased—Bronx Acreage Sale.

Upper Manhattan furnished the chief features in the realty market yesterday in the sale of a large plot in the Washington Heights district for apartment house improvement, and a Lenox Avenue corner for early improvement when the existing leases expire.

The Washington Heights deal involved the purchase by the Friedman Construction Company, of which Henry Friedman is President, of a plot of sixteen lots on the north side of 161st Street, 162 feet east of Riverside Drive. The property was sold by Harris & Maurice Mandelbaum, who acquired it with other adjacent property over a year ago from the Loyal L. Smith estate.

The present sale closes out all of their extensive holdings in that part of the city. Rows of apartments have gone up on the other parcels and the Friedman Company, which have been prominent builders there, have had plans prepared for erecting on the 161st Street tract, fronting 450 feet, three six-story apartment structures to be ready for October occupancy. Herbert Young is the architect. With the projecting buildings the entire operation will represent an investment by the new owners of nearly $1,000,000.

Lenox Avenue Corner Sold.

The Harlem deal involved the sale by Horace S. Ely & Co. and Harris S. Lines of the two old buildings on the southeast corner of Lenox Avenue and 124th Street, 50.5 on the avenue by 75 on the street. The property was sold for John J. Sparrows to a client for improvement when the existing leases expire. The present buildings are three stories high and have been altered for business.

Big Apartment Lease.

One of the largest apartments in New York City has just been leased by Douglas L. Elliman & Co. to Jesse I. Straus, head of R. H. Macy & Co. The suite is in the new building now under construction at 399 Park Avenue, corner of Fifty-fourth Street for the Horatio Realty Company, Samuel A. Herzog, President. The apartment comprises an entire floor and will contain twenty-five rooms and six baths. The living room will be 33.4 by 20.6, the library over 32 feet long, and the dining room 25 by 20 feet. The only other apartments in the city which compare with it are those of Senator Elihu Root and Murry Guggenheim, at 998 Fifth Avenue, and Samuel Saks, at 755 Park Avenue, corner of Seventy-second Street.

Former Siegel Home at Auction.

Among the auction offerings yesterday in the Vesey Street Salesroom was the former residence of Henry Siegel, recently altered for business, at 26 East Eighty-second Street, southwest corner of Madison Avenue. It was sold at foreclosure by Herbert A. Sherman to satisfy judgments for over $155,000 against Adolph Meyer and others in favor of the United States Trust Company. The property, 35 by 102.2, was knocked down to the latter for $115,000.

Joseph P. Day sold at foreclosure the dwelling at 15 West Thirty-seventh Street in an action brought by the Greenwich Savings Bank against Mrs. Elizabeth F. Seaman (Nellie Bly.) The judgment, with unpaid taxes, was over $74,000. The bank took the property on a bid of $65,000.

The eleven-story loft at 13 and 15 West Twenty-fourth Street, sold by Samuel Goldsticker, also went to the plaintiff, Ewald Mommer, for $205,167.

No New Cowperthwait Store.

Cowperthwait & Sons write to THE TIMES: "In your issue of Jan. 7 you state that we have taken a lease of another store. This is a mistake, and may result in our losing some trade.

"Our only stores are at 193 to 205 Park Row, near Chatham Square, and at 2,212 to 2,224 Third Avenue, corner of 121st Street, and we have no intention of moving or of opening a third store."

Flats for Bronx Acreage.

George Pfaff has purchased from Paul Kohn the Galway tract and the McGuire tract, consisting of about fifteen acres, on the Hutchinson River, in the eastern section of the Bronx. In part payment the buyer gave the two five-story flats, 308 and 310 West 154th Street, Manhattan. The trade was arranged by Warren Leslie.

Bronx Sales.

The Hunts Point Estates have sold to the Mitchell-McDermott Construction Company the three two-family two-story brick houses, each on plot 25 by 100, known as Nos. 617, 619 and 621 Faile Street. In exchange the Hunts Point Estates have taken the five-story apartment house recently completed at No. 712 East 176th Street, on a plot 50 by 158. Alexander Selkin and David Mintz were the brokers in the trade.

William J. Gabel has sold for Henry B. Wesselman the plot, 75 by 130, on Crotona Park East, 100 feet south of the corner of Crotona Park East and in the rear of the 174th Street Subway Station. The purchasers are the Benenson Realty Company, who recently purchased the adjoining plot to the south through the same broker, and now have a frontage on Crotona Park East of 115 feet. Apartment houses will be erected.

Commercial Leases.

The Nehring Company has leased for the Esalmo Amusement Company to a client for a period of five years, the corner store in the St. Nick Theatre building at the northeast corner of 174th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue.

$200,000 Addition to Montefiore Home.

Plans for a $200,000 addition to the group of new Montefiore Home and Hospital buildings, near Woodlawn, were filed yesterday with the Building Department.

The newest structure will be four stories high and will be in the block bounded by Gun Hill Road, Bainbridge and Wayne Avenues, and 210th Street. It will measure 134 by 77, and will be from plans by Architects Buchman & Fox and A. W. Brunner.

The Montefiore Home, of which Jacob H. Schiff is President, a few years ago sold its old home at Broadway, Hamilton Place, 138th and 139th Streets, and bought the tract in the Bronx, where it has erected an artistic group of hospital buildings.

$125,000 Brooklyn Flats.

Shampan & Shampan have completed plans for two six-story apartment houses, to be erected upon a plot 96 by 137, on the south side of Division Avenue, 152.10 and 200.10 feet east of Bedford Avenue, for the Ross Land Company, as owners.

The buildings will accommodate seventy families. The estimated cost is $125,000.

Real Estate Notes.

Justice Hendricks has appointed Henry Brady receiver of 250 East 110th Street, pending foreclosure proceedings.

A New Jersey realty firm is the buyer of Pinkney Court, a seven-story apartment at 151 to 159 West 140th Street, sold recently by Phillip Simon and Edward T. Moore.

The property occupies a plot 137 by 100, and has changed hands several times during the past couple of years. It was held at $275,000. A free and clear farm in New Jersey was taken in part payment by the sellers. P. S. Ritter and J. G. Bassman represented the sellers.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

82d St, 26 East, s w corner of Madison Av, 35x102.2, five-story altered dwelling and stores; U. S. Trust Co. against Adolph Meyer et al.; Stewart & S., attorneys; Abr. Stern, referee; due, $152,290.89; taxes, &c., $3,272.48; to the plaintiff for $115,000.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

EDWD. CORNING PRES. CHAS. F. BERGER C.E. V. PRES.
EDWARD CORNING CO.
BUILDERS
100 W'M. ST. NEW YORK

By Joseph P. Day.

37th St, 15 West, n s, 320 ft w of 5th Av, 25x98.9, four-story dwelling; Greenwich Savs. Bank against Elizabeth Seaman et al; B. A. Sands, attorney; William Klein, referee; due, $68,959.60; taxes, &c., $4,878.87; to the plaintiff for $65,000.

170th St, 555 to 561 West, n s, 100 ft w of Audubon Av, 75x100, six-story apartment; Margaret Cameron against Bright Realty Co. et al.; Thomas J. Meehan, attorney; Isaac F. Cohen, referee; due, $13,125.57; taxes, &c., $934.50; subject to prior mtg of $90,000; to the plaintiff for $93,835.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

24th St, 13 and 15 West, n s, 551.6 ft e of 6th Av, 52x98.9, eleven-story loft and storage building; Ewald Mommer against Sol Realty Co. et al.; Blumenstiel & Blumenstiel, attorneys; William Klein, referee; due, $47,637.45; taxes, &c., $2,592.50, subject to prior mtg. of $200,000; to the plaintiff for $205,167.

By M. Morgenthau Jr. Co.

122d St, 165 West, n s, 75 ft e of Seventh Av, 15.8x100.11, four-story dwelling; Cecelia Lustberg against Charles H. Stanton et al.; Stroock & Stroock, attorneys; Henry Necarsulmer, referee; due, $13,312.92; taxes, &c., $687.35; to the plaintiff for $10,000.

By D. Phoenix Ingraham.

64th St, 420 to 424 East, s s, 231.5 ft w of Avenue A, 75x100.5, one and two story stable; Flora N. Brown against Mary E. Norton et al.; Rockwood & Haldane, attorneys; William A. Boyd, referee; due, $21,529.71; taxes, &c., $2,077; to the plaintiff for $18,000.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

83d St, 4 West, s s, 100 ft w of Central Park West, 18x102.2, three-story dwelling; Mary J. McCoy against Yosta Rosenberg et al.; Henry M. Bellinger, Jr., attorney; Joseph F. McLoughlin, referee; due, $16,013.59; taxes, &c., $790.

Madison Av, 1,839, n e corner of 120th St, 17.9x83, three-story tenement and stores; Eversley Childs against Jacob Potsdam et al.; Edo E. Mercelis, attorney; Percival H. Gregory, referee; due, $19,202.67; taxes, &c., $399.

130th St, 208 West, s s, 140 ft w of 7th Av, 15x99.11, three-story dwelling; Minnie D. Baehr et al. against Sarah A. Smith et al.; Monroe Goldwater, attorney; Robert J. H. Powel, referee; due, $9,817; taxes, &c., $167.30.

103d St, 119 East, n s, 140 ft e of Park Av, 15x100.11, three-story dwelling; New York Orthopaedic Dispensary and Hospital against Leah Cohn et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; Irving H. Tifft, referee; due, $5,124.62; taxes, &c., $249.50.

131st St, 12 East, s s, 164.7 ft e of 5th Av, 18.2x99.11, three-story dwelling; Annie Diehl against Sarah McCormick, inden. and administratrix, et al.; Guggenheim, Untermyer & Marshall, attorneys; Henry Hofheimer, referee; due, $3,288.82; taxes, &c., $264.32.

By Samuel Marx.

100th St, 338 to 344 East, s s, 100 ft w of 1st Av, 68x150.6x irregular, two-story tenement and stores and two-story stables; Metropolitan Improvement Co. against Carmelo D'Drazio et al., (Action 2;) Clarence L. Westcott, attorney; Henry J. Goldsmith, referee; due, $6,970.56; taxes, &c., $693.20; subject to mortgage of $28,000.

32d St, 142 West, s s, 435 ft w of 6th Av, 20x44.7x20.5x40.2, three-story tenement; Marjorie D. Cleland against Mabel R. Cleland et al.; John W. Russell, attorney; William Klein, referee; partition.

132d St, 216 West, s s, 159.4 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x99.11, three-story dwelling; Catherine M. Crockett et al., trustees, against Mary A. Nicholson et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; Isaac F. Cohen, referee; due, $8,705.70; taxes, &c, $89.65.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Madison Av, 2,026 to 2,032, s w corner of 129th St, 99.11x35, five-story tenement and stores; Alfred M. Heinsheimer et al., as trustees, against Rachel Meyers et al.; Stroock & Stroock, attorneys; Roger Sherman, referee; due, $51,078.59; taxes, &c., $3,320.01.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

149th St, East, s s, 225 ft w of Morris Av, 25x86.6, vacant; Mary O'Gorman et al. against Charles L. Schnabel et al.; William C. Arnold, attorney; Robert S. Mullen, referee; due, $7,662.35; taxes, &c, $179.80.

By Henry Brady.

165th St, 74 East, s e corner of Woodycrest Av, 100.9x50, four-story tenement and stores; John F. Kaiser against Dunloe Holding Co., Inc., et al; Todd & St. John, attorneys; Joseph P. Hennessy, referee; due, $25,137.53.

By George Price.

Home St, 844, s s, 91.8 ft w of Prospect Av, 40.2x99.6x64.1x120.2, five-story tenement; Germania Fire Insurance Co. against Katherine P. Beaton et al.; Ernest Hall, attorney; Louis O. Van Doren, referee; due, $35,032.03; taxes, &c, $708.

220th St, 853 East, n s, 530 ft e of Barnes Av, 100x114, vacant; Samuel Martin against Marian Lignoski et al.; Gescheidt & Toomey, attorneys; Max Bendit, referee; due, $1,585.48; taxes, &c, $103.57.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Gun Hill Road, Bainbridge and Wayne Avs. and 210th St, for a four-story and attic brick hospital, 133.11x77.1; Montefiore Home and Hospital, Jacob H. Schiff, President, on premises, owner; Buchman & Fox and A. W. Brunner, 30 East 42d St, architects; cost, $200,000.

Avenue A, e s, 90th to 91st Sts and East River, for a one-story storage shed, 100x35; city, owner; F. H. Hines, Municipal Building, architect; cost, $6,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, JAN. 11.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BROOME ST, s s, 100 ft w of Greene St, 75x99.6; Millard F. Cornwell et al. to Pasquale Margarella, 119 Washington Place, (mtg $50,000,) Dec. 16, 1914; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100
CHERRY ST, 444, n s, 50 ft e of Jackson St, 25x100; Isidore Cohen, referee, to Lavinia Leitch, 226 ft w of 123d St, Jan. 11; attorney, A. Weymann, 68 William St.$4,300
HAVEN AV, s e corner of 169th St, runs s 1.10x n 1.9 to 169th Stx w 0.5 to beginning, gore; Adolph Wurzburger to James A. Mahony, 111 East 55th St, quitclaim, Dec. 17; attorneys, Leventritt, C. & N., 111 Broadway......$50
HORATIO ST, n s, 33.4 ft e of 4th St, 16.8x65.3; Henrietta M. Horton to Henrietta Garrison and another, executors, Newburg, N. Y., Feb. 21, 1914; attorney, Joseph Sapinsky, 35 Nassau St......$1
INTERIOR STRIP, begins 65 ft n of Horatio St x33.4 ft e of 4th St, runs n 0.1½x e 16.8x s 0.2½x w 16,8; Herman Hanauer to Gertrude Malbin, 54 West 116th St, April 21, 1914; same attorney......$1
INTERIOR STRIP, begins 65 ft n of Horatio St x 33.4 ft e of 4th St, runs n 0.3x 16.8x0.3x16,8; Henrietta Garrison and another, executors, to Gertrude Malbin, 54 West 116th St, March 28, 1914; attorney, Joseph Sapinsky, 35 Nassau St......$1
MARKET ST, s w corner of Hamilton St, 44.1x59.6; Market St, w s, 44.1 ft s of Hamilton St, 25x57.6; Highstone Co. to Ida Coble, 53 Lenox Av, Jan. 7; attorney, Thomas K. McCarty, 43 Exchange Place.$1
PARK AV, w s, from n s of 134th St to s s of 135th St, 199.10x90; Charles F. Fischer Lumber Co. to Pescatore Realty Corporation, 1,916 Park Av, (mtg $62,500,) Jan. 8; attorneys, Palmer & Selles, 46 Cedar St......$100
VARICK ST, 105, —x—; Louisa J. Black to Equitable Trust Co., 37 Wall St, Jan. 8..$1
1ST AV, 2,159, w s, 75.10 ft s of 112th St, 25x100; Elvira Florio to Elvira Focarile, 47 Isabella Place, Astoria, L. I., ½ part, Jan. 9; attorney, Alfonso Bivona, 150 Nassau St......$1
16TH ST, n s, 262 ft w of 7th Av, 25x92; Ansbac Realty Co. to Dora Ansbacher, 415 West 38th St, (mtg $25,500,) Jan. 11....$1
47TH ST, n s, 79 ft w of 1st Av, 21x50.3; Union Holding Co. of Brooklyn to Sylvan Levy, 920 St. Mark's Av, Brooklyn, all liens, Oct. 13, 1914; attorneys, H. S. & C. G. Bachrach, 926 Broadway, Brooklyn....$1
61ST ST, n s, 150 ft e of 5th Av, 50x100.5; Pembroke Jones to Sarah W. Jones, Wilmington, N. C., all liens, March 10, 1914; address, 5 East 61st St......$1,000
65TH ST, 325 East, n s, 335 ft w of 1st Av, 20x100.5, (foreclosure Dec. 15;) Percival H. Gregory, referee, to Mary N. Murtaugh, Irving Av, Floral Park, L. I., Jan. 11.$6,050
66TH ST, 52 East, s s, 220 ft w of Park Av, 20x100.5; 6th Av, 449, n w corner of 27th St, 23.5x60; Louisa, wife of William Hirschfeld to Wilma Hirschfeld in trust for parties of first part, 93 Avenue de Champs Elysees, Paris, France, Dec. 5, 1914; attorney, George E. Melendy, 204 Centre St., Orange, N. J.$1
126TH ST, 369 and 371 West, n s, 100 ft e of Columbus Av, 50x99.11; Frederick S. Justice to William J. McLaughlin and another, 33 Innis Av, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., (mtg $45,700,) Jan. 6; attorney, William F. Wund, 156 Broadway......$1
126TH ST, 126 East, n s, 290 ft e of Park Av, 50x99.11;, 103d St, s s, 180 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.9; Bessie J. Moynihan to Phoenix Ingraham, committee Edward A. Moynihan, 80 Irving Place, quitclaim, Dec. 21, 1914; attorney, T. A. Clements, 115 B'way....$1
140TH ST, n s, 240 ft w of 7th Av, 28x99.11; A. Marie Lyon to John W. Ritchie, 471 Central Park West or 1,347 Broadway, (mtg $20,000,) Dec. 29......$1

Bronx.

ARTHUR AV, w s, 319 ft n of Kingsbridge Road, 100x125; Pasquale Gargiulo to Vico Realty Co., Inc., 47 Jay St, Jan. 4; attorney, A. J. Romagna, 31 Liberty St......$1
BATHGATE AV, e s, 55.6 ft w of 178th St, 53.5x80; John E. Griffiths to William L. Phelan, 2,047 Ryer Av, (mtg $18,500,) April 9; attorney, Joseph Kursman, 261 B'way.$100
BEACH AV, w s, 431.8 ft s of 173d St, 25x100; Mary A. Farrelly to William F. Geier, 1,129 Beach Av, (mtg $3,500,) Jan. 7; attorney, J. Heiderman, 783 Elton Av....$100
CAMBRELING AV, s s, 618.6 ft s of Pelham Av, 21.10x100; Benjamin Schmitt and another to Pasquale Reale, 192 Bleecker St, June 2, 1914, (re-recorded from July 22, 1914;) attorney, Pasquale Reale, 192 Bleecker St......$100
COURTLANDT AV, e s, 50 ft s of 150th St, 25x100; Smada Realty Co. to Pasquale Reale, 192 Bleecker St, (mtg $15,000,) Dec. 22; attorney, A. Reale, 2,446 Prospect Av....$100
EASTERN BOULEVARD, w s, plot begins at e s of lands of Baxter estate, 142 ft s of road from Westchester to Pelham, 126x irregular, also Eastern Boulevard, n w corner of Arnow St, 3x—x3x—; John B. Gilbert to Omil Cohen, Mamaroneck, N. Y., Jan. 6; attorney, Herman Joseph, 115 Broadway......$1
SAME PROPERTY; Samuel Cohen to Charles Rosenberg, 77 Boyd St, Stapleton, S. I., (mtg $16,000,) Jan. 8; attorney, same....$1
GARDEN ST, 730, s s, 50x100; Anthony Reale to Pasquale Reale, 192 Bleecker St, Nov. 30; attorney, A. Reale, 2,446 Prospect Av......$100
HUGHES AV, n e s, at w s of Crescent Av, 139.7x2.2x87.6x111; Patrick S. Treacy to Laura Fargo, 2,407 Beaumont Av, (mtg $2,500,) Jan. 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100
INTERVALE AV, 1,357, w s, 42.6x110; also Intervale Av, 1,353, w s, 42.6x110; Max Moskowitz et al. to Derm Realty Co., 299 Broadway, (mtg $60,000,) Dec. 15; attorney, Herman Gottlieb, 299 Broadway......$1,000
JENNINGS ST, s s, 75ft e of Chisholm St, 50x95; Emanuel Hertz (Ref.) to Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway, Dec. 7, 1914; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$5,000
MORRIS AV, w s, 476.6 ft n of 196th St, 25.8x102.1; Helene Smith to George C. Smith, 2,797 Morris Av, (mtg $5,000,) Dec. 18, 1914; attorney, B. H. Newell, 154 Nassau St....$1
SCOFIELD AV, s w corner of William St, 59x100, City Island; Hannah M. Cochran to John C. Bremen, 528 Minneford Av, (mtg $1,500,) Jan. 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100
140TH ST, n s, at s e corner of Lot 83, Map Mott Haven, 14.8x100, being part Lot 82, same map; Frank Gazzo to Maria Cebrilli, 28 Clark Place, (mtg $2,500,) Jan. 8; attorney, S. Wechsler, 233 Broadway......$1
146TH ST, s s, 75 ft e of Whitlock Av, 25x100; Isaac Lahm to Israel Jurow, 164 Vernon Av, Brooklyn, Jan. 2; attorney, O. A. Samuels, 99 Nassau St......$1
181ST ST, s s, 50 ft w of Belmont Av, 34.8x106.6; Michael Roth to Minnie Clemens, 650 East 181st St, Dec. 5; attorney, Joseph Kurzman, 261 Broadway......$100
SAME PROPERTY; Minnie Clemens to Bronx Enterprise Co., Inc., 300 Broadway, (mtg $4,957,) Jan. 7; same attorney....$100
187TH ST, s s, 26 ft e of Prospect Av, 34.2x70; Harry N. French, (referee,) to Matilda A. Bucking, 313 Hudson St, Hoboken, N. J., Dec. 29; attorney, E. P. Orrell, 256 Broadway......$15,000

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BROOME ST, s s, 100 ft w of Greene St, 75x99.6; Pasquale Margarella to Millard F. Cornwell et al., Red Bank, N. J., Jan. 9, (prior mtg $3,500,) 8 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway......$46,500
PARK AV, n w corner of 119th St, 25.11x90; Amelia M. Bohnert to Daniel D. Bailey, White Plains, Jan. 11 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway...$18,000
SYLVAN PLACE, s s, begins 20 ft w of Jumel Terrace and 75 ft n of 160th St, runs n 34.6x w 19.6x s 34.6x e 19.6; John S. Routh to Commonwealth Savings Bank, 2,007 Amsterdam Av, 3 years, 6 p. c., Jan. 11; attorney, George Hyde, 41 Park Row......$2,000
34TH ST, s s, 80 ft e of 3d Av, 25x—; Carlotta Dressler to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Jan. 11, due as per bond......$15,000
40TH ST, s s, 300 ft w of 10th Av, 25x98.9; Hannah Fox to Nathan Goldberg, 67 St. Nicholas Av, Dec. 31, 1914, due as per bond; attorney, William Weiss, 61 Park Row.$3,000
49TH ST, s s, 175 ft w of 8th Av, 25x100.5; Louis K. Zitz to Charles Faust, 237 Starr St, Brooklyn, Jan. 9, due Jan. 15, 1918; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$7,000
65TH ST, n s, 335 ft w of 1st Av, 20x100.5; Mary N. Murtaugh to Theodore W. Rockwell, 360 West 120th St, Jan. 11, due Jan. 1, 1918, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Eugene Berry, 258 Broadway......$4,500
117TH ST, s s, 200 ft e of 7th Av, 25x100.11; Simon M. Goldsmith to Fannie Hexter, 1,547 Intervale Av, Jan. 7, prior mtg $21,000, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Albert Zimmermann, 206 Broadway......$7,000
133D ST, n s, 137.6 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 37.6x99.11; Arnold S. Furst to Max E. Jaffe, 1,475 Amsterdam Av, Jan. 11, prior mtg $42,500, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Max J. Le Boyer, 80 Maiden Lane......$2,000

Bronx.

FULTON AV, w s, 50 ft s of 168th St, 53.9x125; William J. Diamond to Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway, Jan. 11, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 B'way.$35,000
LOTS 481 to 486 inclusive and Gore Lot J, Map of Unionport; Municipal Asphalt Co., Inc., to Frederick J. Beale, 535 West 155th St, Jan. 8, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$30,000
NELSON AV, n w s, at n e s of Brandt Place, 25x100; Mary F. Burke to Louisa Brosang, 563 West 161st St, Jan. 8, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$3,000
NORTH CHESTNUT DRIVE, s s, being Lot 107, amended Map of Bronxwood Park, 40x100; Charlotte E. Horne to Paul Zieger, 4,226 Matilda Av, Jan. 7, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$1,000
VALENTINE AV, s e corner of 187th St, 100x irregular; Russo-Iodice Realty Co., Inc., to North Side Mtg. Corpn, 391 East 149th St, Jan. 8, due as per bond; attorney, Clocke, K. & R., 391 East 149th St..$3,000

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

CLINTON PLACE, 56 West, all; Mary H. Tompkins to R. Geissler, Inc., 5 years, from May 1, 1915; attorneys, Ogden & C., 657 5th Av......$2,500
2D AV, 141-143, corner store; Samuel Fein to Samuel Gruber, 143 2d Av, 4 2-12 years, from Nov. 15......$1,800
SAME PREMISES; Herman Weisner to same, from Feb. 1, 1915, to Oct. 31, 1915; attorney, same......Monthly $150
2D AV, 1,638, store; Edward G. Glennon to Cornelius D. O'Sullivan, 1,671 2d Av, 5 years, from June 1, 1914; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 111 Broadway......$1,560
113TH ST, 501 West, all; Number 501 West 113th Street Co., Inc., to Hoohannes Moushekian, 444 West 164th St, 8 months, from Jan. 1, 1915; attorney, V. Z. M. Boyajian, 149 Broadway......$2,000

Bronx.

138TH ST, 373-375 East, store and room on second floor for Post Office; Milly L. Moschcowitz to United States of America, 10 years, from July 15, 1914; attorney, J. Clarence Davies, 3d Av and 149th St......$7,700

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

MARKET ST, 59 to 63; Louis Nathanson against Highstone Co., Inc., owner; Mr. Silverstone, contractor......$34
SOUTH ST, 212; Louis Schneider against John Viona, owner; Philip Kurland and Joe Lippman, contractors......$80
22D ST, 430 West; Theodore Thylstrup against Margaret Thompson, owner and contractor; Anna Thompson, owner......$35
54TH ST, 55 West; American Radiator Co. against Exford Realty Co., owner; C. P. McKnight, contractor......$546
82D ST, 18 East; William E. Chandler against Joseph H. Hoadley, owner and contractor......$49
86TH ST, 124 and 126 East; Taunton-New Bedford Copper Co. against Corn Exchange Bank, owner; Hutchinson Metal and Roofing Co., contractor......$200
110TH ST, 5 and 7 West; Henry Greenblatt against Rosewin Amusement Co., Aaron Rosenstein, and Louis W. Morrison, owners; David Levin, contractor......$1,437
110TH ST, 170 East; William Marberg against Sophie D. Levy, owner and contractor......$128
126TH ST, n s, 198 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 57.3x90.6; Brooklyn Valuty Light Co. against New York Public Library, Lenox and Tilden Foundations, owners; Century Iron Works, Inc., contractor......$206
134TH ST, 72 West; Herman Lory against Lauter & Blackner, owners; Asbestel Flooring Co., contractor......$12
158TH ST, 522 to 526 West; Louis Perlmutter against Rose Simon, owner; Sam Simon, contractor......$120

Bronx.

CROTONA AV, 1,884; Wolf Weinraub against Jacob Wolfe and David Pistronk, owners and contractors......$2,675
KINGSBRIDGE TERRACE, e s, 1,508.4 ft n of Kingsbridge Road, 75x100; Glokner & Blue Co. against Arlington Construction Co., owner; Bauer Brothers, contractors......$227

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

AVENUE B, e s, 89 ft n of 12th St, 93x129; William Prager et al. against Mary B. Barday et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. D. Lind.
CHAMBERS ST, s e corner of William St, 21.6x27.6x irregular; East River Savings Institution against Andrew F. Gilsey et al., (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, O. F. Hibbard.
HENRY ST, 52; Sarah Wohlgemuth against Louis Phillips et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Lind & Pfeiffer.

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PLEASANT AV, 335; Metropolitan Savings Bank against Rose Freyer et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins.
2D AV, 2,133; Rosina Guzzetta against Giuseppe Guzzetta et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. Santora.
4TH ST, 116 East; Benjamin Rosenblum against L. & S. Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, B. E. Kopelman.
22D ST, 136 and 138 West; Marel F. Powell against Carvert Holding Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, T. L. Feitner.
103D ST, 131 East; New York Investors Corporation against Leah Cohn et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.
103D ST, 115 East; City Real Estate Co. against Leah Cohn et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.
112TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of 5th Av, 25x100.11; Joseph P. Gillespie et al. against Frank E. Louas et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Cary & Carroll.
125TH ST, 222 West; William R. Willcox against William M. Weil et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, D. B. Simpson.

Bronx.

CAULDWELL AV, w s, 100.4 ft n of 165th St, 50x70; Sarah Stegel against Weiher Construction Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Hirleman & Vaughan.
LOT 382, Block L, amended map of property of Hudson P. Rose, known as Mapes estate; Elizabeth K. Dooling against William A. Riley et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Knox & Dooling.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

ATTERBURY, CHARLES L., (Nov. 10;) realty unknown; personalty over $5,000; all to widow.

BERNARD, JANE B., (no petiation;) all real and personal property to sons, William B., Charles B., and Robert W. Bernard.

COHN, JACOB L., (Dec. 25;) no realty; personalty over $5,000; to Arthur L. Cohn, $25 and 1-5 residue, value unknown; Flora Baumann, $4,000 and same; Edwin J. Cohn, Robert J. Cohn, and Ida Stern, 1-5 residue, value unknown.

GUINÉE, JULIA E., (Dec. 31;) no realty; personalty, $11,500; to College of St. Francis Xavier, $5,000; Mission of Immaculate Virgin, &c., $2,000; Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis, $2,000; Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, $2,000; Missionary Society of the Most Holy Redeemer, $100; the Rev. Edwin M. Sweeney, the Rev. John H. Dooley, the Rev. Gaston M. Septier, and the Rev. Thomas F. White, S. J., $100 each; remainder to Home for Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor.

HORWITZ, EMMA, (Jan. 2;) no realty; personalty about $15,000; to Otto Horwitz, $500; Bertha J. Horwitz, $300; Terese Pischel, $150; Home for the Aged and Infirm of Order of B'nai B'rith, Dist. 1, $600; Anna Schmidt, $300; Gustave Neustadt, income for life; Henrietta Horwitz, 25 per cent. of remainder; Hermine Horwitz, 25 per cent. same; Minna Horwitz, 15 per cent. same; Alfred Horwitz, 5 per cent. same; Edwin Horwitz, 3 1-7 of same; Albert Horwitz, Walter M. Horwitz, Bettina Mayer, Helen Moog, and Berthold Wolff, 3 1-7 of same.

MASSARO, GERARDO, (Dec. 1;) no realty; personalty, $500; to Cecilia Massaro Liccione.

TOMPKINS, KILBOURNE, (Dec. 5;) realty unknown; personalty probably over $5,000; to widow, household and personal and remainder for life; children, Helen, Katherine, and Rowland Tompkins and Ruth T. Campbell and Ida C. T. Price, contingent.

WICKHAM, DELOS OLCOTT, (Dec. 31;) to Elizabeth K. Wickham, $20,000; Brewster P. Kinney, Ralph P. Kinney, C. E. Hill, and Frank B. Hill, $2,000; Jeannette P. Kinney, $1,000; Lyman H. Treadway, 1-3 residue, and following annuities: Jeannette P. Kinney, $300; Gertrude E. Baker, $300; Mrs. Minnie Wade, $300; Mrs. Sam Smalley, $300; Robert Drake, $300; Susan J. Dickinson, $200; Mrs. Alice Dixon, No. 4, $300; all realty to Annie W. Treadway; and cash in Society of Savings, Cleveland, Ohio, to Edward B. and Mary W. Leisenring.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—SOLOMON SCHINASI, Plaintiff, against SARAH F. SULLIVAN, Lawrence Mulligan, Harriet Mulligan, Margaret Hickey, Irene Summers, Charles S. Summers, Timothy Summers, Olive Ryan; Patrick H. Sullivan, and Lawrence Mulligan, as Executors of the estate of Timothy D. Sullivan, deceased; Patrick H. Sullivan and Samuel Kraus, doing business as Sullivan & Kraus; Jacob Wiener, William Fox, Abraham L. Erlanger, The Title Guaranty and Surety Company, National Surety Company, Aetna Indemnity Company, Maurice Deiches, as Receiver of the Aetna Indemnity Company; William T. Emmet and Peter J. Collins, as Receivers of Peoples Surety Company; United Surety Company, Edwin W. Poe, Stuart S. Janney, Ernest J. Clark, and J. Kemp Bartlett, as Receivers of the United Surety Company; National District Telegraph Company, The City of New York, Young Brothers & Boss, David J. Heffner, John J. Pillion, Charles Halper, The National Printing and Engraving Company, Julius W. Stolts, as President of J. & J. W. Stolts; Herman L. Reis, United States Lithograph Company, Robert F. Rasmussen, The Century Bank of The City of New York, The Locomobile Company of America, Armour & Company, Joseph Seeman, Sigel W. Seeman, Sylvan L. Stix, and Carl Seeman, The J. & M. Haffen Brewing Company, Josiah B. Tisdale, The Eastern Brewing Company, James R. English, as Trustee of the Eastern Brewing Company, bankrupt; The Gillin Printing Company, Timothy J. Hayes, as Trustee of the Gillin Printing Company, bankrupt; Carey Show Print Co., Blanc Realty Company, Mabel Hazelton, Jack Pritchard, Samuel Jacobs, Louis Stern, Morris Drieblatt, Morris Mann and Daniel Wolkowisky, The Courier Company of Buffalo, James F. Hannigan, Allen Advertising Agency, Robert M. Boggs, Kahn Stern Company, Max Simowich, Townsend Morgan, as administrator of the estate of Bankson T. Morgan, deceased; Joseph Mack, Darcey & Wolford, The Northern Bank of New York, James Jordan, Richard E. Moriarty and Mary A. Moriarty, trading under the firm name and style of Jordan, Moriarty & Co., William B. Richards, William Roberts, Max Mandel, William R. Adams, John Glover, New York Telephone Company, Rose Kraus, Jennie Feinstein, Masse Lasky, H. Linsley Johnson, as Trustee in Bankruptcy of the estate of Oscar M. Lipton, deceased; H. G. Vogel Company, David Kraus and Fanny Kraus, as executor and executrix of the estate of George J. Kraus, deceased; John Z. Lowe, as Temporary Receiver of the co-partnership of Sullivan & Kraus; William B. Ellison, as Receiver of the estate of Timothy D. Sullivan, deceased, Defendants.—Amended Summons.

To the above-named defendants, and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, September 8, 1914.
HORWITZ & ROSENSTEIN, Plaintiff's Attorneys. Office and Post Office Address, 346 Broadway, Manhattan, N. Y. City.

To Sarah F. Sullivan, Harriet Mulligan, Margaret Hickey, Irene Summers, Charles S. Summers, and Timothy Summers:—

The foregoing amended summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County, signed by Hon. Joseph E. Newburger, a justice of the said court, dated the 16th day of December, 1914, and filed on that day with the complaint, amended complaint and the second amended complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, the complaint having been filed in said office on September 3d, 1914, the amended complaint having been filed in said office on September 23, 1914, and the second amended complaint having been filed in said office on the 9th day of December, 1914.

Dated New York, December 17th, 1914.
HORWITZ & ROSENSTEIN, Plaintiff's Attorneys,
Office and P. O. address, No. 346 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, N. Y.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

WENDEL, JOHN G.—SURROGATE'S Court, Westchester County.—In the matter of the application for letters of administration upon the estate of JOHN G. WENDEL, deceased.

To the creditors of the estate of John G. Wendel, deceased:

Please take notice that Ella V. von E. Wendel and Rebecca A. D. Wendel Swope, the petitioners herein, intend to apply to the Surrogate's Court of the County of Westchester for letters of administration upon the goods, chattels, and credits of John G. Wendel, deceased, with a limited and modified bond, pursuant to the provisions of Section 2,591 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of New York; and you and each of you are hereby notified and required by virtue of the aforesaid provisions of Section 2,591 of the said Code, and in pursuance of the order made for that purpose by the Hon. William A. Sawyer, Surrogate, dated December 18th, 1914, to present any and all claims that you may have against John G. Wendel, late of the County of Westchester, deceased, to the Surrogate's Court of the County of Westchester, in the County Court House in the Village of White Plains, Westchester County, New York, on or before January 25th, 1915, at or after which time the penalty of the bond to be given by the petitioners to whom letters of administration herein shall be granted is to be fixed by the said Surrogate.

Dated New York, December 19th, 1914.
BURLOCK E. RABELL, Attorney for Petitioners,
Office and Post Office address, No. 38 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 20624.—In Bankruptcy.—PHILIP TERRY trading as PHIL TERRY Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Philip Terry trading as Phil Terry are hereby given notice that on December 3rd 1914 he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 William Street, New York City, January 22nd 1915, at 11:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET | LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

We Want a Business Property
subject to only a first mortgage, that will show a fair income. Will give in payment a large tract of well located Long Island property, near a successful development. Property is free and clear. The price and other features make it very attractive.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS
62 CEDAR ST.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

TURNING THE CORNER
When you turn the corner you get an entirely new point of view—perhaps you can look further and see more clearly where you are going.
We have turned the corner in our financial situation—the Stock Exchange has reopened, the Foreign Exchange is back to a normal basis, exports are the greatest in our history, and banking accommodations are easy to obtain. We see years of tremendous industrial activity and prosperity ahead of us.
Are you alive to the situation? Do you realize that NOW is the psychological moment to make money in Real Estate? CONSULT US NOW about Auction Sales.
MORGENTHAU JR CO
AUCTIONEERS
35 LIBERTY ST
At 14 Vesey St.
Jan. 27—No. 614-16 Water St., 6-story tenement and stores, 46.11x65.4. Gordon S. P. Kleeberg, Esq., referee; Stoddard & Mark, attorneys. 70% may remain on mortgage at 5%.
Jan. 28—No. 47 W. 128th St., private brick dwelling, 3 stories and basement, 12.6x99.11. Charles G. Marrin, Esq., referee; Miller & Bretzfelder, attorneys.
At 3,208 3d Av.
Jan. 27—Plot north side of East 170th St., 23.87x153, irregular through to Bristow St. Peter L. Mullaly, Esq., referee; Lachman & Goldsmith, attorneys.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SEND EXACT REQUIREMENTS
Mercantile or manufacturing property. Entire buildings or space.
HARRY E. HAYES,
30 EAST 42D ST.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED
BROOKLYN.

Beautiful Brick Houses
FOR RENT, $30.
Semi-detached, brick and stone, steam heat, 7 rooms, elegantly decorated; send for booklet. MANAGER, 60A Liberty St., N. Y. 'Phone Cort. 2552.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Cameron Building
185-87 Mad. Av.—N. E. Cor. 34th St.
Two Entire Floors
Third and Fourth, containing 8,000 sq. ft., to rent together or separately.
Also Fifteenth Floor.
Malcolm E. Smith & Co., Agents,
185 Madison Ave. Murray Hill 2638.
Full commission to Brokers.

LOFT
LIGHT
14th St. & 7th Ave.
Suitable toy trade, importers, printers, publishers, any light manufacturing; cement floors; 4 elevators; fine 12-story building; new. 100% sprinkler system; light four sides; possession immediate; rent reasonable.
Full Commission to Brokers
E. S. Willard & Co.
Phone 5989 Hanover 52 William St.

Broadway Store or Cafe
in the notion and hosiery district; 32 ft. frontage on Broadway; entrance on Broome St.—store, basement and sub-basement. 100% sprinkler system; possession now. Rent reasonable
Full Commission to Brokers
E. S. Willard & Co.
Phone 5989 Hanover 52 William St.

OFFICES $20 to $75
86 East 23d, at Subway entrance; full office service; modern fireproof building.
GOODALE, PERRY & DWIGHT,
Farragut 9494. 1,133 Broadway, at 26th.

To Lease on Long Terms.
Stable, 18th St., near 7th Av. 60 stalls, large elevator, ample space for large trucks, and forage supplies. Apply
A. M. CUDNER REAL ESTATE CO., 254 West 23d St.

39 EAST 19TH ST.
Attractive Lofts, windows on four sides. Also desirable Store and Basement.
INNES & CENTER, 30-32 E. 20th St.

103 Franklin Street.
Attractive Store & Basement, well lighted. Excellent business location.
INNES & CENTER, 30-32 E. 20th St.

Two Lofts, 60x70 and 20x70.
Steam, Horse-power and Live Steam.
24-28 DOWNING STREET,
NEAR BLEECKER ST.
Open for Inspection. Lease February First.

48 WEST BROADWAY
Entire Building To Let.
Four stories and basement, size 25x50. Rent very reasonable.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

5 WEST 16TH STREET
Store in Studio Building
Suitable for Store or Studio.
Apply at 14 Wall Street.
Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

ATTRACTIVE HOME
Suitable all year round; hollow tile stucco; 10 rooms, 3 baths; all modern improvements; large grounds; 35 minutes out; convenient to station; will sell cheap, on easy terms.
FOX REALTY COMPANY, 22 East 42d St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

NO SUBWAYS
In Center of the City
Highest type of housekeeping apartments
12-story fireproof building
4, 5 and 6 Rooms
Also one 3-Room & Bath Apartment to Sublet
At moderate rentals as uptown.
THE OREGON
162 West 54th St., Cor. 7th Av.
INSPECTION INVITED.
Renting agent on premises, or
Slawson & Hobbs,
162 West 72d St.

DORILTON

MAGNIFICENT STRUCTURE
Unusual sunny exposure. Express subway station 100 feet away. Free electric light and refrigeration. 7, 8, 9 and 10 room vacancies at $2,000 to $3,500. See resident Superintendent.
BROADWAY & 71ST ST.

THE CORONET
57 WEST 58TH STREET.
SMALL APARTMENTS
Housekeeping and Non-housekeeping.
2-3-4 or More Rooms and Bath.
Rental $600 to $1,200.
Meal service if desired.
Apply on premises or to
Harris & Vaughan, Inc., 569 5th Ave.
Telephone 31 Murray Hill.

The OAKDALE
Non-Housekeeping Apartments
36-38 W. 35th St.
NEAR 5TH AVE.
Suites of 2 and 3 Rooms with bath, furnished or unfurnished. On yearly or monthly lease. Hotel service day and night. RENTS $500 TO $1,000.
Superintendent on premises.
Phone 6360 Greeley.

TERRACE COURT
202 Riverside Drive,
S. E. Corner 93d St.
One 9-room Apt., 2 baths......$1,500
One 10-room Apt., 3 baths......2,200
LIBERAL CONCESSIONS.
Representative on Premises, or
SLAWSON & HOBBS, Agents,
162 West 72d St.

636 Fifth Ave.
Southwest Corner 51st St.
APARTMENTS

West Side, Above 110th Street.

BEST VALUE IN THE BRONX
THE
LOREM
Southwest Corner 163rd & Fox Sts.
Elevator Apartments. All-Night Elevator and Telephone Service.
Large, Light, Airy Rooms.

4	5	6	Rooms
$29	$38	$45	Rents

2 Blocks from Simpson St. Subway Station.
A. ARENT CO.,
1014 East 163rd St.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

MALVERN HALL
Facing Gramercy Park.
Studios & Studio Apartments.
Greatly reduced rentals. Desirable Studios, also two room and bath apartments, with maid service.
INNES & CENTER, 30-32 EAST 20TH ST.

BRONX.

944 KELLY ST.
Large, Light, Airy Rooms.
Electric Light, All Improvements.
2 Blocks from Subway.
6 & 7 Rooms, $34 up

Times Building
Times Square
Suitable for any business or profession. Unsurpassed for light, ventilation and accessibility to all parts of the city. Elevators running day and night. First class neighbors. Suites and single rooms.
Rents from $30 a month up.
Rental Agent in Building, Room 406.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The northern portion of Sunday's disturbance has almost disappeared, while the southern portion moved almost due eastward to Northern Florida with increased intensity and rains were general over the South, and rains and snows, with some sleet to the northward, except in the States north and east of Maryland.

Pressure is also decidedly low over the Northwest and the North Pacific States, with rain in the latter section. Elsewhere in the west the weather was fair.

Temperatures did not change decidedly over any extensive areas and they are generally above the seasonal average over the northern half of the country and clightly below over the southern half.

There will be rain Tuesday in the Middle and South Atlantic States and rain or snow in the Upper Ohio Valley, the lower lake region, and New England, followed by generally fair weather Wednesday, except in Eastern New England, where there will be rain or snow. Elsewhere the weather will be fair Tuesday and Wednesday, except in the Pacific States and the plateau region, where there will be rains and snows.

It will be colder Tuesday in the East Gulf States and Tuesday night in the South Atlantic States; elsewhere temperature changes will not be of consequence.

Winds along the North Atlantic Coast Tuesday will be moderate variable, becoming northeast and increasing by Tuesday night; Middle Atlantic Coast, increasing northeast, probably becoming strong by Tuesday night; South Atlantic Coast, strong and shifting.

FORECASTS—TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

New York, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain or snow Tuesday. Wednesday, fair.

New England—Rain or snow Tuesday and probably Wednesday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1914.	1915.		1914.	1915.
3 A. M.	28	29	4 P. M.	26	34
6 A. M.	25	29	6 P. M.	24	36
9 A. M.	24	30	9 P. M.	22	37
12 M.	26	32	11 P. M.	23	37

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 32; for the corresponding date last year it was 26; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 29, at 8 P. M. it was 37. Maximum temperature 38 degrees at 5:45 P. M., minimum 27 degrees at 5 A. M. Humidity 79 per cent. at 8 A. M., 73 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.37 inches, at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.18 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
1:20—163 St. and Westchester Av.; I. R. T. (car)	$3,000
2:40—195 Forsyth St.; Eva Zimmerman	$100
8:50—827 Trinity Av.; Simon Levine	Slight
9:30—572 Fox St.; Mary Golden	Slight
9:30—120 Clinton St.; Wm. Sappal	Slight
10:45—401 E. 140 St.; Samuel Asch	$1,000
11:55—73 E. 119 St.; Harry Levine	Slight
P. M.	
1:15—308 E. 82 St.; Stanley Rullowisky	$500
2:40—264 W. 57 St.; James Hoely	Slight
4:40—206 W. 96th St.; Claude Leslie	Slight
6:05—Brooklyn Bridge, near N. Y. tower; B. R. T. (car)	Slight
9:09—258 W. 43 St.; Fannie Duay	Slight
9:13—705 Home St.; L. Silverman	Slight
9:20—176 St. at Harlem River; Jas. Lane	Slight
9:45—223 Madison St.; Sarah Shiparo	Slight
10:20—435 E. 122 St.; M. C. Boyle	Slight

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers, to take effect 4 P. M. Jan. 10: Patrol. L. F. Schilling, 39, to 5 Insp. Dist. Assigned to clerical duty, to take effect 8 A. M. Jan. 11: F. E. White, 168, to Com'r's office, duty in Bureau of Records. To prects. indicated from C. O., assignment to duty in special squad No. 4 discontinued: Nicholas Campo, 22; Theodore Henkler, 80; S. A. Messell, 170; W. F. Kirwan, 159. To take effect 4 P. M. Jan. 12: H. H. Munch, 6, to 174; J. H. Miller, Traf. D, to Traf. C.; H. J. Madden, Traf. C to Traf. D.

Temporary assignments: Patrol. J. T. Brady, 1, and R. E. Morris, 169, to 3 Insp. Dist. for 10 days from 4 P. M. Jan. 12; L. A. Nielson, 2, to 12 Insp. Dist. for 10 days from 4 P. M. Jan. 11; W. R. Wittenberg, 15, to Det. Bu. for 5 days from 4 P. M. Jan. 14; Frederick Wilson, 22, to C. O., duty in corridors, Police Headquarters, Manhattan, for 10 days from 4 P. M. Jan. 10; John Imperial, 28; T. J. O'Brien, 29, and W. J. Smith, 276, to B. B. H. Squad, duty in Special Squad 1, for 15 days from 8 A. M. Jan. 13; J. J. Kilroy, 31, and J. D. Smith, 35, to C. O., duty in Special Squad 3 for 30 days from noon Jan. 8; Charles Comolli and J. E. Feeley, 39, to 5 Insp. Dist. for 20 days from 4 P. M., Jan. 14; Kerin Raftery, 39, to C. O., duty in office of Third Deputy Commissioner, for 10 days from 8 A. M. Jan. 11; J. A. Knapp, 292, to Det. Bu. for 10 days from 4 P. M. Jan. 13. To C. O., duty in Special Squad 4, for 30 days from 6 P. M. Jan. 9: A. G. King, 1; J. H. A. Hughes, 43; W. J. Crerend, 151; E. A. Murphy, 168. To Det. Bu. from prects. indicated for 10 days from 4 P. M. Jan. 14: J. F. Shea, 5; Frank Flynn, 7; Anthony Padrucco, 22; Charles Kane, 25; Morris Friedlander, 38; Joseph Wey, 39.

Leaves, without pay: Patrol. Daniel Cullinane, 31, 1 day from 4 P. M. Jan. 12; Thomas McCarthy, 68, 3 days from 12:01 A. M. Jan. 10.

Charges Dismissed: Sergt. Joseph Devlin, Bridge Prect., failed to take proper action; Patrol. M. F. Dunn, 2, conversation; J. J. Powers, 10, absent from post; S. S. Fuchs, 13, improper conduct; James Boran, 14, absent from post; John Leidig, 17, made arrest on false charge; F. C. Beston, 21, absent from post; E. H. Walsh, 23, failed to prevent, discover, or report burglary; J. J. Kelleghan, 28, absent from post; S. H. Weinstein, 29, absent from post; Martin Salomon, 31, improper patrol; M. F. Connelly, 37, failed to make arrest promptly; H. H. Eller, 38, absent from post; J. S. Flynn, 39, absent without leave; J. R. Vogel, 39, improper patrol; Giovanni Scotti, 39, absent from fixed post; A. P. Lilley, 40, absent from post; Isidore Wolin, 42, absent from post; N. H. Connolly, 43, struck a man; B. A. Sartig, 68, improper patrol; C. A. Carlstrom, 144, absent from post; M. J. Murphy, 151, same; D. J. Tuomey, 276, same; G. F. Muehleck, 157, improper patrol; C. V. Stevens, 172, (2 charges,) same; C. F. Reilly, 172, same; J. W. Donaldson, 172, absent from post; C. J. Grosel, 158, failed to discover burglary; Harry Barnett, 160, (2 charges,) improper conduct, unlawful arrest; H. C. Bunn, 276, failed to obey instructions.

Restored to duty: Patrol. Michael Moran, 28, to take effect noon, Jan. 9.

Dismissed from employment in the dept. at expiration of their probationary period, effective 12 P. M. Jan. 9: Prob. Patrol. A. A. Hanchen, 15; Abraham Meyers, 15; C. F. Freudenthal, 26; J. G. Keenan, 149; J. F. Gaffney, 149; C. S. Dougherty, 149.

Fire Department.

Fireman Percy H. A. Nixon, Eng. 210, is hereby fined $5 for loss of badge.

Detail, to take effect at 8 A. M., Jan. 10: J. F. Dunleavy, (No. 1,) Eng. 217, to Chaplain Hamilton, as driver.

Penalties Imposed: Daniel A. Donovan, Eng. 31. Disrespect to superior officer, one regular leave withheld; William Kuche, Eng. 93. Neglect of duty, one regular leave withheld.

Charges Dismissed: John J. Diviney, Eng. 17. Reckless driving; Joseph Bentley, Eng. 31. Absence without leave.

Temporary detail, to take effect at 8 A. M., Jan. 12: Alfred J. Reynolds, H. & L. 44, to Office Chief of Dept., while sick.

Leaves Without Pay: Capt. George Dunn, Eng. 154, 12 hours, from 8 A. M., Jan. 12; Engineer Joseph Miller, (No. 2,) Eng. 249, 12 hours, from 8 A. M., Jan. 12; Lieut. Thomas J. Corbally, Eng. 41, 12 hours, from 8 P. M., Jan. 12; Fireman Michael F. Sheridan, H. & L. 23, 24 hours, from 8 P. M., Jan. 16.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

Applications for examining Inspector, Grade 2, will be received until 4 P. M. on Jan. 20. The minimum age is 21 years. There are two vacancies in the office of the Commissioner of Accounts, at salaries of $1,200 and $1,500 a year, respectively.

United States.

The commission announces for Jan. 20, at the New York Custom House, a competitive examination for junior telegraph and telephone engineer, Grades 1 and 2, for men only, to fill vacancies as they occur in the Interstate Commerce Commission under the act providing for the valuation of the property of common carriers. The following positions established under the above act will be filled from the register resulting from this examination: Junior telegraph and telephone engineer, Grade 1, $1,200 to $1,680 a year; junior telegraph and telephone engineer, Grade 2, $720 to $1,080 a year. In addition to the above salaries necessary expenses will be allowed when absent from headquarters in the discharge of official duties. Competitors will be examined in theory and practice of telegraph and telephone engineering, education, training, and experience. For positions under Grade 1 applicants must have reached their twenty-fifth but not their fortieth birthday, and for Grade 2 their twenty-first but not their thirty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The feeding of hungry pupils in the public schools will be begun tomorrow. It is expected that all the necessary preparations will be completed today.

At tomorrow's meeting of the Board of Education the report of the Special Committee, recommending two years' compulsory leave of absence, without pay, to married teachers, who are about to become mothers, will probably be acted upon.

The pupils of Public School 2-B, 116 Henry Street, will give an entertainment this evening at Public School 62, Hester, Essex, and Norfolk Streets. Two plays will be presented, "Hiawatha" and "Man Without a Country."

The Association of Civil Service Employes of the Board of Education, will hold its fifth annual minstrel entertainment and reception on Feb. 5, at Palm Garden, East Fifty-eighth Street.

"Snow-White and the Seven Dwarfs," an operetta, will be presented by the McAndrew Glee Club in the Washington Irving High School this evening.

Classes for the preparation af applicants, men and women, for civil service examinations, will be formed during the remainder of the season at Evening School 157, St. Nicholas Avenue and 127th Street. Arabella J. Cashman, is Principal. Special attention will be given to the preparation of applicants for the Spring examinations, such as railway mail clerk, postal clerk, and letter carrier, and Federal first grade clerk. Lessons will be given on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday evenings each week.

Mortgage Loans.

Forty-five cents a line.

Funds of $5,000 to $25,000 to loan on first mortgages only. Apply McDowell & McMahon, 1,429 St. Nicholas Av. at 181st St. Phone 7047 Audubon.

City Property.

Thirty cents a line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

BUILDER is about to erect apartments and will sell beautiful Ryan mansion, which can be moved to a plot suitable for same at a reasonable amount. House can be seen at northwest corner of 184th St. and Grand Boulevard and Concourse. For particulars apply Richard H. Scobie, 391 East 149th St., cor. 3d Av.

Lot, 609 West 49th, for sale or to let; will build to suit. J. C. Forster, 269 West 45th.

MANAGEMENT OF BUSINESS PROPERTY, DUROSS COMPANY, 155 WEST 14TH ST.

We sell improved subdivision quickly, accessible populated districts. Bliss, 7 East 42d.

EWING, BACON & HENRY.
Real Estate—Insurance. 101 Park Av.

Spuyten Duyvil villa sites; auction prices; choice locations. Baker, 7 East 42d.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

SEE THE NEW HOMES AT
KEW GARDENS.
15 minutes from Penn. Terminal.

Property Out of the City.

Thirty cents a line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Ten acres with improvements; exclusive part of Mt. Kisco, Westchester County; will sacrifice. L. C. Collins, 80 Wall St.

HOMES AND ESTATES
FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Larchmont.

Come and see homes and bungalows at Larchmont. Leo Bugg, 40 West 32d St.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

North Shore—Waterfront properties; $5,000-$50,000. L'Ecluse Washburn Co., 18 East 34th St.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

A farm of one acre at Glen Rock, New Jersey, adjacent Ridgewood, half-mile from station; 20-mile view; street all improved; new house, 6 rooms and bath; oak floors, steam heat; exceptional country home; $5,000. Smith-Singer Co., Glen Rock, N. J.

FORECLOSURE BARGAIN.
Price, $4,250; seven-room house, handsomely decorated; plot 74x105; all improvements; 5 minutes to station; near trolley. Waggoner, Room 516, 47 West 34th St., City.

New York State—For Sale or To Let

Ossining country family houses to let; $10-$20 monthly. Address, 50 West 12th.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Houses and lots exchanged for income property or acreage; fine income investments. Piquet, 354 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

OFFICES TO SUBLET for unexpired terms of three months to three years; ANYWHERE, uptown or downtown; saving in rent, 20% to 40%; furnished or unfurnished; single offices and suites. OFFICE SUB-LETTING CO., 1,476 Broadway, (corner 42d.) Bryant 5786.

FIRM having three large adjoining offices, furnished in mahogany, will sublet one with private entrance; use of phone, typewriter, &c.; near Broadway and Grand Central terminal; rent $40. M 21 Times.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.
35th, 20 East.—Three spacious rooms, parlor floor, suitable for one or two doctors.

COLWELL BUILDING.
107 Lafayette St., loft 60x80, light three sides, low rent, low insurance.

HALLENBECK-HUNGERFORD BUILDING, LAFAYETTE, FRANKLIN & WHITE STS.

Lofts, offices, showrooms. Rothschild Realty Co., 98 5th Av. Phone 4990 Chelsea.

Desk space, telephone service for commercial artist; excellent light. S 18 Times.

Stores in the midtown section. Van Norden & Wilson, 1 West 34th St., N. Y.

38th, 36 West.—Parlor floor, any business, $75; hallrooms, $3 up, heated.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty Cents a Line.

West Side.

A.—A. THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
One room, bath, $30; 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $45 up; 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $55 up. Exceptionally clean apartments. No objectionable tenants.
'Phone and elevator service; maid service if desired; near Subway, "L," and surface cars. REFERENCES ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL. Superintendent on premises. 'Phone 9920 Col.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
At Morningside Park, near Central Park.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Dishes, cooking utensils, and silver.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

Riverside Drive, near 96th Subway.—Magnificently furnished corner apartment 8 all outside rooms; 2 baths; 3 massive bedrooms, 20x20; dining room 30x40; completely furnished; immediate possession; rent 2, 8 months, longer; responsible party only. Phone Murray Hill 5392.

We have to let several very comfortable Bachelor Apartments, both furnished and unfurnished, in Holwarthy Chambers, 152-6 Madison Avenue, N. W. corner 32d Street; please apply on premises or to our office. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 62 Cedar St., Tel. 5,700 John.

Peter Stuyvesant, 258 Riverside Drive.—Magnificently furnished corner apartment 7 rooms, 2 baths; leaving city; will sublet to responsible party to May 1, longer; immediate possession. Phone Murray Hill 8422.

180th, 611 West, corner Wadsworth Av.—4 rooms, completely furnished; steam heat, electricity, telephone; $35 month. Apply Janitor.

To sublet until Oct. 1, seventh floor apartment, Riverside Drive, near 83d St., nine rooms and bath, elevator, $150 per month. Mrs L., 112 Riverside Drive.

Handsomely furnished new apartments, 3 large rooms, bath, kitchenette; every improvement; no children. 449 West 23d, London Terrace.

Apartment of 4 rooms and bath, facing Broadway; rent to June 1, $90 per month. 250 West 78th St., corner Broadway.

521 West 112th.—Five artistically furnished and exceptional secluded rooms. Apt. 4.

108th, 3 West.—Handsome suite, 2 rooms, kitchenette; elevator. 7782 Riverside. Cooper.

Sublet, furnished, six rooms, two baths; liberal concession. Kingwell, 206 West 92d.

For two months, two rooms, bath, overlooking Central Park. 1 West 81st.

East Side.

HOTEL ST. LORENZ,
127 East 72d St.
Select family and transient hotel; excellent location; large, airy, comfortably furnished apartments of 2 to 6 rooms; reasonable rates by day or week; restaurant in building.

Apartments, furnished, full hotel service, restaurant; two roms and bath; $40 up. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

5th Av., cor. 12th, overlooking Old Presbyterian Churchyard.—100 feet of lawn in front, three-room apartment; all outside rooms. Call 12 West 12th St., or Carstein & Linniken, 221 4th Av.

Three-room apartment; might be used in connection with small business; just west of 5th Av. Apply 4 West 29th St., or Carstein & Linniken, 221 4th Av.

Four rooms, elevator apartment; front; full view of river; very reasonable. Apt. 32, 709 West 169th.

804 West 180th, corner Pinehurst Av.—High-class 7-room elevator apartment.

162d, 601 West.—Sublet 6-7 rooms; elevator; low rent. Inquire Superintendent.

Two months' free rent, 4 to 8 rooms; elevator. Owner, 306 Times Downtown.

838-844 Riverside Drive; near 158th St.; 6 and 7 rooms; $780 to $1,100.

The Admanston, 89th St. and Broadway.—A 6-room apartment; 2 baths.

East Side.

36 East 49th St.—1, 2, and 3 rooms and bath; service; all improvements. Herbert A. Sherman, 41 East 41st St., or premises.

1,787 Madison Av., (near 118th St.)—7 large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $30-$32.

755 Park Av., corner 72d St.
9 and 11 rooms, 3 baths, $3,500 to $5,500.

Madison Square apartments to lease.
40 East 26th St.

Brooklyn.

11 Monroe Place, 3 minutes Brooklyn Bridge, 5 Borough Hall Subway; room and bath; telephone; excellent service; $22.50.

Bronx.

1,321 Franklin Av., (169th.)—High-class 4-5 room apartments; select tenants only.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Thirty cents a line.

Reliable party wants furnished apt., 6 or 7 rooms, from Jan. 15 to March 15, between 59th and 100th Sts., west side; state lowest price. M 12 Times.

Have you an apartment? Couple would like to share same; telephone and bath necessary. K 4 Times Annex.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty-five cents a line.

Hupmobile touring car, 1914 model, with full electric equipment, just like new in both condition and appearance; it must be seen to be appreciated; $750. Hupmobile Agency, 1,190 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

PACKARD SIX, 48.
Berlin limousine, extra touring body; cost $6,500; overhauled and painted by Packard Company; no reasonable offer refused. Columbus 8062. Mr. Karp, 1,790 Broadway.

Berlin limousine, 6 cylinders, and town car, 4 cylinders, at less than one-half value; also 3-ton truck and light delivery wagon, all in A1 condition. O. G Webb, 7 5th Av., N. Y. Columbus 7800.

Brand-new Ford landaulet, specially upholstered and electrically equipped for private party, who cannot use on account of bad health. James Bell & Co., 515 West 56th. Phone Col. 1300.

Cadillac, 1913, seven-passenger limousine; just spent $600 in overhauling; perfect condition; lot of extras; big bargain. Oppenheimer, 105 Wooster St. Telephone Spring 6695.

Marion touring car, 1912 model, in excellent condition throughout, and has every equipment; $375. Diuguid Bros., 1,190 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Hudson underslung raceabout, 1911 model, very classy, newly painted, and in excellent condition; $300. J. Diuguid, 1,190 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Maxwell small touring car, 1914; new tires; must sell now. Mr. Leeper, 308 West 71st St. Col. 9987.

Beautiful seven-passenger landaulette. Will sell or rent. Reasonable. Schineller, Plaza 6274.

Pullman, model K; fit for any demonstration; sacrifice. Phone 4021 Greenpoint.

Motor Trucks.

TRUCKS
TRUCKS
TRUCKS
On small cash investment will sell my new one to six ton trucks; provide profitable contract, making payments on balance from profits on easy terms; also some good rebuilt trucks at low prices. See at once. Whitefield, 516 East 29th St., Brooklyn. Phone 8228 Flatbush.

TRUCKS. TRUCKS. TRUCKS. TRUCKS.
Wanted contracts for
Trucks, any size, any style, body suitable for your business, low rates, guaranteed service. If you are renting horses—get our figures and see real economy. If motor trucks, we can surely beat them.
HARRY A. MOSS, 800 EAST 173d St.,
Tremont 3676. New York City.

Automobiles for Rent.

Packard landaulet to hire, day, week, or month. 139 West 55th St Arra Garage, C. G.

Packard limousine, late model; monthly service; rates reasonable. O'Connor, 235 W. 50th.

Pierce, Packard limousine, for hire, by month; reasonable. Cone. Tel. 1160 Schuyler.

Automobile Supplies.

Heating systems for open and closed cars; uses exhaust gas; ornamental and efficient; $20; installed.
Jesco Co., 245 W. 55th. Columbus 6245.

Automobiles, bodies, tires, tubes, sundries; lowest prices anywhere. 1,763 Broadway, (upstairs.)

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL,
Chartered by N. Y. State Board of Regents.
FULL COURSE, $55.
Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST.
225 West 57th Street, (at Broadway.)

Owners' and Chauffeurs' Courses,
Y. M. C. A. AUTO SCHOOL,
Largest and Best in Brooklyn.
BOOKLET AND VISITOR'S PASS FREE.
Bedford Br. Y. M. C. A., Bedford Av., Bklyn.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted.—Late models automobiles; cash consignment. Scott Motor Co., 226 W. 56th.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents a line.

HAVE
$50,000 or more (with services) to invest in a manufacturing business. Replies to receive consideration must state some particulars. Address S 17 Times.

Mr. W. St. John Russell of The Liverpool Daily Post and Mercury, arrives at the Knickerbocker Hotel, New York, on or about Jan. 16, and would be glad to hear from American firms anxious to increase their export business; share of trade worth over two thousand million dollars can be obtained at the minimum of expense; appointments will be made with all who write. Y 220 Times Annex.

For Sale.—Fox Ranch, 15 acres, within two miles Amherst, Nova Scotia; can sell and deliver 17 pairs pure silver black foxes; proposition open to the most rigid investigation; personal interview between 1 and 2 o'clock P. M., up to and including Thursday, Jan. 14; other hours by appointment. A. T. Walker, Hotel Waldorf-Astoria.

Young man wishes to invest up to $15,000 in MERCANTILE HOUSE ONLY, with services; full time and attention given to business; expectations moderate. L 172 Times.

Immediate opportunity for young man, partnership connection, corporate form, year round resort hotel; investment $2,500 to $4,000 required; interview by appointment; principals only. Address P. O. Box 267, Asbury Park, N. J.

PAYS 7% NET INTEREST OR $2,100 INCOME on an investment of $30,000. Small business building leased to one responsible tenant term of years at a low rental. Attorney, Box 140 Times Downtown.

$30,000 will purchase old established business, free of liabilities, controlling one of the best-known lines in the electrical trade, ten years on the market; principals only. S 6 Times.

Motion-picture theatre, 500 seats; excellent neighborhood; only $1,000 required. Call Pitzer & Smith, 32 Union Square.

Salesman wanted as active partner; prosperous manufacturing business; investment required. Y 201 Times Annex.

Business Loans.

Forty-five cents a line.

Manufacturers' and wholesalers' outstanding accounts financed, notes purchased. Nassau Finance, 119 Nassau.

Make loans outstanding accounts, notes, bank books. Security Finance Co., 149 Broadway.

Business Notices

Forty-five cents a line.

IS IT WISE TO INSURE YOUR LIFE?
ASK ANY WIDOW WITH HELPLESS CHILDREN.
Wise Men Insure!
Others Think About It.
At age of 40 the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company issues a policy of $10,000 for $189.40 first year; second year's cost reduced by dividends. Write for sample.
WILLIAM H. RYAN, Manager,
164 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Addressing, folding, mailing circulars or letters promptly done; $3 thousand. M 23 Times.

Jewelry.

Diamonds at Wholesale.—Bought, sold, and appraised. M. J. Averbeck, 10 Maiden Lane.

Printing and Multigraphing

Forty-five cents a line.

MULTIGRAPH letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000 $1.75 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau. Room 1,005.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

Thirty-five cents a line.

OFFICE FURNITURE.

A complete stock of new and second-hand office furniture; desks, tables, chairs, sectional bookcases, filing cabinet, &c., at prices that will interest you. 'Phone Franklin 3870.
The Office Furniture Trading Co.,
275 Canal Street, Near Broadway.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
4 months for $5 and up.
Initial payment applies if purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.,
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. } TEL.
356 Broadway, at 23d St. } 5408
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane. } FRANKLIN.
101 West 42d St., nr. 6th Av. Telephone 256 Bryant.
10 Barclay St. Telephone 6353 Cortlandt.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents a line.

East Side.

5TH AV., 47.—Steam-heated room; table board; references.

21ST, 137 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Single, en suite; private bath; breakfast served in room.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Large, sunny rooms; steam; excellent table; references.

34TH, 117-119 EAST.—Large and single rooms; private baths.

56TH, 83 EAST.—In French teacher's residence; chance for few select couples. Call, or phone 7983 Plaza.

62D, 16 EAST.—Large and single room; excellent table; parlor dining; reasonable.

West Side.

16TH ST., 7 WEST.—Large and small rooms, handsomely furnished; excellent table; elegant surroundings; telephone.

44TH, 260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Room and board, $11 weekly; European and American plan; bath; suites. Times Square.

48TH ST, 53 WEST.—Suites for rent, single and double rooms, with board; choice location; select houses; references.

52D, 240 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Large and small well-furnished rooms; French cuisine.

54TH ST, 54 WEST.—Rooms; private baths; electricity; table guests.

56TH, 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; table board; references.

57TH, 351 WEST.—Large rooms; private baths; good board; telephone; references.

57TH, 349 WEST.—Sunny front hall rooms; running water; excellent table; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large room, suitable two or three; excellent table; moderate.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Artistically furnished large room; electricity; private bath; suite; particular people desiring high-class accommodations with family owning beautiful home; foreigners preferred.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Double, single rooms; private bath; $7-$14 up; Southerners accommodated; families.

68TH, 67 WEST.—Large, small rooms; bath; continuous hot water; private house.

70TH, 62-64 WEST.—Exclusive, newly furnished, large, small rooms; conveniences; parlor dining; excellent cuisine optional; table guests.

71ST, 62 WEST.—EXCEPTIONAL BOARD; LARGE FRONT ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS; STEAM HEAT, ELECTRICITY; SINGLE ROOMS; REASONABLE.

71ST ST., 130 WEST.—Comfortable large and small rooms; every convenience; superior table; Subway and L.

72D, 122 WEST.—Attractive rooms, well-heated; private bath; excellent board; table guests.

72D, 242 WEST.—Handsome, large room; private bathroom; well-appointed house; references.

77TH, 301 WEST.—Select pension; large, sunny front room; red velvet carpet, white enamel furniture; also large rear and single room; unsurpassed table; electricity, phone.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Large second-floor room, well furnished; references exchanged; table guests.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Heated, sunny, single room; connecting shower; gentlemen; private family.

78TH, 159 WEST.—Desirable, sunny, large, small rooms; table guests; Subway; references.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive pensions, with large parlors, tea room, and lounge; steam heat; private telephones. Booklet on request.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Desirable rooms; continuous hot water; well heated; excellent Southern cooking; convenient elevated, Subway; reasonable; references.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Large room; southern exposure; $15; small; excellent English cooking.

81ST, 151 WEST.—New, high class; electricity; telephone; excellent cuisine; table guests.

82D, 68 WEST.—Double, single rooms; unsurpassed table; moderate rates; table guests.

82D, 52 WEST.—Large, small rooms; bath; electricity; excellent table; references.

83D, 11 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; private baths; homelike surroundings; superior board.

83D, 17 WEST.—High-class Jewish house; home surroundings; excellent table; table guests.

83D, 44 WEST.—Large room; private bath; single rooms; every convenience; Jewish.

84TH, 46 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room suitable for two; also small, sunny room.

85TH, 333 WEST.—Two large, beautifully furnished, sunny rooms; excellent table; refined family; references.

87TH, 129 WEST.—Two large and small rooms; all food, pastry home made.

93D, 252 WEST.—Desirable large rooms, private baths; excellent meals; reasonable; references.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; electric lights; telephone; reference.

104TH, 257 WEST, (West End Av.)—Rooms; private bath; table board; reference.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Comfortable, warm, double rooms; lavatories; near baths; excellent cuisine.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; electricity; large closets; unexcelled cuisine; reference.

GENTLEMAN may have ideal home life, cultured family; exclusive surroundings. W 166 Times.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming family Hotel of highest order; healthful location, 20 min. B'way, 5c. fare; lovely furnished rooms, suites, all comforts; most excellent cuisine; separate tables; rare, homelike atmosphere; worth investigation; weekly, $8-$12 per adult, with meals.
71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.
Take Sub., "L," or Trolley to South Ferry.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Steam-heated rooms; excellent table; convenient Borough Hall.

Country Board

Thirty cents a line.

New Jersey.

INVALIDS, convalescents, elderly people; ideal conditions; near New York; booklet. Dr. T. Ellis, Metuchen.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents a line.

East Side.

9TH, 17 EAST.—Desirable rooms, exceptionally clean.

29TH, 112 EAST.—Back parlor, nicely furnished; very light; heated; smaller rooms; $2.75 up.

30TH ST., 131 EAST.—Beautiful double and single rooms for select people, residential district, $3.50 to $7.

35TH, 20 EAST.—Desirable room, newly decorated; southern exposure.

36TH, 38 EAST.—Newly furnished rooms; well-kept house; all conveniences; references.

49TH ST., 19 EAST.—Elegant double rooms, kitchenette; private baths; telephone; piano, $40, $45, $50, $60.

62D, 168 EAST.—Finely furnished room; private house; heated; all conveniences; telephone.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents a line.

East Side.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

IRVING PLACE, 65.—Corner, on top floor; telephone; private family; board optional.

SUNNY FRONT ROOM with or without connecting hall room. Phone 314 Harlem or address 1 East 128th St.

West Side.

9TH, 17 WEST.—Private house, charming accommodations for bachelors; hot-water plant, electricity; references.

13TH, 131 WEST.—Elegant furnished, heated, sunny rooms, also connecting; select locality; reduced rent.

13TH, 104, (West of 5th Av.)—Large and small rooms, near bathroom; references.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable hall rooms; running water, bath; $4-$4.50.

37TH ST., 27, 37, and 45 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double rooms; private baths; electricity; telephone; $5; $6; $9; $10.

47TH, 41 WEST.—Splendid front room; private bath; electricity; steam; select.

50TH, 44 WEST.—Sunny, comfortable, single room, with bath adjoining. Plaza 6296.

56TH, 55 WEST.—Small room; steam heat, electric light; gentleman; reference.

57TH ST., 150 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms, with or without private bath; convenient location.

57TH ST., 153 WEST.—Small front room; southern exposure; reasonable; reference; telephone.

57TH, 352 WEST.—Large, choice, desirable rooms; light housekeeping; house just opening.

58TH ST., 21 and 23 WEST.—Elegant double, single rooms; private bath, electricity, telephone; $7; $8; $10.

65TH, 5 WEST.—Large alcove parlor; phone and shower bath; near Park, Subway, and "L"; $6.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms, with, without private bath.

70TH, 43 WEST.—Exceptionally large, well-furnished, well-heated room; telephone; reasonable.

71ST, 251 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; suitable one, two; running water; references.

72D, 147 WEST, (Subway.)—Furnished room, private bath, toilet, surplus heat; continuous hot water; high-class house; references.

72D ST., 250 WEST.—Exceptionall large floor; light, sunny rooms; private bath; high-class house; board optional. Mrs. Clark.

73D, 112 WEST.—Desirable rooms; elevated and Subway express; references; table board.

73D, 153 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room; private bath; electricity, telephone; Subway express.

73D, 272 WEST.—Large double rooms; shower, electricity; references.

73D, 255 WEST.—Select house; large room; private bath; also smaller room.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Private house; large, medium, small rooms, private baths; telephone; breakfast.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Sunny front rooms; also back parlor, with private bath.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive, large, front room; every comfort and convenience; gentlemen.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Large front room, twin beds; medium room, gentleman; references.

78TH, 132 WEST.—Large room; southern exposure; private bath; twin beds; smaller rooms.

78TH, 203 WEST.—Front parlor and bedroom, next bath; also single room; steam heat, electric light. Schuyler 8183.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful large front room; southern exposure; running water; Subway; references.

81ST, 251 WEST.—(REALLY DESIRABLE,) large, sunny room, in high-class elevator apartment, near Subway and elevated; reasonable.

82D, 140 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, large, small; southern exposure; conveniences; telephone; references.

82D, 109 WEST.—Neatly furnished, warm rooms; all conveniences; reasonable. Koenig.

82D, 134 WEST.—One or two large second-floor rooms; private baths.

83D, 142 WEST.—Well furnished, clean room; modern apartment; telephone; references. A. Smith.

84TH, 45 WEST.—Elegant, large room; private bath; suitable two gentlemen; breakfast; references.

85TH, 104 WEST.—Desirable front parlor suite, connecting bath, suitable gentleman, refined couple; also small room. Schuyler 8655. Jennings.

85TH, 101 WEST.—Desirable, large, light, outside room; southern exposure; medium room; gentlemen.

85TH ST., 202 WEST.—Beautiful, newly furnished parlor suite; private entrance; telephone; reasonable. Winters.

86TH and WEST END AV.—Large room, $7; gentleman only; bath convenient; private residence. Phone Schuyler 6620.

86TH, 337 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room with bath; exclusive; near Riverside and Subway.

87TH, 319 WEST.—Fine, large room; gentlemen; private family; references.

93D ST., 43 WEST.—Large room; private family; meals optional; elevator. Apt. 18.

94TH (702 WEST END AV.)—Parlor and two bedrooms, connecting; comfortably furnished; piano; bath; tel.; no other roomers; references. Petersen.

97TH, 64 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished, well-kept rooms; reasonable. Telephone 3249 Riverside.

97TH, 230 WEST.—Beautiful large room, (Broadway,) elevator apartment; board optional. Apartment 6 A.

104TH, 140 WEST.—Two-room suite, suitable three gentlemen; rent separately; ideal.

111TH, 526 WEST.—Large, attractive room, adjoining bath; moderate; reference. Apt. 4B.

112TH, 611 WEST.—Comfortable front room, private family; gentleman; references; select apartment. Knight.

113TH, 536 WEST, (Apt. 82.)—Large front room; Hudson view; elevator; breakfast optional.

116TH, 374 WEST.—Bedroom, sitting room if desired; accommodations; private. Rowan.

118TH, 420 WEST.—One or two front rooms; one with running water. Apartment 22.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Front suite; southern exposure; single room; reasonable. Apt. 32.

118TH, 625 WEST.—Bright outside room; view Columbia campus; kitchen privileges. Apt. 61.

119TH, 420 WEST.—Apt. 51, large, attractive, sunny, well-furnished; overlooking Morningside Drive.

120TH, 423 WEST.—Attractively furnished room; elevator apartment; overlooking Hudson; modern conveniences. Apartment 106.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Warm, light room; elevator, telephone; no other roomers; business woman. Apartment 56.

121ST, 170 WEST.—Sunny corner, single, en suite; telephone; $2-$4. Hungerford.

122D, 212 WEST.—Large front room, outside; one or two; business gentlemen; telephone; references.

123D, 547 WEST.—Furnished room; select private family; home privileges; no other roomers; modern elevator building; references; $3-$4; convenient Broadway and Subway.

122D ST., 508 WEST.—Rooms to rent; home privileges to woman of culture.

123D, 457 WEST.—Comfortable, light room, adjoining bath; no other roomers. Mrs. Fenning.

125TH, (355 Lenox Av.)—Newly furnished, single, double rooms; $2.50 up; kitchenette. Morningside 1518.

129TH, 1 WEST.—Best order, newly furnished single rooms; $2.50; heated; telephone.

147TH, 628 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, well heated, hot water, adjoining bath; gentlemen.

148TH, 601 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, fronting Broadway; elevator, electricity. Phone 4236 Audubon. Bradley.

140TH, 608 WEST, (Apt. 44.)—Front suite or single room; modern conveniences; telephone; Subway.

ABSOLUTELY modern residence; large, $6; small, $4; suite, kitchenette, private bath, $12; college bred people; 136 West 97th.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, (66th.)—Couple having charming apartment would rent room; private lavatory; adjoining bath. Jackson, Columbus 7915.

MORNINGSIDE AV. EAST, 124, (124th St.)—Large, cheerful, front room; steam; homelike; private American family; $5 weekly. E. H.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (Eighties.)—Medium-sized, comfortably furnished room, running hot and cold water, in apartment, private family. A 376 Times Downtown.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Large room, with bath, adjoining, to man and wife; responsible reference. Tel. 4570 Audubon, Apt. 6-D.

WEST END, 611.—Delightful room, private bath; electricity; 91st Subway; private family; references.

Bronx.

175TH, 486 EAST.—Large front room, private, suitable two, couple; bath, kitchen, phone.

175TH ST, 486 EAST.—Large front room; use bath, kitchen; suitable couple, two; "L."

Unfurnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents a line.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Two rooms; sunny; en suite; bath, electricity; private house; references; bachelors.

Situations Wanted Female

Fifteen cents a line.

BILLER, expert on Nahl typewriter, desires position downtown. A. Breslin, 352 69th St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Competent to take charge of difficult work necessary at this time of the year; inventories, closing books, and financial statements. A 357 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, switchboard operator; Christian; double entry; experienced, competent, reliable; trial balances, reports; references; $10. B 225 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge of stenography; thoroughly experienced; monthly balances; moderate salary. B 288 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; trial balance, controlling accounts; thoroughly competent; $13. B 282 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; tel. operator; experienced; (19;) $8; unquestionable references. B 246 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; several years' experience; A1 references; reasonable salary. B 279 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER.—Some experience, competent; A1 references. G. Roth, 1,840 Madison Av.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert; trial balance, controlling accounts, modern methods, typist; $12. W 154 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced young lady wishes position; $7. Jennie Meyers, 92 Sheriff St.

CHAMBERMAID, &c.—Girl desires situation as chambermaid, waitress, or cook; references. J. Vauthier, 1,987 Daly Av., Bronx.

DRESSMAKER, good fitter, stylish alterations, $2.50 daily, wishes new customers. Morningside 4538.

DRESSMAKER.—Competent; home, out. Telephone 2730 Audubon. Stafford, 3,575 Broadway, corner 147th.

HOUSEKEEPER.—By experienced Norwegian woman, conversing in either English, Spanish, a situation as housekeeper in private family or small club; references of sterling quality given. Address or apply by letter, C. M. C., 5,709 6th Av., (store,) Brooklyn.

LADY'S MAID.—German, aged 42, wishes position; good seamstress, packer, traveler; best city references. Phone 2957 Murray Hill—A. 491 Lexington Av.

MASSEUSE.—Swedish graduate; $2 for treatment, ladies' residences. Eckestan, 698 East 138th St.

NURSERY GOVERNESS.—Nursery governess; excellent physical care, kindergarten methods; good sewer; willing, useful; best references; refined. S 216 Times Downtown.

NURSE.—Thoroughly experienced; one or two children; highest personal references; Scotch. Apply K., 157 East 47th St.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Refined young woman desires position in doctor's office, sanitarium, or girls' school; excellent references; good stenographer and typist. M 15 Times.

SEAMSTRESS.—Good fitter; remodeling misses' clothes also; home, out. Spawn, 202 West 102d.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; takes dictation and transcribes accurately and rapidly; moderate. Anna Dipman, 605 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; highly educated; broad, technical experience; assume responsibilities; $14. B 227 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; good grammarian, mathematician; three years' experience; $10. B 242 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and TYPIST desires position; experienced; good references; moderate salary; no agency. Miss Kelly, 150 East 60th St.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Beginner; intelligent American; neat appearance; good speller; no agency; $6. Miss Meeker, 298 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; competent, experienced; high school education. Efficient, 61 East 106th St.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; highly educated; technical experience; assume responsibilities; $15. B 289 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; some experience; graduated Heffley Institute; knowledge bookkeeping. Johanna, 268 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Bookkeeper, Typewriter.—Neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST.—Thoroughly experienced; 20 years old; refined; Christian; $8. B 281 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Brainy; good grammarian, speller; quick apprehension; accurate transcriber; $8-$10. M 17 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; 5 years' experience; accurate, rapid, conscientious; $12. B 226 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Brainy; good grammarian; charge correspondence, office; references; $9. B 296 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; engineering, exporting; knowledge German. Rogers, B 228 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Typist, assistant bookkeeper; high school graduate; moderate salary. B 219 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; five years' experience; thoroughly competent and reliable; salary $10. B 293 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; $8; three years' experience. Elsie Williams, Audubon 1746.

STENOGRAPHER; high school graduate; 1 year's experience; good speller, grammarian; $6. B 263 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary; charge correspondence, office; brainy, reliable; accuracy essential; $12. M 18 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly competent; business school graduate; salary, $6-$7. B 286 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright beginner, 16 years old; business school graduate; $6. B 280 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; conversant office details, (22;) $10. Underhill, 351 West 141st.

STENOGRAPHER.—20, high school graduate; 3 years' experience; $8. Advertiser, 330 W. 141st.

STENOGRAPHER; rapid operator; references; will substitute; $10. B 294 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, 22, five years' experience; refined and neat; salary, $9. B 283 Times Downtown.

WAITRESS or CHAMBERMAID wants position. Care Mrs. J. Roden, 1,202 3d Av.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents a line.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St.; first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; city, country; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1899.

COLORED HELP, well recommended, obtainable. Modern Agency, 101 West 138th. Audubon 7259.

COMPETENT colored help, short notice; references. TULL AGENCY, 2,297 7th Av. 8022 Morningside.

Employment Agencies Protective League, Inc.
League protects employer and employee.
Attorneys for The League.
Henry Frank—Milton Frank, 100 B'way.

Half-time day's work, permanent; white, colored. Noel's Agency. (5062 Riverside.) 101 W. 95th.

HOUSEWORKERS, $25; partly trained, $15; cooks, $30; laundresses, $25; waitresses, $22; nurses, $18-$25; city, country. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., 75th. Schuyler 9136.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents a line.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright girl for office work; good opportunity for advancement; salary, $6 to $8 to start. Room 525, 30 Church St.

STOCK GIRLS
for Muslin Underwear
Dept.; must be bright
and quick. Apply Supt.'s
office, 38th St. entrance.
BONWIT TELLER & CO.,
5TH AV. & 38TH ST.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents a line.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR
TRAINING SECRETARIES
at a reliable school. Registered and Inspected by the Regents of the State of New York. Day and evening session. Individual instruction; monthly payments.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

Public Notices

Forty-five cents a line.

MISS CLEVELAND or ANY NURSE who had a case at Grand Union Hotel, New York City, in March, 1893, can give information of value if she will communicate with H. R., 26 Beaver St., New York City. 'Phone Broad, 3831.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty-five cents a line.

HIGHEST PRICES for pawn tickets, diamonds, old gold, silver, platinum, antiques, artificial teeth. A. S. Borg, 146 West 23d.

Anything bought in diamonds and jewelry. Krisch, 1,547 Broadway; established 28 yrs.

Situations Wanted Male

Fifteen cents a line.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, RESULTS CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly upward; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone 2351 John.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, systematized; tax reports; arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers. Accountant, 35 Nassau, Room 501. Telephone 7953 Cort. Home telephone 9010 Melrose.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, office manager, member of Frank Broakers' Alumni, is desirous of making a change; investment or bond. Address M 19 Times.

ACCOUNTANT—CERTIFIED.
Audits; systems installed; superior service. Kenneth Fairbanks, 55 Liberty St. Cortlandt 6970.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER desires position with company needing capable man. L 131 Times.

A PUBLICITY EXPERT.
Forceful copy writer, finished correspondent and mail order executive, desires position with reputable firm where his intelligent, conscientious, effective sales, promotion methods unfailingly interest wealthy and socially prominent patronage. Convincing proof at interview. Veritas, K 2 Times Annex.

BILL CLERK, Elliott Fisher operator; rapid and accurate at figures; competent, reliable; desires position with future. M 27 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Exert; wide knowledge general business; competent take complete charge; seeks responsible position. Luscher, 555 West 171st St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; 13 years' experience; trial balances, financial statements, reports; references; bond. L 123 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Above average; well experienced; modern methods; accurate, speedy; recommended. L 82 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry, express experience, cost accounting, statements, balance revised; $14. D 330 W. 141st.

BOOKKEEPER.—Modern methods, controlling accounts, analysis, balances; references. Roland, 138 West 117th.

BOOKKEEPER.—A1 accountant; 12 years' experience; $17. W., 114 Brooklyn Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager; competent, reliable; good references. S 19 Irving Place.

BOY of experience; graduated; best references; reliable; American. Noonan, B 248 Times Downtown.

BOY wishes position in stock room or office work; age 17. B 287 Times Downtown.

CARETAKER.—Refined colored lad would like to care bachelor's apartment; generally useful. Nelson, 53 Irving Place, care Denning.

CHAUFFEUR.—Am laying up my car and want to place my man; can give him best recommendations. Darnstaedt, care of Universal Auto Appliance and Cons. Co., 4018 Bryant.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic; single; 30; six years' experience; best city and country references; go anywhere. M 16 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Expert driver and crackerjack mechanic; best references. Faust, 170 East 89th.

CHAUFFEUR.—6 years driving; best references; sober, honest. Dowd, 160 East 46th.

CLERK, 6 years' experience; knowledge stenography, typewriting; salary $15. B 241 Times Downtown.

COOK.—Experienced Japanese cook desires position with moderate wages. Toro, 138 East 59th.

COOK.—Japanese, experienced, wishes position in private place anywhere; has reference. Kshira, 41 East 19th St.

CORRESPONDENT.—Young man, (American,) typewrites, speaks French, German, desires position; $8. W 164 Times.

COUPLE wish position city or country; wife excellent cook; man, chauffeur and useful; best references. Mr. K., 615 3d Av., care Mrs. Allen.

CREDIT MAN.—Wide-awake young man, university graduate, seeks a better opportunity as credit manager; also a competent accountant and office manager; last position 4 years; exceptional references. W 75 Times.

ENERGETIC AMERICAN, 27 years, ten years' business experience, desires position requiring some outside work. B 285 Times Downtown.

I AM LOOKING FOR
THE RIGHT CONNECTION.
I want to represent you in any territory, either by opening a branch factory or a selling and distributing centre; or should you need a salesman or sales manager who understands modern business methods, who can successfully handle a sales force; I am thirty years of age, full of experience, enterprise, and energy; my references and record will satisfy you.
L 132 Times.

LATIN AMERICA.
SALESMAN.—Able, energetic, wide awake business man, 15 years' experience in Latin America, perfect knowledge (not book) of Spanish, Portuguese, French, English, and German, desires to correspond with reliable firm desirous of a representative to travel in Latin America; would accept permanent position as resident agent in Buenos Aires or Rio de Janeiro; highest references; ability, honesty, and success. M 28 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, 19, three years' experience, desires position; advancement essential; reference. M 14 Times.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE, broad experience; exceptional ability handling correspondence; 12 years' experience accounting; systematizing collections; now employed; salary $2,000; would leave N. Y. Y 216 Times Annex.

OFFICE MANAGER, bookkeeper, credit man, systematizer; 22 years' office experience; married; age 38; salary, $1,800. B 284 Times Downtown.

REPAIR MAN wants position with real estate company; has experience around boilers and steamfitting; at present employed; has own tools for all repairs. Kroom, 558 Lexington Av., 2d bell.

SALESMAN LIVING IN CHICAGO WANTS LINE IN COATS, SUITS, DRESSES; FORMERLY IN BUSINESS; CAN SHOW GOOD RESULTS; COMMISSION BASIS. L. S., 246 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 21, wishes position with large wholesale house as floor salesman; have big following with largest houses of the country; references. B 291 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY or confidential man, 35 years old, wants position; fifteen years' experience, both domestic and foreign, with present employer, who will answer as to character and ability. Wm. A. Stone, 10 William St., Worcester, Mass.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER.—With highest credentials; experienced; $12-$14. R. Save, 1,043 Boston Road, Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man as stenographer and general office assistant. Reuscher. Telephone Columbus 5415.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, neat boy; beginner; rapid; $7. Joseph S., 299 Times Downtown.

TO BOOKSELLERS and PUBLISHERS.

Young man, thirty, married, university graduate, B. A., American, with seven years' experience in various responsible positions in magazine, book advertising, general publishing, and wholesale and retail bookselling business, with knowledge of French and extensive acquaintance with general literature, desires connection with first-class bookselling or publishing establishment; is energetic, industrious, ambitious, and capable of constructive work, commanding good salary; at present engaged, but open to good offer at reasonable notice after thorough mutual investigation. Individuals or firms with possible opening for such a man, who, under certain conditions, would make moderate investment, are requested to give this advertisement careful consideration and to address M 22 Times.

UPHOLSTERER.—Expert his trade, wants private work; reference. George, 70 E. 105th.

WORK WANTED

for office help (male and female) of all kinds; best references; no fees.

WALL STREET EMPLOYEES
RELIEF COMMITTEE.
20 Broad Street. Tel. 3099 Rector.

YOUNG, capable attorney, with business experience, desires business position. B 292 Times Downtown.

YOUNG COLLEGE MAN, (20,) extensive business experience, wishes employment afternoons or evenings. Goldenthal, 540 St. Paul's Place, Bronx.

YOUNG MAN (25) desires clerical position; ten years' experience; can furnish best of references; now employed as adjuster with a large corporation. M 26 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18; bright, intelligent, reliable; highest recommendation; any position. W 156 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, would like position with reliable firm; excellent references. M 13 Times.

Lost and Found

Forty-five cents a line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST—LADY'S FUR SCARF,
in Rector's or in taxi en route to 81st St. early Sunday morning. Suitable reward if returned to Apartment E, eleventh floor, 219 West 81st St. No questions asked.

LOST—An earring consisting of 4 diamonds, one large one at bottom and 3 small ones at top, between 135 Riverside Drive and 146 Broadway; reasonable reward; no questions. Mrs. Wiesen, 587 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Saturday afternoon, west side, between 76th and 125th Sts., small wide band gold bracelet; suitable reward. 852 Marbridge Building.

LOST—A necklace of small different colored stones; of no special value except to owner. Reward upon return to Cashier, Waldorf-Astoria.

LOST—Diamond bracelet, between Holland House and Prince George Hotel, Sunday afternoon; valued as keepsake. Mabel Murray, Holland House. Large reward.

LOST—Meshbag, between 76th and 81st, east side Broadway, 5:30 P. M. Jan. 11; suitable reward. Miss B. I. Smith, 48 West 73d St.

LOST—Saturday, between Madison Av. and 94th St. and the New Amsterdam Theatre, a gold pin; reward. Apt. 1-N, 1,337 Madison Av.

LOST—Diamond and pearl pin, made form of bunch of grapes; liberal reward. Lorayne Leslie, Globe Theatre.

LOST—Columbus Av. and 85th St., Monday, package underwear. Return Apt. 4C, 77 West 85th St.; liberal reward.

LOST.—On Saturday afternoon a string of clouded amber beads; reward offered for its return. N. M. W., M 1 Times.

LOST—Diamond ring, Times Square Station, Saturday, 6:15 P. M.; reward. Richman, 182 East 3d St.

LOST—Sunday morning, blue morocco handbag; initials "H. E. A." Armstrong, 7700 Morningside.

LOST—Friday, handbag, left on West Shore train, Weehawken, 4:30; reward. 72 West 68th St.

LOST—Friday, Lord & Taylor, skunk muff, white fur lining; reward. Meier, 101 W. 88th.

LOST—Gold lorgnettes; gentleman who found return to McKeon, 520 West 122d. Reward.

REWARD—Amsterdam, 10th Av. car, Jan. 9, between 2-2:30 P. M., brown velvet purse, rhinestone monogram; no questions. 461 W. 153d.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Black Pomeranian male dog, Friday night, between 57th and 8th Av. and 59th entrance the Park; harness and leader; liberal reward, dead or alive. M. C. Johnson, 234 West 51st St.

LOST—Saturday, 8:30 P. M., 119th, black Pomeranian dog, weighing about 4 pounds; liberal reward, no questions. Burke, 112 W. 119th.

Situations Wanted Male

Fifteen cents a line.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents a line.

FOR HELP WANTED.
High-grade male and female, skilled or unskilled,
CALL FRANKLIN 6100
THE CITY OF NEW YORK
PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT BUREAU
SERVICE FREE TO ALL
Cor. Lafayette & Leonard Sts.,
1 block from Broadway surface and Worth St. surface cars.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents a line.

ACCOUNTANT and AUDITOR, by C. P. A. firm; desirable connection for young man with broad accounting experience and requisite natural ability; state age, references, and salary expected to commence. B 297 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Wanted, immediately, two first-class men; must have their degree; state qualifications, salary expected. Apply B 295 Times Downtown.

ATTENTION! YOUNG MEN!—A number of vacancies in Company A, 71st Infantry, to be filled at once; an opportunity for military training in one of New York's greatest military organizations; 20 men of good character wanted; one evening drill each week; full privileges of splendidly equipped, modern armory, gymnasium, shower baths, track and boxing trainers, rifle ranges, pool and billiards, bowling, library; State supplies equipment—overcoat, two uniforms, arms, &c., free. For full particulars call tonight after 5 P. M., or address Capt. J. Macy, Company A, 71st Infantry, 33d St. and 4th Avenue, New York.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced and competent, with knowledge of typewriting; man or woman. Apply by letter, giving qualifications and reference. J. Roemer, Pharmacy, White Plains, N. Y.

CHEF and wife as meat and pastry cook; competent; experienced; apartment hotel. 66 Orange St., Brooklyn.

I WANT A MAN, (over 27 years old,) who can sell service and efficiency to business men—whether that service be in connection with a typewriter, an adding machine, a motor truck, or what not. To such a man I will give a good salary—with a commission that offers a big income to a big man. New York City territory. Send your credentials with first letter. Address, in confidence, Sales Manager, P. O. Box 1,201, New York City.

REPRESENTATIVE wanted for large, high-class specialty pharmaceutical house to locate in a large city East or Middle West, possibly Pacific Coast; experience detailing physicians necessary, state qualifications fully. Reliability, M 24 Times.

RUBBER GARMENT SPECIALTY CO., BROOKLYN, N. Y., making a strong popular line of rubberized raincoats will be interested to hear from traveling salesmen who want to handle our line as side line on commission; men only selling the better trade and who can sell a satisfactory volume for us; prompt deliveries; reply at once with full particulars.

SALESMAN for New York central territory; one acquainted with the trade and experienced in handling ladies' neckwear; commission. Address, giving references and experience, Colonial Mfg. Co., 55 Bedford St., Boston, Mass.

SALESMAN for Middle West by reputable popular-priced coat house; only those who have had long experience in this line and territory and command a large following; first-class opportunity for right party; commission basis. S 19 Times.

SALESMAN.—One with experience in clothing or uniforms; salary; apply 10 o'clock this morning. Army and Navy Co-operative Co., new Rogers Peet Building, 16 East 42d St.

SALESMAN.—Acquainted with millinery buyers, for retail trade in New York State, Ohio, Indiana, and Pennsylvania; call for information, between 2 and 4 P. M.; commission basis. H. Olinger, 481 Broome St.

SALESMAN.—Experienced salesman wanted for raincoats, on commission basis. B Boonims, 17 E. B'way.

SALESMAN.—Cotton goods; city and traveling for special numbers; commission. M 11 Times.

SINGERS.—Amateur singers wanted; call Tuesday evening, 5 to 8; bring song for voice trial. 64 West 40th St.

SOLICITORS.—First-class publishing house has opening for high-grade men or women solicitors; high references required with application; easy sales; good commission. T 35 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, office assistant; 20; well educated, experienced, intelligent. M 20 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents a line.

BOWTELL'S BUSINESS BRAIN AGENCY,
170 Broadway.
Billing-typist; rapid; $15 and meals.
Shipper-packer; experienced glassware; $15.

LEARN MECHANICAL DENTISTRY!
Grand possibilities; great demand everywhere; high-paying professional trade; taught thoroughly in 250 hours, at your convenience, day or evening; no book study; individual instruction by leading experts; easy payments; earn while learning; write or call.
THE DENTAL SCHOOL OF AMERICA.
25 West 45th St. Largest, most complete.

LEARN PHOTOGRAPHY.—Earn $50 to $100 weekly as a motion-picture photographer; earn $20 to $50 weekly as a studio, newspaper, war official, or commercial photographer; photo-engraver; no book study; 1 to 3 months' practice and demonstration; we assist you to positions; $10 starts you; earn while learning; men and women; write or call. New York Institute of Photography, 1,269 Broadway. E. Brunel, Director.

MEN.—Great demand; splendid income assured mechanical dentists; no book study. For particulars apply Bodee's Dental Trade School, Dept. T, 489 5th Av., near 42d. The first school recognized by dental profession. Estab. 1892.

ADAMSON PROTESTS AT SUBWAY REPAIRS

Writes Service Board That New Cables Are Not Being Put Into Metal Pipes.

ENGINEERS TO INVESTIGATE

Shonts Expects Composite Cars Won't Be Replaced in Less Than Year and a Half.

Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson has written to the Public Service Commission about repairs being made to the electric cables, the burning out of which last Wednesday caused the fatal Subway accident. At Fifty-third Street there was a cable crossing over and along the roof to connect the splicing chambers or manholes on either side of the Subway. Mr. Adamson said yesterday that he considered the manholes themselves were a danger to the Subway, only less than the use of the composite cars.

The Fire Commissioner informed Chairman McCall that Chief Kenlon, Chief Bates, the electrical engineer of the Fire Department, and Joseph Hammitt, Chief of the Fire Prevention Bureau, had called his attention "to the fact that the crossover cables are being reinstalled without being inclosed in iron armored conduits, according to the best modern practice and according to the method followed for all interior wiring of fireproof structures."

"Mr. Bates calls attention," the Commissioner wrote, "to the fact that the standards for wiring construction, now generally adopted under the National Electrical Code, provide methods of installation which insure far more fireproof conditions than those existing in the electric circuits of the Subway. As the repair work is now progressing I thought I would bring this matter to your attention, as you would probably wish to take it up at once with the Interborough Company and see that the crossover cables are installed with better outside protection."

Travis H. Whitney, Secretary of the commission, said its engineers were looking into the entire question of fire precaution in the Subway, but that meantime it was necessary to make immediate repairs. The engineers would consider whether it was advisable to place the cables in metal pipes and would try to obtain the best possible system of insulation.

When the Fire Commissioner referred to the National Electric Code he had overlooked the fact that the code did not consider railroad conditions at all, and therefore laid down no standard for the protection of these cables, Mr. Whitney said. Certainly the placing of the cables in vitrified brick conduits outside the splicing chambers was much safer than running them through metal pipes.

There was another fire in the Subway early yesterday morning, which caused Commissioner Adamson to remark that although it had not been caused by any part of the ordinary operation of the line, it showed once more the need of a direct fire alarm in connection with the Interborough system. The fire occurred in a composite car standing in a dead train on a siding on the elevated part of the Subway at Intervale Avenue. By the time engines arrived the car was blazing fiercely, and nothing could be done to save it.

Theodore P. Shonts, President of the Interborough, explained that this was one of the cars which had had its emergency lighting battery exhausted in the accident on Wednesday. It was standing on the siding being recharged, and a short circuit occurred, resulting in the fire. Battalion Chief Walter Jones reported to Commissioner Adamson that he had been informed by an Interborough foreman that an experiment with the storge battery went wrong.

Mr. Shonts said that Mr. Hedley had telephoned last week to the four or five leading car manufacturers and had found that it would be impossible to have all the steel cars, to replace composite cars, constructed in less than two years. He thought Mr. Hedley had managed to get that time cut down by about six months. The commission, however, wants the substitution to begin by May 1.

The Electric Railway Journal, commenting on the recent Subway accident, says that for the year ended June 30, 1914, there were 265 passengers killed on steam railroads of the country and 13,121 injured, and in the previous twelve months 403 killed and 16,539 injured. On the other hand, in the year ended June 30, 1914, the Interborough had no one killed and no one seriously injured, although it carried four times as many passengers.

HIGH OFFICIALS AT INQUEST.

Shonts, Hedley, Belmont, and Fisher Examined as to 9th Ave. Wreck.

Continuing his inquest into the death of two persons killed on Dec. 9 in an accident on the Ninth Avenue elevated, Coroner Riordan called T. P. Shonts, President; August Belmont, Chairman; Frank Hedley, General Manager, and Horace M. Fisher, Secretary of the Interborough. He questioned them particularly with the idea of fastening upon higher officials responsibility for the accident.

Of Mr. Hedley the Coroner wanted to know why steel cars were not used on the elevated lines. Mr. Hedley said their structure was not strong enough, and as far as he knew the Directors had never been asked to run only steel cars.

Mr. Hedley said that, if necessary, he approved of operating a train from the fourth car, and then explained how the conductor should stand on the front platform to signal and take up a station man to fill his place.

Motors were examined every day, Mr. Hedley said, and after a car had run 1,000 miles it was sent to the shops for adjustment. The life of a motor was indefinite, but Mr. Hedley would not admit that trouble was frequent considering the number of train movements. In a year there had been thirty-four irregularities in 17,000,000 movements of the motors.

At the afternoon session Mr. Fisher put in evidence the minutes of Directors' meetings for three years, and Coroner Riordan asked what steps to safeguard passengers had been taken by the board.

"I should have to examine the entire minutes to answer that," said Mr. Fisher. "I will swear that in any case where no action was taken the board considered none necessary."

Mr. Belmont was asked what action had been taken to safeguard the lives of passengers.

"Any number of appropriations for safety devices have been made, but as for a general resolution, that has been unnecessary." The management of the elevated, said Mr. Belmont, was in the hands of Mr. Shonts and Mr. Hedley, and he approved of it.

When Mr. Shonts took the stand the Coroner wanted to know if a man was kept at every station to inspect and overhaul motors. The President replied that he should hate to think they were running motors that needed repairs at every station.

When the Coroner sought to make a point of the fact that at South Ferry a motorman would have to walk 300 feet to the end of the platform to a telephone, Mr. Shonts replied: "Yes, and there is no telephone at the middle of the platform, nor yet at the quarter sections. We can't have a telephone every 20 feet."

Mr. Shonts said he approved of Mr. Hedley's management of the elevated and blamed the accident on the conductor for not being on the lookout at the front of the train. When the Coroner asked as to what inspection the Directors had given to the line he said: "The company is an organization. If one man could be in possession of all the details of management there would be no need for an organization. It is a novel idea to ask if the board knew about a lamp on a certain platform."

The inquest will continue this afternoon.

PASTOR WAKES UP AS NAVY MUSICIAN

Amnesia Victim Traveled from Minnesota to Florida and Enlisted There.

COLLAPSED IN FIFTH AVENUE

Came North on Monitor Ozark—Remembers Nothing Since Dec. 15 —Will Get Discharge.

A man in the afternoon throng of Fifth Avenue paraders clapped his hands to his head, uttered a cry and collapsed on the sidewalk near Forty-second Street. Instantly a crowd surrounded him, some one telephoned for an ambulance, and Dr. Dineen hurried him off to New York Hospital senseless. The nurses searched his pockets and found enlistment papers showing that Richard Hudd had become a musician of the second grade in the United States Navy at Key West, Fla., on Dec. 26.

Also there was an identification card and a key showing that Hudd had been transferred to the Navy Yard in Brooklyn and, since Jan. 2, had been living in the Naval Y. M. C. A. in Sand Street. The hospital communicated with the Navy Yard and William S. Porteous, a first-class yoeman in command of recruits aboard the receiving ship Maine, visited the hospital.

"That's Hudd," said he. "He hasn't got a uniform yet. He enlisted in Key West and came north on the monitor Ozark. He's been waiting for a uniform and an assignment to some ship's band and living meantime near the Navy Yard. He got leave of absence Saturday and was due back at 7:30 o'clock Monday morning. It's Hudd, all right. I've seen him every day."

"Where am I?" He Asks.

And then the unconscious man on the cot opened his eyes, gazed without a sign of recognition at Porteous and the doctors and nurses, and inquired anxiously:

"Where am I? Why am I here? What happened?"

His questions fairly tumbled over one another, and he glanced nervously, almost afrightedly, around the ward. It was Sunday evening. It was Sunday afternoon when he collapsed. The doctors told him of his collapse, and told him he was in New York. The man listened, obviously scarce compdehending, and when they had finished, exclaimed petulantly:

"I don't understand anything about it. I'm the Rev. Walter R. Burton of the First Christian Church, Fairmount, Minn. I had a pain in my head yesterday and that's all I remember."

"Yesterday," the loctors learned by sympathetic questions, was Dec. 15. Burton's mind had been ab lank from then until he awoke in the hospital. On that date, apparently, he had been in Fairmount attending to his church duties. Since then he had traveled more than half across the continent, had enlisted and had sailed the sea though never before in his life had he even gazed on the ocean. How he had done all this Burton hadn't the slightest idea.

Once Played in a Band.

His enlistment papers showed that he had given his birthplace and date correctly as Milwaukee, Dec. 19, 1885. He had given his address, however, as the Baltimore Hotel, Kansas City, Mo., and he did not recall even having been there. The name Hudd he explained readily. It was his true name, but he had adopted the name Burton, the name of his mother's second husband, who became his stepfather when he was only 4. He had once played in an amateur band and supposed that was why he had enlisted as a musician.

Burton said he had suffered once before from a similar attack of amnesia, and then had been away from home for several months. He had never traveled so far before, however. At his request a telegram was sent to his wife in Fairmount, but a reply came back that she had gone to visit a sister at 1,106 North Thirteenth Street, Boise, Idaho, and another telegram was sent there yesterday. No reply had been received up to last night.

At the Navy Yard it was said that Burton had not overstayed his leave since he was reported from the hospital before 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning. He will be returned to the Navy Yard when he can leave the hospital, probably today, but, it was said, his enlistment will doubtless be canceled after his story has been investigated.

SAW BARS DESPITE CURRENT

Burglars Cut Electric Wires Before Beginning on Store Door.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Jan. 11.—Burglars sawed through electrically charged iron bars protecting the door of the H. W. Mills hardware store early today and carried away cutlery, tools, and hardware worth $1,000. The goods were of such bulk that a wagon must have been used to move them.

Less than a month ago the store was robbed, and to prevent a repetition Mr. Mills had the protecting bars connected with a powerful electric circuit. It seems that the intruders knew of the danger and disconnected the wires before they began to saw the bars.

CONVENE IN TRENTON TODAY

Republicans Control Both Branches of the Legislature.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 11.—With the Republican Party in control of both the Senate and the Assembly, having a majority of 17 on joint ballot, the one hundred and thirty-ninth Legislature will be convened here tomorrow at noon. Incidentally, it will mark the passing of the Democrats to the minority for the first time since 1912, when President Wilson was Governor.

Walter E. Edge will be elected as President of the Senate and Carlton Godfrey Speaker of the House. Both come from Atlantic County. In the Senate there will be 11 Republicans and 10 Democrats, and in the Assembly 38 Republicans and 22 Democrats. Not only will the Republicans name the officers of both houses, but they distribute the patronage and control the committees. Senator William T. Read of Camden has been chosen as the majority floor leader, and the Democratic floor leader will be Senator Charles O'Connor Hennessy of Bergen. William L. Dill will be succeeded as Secretary of the Senate by Francis B. Davis of Gloucester County.

Upton S. Jefferys of Camden County will be returned Clerk of the House. The Republican floor leader will be William N. Runyan of Union County and the Democratic whip will be Thomas F. Martin of Hudson.

It is expected that measures embracing the recommendations of the Economy and Efficiency Commission will be among the first measures put in. The Legislature will probably adjourn late tomorrow afternoon to meet next Monday evening.

A most extraordinary sale of the finest Overcoats made at

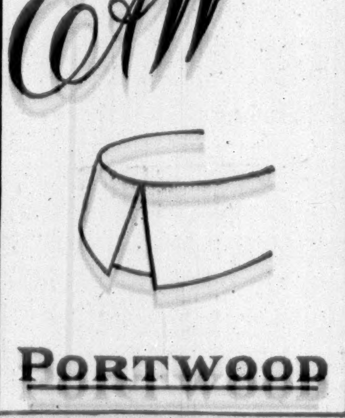
$35.00

Hart Schaffner & Marx made them,—Sedan Montagnacs Crombie Chinchillas English Curls and the best domestic Kerseys and Meltons, regularly $65, $55, $50 and $45.

now $35.00

Wallach Bros.

Broadway at 29th
246-248 West 125th
Third Ave. corner 122d
and—
the New Store
Broadway, below Chambers



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FINISHED SIZE 6x10
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Cut this Coupon
Good Until Feb. 10, 1915.

ASTOR THEATRE, B'way 45 St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees TODAY & Sat. 2:15.
MATINEE TODAY 2:15
YEAR'S BIGGEST HIT "Hello Broadway" with Geo. M. Cohan, Wm. Collier, 100 others.
CANDLER West 42d Street. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
"ON TRIAL" 500 Good Seats in 1st Balcony, 50c, 75c and $1.00.
PARK COLUMBUS CIRCLE, 59TH ST. Phone 9590 Col. Nights 8:20.
Half Price Mat. Tom'w Best Seats $1
Polygamy
AMAZING, FASCINATING LOVE DRAMA.
LONGACRE West 48th St. Eves. at 8:30. POP. MAT. TOM'W 2:30.
SECRET STRINGS with LOU TELLEGEN.
BRONX OPERA HO. 149th St. & 3d Av. 25c to $1. Mat. Wed.
CHAUNCEY OLCOTT "The Heart of Paddy Whack"

CHRISTABEL PANKHURST
Will Speak at
CARNEGIE HALL
TOMORROW NIGHT
Subject: Real Common Sense About the War.
Tickets 25c. to $1.50, at Box Office.
Management: J. B. POND LYCEUM BUREAU

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"THE LIE"
Harris Theatre, Tuesday Afternoon
JANUARY 19TH.
FOR THE
HOSPITAL FOR DEFORMITIES AND JOINT DISEASES.

VITAGRAPH 44th St. & Broadway. 2:30 and 8:30.
Twice Daily. Fully Staged Film Plays [illegible] Wm. Humphrey [illegible] Co. [illegible]
COLUMBIA BURLESQUE. Mat. Today.
MURRAY HILL BURLESQUE. Evenings 8:15. FOLLIES OF 1920.

THINGS SAID IN THE LOBBY OF
THE PLAYHOUSE
TO WILLIAM A. BRADY REGARDING
SINNERS
THE NEW DRAMA BY OWEN DAVIS:
"Thank God! a play at last that a clean-minded person can go to see."
"I think it is another 'Old Homestead,' and it also has the fine qualities of 'Way Down East.'"
"No filthy punch, but what a magnificent thrill EMMA DUNN'S beautiful acting gives one!"
"How good to see BOB EDESON and CHARLEY RICHMAN acting together in one cast—and winsome ALICE BRADY and funny FLORENCE NASH."
"More healthy laughter than I have heard in a New York theatre in many a long day; and now and then a tear to lengthen the smile."
"I have just found that you can buy the best seats at box office prices in this theatre. The best can now be had for Lincoln's and Washington's birthdays without your being held up by the speculators."
"Well, after all, New Yorkers do know a good thing when they see it, and all of us are not looking for smut and muck in the theatre."

BURNS MANTLE in THE MAIL Writes:
THE ONLY GIRL
By Henry Blossom and Victor Herbert
Now Playing :: LYRIC THEATRE
"Is so much smarter and so much more entertaining than the average of its kind that at first blush there appears to be no comparison adequate to do it justice."
TAKE HIS TIP!!

HIPPODROME 6th Av., 43-44th. Evs. 8. Dly. Mts. 2. Best Seats $1.
Last 5 Days OF "Wars OF THE World"
In Preparation—A Big Surprise.
PRINCESS THEATRE OF IDEAS, 39th, nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:30.
BENNETT in MATERNITY
Wed. Mat. Prices $1.00 & $1.50.
Night Prices $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50.
39th St. Theatre, near Broadway. Evgs. 8:30. $1.50 Matinee Tomorrow 2:30.
"80 HORSE POWER VIS COMICA." —Reamer, Sun.
MARIE DRESSLER "A MIX-UP."
CASINO Broadway & 39th St. Evgs. 8:20. Popular Matinee Tomorrow 2:20.
Most Wonderful Play in New York. EXPERIENCE
Best Seats in 1st Balcony, 75c. & $1.
44th St. Thea., W. of B'way. Phone 7292 Bryant. Popular Matinee Tomorrow 2:20.
Evgs. 8:20. THE LILAC DOMINO
Professional Matinee Next Friday.
48TH ST. THEA., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:15.
THE LAW OF THE LAND with JULIA DEAN
THE AMERICAN PRIZE PLAY
BOOTH 45th St., West of B'way. TONIGHT AT 8:30.
WINTHROP AMES Presents CHILDREN OF EARTH
By ALICE BROWN. Mats. Wed. & Sat.
CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Phone Bryant 46. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
THE PLAY THAT HAS EVERYTHING
UNDER COVER

THESE NEW YORK LEADING THEATRES HAVE NO DEALINGS WITH THE TYSON CO.
EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. at 2:15.
TONIGHT AT 8:15. First Matinee Tomorrow.
11 NIGHTS & 4 MATINEES.
JOHN DREW
In His Famous Success, ROSEMARY
MONDAY, JAN. 25—ETHEL BARRYMORE.
LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings 8:20. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:20.
ELSIE FERGUSON
IN OUTCAST MATINEE THURSDAY
KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway and 38th Street. LAST 5 NIGHTS. Last Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15
HAZEL DAWN and Company of 100 —in—
VICTOR HERBERT'S NEW OPERETTA, The Debutante
Next W'k—MARIE CAHILL—RICHARD CARLE.
NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:20 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20
SPECIAL MAT. FRIDAY, JAN. 22d. Seats Now.
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Mr. & Mrs. Vernon Castle, Frank Tinney
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Dancing from 10:30. Seats at Box Office.
GAIETY THEATRE, B'way & 46 St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
RUTH CHATTERTON
IN A NEW COMEDY BY JEAN WEBSTER
DADDY LONG-LEGS
LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15.
OTIS SKINNER
In the new 4 Act Play, THE SILENT VOICE
"IT MAKES THE SAME APPEAL AS DADDY LONG-LEGS AND SHOULD HAVE AS LONG A RUN."—Telegram.
GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way & 43d St. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20
"IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE"
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with DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
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Mats. Wed. (Popular) & Sat. at 2:20. TWIN BEDS
HARRIS West 42d Street. Evenings at 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
"Illington fairly carried the audience off its feet. Really a great play."—Herald.
MARGARET ILLINGTON in THE LIE
By HENRY ARTHUR JONES.
BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. at 2:20.
LAST 2 WEEKS LEO DITRICHSTEIN PHANTOM RIVAL
ELTINGE 42d St., nr. Broadway. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:15.
The Song of Songs
REPUBLIC West 42d Street. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30
THE SENSATION OF NEW YORK.
"KICK IN"
Grand O. H. 23d St. & 8th Ave. Ev. 25c to $1. MAT. TOMORROW, 25c & 50c.
"POTASH AND PERLMUTTER"
GLOBE Broadway at 46th St. Evgs. at 8:15. Matinees Tomorrow & Sat. at 2:15.
MONTGOMERY & STONE CHIN CHIN

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th St. Evenings at 8.
Matinee Today. Best Orch. Seats, $1 & $1.50.
DANCING AROUND with AL JOLSON
And Co. of 125, inc. BERNARD GRANVILLE.
SHUBERT THEA., 44th, W. B'way. Ev. 8. $1.50 Mat. Tomorrow 2:00.
"A RIPPING SHOW."—Tribune.
LONDON GAIETY CO. of 80 in
"TO-NIGHT'S THE NIGHT"
400 GOOD GALLERY SEATS, 50c.
SPLENDID BALCONY SEATS, $1.00.
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Popular Price Matinee Tomorrow, 25c to $1.
LIFE WORLD'S BIGGEST PLAY.
Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:20. $1.50 Mat. Tomorrow 2:20.
LAST 2 WEEKS.
FAVERSHAM with MLLE. DORZIAT —in— THE HAWK
Winthrop Ames LITTLE Theatre, W. 44th St.
Evs. 8:45. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:30.
Cyril Harcourt's Comedy,
A PAIR OF SILK STOCKINGS
All Seats $3.00.
COMEDY 41st St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee Today 2:15.
LADY LUXURY with INA CLAIRE.
STANDARD B'y & 90th St. Evs. Pop. Prices. Mats. Today & Thurs. 25c & 50c
Pauline Frederick in "INNOCENT"

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Wed. at 8. Tannhaeuser. Gadski, Matzenauer; Urlus, Weil, Braun, Schlegel, Althouse. Cond., Hertz.
Thurs. at 8:15. Madama Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Botta, Scotti, Bada. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. at 8. Gioconda. Destinn, Matzenauer, Duchene; Caruso, Amato, Rothier. Cond., Polacco.
Sat. at 2. Manon Lescaut. Bori; Martinelli, Scotti, Segurola, Bada. Cond., Polacco.
Sat. at 8. Special Perf'ce. Euryanthe. Hempel, Ober; Sembach, Weil, Middleton. Cond., Toscanini.
Next Mon. at 7:45. Lohengrin. Gadski, Matzenauer; Urlus, Weil, Braun, Middleton. Cond., Hertz.
Tues., Special Mat. at 2. Haensel u. Gretel (act 2). Schumann, Mattfeld, Braslau. Cond., Hageman. Aida (act 2). Destinn, Matzenauer; Martinelli, Amato, Didur; Boheme (act 1). Alda; Botta, Tegani, Rothier; Pagliacci. Bori; Caruso, Amato. Cond., Polacco. Prices from $1 to $5. Seats now on sale.
AFTERNOON CYCLE (four performances)
"Der Ring des Nibelungen"
THURS., Jan. 28, at 2:30..........Das Rheingold
THURS., Feb. 4, at 1:30..........Die Walkuere
FRI., Feb. 12, at 1:30 (Lincoln's B'day)..Siegfried
THURS., Feb. 18, 1:30........Goetterdaemmerung
Seats for Cycle (4 perf'ces) at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Orch., $15; Dress Circle, $9; Balcony front, $7.50; others, $6; Family Circle, $5. On Sale Tomorrow morning at 9.
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Tues., Jan. 19, at 8. Euryanthe. Hempel, Ober, Garrison, Sembach, Weil, Middleton. Cond., Toscanini.
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JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR.
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3d Concert Tonight at 8:15.
Kneisel Quartet
Asst. Artist—ALEXANDER LAMBERT
Seats, $2 & $1.50. Helen Love, 1 W. 34th St.
Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Jan. 16th, at 2:30.
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Recital of Classical and Modern Songs.
KURT SCHINDLER at the Piano (Steinway).
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Aeolian Hall, Monday Aft., Jan. 18, at 3.
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AEOLIAN HALL, Jan. 14 & 22d, at 2:30.
Two Recitals of Violin Chamber Music ALBERT SPALDING
ANDRE BENOIST at the Piano (STEINWAY.)
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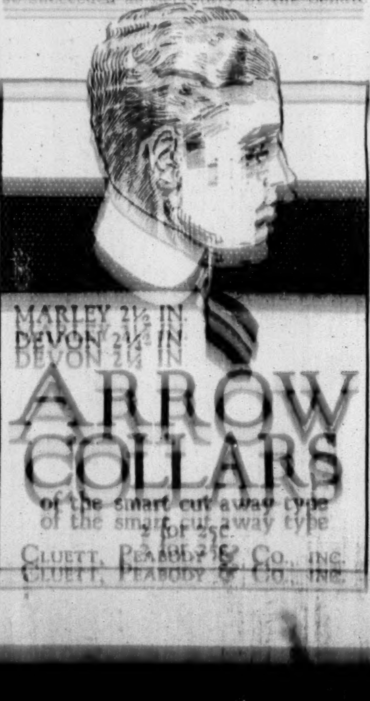
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